LETTER FROM LONDON.

Continued from First Page.

he had been leading. For ten years he has been a citizen scrupulously respecting the established form of government, setting all parties an example of the observance of civil duties, and claiming no other rights than those resulting from his duties to his country. Louis Philippe II is the only title which the count is likely to assume in the remote event of his having to take one. The Comte de Paris is tall and robust, and of a noble aspect. He has been wont to wander about the industrial quarters of Paris and enter into conversation with the workmen. He passes his mornings in his library, and his evenings with his children or in society. He has three children, one of whom, the Duc d'Orleans, is said to show promise of decided genius.

Masses will be said to-morrow, in all the Paris churches, for the soul of the Comte de Chambord, and the Legitimists will go into six months' mourning in accordance with the old custom of treating the king's death as that of a father.

The Paris newspapers have been unusually reticent as to the matter of who is to succeed the dead Comte as claimant of the throne. The Bonapartist newspapers have, of course, no such grounds for suspense or reticence; and M. de Cassagnac, in the *Pays*, urges the Comte de Paris to adopt the Legitimist creed, minus the White Flag. He insists that, with the exception of a handful of sectaries, the Royalists will not stir an inch to promote the restoration of a Liberal parliamentary system—a system which may be all very well in quiet times, but would now be mournfully ridiculous. The Comte de Paris can reign only by abjuring his party and rallying resolute Absolutists around him. M. de Cassagnac, however, obviously is not the best judge of Royalist sentiment; and his article is practically answered by the Comte de Paris having taken with him to Vienna old and trusty adherents like M. Bocher, the Marquis de Beauvoir, the Viscomte de Bondy, and Comte Bernard d'Harcourt.

A Legitimist print unconsciously furnishes an example of the absurd schemes which the Comte de Chambord had to gravely to listen to and evade, for a blunt refusal would have acted like a wet blanket on the zeal of his supporters. The editor of this newspaper, on a visit to Frohsdorf last June, proposed that on St. Henry's Day, Cunard steamers and thousands of yachts should embark Legitimists at the Channel ports and land them at a large park near Brighton. The king was to arrive at noon, and the Legitimiste were all to defile before him; he was to make a speech; they were to drink his health, and then go back, "having derived from this contact with our king fresh strength for our daily struggles." The Comte had been sounded prior to the interview as to this scheme, and, without distinctly mentioning it, he said to its author, "Some people think there is something to be done. They are right; but (pointing to his sprained leg) I am not at present in a fit condition. I shall not, however, make you wait long." It is not stated whether off the park near Brighton there is sufficient depth of water to allow of the approach of Cunard steamers.

The *Journal Official* has not yet mentioned the Comte de Chambord's death, a silence which, a Royalist newspaper remarks, is not merely indecent but silly.

The *Francais*, after stating that the Comte de Paris has not at present made known any decision as to his future title, says: "All that there is already known is that, conformally with rule and historic tradition, the Comte de Paris, having become the head of the House of France, will cease to bear the name of Orleans and will take that of Bourbon." It also says that it will wait until after the Comte de Chambord's funeral before it "treats more explicitly upon certan serious questions, to indicate the new conditions of the conflict, and to resume it with unison and vigor." The *Clerical Univers* also suspends any reply to its Royalist assailants and any discussion of the new situation; but, meanwhile it records as significant a symptom, a declaration by the president of the Legitimist Committee of the Nievre that that body is dissolved by the Comte de Chambord's death, and that its organ will cease to appear. The subsidized Legitimist press will evidently have an ordeal to pass through.

The *Union* still studiously avoids mention of the Comte de Chambard's successor.

