

LATEST NEWS OF THE WORLD BY TELEGRAPH AND CABLE. { CONTINUED ON PAGE 11

LITTLE WARRANT FOR EXULTATION

General White's Reported Victory and Losses of the Boers.

SUPINENESS OF BULLER

His Failure to Effect Passage of Tugela River White Boers Were Engaged Northward Cause Unfavorable Comments—Casualties Near Bulwer's—What Portugal Is Doing for the Boers.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
London, Jan. 9.—The War Office has neither contributed any light on the situation in Natal since Sunday nor allowed the dispatches of correspondents to get through. Consequently the public impatience finds vent in a discussion of the conduct of the war.

The Morning Post demands that the forces be increased by 65,000 men. To this end it urges that all the trained men the country possesses, militia and volunteers, shall be called out, asserting incidentally that, although the attitude of other powers is correct in the diplomatic sense of the word, an invasion, if attempted, would be sudden, and that now is the time to apprehend contingencies.

ANOTHER COMMANDER.
The Daily Mail says it understands that the succession of another general commanding in South Africa will shortly be announced. This may have relation to General Buller's hasty summons from Davenport. It is reported that he came by special train to London yesterday and held a long consultation with the headquarters staff. This seems to indicate that his advice, which only recently was in extreme disfavor, is about to be utilized.

RANGE OF CRITICS.
The critics range up and down the entire field of war transactions, finding fault especially with the lack of transports for the troops who are ready to depart, and with the concealment of news, averring that the censorship in South Africa embraces the mails; that the reports of correspondents are being mutilated, and entire letters suppressed.

The Admiralty is seeking transports and is reported to have chartered the American liner St. Paul, which was inspected previous to chartering, and three Liverpool steamers.

The government's defense, as put forth by Mr. Balfour at Manchester, has produced a disagreeable impression upon the country. The Standard, Times and St. James Gazette join in the almost unanimous metropolitan and provincial disapproval of the government's explanation.

GRAT BRITAIN'S LOSSES.
Great Britain's losses since the war began are fast approaching 8,000. A War Office compilation of casualties, issued last evening, shows a total of 7,213-1,027 killed, 3,775 wounded and 2,511 missing. These do not include 140 who have succumbed to disease nor the casualties at Ladysmith last Saturday.

The Daily Mail says:
"With characteristic bad manners, the Transvaal authorities have refused to allow Mr. Hollis, the American representative at Pretoria, to care for British interests. This is unprecedented in modern diplomatic history."
MR. BALFOUR'S SPEECH.
London, Jan. 9.—Arthur J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury, speaking this evening in East Manchester, said: "I know of no war in which Great Britain has been engaged except that resulting in the independence of the American colonies, which did not end triumphantly. Yet, I do not know of one which has begun triumphantly. True, the war in South Africa is disappointing, but it is not a fact that Great Britain has suffered exceptional reverses or great disaster. On the other hand, the war has knit together every branch of the English-speaking race, making all feel that they have a great, common destiny, which it is their duty to accomplish."

"These are thoughts which ought to support us in far greater trials than this war may produce. Remember that a nation which cannot bear defeat is a nation unworthy of empire; and, although defeat has not yet come, and although we hope and believe it will not come in the course of the present war, yet it matters should turn out otherwise, we should still rely upon the courage and patriotism of our countrymen." (Cheers).

LITTLE WARRANT.
London, Jan. 9.—Further news of General White's victory is anxiously awaited, as it is generally realized to-day that there was little warrant for the exultation which followed the announcement of his repulse of the Boers.

This remarkable repulse in Boer tactics has been another complete surprise to the British, who had not reckoned on the weakened garrison of Ladysmith being subjected to such a courageous assault, and it is realized that General White's troops cannot be expected to greatly prolong such an arduous defense. In some quarters it is considered unaccountable that General Buller did not press his attempt to effect a passage of the Tugela river while the Boers were engaged northwards, and his comments on his apparent supineness are now complimentary.

From the Boer headquarters it is reported that General Buller is constructing a subsidiary railroad from the main line to Colenso, westwardly, in the direction of Potgieters Drift.

MODDER RIVER DEFENSE.
Advices from the Modder river say the Boers continue to extend their works, and it is estimated that 30,000 men are required to defend them.

