

WE GIVE LOWEST PRICES

ON BEST PROPERTIES IN EL PASO.

We are now offering a bargain on S. Oregon Street.

122 feet on Kansas, Corner First Street.

THIS IS FINE WAREHOUSE PROPERTY.

We have some Choice Bargains Left on Texas Street.

We Have for Sale the Cheapest piece of Property on South Stanton Street.

This Price will only Stand for a Few Days.

The Pierson Hotel Property:--- 130 feet front on both Kansas and Campbell Streets by 260 feet on St. Louis Street and G. H. Railroad. This is a bargain for somebody.

Call and get our Prices. If they are not the Lowest don't buy.

A. P. COLES & BROTHERS,

Office Oregon Street, Bronson Block.

Neighborhood Notes.

TEXAS.

TWO PREACHERS FIGHT.

Two preachers met in the court house hall at Dallas and without a word they commenced pounding on each other with their canes. To add to their irreverend acts these reverend gentlemen one or the other and perhaps both have broken the commandment which says, "thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor," for their statements in regard to the difficulty do not harmonize upon any point. All the regret one of them has for the occurrence is that he broke his fine ebony cane over the other one's head, but he added, "I will have a silver band put around the place where it was splintered." The trouble arose over a case in court.

TEXAS JOURNALIST DEAD.

R. E. Whitlock, a widely known Texas newspaper man, died in Dallas one day last week. He was a native of Illinois and came to Texas several years ago. He has worked for papers in Galveston, Houston and Dallas and his last reportorial work was done on the San Antonio Express. He established an insurance publication in San Antonio about a year ago and last summer he moved it to Dallas. He married the daughter of a prominent citizen of Austin and his wife and one child survive him. He was taken to Austin for burial.

THE DUST PROBLEM.

El Paso is not the only town in which simoons occur. Great clouds of dust drifted through the streets of Dallas all of one day last week and sprinklers were powerless to give relief, for the dust was blown in from the outskirts of the town where the sprinklers never go. Mayor Cabell wrote to mayors of neighboring towns for advice on the dust problem and they said to get the citizens to assist in having the suburbs sprinkled.

FOUND SNAKES GALORE.

On the farm of Ellis Hutchins, three miles west of Grapevine, a nest of snakes was found under a rock. A dog "treed" what Mr. Hutchins and help thought was a rabbit under the rock and they turned it over. They must have thought they "had 'em again" when their eyes beheld a mass of writhing reptiles. They dispatched them and then counted their game. There were 125 in all, 122 of them being copperheads, two chicken-snakes and one blacksnake. They ranged in size from one foot in length to full grown copperheads.

FUGITIVES BEING CAPTURED.

Texas is getting to be too thickly settled for fugitives from justice to retain their freedom long. The convicts who escaped from near Marlin are being captured one by one and at the last report seven of them were restored to their posts behind the walls at the convict farm.

FELL IN THE SOAP.

The 3-year-old son of a farmer named Haddock, living near Paris, fell in a kettle full of boiling soap and was scalded so badly that it died in two hours.

NEW MEXICO.

AMUSING COINCIDENCE.

During the rendition of a song entitled "You Don't Stop the World From Goin' Round" at the opera house in Roswell, a great deal of merriment was caused when the singer reached the lines "you don't weigh no fifteen hundred pounds," by a crash in the audience, and it was found that J. P. White, a citizen, had let a little of his corpulency rest too heavily upon one of the orchestra chairs, which precipitated his anatomy to the floor. It is not at all difficult to imagine what would have happened to that chair had he weighed 1500 pounds. As it was the chair received a mortal wound.

BUCK CAN'T TELL.

We make no more guesses on the weather. Last week we heralded the arrival of spring, and prated of budding trees and warbling birds and that sort of thing, and just as the paper had been printed, when it was too late to kill the item, it snowed. One might play the weather here for a favorite, but before he gets through with it he will find it is a 10 to 1 shot.—Alamogordo News.

ARIZONA.

MURDEROUS ROBBER.

W. M. Dameron, an aged citizen and father of one of Phoenix's most prominent physicians, was shot in the back of the head while on his way home the other night. Considerable mystery surrounds the case, the weapon used not even being known. He says a man caught up with him and demanded him to throw up his hands while still behind him. Before Mr. Dameron could comply with the order the man shot him. Both ran, Mr. Dameron for his home and the assailant in the opposite direction. Neighbors who heard the shot say it sounded like the report of a shotgun, but there is only one mark

of one missile in the assaulted man's head. The wound is in the center of the back of the head and reaches into the bone, but no missile was found in it, though the wound does not appear to have been made by a glancing bullet. Mr. Dameron is suffering no serious effects from the assault, though he considers it a close call.