The *Univers* is the only Clerical or legitimist newspaper which declines to recognize the Comte de Paris, but the *Union* still abstains from mentioning him. The *Francais*, the Duc de Broglie's organ, which evidently aims at supplanting the *Union* as the official Royalist organ, exhorts Orenist or Moderate Royalist journals to refrain from all criticism on the Comte de Chambord's policy. The union of all Monarshists round the undisputed representative of Royal right is now essential and would not be promoted by discussing bygones. It further says:—

"The monarchy, without having lost any in Conservative and patriotic guarantees, appears to be henceforth extricated from the misunderings and prejudices which have so long stood in the way, and the future no longer seems doubtful. We know not when or how the transition will come about, but we are certain it will come. All our efforts, we publicly declare, will tend to hasten that moment. Let us not be accused of factiousness. The constitution entitles us to forecast and promote any 'revision,' and, moreover, we willingly reveal our secret to the Republicans. It is on them that we mainly count for arriving at it."

But why should they attach very great importance to the matter. True, it is not impossible that the second republic may go the way of the first, but certainly the chances are now in favor of the idea that the representative of the Orleans family has neither been injured nor benefited materially by deceit of the Bourbon. France is now in the hands of the French people, who, having for several years enjoyed the liberty of managing their own governmental affairs, are not apt to turn either to a representative of the kingdom or of the empire for a ruler. They are now, every man, a sovereign in his own right, and I trust the time will never come when they will voluntarily abdicate, or be forced to do, in the interest of any representative of any one-man power sort of government.

The Texas papers containing the announcement of the death of Col. John R. Jefferson, are just to hand. How very sad. We expect to hear of old men dying, or those upon whom the heavy hand of disease has been placed, but how little are we prepared to hear of the death of such men as Jefferson, in the full strength of a full manhood, surrounded by everything calculated to make life enjoyable. He was my friend, and as such, I drop a tear to his memory. No event in the history of Texas, since I have lived in the state, has brought such sadness to my heart. I am more depressed than I thought I could be on account of the death of one not connected with me by the ties of blood. He was gifted, noble and generous and in his death Texas has lost the most promising of its younger men. *Requiescat in pace!*

H. L. B.

WACO.

Coming Nuptials—Local Incidents and Minor Mention.

Reported for the Gazette.

Waco, September 23.—Cards of invitation are out announcing the marriage of Mr. D. H. Orand to Miss Mamie David, next Thursday night, September 27, at the Baptist church of this city. Your correspondent acknowledges the pleasure of an invitation. There will be a reception after the marriage at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Orand.

C. A. Jennings, Esq., of this city, has been appointed special judge to hold the district court at Hillsboro, which opens to-morrow, but he is confined to his bed with fever, and unable therefore to accept the appointment.

Mr. William Wallace of Woody is in the city.

Rev. Dr. S. A. King (Presbyterian) preached at the Fourth Street Baptist church this morning.

Mr. Frank R. Bird of this city has built seventeen business brick houses in Hillsboro this year. He is now engaged on the opera-house at that place. He came down yesterday to visit his family and returned on this evening's train.

The Dorris' Great Inter-Ocean circus and menagerie will visit Waco the 29th of October.

Henry Ward Beecher lectures here at the opera-house next Saturday night, the 29th inst.

MARSHALL.

The First Victim of the Race Troubles—A Negro Taken from His Home and Killed.

Special to the Gazette.

Marshall, September 23.—Early this morning a freedman named Silas Johnson was found dead in the street one mile south of the court-house having a pistol shot in his back and three in his head, a short piece of rope around his neck and a pocket knife lying near his head open. His wife testified before the inquest that fifteen men came to their house about eleven o'clock last night and called Silas Johnson out saying the deputy sheriff of Gregg county came to arrest him. They carried him off, and she did not see him again until she saw him dead. Silas Johnson had just returned from Longview, where he had been accused of exciting the race troubles of Gregg and adjoining counties. The men were evidently taking him to the woods to hang him or extort some information about other freedmen connected with the race troubles, when he drew a knife and cut the rope, and was about to escape, and was shot as above stated.

HOUSTON.

The Editorial Excursion to Louisville—A Base Ball Game.

Special to the Gazette.

