

## DEWEY

### Wins Another Victory Of 500 Prisoners.

### He Captures Subig Bay and Frustrates Some Slick Schemes.

#### THE RALEIGH AND CONCORD DID IT.

Washington, July 13.—(Special.)—The following, under date of July 10, has been received from Manila:

Admiral Dewey has won another important victory in the capture of Grande Island, in Subig Bay, Island of Luzon. This is also a chief harbor of the Philippines.

Gen. Aguinaldo on July 6 informed Dewey that the insurgents had possession of Subig Bay, except the island controlling its entrance, which was occupied by a strong Spanish garrison. Dewey on July 7 dispatched the Raleigh and Concord to take the island and capture the garrison. They shelled the principal points of the island, destroying the fortifications and torpedo stations. Col. Rio, the commander, surrendered the 500 men comprising the garrison, who were made prisoners. Forty thousand rounds of ammunition and one Hotchkiss gun were also captured.

This victory gives the Americans control of the Subig Bay, a Spanish strategic point, and frustrates the Spanish plans to prolong their dominion in the Philippines. It also defeats Germany's supposed plan to interfere.

#### More Honors for Schley.

##### His Birth Place Has a Blowout.

Frederick, Md., July 13.—(Special.)—Schley's victory at Santiago was celebrated in a grand parade and open air meeting, with songs and speeches. This is Schley's birthplace.

#### A Great Spanish Victory

##### News via Madrid.

Madrid, July 13.—(Special.)—A Havana dispatch this morning says: Americans attempted to land at Toyabacoa, but the Garrison repulsed them. They took refuge on the warship which had fired over 200 shots to cover their disembarkation. Another attempt to land a short distance from Toyabacoa was again prevented.

An American transport is aground at Punta Coney.

M. Pattermore, the French ambassador, had a long conference with Almodovar De Rio, Minister of Foreign Affairs, yesterday.

#### Malaga Fears Grape.

##### An Appeal Made to France.

Madrid, July 13.—(Special.)—It is declared that the American consuls at Gibraltar and Tangier have bought enormous quantities of coal. It is reported that American colliers are between Cape Spartel and Cape Vincent. The French Commercial Company has asked the French embassy here to appeal to France to prevent the bombardment or blockade of Malaga, which is not a war port.

## HERE'S ENTERPRISE.

Cuban Edition of New York Journal at Siboney.

News of Army and Navy and Dispatches from Home Create Enthusiasm Among Troops.

Siboney, July 13.—The first American newspaper published on Cuban soil—the Cuban edition of the New York Journal—was issued Monday. It astonished the camp and the flotilla, and the Jackies joined with the army boys in cheering the paper and celebrating the event.

The number was distributed in the trenches all along the fighting line; went to the wounded men in the hospitals and was preserved as a souvenir by the officers. It gave to the flotilla news of the army, and to the army news of the ships. It reached every vessel and every company. Everywhere it was greeted with approval and comments like this:

"That's American enterprise for you." "We'll soon give you a chance to shout 'Extra!' in Santiago."

The navy news was gathered by correspondents on the dispatch boats Silvia and Simpson, while Honore Laine, George Clarke Musgrove, J. K. Mumford and Walter Howard collected items about the army from the commanding general's tent to the remotest outpost overlooking the trenches of Santiago. The printing was superintended by George Pancoast, all the type and machinery necessary for getting out a complete newspaper having been sent from the front by the Journal from New York.

At the head of the first page is a seven-column line in prominent type, "Only a Step to Santiago," and President McKinley's greeting to the army and navy is prominently displayed.

The news from home, furnished in condensed form, created great satisfaction. All the important happenings in all parts of the United States were included in the issue.

## DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

McCreary 64, Gilbert 54, Thompson 23 and Crutcher 14.

Danville, Ky., July 13.—(Special.)—The Congressional Convention adjourned last night in a deadlock until this morning.

The situation remains unchanged. It looks as though Gilbert will be the nominee, unless McCreary throws his entire vote to Crutcher, which seems now impossible, as there are several members of the Lincoln county delegation who will vote for Gilbert in case the contest falls between Gilbert and Crutcher. There appears to be a close alliance between Crutcher and McCreary, but in the Jessamine county delegation there are seven members who will in no case vote for McCreary, and this indicates that he has no chance to win the nomination, though his friends are keeping up a brave front and will not admit that their candidate is beaten.

There seems to be but little probability of a nomination before tonight, as there is no chance to break the deadlock until Crutcher's friends are satisfied that he has no chance of a nomination.

## Was Not Suicide.

The Elkton Progress wrote up the drowning of Frank Ostein, at Johnson's Mill, Saturday, as a case of suicide. The drowning was undoubtedly accidental, as reported by the only two witnesses. Ostein died crying for help and struggling to get out.

## YELLOW JACK.

No Doubt That it Has Broken Out at Santiago.

Full Extent of the Fever is Not Made Known by the Authorities.

Washington, July 13.—(Special.)—Yellow fever has undoubtedly broken out among the troops in the vicinity of Santiago.