COUNTERFEITERS HELD.

Four of the six men held at Solomonville on a charge of counterfeiting, have been bound over to the grand jury after a preliminary hearing. Two of them were released. The men gambled with the laborers on the Arizona & New Mexico railway on their pay day and all the money that the laborers carried away was counterfeit. About twenty of the coins were captured and used in evidence. They are excellent imitations. A large number of bogus dollars were passed at El Paso during the carnival and it is believed that the men held at Solomonville are the same counterfeiters who operated here.

PROBABLE NEWSPAPER DEAL.

The Phoenix Gazette states that it is rumored that Hon. C. M. Shannon and O'Bryan Moore have purchased the Tucson Citizen. If this is correct it probably means that Mr. Shannon will soon move to the ancient pueblo, and this his many friends in Graham county regret, but they will no doubt be pleased to learn that he will retire from politics and again enter the highly honorable and lucrative field of journalism, for which he is so well fitted, both by experience and ability. O'Bryan Moore is one of the best known men in the west.—Clifton Copper Era.

MOST IMPORTANT DISCOVERY.

Word comes from the northern part of Arizona of a most important discovery. Recently samples were received by James Brittain from an aged prospector whom he had "grubstaked," which assayed 707 ounces gold and 515 ounces of silver to the ton, or a value of about \$15,000. Samples from a seven-foot vein nearby assayed \$87 per ton. The discovery was made near the Moss mine, and considerable excitement prevails.

Reports show a greatly increased death rate from the throat and lung troubles, due to the prevalence of croup, pneumonia and grippe. We advise the use of One Minute O'Cuire Cure in all of these difficulties. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. Children like it. Fred Schaefer, druggist.

Pawn Brokers, Rail Road Ticket Brokers, Money Brokers, and Diamond Brokers.

Silberberg Bros., the Brokers, 102 San Antonio street, next to First National Bank.

Mrs. J. H. Comstock, the florist, has cut flowers, potted plants, and floral decorations. Phone 493.

New Mexico Legislature

Special to The Herald.
SANTA FE, N. M., March 14.—The council devoted nearly all day to the consideration of the appropriation bill and passed it this afternoon with a few minor modifications. Only Burns, Fielder and Easley voted against it. Every item was considered carefully and it is claimed that the territory is saved \$60,000 by the bill as it passed the council. There was but slight opposition to any of the appropriations and the amendments covered mostly typographical and clerical errors. Hughes explained the increased appropriation for the University of New Mexico at Albuquerque. Fielder moved that the secretary and treasurer of the New Mexico College of Agriculture and Mechanic Arts be exempted from the provisions of the bill that the secretaries and treasurers of such institutions serve gratis. This motion was defeated. It was also the motion by Easley to reduce the appropriation for each judge of the supreme court from \$1,500 to \$1,000; and a motion by Fielder to reduce the appropriation for the contingency expenses of the government from \$3,000 to \$1,000. In passing the appropriation for \$3,000 for the bureau of immigration, an amendment was adopted that at least \$2,000 of the appropriation be expended for literature to be distributed at the Pan-American and St. Louis exhibitions. A motion to reduce the appropriation allowed for the salary of the secretary of the bureau of immigration from \$1,200 to \$900 was defeated. The same fate was meted out to a motion by Hughes to increase the appropriation for the salary of the clerk of the supreme court from \$900 to \$1,000. The printed bill provided for an appropriation of \$2,000 for the salary of the superintendent of public instruction. This was amended so as to make the salary as heretofore, \$2,500. The appropriation of \$1,000 for printing the superintendent's report was however reduced to \$200. In section 8 of the printed bill, the following items were inserted: To Dr. J. H. Sloan for medical attendance at the deaf and dumb asylum, \$50; rent, \$175; to the superintendent of public instruction for rent, \$100. Section nine was stricken out and a new section inserted. It provides that the lands belonging to the experimental sub stations, which are abolished, should be sold by a commission appointed by the governor, the proceeds of the sale at Las Vegas to go to the asylum for the insane; at Roswell to the New Mexico military institute; at Aztec to San Juan county to assist in the building of a court house. A motion by Springer to limit the levy for county purposes to four mills instead of five mills, failed. On motion, the translation of the session laws and of the journal is to be made under the direction of the governor instead of the