Houston, September 23.—The Texas editors will leave here to-morrow night for Louisville, via New Orleans, on the grandest excursion ever indulged in by them. They will arrive at Louisville on the 27th, thence to Cincinnati and then to St. Louis, ariving there in time to witness the Veiled Prophets' parade on October 2d, and return home by the Missouri Pacific road, arriving in Houston about October 6th. About thirty or forty will go, the following editors having already arrived: Yandell of Seguin, Abey of Longview, Hill of Belleville, Scurlock, of Cleburne, Harris, of Henderson, Riley, of Wills Point, Drew, of Kaufman, Synn, of Victoria, Cox, of Temple, O'Brien, of Dublin, Warlick, of Quitman, Robinson, of Huntsville, Moore, of Cameron, Eberhardt, of Cuero, and Walker, of Terrell.

A very interesting base ball game was witnessed here this afternoon between the Nationals of Houston, and Mechanics, of Galveston. The latter won by a score of thirteen to twelve.

BAIRD.

A Runaway Team—Nobody Hurt—The Court-House and Jail Contract.

Special to the Gazette.

Baird, September 23.—This evening after dinner, Mr. T. A. Cochran, a prominent stockman of this city, took a party of gentlemen out to his ranch, about four miles from this city. Messrs. J. H. Milligan and A. Deurh of Weatherford, and R. Spur and J. E. Thomas of this city composed the party. The team took fright as they were turning a curve in the road, and the party were spilled. No damage of consequence was done to any of the party. Messrs. J. H. Milligan and T. A. Cochran received each a slight injury.

Messrs. J. H. Milligan & Co. of Weatherford have the contract to build our jail and court-house. The work on the latter will commence in a few days, and the jail is building rapidly.

MINEOLA.

Shooting Affray Between Dr. Gordon and a Prominent Merchant—Seven Shots Fired, but Nobody Hurt.

Special to the Gazette.

Mineola, September 23.—A shooting affray occurred to-day between Dr. W. F. Gordon, a prominent physician, and Mr. S. Unzsheimer, one of our foremost merchants. There were seven shots fired, all without effect. Intense excitement prevails, and the affair is the all-absorbing topic of the hour. There are conflicting reports as to the cause of the embroglio, but additional developments are looked for which will throw more light on the matter.

CLEBURNE.

A Farewell Sermon—Shipment of Horses to Ohio—Personal.

Special to Gazette.

Cleburne, September 23.—The Rev. Mr. C. L. Fitchett delivered his farewell sermon at the opera-house to-night to a large congregation. He leaves for Paris to-morrow to take charge of the Episcopal church at that place.

W. A. Fields, editor of the Meridian *Blade*, and W. A. Culberson, of the Clifton *Sentinel*, are in the city, guests of the Cleburne House.

Z. N. Benton, business manager, and W. H. Mizener, advance agent of the Rose Lisle combination, are in the city, perfecting arrangements to play here next Saturday night.

W. S. R. Parker, traveling auditor of the Santa Fe road, came in to-night from Dallas.

Four car-loads of horses arrived here to-day for S. W. Love, and will be shipped to Indiana and Ohio.

The principal arrivals at the Cleburne house to-day, were: G. N. Benton, New York, Henry Gilham, New Orleans; C. H. Smith, New Orleans; J. W. Spinks, Opelika, Ala.; W. A. Fields, Meridian; W. A. Culberson, Clifton; W. H. Mizener, New York; C. H. Manning, Fort Worth; J. R. Woodward, Palestine.

PALESTINE.

Offer of St. Louis Capitalists to Build Gas Works—Return of Congressman Reagan.

Special to the Gazette.

Palestine, September 23.—J. T. Jones, representing St. Louis capitalists who built and own our city waterworks, presents a petition to the city council asking exclusive right for twenty-five years to build gas works here, proposing to supply gas cheaper than any city in Texas, and offering to have the works completed in three months. The St. Louis parties will furnish the money. The city council will doubtless grant the privilege asked. Some system of lighting the city has become absolutely necessary.