Dispatches containing this information were received to-day.

Every precaution will be taken to prevent the spread of the disease.

Hospitals and special quarantine camps will be established. Information as to the extent of the fever is refused. It is supposed to have started at Siboney.

## YELLOW FEVER AT SIBONEY.

Fourteen Cases Among the American Troops.

Washington, July 13.—Surgeon Walter Wyman, of the Marine hospital service, has received information that there are fourteen cases of yellow fever among the United States troops at Siboney. It is understood that the government will abandon the Dry Tortugas as a military station and give it back to the Marine hospital service.

## REGIMENTS OF CUBANS.

T. Estrada Palma Raising Regiment for Alger in the South.

Washington, D. C., July 13.—Gen. Tomas Estrada Palmer, the delegate plenipotentiary of the Cuban republic in New York, who left there July 3 for Tampa, where he joined Senor Moreno de la Toore, the Cuban secretary of state, is still in the south, executing what his friends term a commission intrusted to him by the war department here.



ESTRADA PALMA.

It is said that in accordance with arrangements made with Secretary Alger and Gen. Corbin he is superintending the preparation of a series of expeditions of Cubans in Key West and southern Florida, who will accompany American troops in various parts of Cuba. These troops, it is reported, will be enlisted and equipped by the United States and commanded by Cuban officers who will be brought over from the Cuban army of liberation on the island. They will accompany various sections of the American army to Las Villas, Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio for scouting and guide duty as well as for fighting.

## Wounded Soldiers Arrive.

Newport News, July 13.—(Special.)—The first transport bringing wounded soldiers to the field hospital, at Old Point Comfort, arrived this morning.

## Crowds Going Abroad.

New York, July 13.—(Special.)—Great crowds of American tourists are now going to Europe for vacations, feeling that peace is near at hand.

# SCARE

## Over Yellow Fever Reports From Cuba.

## War Board Holds a Secret Meeting and Keeps Mum.

### A VERY BAD TURN IN AFFAIRS.

Washington, July 13.—(Special.)—The War Department this morning received a dispatch from Gen. Miles. Most of its contents were withheld, but the information is given that the situation at Santiago is practically unchanged.

There has been no fighting since 2 p. m. Monday.

The officials are very reticent about the yellow fever reports. Congressman Hilburn, of California, says the report is true and that the War Board met this morning. The meeting was very secret.

Washington, July 13.—(Special.)—Gen. Shafter telegraphs to-day that he has had an interview of an hour and a half with Gen. Toral and has extended the truce till to-morrow. He told him surrender was the only thing to be considered and that he was without hope of escape and had no right to continue to fight in the face of such facts.

Shafter hopes for surrender, but if Toral refuses he will open on him with every gun, with assistance of the navy, which is ready to bombard the city with 13-inch guns.

The meeting was held between the lines and Shafter, Wheeler and Toral were present. The latter claims he was unable to act without authority of his government, but had received authority to withdraw and surrender the harbor, ports, munitions of war and the Eastern portion of Cuba. He urgently requested until to-morrow at noon to receive the answer from his government, regarding an offer of our government to send his forces to Spain if surrendered.

Sec. Alger has telegraphed Gen. Miles that Toral's request for permission to withdraw is declined.

## Augusti Sends Bad News.

### Americans are at it Again.

Madrid, July 13.—(Special.)—Official dispatches from Iloilo say the German cruiser that left Manila July 5 brought a letter from Augusti which says the Americans are ready to act against the island of Mandanao. Inhabitants of the island of Luzon have arisen en masse.

Two native chiefs were shot for rebellion.

## On a Cattle Ship

### The Spanish Spies Left.

Montreal, July 13.—(Special.)—Du Bosc and Carranza, the head of the Spanish spy bureau in Canada, sailed for Liverpool on a cattle ship to-day. They received peremptory orders to leave the country.

## The Nichtheroy Useless

### Except for a Collier.

Washington, July 13.—(Special.)—The Buffalo, formerly the Nichtheroy, will be used as a collier. It will cost \$300,000 to convert her into an auxiliary cruiser, which is regarded as too expensive.

## CRISTO IS DEAD.

Shot By Officer Geo. Lander Yesterday Evening.

A big thoroughbred St. Bernard dog, the property of Masters Henry and Jack Stites, was killed at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon by officer Geo. Lander. He was at Gaylor & West's warehouse at the L. & N. Depot and ran into the street barking at the officer who passed on a horse and he drew a pistol and shot the dog, killing him. He was perhaps the finest dog in the city, being a pedigreed specimen of the St. Bernard breed

and was valued at \$75.

He was only two years old but very large and playful. His name was "Cristo" and he was very much admired by all who saw him. Of late he had contracted the bad habit of leaving home and this got him into the trouble that ended his life.

## May Elect To-Night.

Frankfort, Ky., July 13.—(Special.)—Prison Commissioner Finnell joined Chairman George here yesterday. Commissioner Richardson will arrive to-day. They will elect officers to-night or Thursday.