territorial secretary. The \$1,200 per annum allowed the governor for his private secretary was made to take effect on April 1, 1901.
Council bill No. 32, appropriating \$250 for the purchase of filing cases for the clerk of the supreme court, passed the council.
House bill No. 128, an act to repeal sections 3,107 and 3,108, compiled laws of 1897, authorizing imprisonment for debt, passed after Mr. Springer had explained its purport.
The council adopted a resolution upon the death of ex-President Harrison, reciting his friendship to New Mexico, his faith in home rule for the territory, his appointment of a court of private land claims and other deeds which endeared him to the people of New Mexico especially. A memorial service is to be held in the hall of representatives on Sunday evening at which two speakers from each house will eulogize the deceased ex-president. The president of the council appointed Springer, Harrison and Fielder a committee to take the matter in charge in conjunction with a similar committee from the house.
The house still devotes considerable time each day to wrangling over parliamentary points but despite the fact that much valuable time is lost in disposing of non-sense of that kind, considerable business was transacted today. Speaker Read appointed a committee to act in conjunction with the council committee on the Harrison memorial services Sunday, on that committee being Barnes, Gutierrez and Sena. Walton and Abbott were appointed the orators for the occasion. The council joint resolution upon the death of ex-President Harrison was also passed.
The house passed the bill relating to evidence introduced by Abbott.
An effort to take up council substitute for house bill No. 6, relating to a deaf and dumb asylum was lost after a fierce parliamentary battle. The house passed the bill to establish an asylum for blind at Springer, having already passed a bill to locate a similar asylum at Chamita. The bill providing for a license fee of \$250 a year for peddlers of meat, and prohibiting railroads and common carriers from taking hides out of the territory before they are inspected, passed.
The council substitute for house bill No. 25, providing for the appointment of a police force in unincorporated county seats having over 3,000 inhabitants, was passed under the suspension of the rules. The bill provides that the police force shall be under the direction of the sheriff of the county; that the police officer shall wear uniforms for which they, however, must pay out of their pocket. The bill covers many

points including provisions for a public pound and the impounding of animals, their sale and the disposition of the proceedings of such sale, sums less than \$5.00 to go to the chief of police to pay his expense in impounding animals and sums above that to go to the public school fund. The bill is for the special benefit of Las Vegas.
The following bills were introduced by consent:
By Gutierrez, No. 223, to amend council bill No. 60, which prohibits the watering of stock on private lands without the consent of the owner of such land. It was referred to the committee on stock and stock raising.
By Dalles, by request, No. 23, an act to amend chapter 77, of the session laws of 1899. The bill was referred to the committee on judiciary.
By Ascarate, No. 235, referring to the moving of county seats. Referred to the committee on counties and county lines. Also by Ascarate, No. 236, to amend sub section 9 of section 867, of the compiled laws of 1897. It refers to the duty of officers to turn over public moneys collected by them. Referred to the committee on territorial affairs.
Winston introduced house bill No. 237, an act to amend an act of the 4th legislative assembly, relating to the larceny of cattle. The bill passed under the suspension of the rules. The vote was unanimous.
Bowie introduced house bill No. 238, providing for the compensation of the district attorney of McKinney county, \$200 per annum, and for other purposes. Referred to the committee on judiciary without printing or translation.
House joint resolution No. 21, by the speaker, a memorial to congress in favor of the ship subsidy bill, was introduced and referred.
House joint resolution No. 22, providing that no more bills nor resolutions be introduced in the house except by unanimous consent, was introduced by Barnes and passed.
SANTA FE, March 15.—The house devoted the forenoon to the passage of a new coal oil inspection act. The opposition to the bill was so slight that its opponents resorted to filibustering tactics to delay its passage. After rattling good speeches by Barnes, Chapman, Sanchez of Mora, and Pendleton, showing that the coal oil inspector was never paid excessively but that nevertheless the present act cuts his fees into two, reducing his income to \$3000 a year out of which he must meet his office expenses and pay his deputies in all parts of the territory; that a test of 150 degrees would mean higher priced oil with less illuminating power; that Pennsylvania and other states have a test of only 110 degrees; and that abolishing the inspection fee would not in the least reduce the price of coal oil to the consumer, the bill was passed sixteen to six. It cuts the inspection fee from one cent per gallon to one-half cent a gallon.
(Continued on Sixth Page.)