Judge Reagan, congressman from this district, has returned from the springs fully restored in health, ready to take his seat in the next house. He will not vote for Randall.

SAN ANTONIO.

The Athletics Whitewashed by the Dallas Boys—A Thief Captured.

Special to the Gazette.

San Antonio, September 23.—The game of base ball between the Browns of Dallas and the San Antonio Athletics resulted in twenty-one runs against nothing in favor of the Dallas boys. The game, on account of the inequality of the clubs, was decidedly uninteresting. The local club lacks both the practice and material to meet such a club as the Browns.

Tom Jones, a noted thief and renegade from justice, was captured yesterday at Pearsall by the state troops, and brought here on his way to Uvalde, where he will be jailed. Jones' operations have principally been in Uvalde county, and there are various indictments against him.

A FOREIGN EMBEZZLER.

Capture of a German in St. Louis who is Wanted in Deutchland.

St. Louis, September 23.—Arbastian Heine, of Gladback Rhenish, Prussia, charged with embezzling fifty thousand marks while at the head a municipal insurance system of Gladback in the early part of August and absconding therewith was arrested here last evening at the house of a sister-in-law by E. A. Backer, postoffice inspector of this city. He freely admitted being the person wanted by the German government and stated that he lost the money he is charged with embezzling while conveying it to his superior officer and then left the country through chagrin at his loss. Less than two thousand dollars were found on his person. He will be examined before the United States commissioner to-morrow and will probably be held till the arrival of extradition papers. The German consul at New York has been advised of his arrest.

OGLETREE'S CRIMES.

An Interview With One of the Boy Stealer's Victims.

Atlanta, Ga., September 23.—A Newnan special to the *Constitution* gives an interview with the boy H. A. White who was stolen by Ogiltree, now so notorious for stealing boys. The *Constitution* previously gave details of Ogiltree's abduction of Charles Tilden from Atlanta, to whom he subjected to beastly indignities before he escaped. The abduction of Joe Allen White aroused the country and numerous parties were in pursuit of the rascal. A couple of days since he was so closely pressed that he tied the boy in a fence corner and moved on himself when he found the boy nearly dead from fright and want of food. He said the man approached him August 28, and telling him he owned a sawmill in Tennessee, wanted him to work in it. His story of rambling through swamps, repeated chastisements and personal indignities baffles description. The county is still being scanned for Ogletree, but he manages to keep ahead of his pursuers.

President Arthur.

Newport, R. I., September 23.—President Arthur attended service at the United Congregationalist church and lunched with August Belmont. A large number of distinguished people were present. Later in the afternoon he was taken for a drive and in the evening dined with Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Beckwith. Monday evening he will dine with George Henry Warrens.

Ohio State Funds.

Columbus, O., September 23.—The report of the auditor of the state, just completed, shows the collections under the Scott liquor tax law to be nearly two million dollars where collected to the police, poor, general revenue and township funds.

Killed in a Mine.

Denver, September 23.—The *Republican's* Leadville special says, "Two miners, Patrick Sullivan and John McNeill, were killed this morning by a cave in the ore at Iron Hill Consolidated mines.

PASSENGER RATES.

The War to be Carried Into Africa—More Cutting.

Chicago, September 23.—The war on passenger rates between Chicago and Louisville will take a broader range to-morrow and in view of the new points to be included, it is believed that a number of other lines than the Panhandle and Louisville, New Albany & Chicago must be brought into it and it is impossible to say where it will stop. Louisville, New Albany & Chicago will announce in the morning that they will begin running to-morrow evening via the Air Line a train including palace and Pullman cars to Indianapolis on a schedule of one hour shorter than trains are now running between Chicago and that point, and that the fare will be put at one dollar, which is a cut of $4.50 on the regular rate. Thereafter trains will be run on this route at 8 in the morning, running via Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, and will also sell tickets to leading points in competition with the Panhandle, at the following rates; Cincinnati, $4.50; Columbus $6.30; Dayton, $4.30; Springfield, $5.00; Urbana, $5.30. The regular rate to Cincinnati is $8.85, which makes a cut of $4.35, and the cut to other points named is about in the same proportion. The officers of the road say thus far they have been on the defensive in the fight, merely meeting the cut by the Panhandle, but for the future propose to make it the fight of an aggressive character till the trouble is settled.

HORSES CREMATED.

An Explosion and Fire—Three Racers and a Rider Boy Burned.

Pittsburg, September 23.—An explosion of fire-works in an out-building of the exhibition to-night resulted in the death of one boy by cremation, three valuable race horses and the destruction of nine hundred feet of stabling. The fire-works were intended for the display to-morrow night, and were stored in a large frame building adjoining the stables. About nine o'clock to-night several explosions were heard, and immediately an alarm was quickly sounded, but the structure, together with the adjoining stables, being frame, was soon a mass of flames, and all the department could do was to devote the engine to saving the surrounding property. In the stables were many valuable race horses entered for the races which commence Tuesday. Three of these, Polka Dot, Maud R. and a green horse were cremated. The others were fortunately rescued. In the stable occupied by Polka Dot, was a boy jocky named Thomas Rogers of Kalamazoo, Michigan. The flames spread so rapidly that he was unable to get out and was burned. Polka Dot was valued at $2,500, Maud R. at $3,000, and the green horse at $1,000. The exposition's loss is about $5,000, on which there is $3,000 insurance.

CUBAN SLAVES.

A Horible Tale of Their Cruel Treatment on the Island.

Boston, September 23.—Three fugitive Cuban slaves who have reached here tell a horrible story of cruel treatment to which bondsmen are subjected on the island. They were the property of Marino Vanti and were engaged tilling the soil. The hours for labor were from 4 a. m. to 8 p. m. Their meals consisted of nine bannannas each. About every three or four months the diet is changed and a pound of codfish given to each slave. This supply is to last them for one week. The women are expected to do the same work as men. All slaves are subjected to the most brutal punishment oftimes resulting in death. In many cases they are shot down in attempts to escape. If they recovered from their wounds they were afterwards kept with heavy chains around their ankles to the ends of which were attached heavy iron balls.

FIVE MEN.

Killed by a Boiler Explosion—List of the Dead.

Shreveport, La., September 22.—At eight o'clock to-night the boiler of the engine running saws at the bridge being constructed over Red river for the Vicksburg, Shreveport & Pacific railroad, exploded, with force killing five and wounding five who were at work on the night force. A boy named Willie Watts was the only person on the boat at the time of the explosion who escaped unhurt. The names of the killed are Al Humpherys, Jas. Sumners, Wm. Thomas, John Mallory and John Burk, all white. The wounded are Willie Jones slightly in head, Abe Gilland, colored, mortally, A. D. Wilson, white, on the head and breast, Al Wilkins, white, scalded, and a colored boy, Henry, slightly. The dead bodies are all in the river and are being dragged for.

Plumbers' Strike.

Pittsburg, September 23.—Journeymen plumbers numbering several hundred inaugurated a strike against the proposed reduction of wages of fifty cents per day. While their employes had given no notification of the intended cut it was known that they had it in contemplation, and at a meeting of journeymen this afternoon it was decided to take this step in order to head off their employers. The plumbers are members of the Knights of Labor, and are known as the Assembly of 1659.

Church Dedication.

Galveston, September 27.—The old Baptist church on the corner of Broadway and Twenty-second streets was sometime ago purchased by the congregation of the Methodist Episcopal church. The building has been thoroughly overhauled, renovated and repaired and it was rededicated. A large audience was present. The sermon was preached by Rev. A. A. Johnson, of Fort Worth.

Bodies Recovered.

Shreveport, La., September 23.—The five whites killed by the explosion of a boiler at Red river bridge last night were recovered to-day and were terrible mangled. The coroners inquest will be held to-morrow. The wounded are doing well except a negro who will probably die.