The prisoners captured by the Canadians and Queenlanders at Sunnyside are going to Cape Town for trial as rebels.

The Canadians expressed intense indignation on learning that the prisoners were British subjects.

The Colonial troops continue to earn warm praise on all sides.

CASUALTIES OF THE SUFFOLKS.
The casualties of the Suffolks near Colenso were:
Killed—Colonel Watson and Lieutenants Wilkins, Carey and White, and 23 men.
Missing—Captains Brett, Thompson and Brown, and Lieutenants Allen, Wood-Martin and Butler, and 107 men.
Wounded—Twenty-one men.

General French further reports that the casualties of the other regiments to January 4 were twelve men killed and forty-four wounded.

MESSAGE FROM THE QUEEN.
The Queen has telegraphed her congratulations and thanks to General White and his troops of Ladysmith.

AT FRERE CAMP.
A dispatch from Frere Camp, last Sunday night, said all was quiet there, thus dispelling the widespread hopes that General Buller had followed up his demonstrations before Colenso with an effective move elsewhere.

PORTUGAL'S FRIENDSHIP.
The London Times correspondent at Lorenzo Marques cables that, although there is no guarantee that Transvaal gold is of standard value, the Portuguese Government compels the local banks to accept it as legal tender, at the same rate as British sovereigns, "thus giving the Republic every facility for extensive transactions here and remitting money to Europe."

Continuing, the correspondent says: "It is questioned whether the Portuguese order is not a breach of neutrality."

The latest news from Bloemfontein says the officials there recognize that they must evacuate the town at an early date, and are securing houses at Pretoria.

HOSPITALS PACKED.
It is also announced that the hospitals at Bloemfontein and elsewhere are packed with wounded men.

SEIZED GERMAN STEAMERS.
Durban, Jan. 9.—The seized German steamer Herzog has been handed over to the prize court. The Portuguese Governor of Zambesia was among her passengers. The British naval authorities have offered him a ship to convey him to Delagoa Bay. The steamer Bundesrath is discharging.

Aden, Jan. 9.—The Imperial German mail steamer General, detained here by the British authorities since January 4, on suspicion of having contraband of war on board, has been released. After her cargo had been examined it was found that she only had a few chemicals and axle trees on board. Nothing else was disclosed.

A quantity of Trieste flour, brought by a Lloyd's steamer, and supposed to be bound for the Transvaal, has been held pending the decision of a prize court.

A NEGATIVE REPLY.
London, Jan. 10.—King Leopold, according to the Brussels correspondent of the Daily Mail, recently inquired of Queen Victoria whether an opportune moment for mediation had arrived, but received a reply in the negative.

LYDDITE SHELLS.
London, Jan. 10.—The Berlin correspondent of the Daily Mail gives under reserve a report that 45,000 lyddite shells have been turned out by the Krupp works, which are not destined for England, but were ordered some time ago by Dr. Leyds.

ALL QUIET.
London, Jan. 10.—A dispatch to the Daily Chronicle, dated at Frere Camp, Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, says: "There has been no bombardment of Ladysmith to-day, nor any shelling at Chieveley by the British guns."

RIGHT OF SEIZURE.
London, Jan. 9.—The Daily Graphic makes the following statement regarding the seizures of German vessels by British warships:
"Germany has addressed two notes to the British Foreign Office challenging Great Britain's right to detain any vessels traveling between neutral ports. These notes have been duly answered."

"The Queen's government find themselves wholly unable to acquiesce in Germany's contention. Germany cited a case in support of her contention, but on examination this so-called precedent proved to be quite inapplicable to the seizures under discussion."

"The correspondence between the two governments rest there, pending a decision by the prize court."

RELEASED FOR SERVICE.
London, Jan. 10.—The Daily Mail has the following dispatch dated Sunday, January 1th, from Cape Town:
"Dordrecht is now garrisoned by 1,000 rebels, thus releasing the Orange Free State troops for service elsewhere."

Joe Blackburn for Senator.
(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 9.—The House to-day balloted for United States Senator with the following result:
Brandley (Republican), 42; Blackburn (Democrat), 57.

In the Senate the ballot for Senator stood: Blackburn, 22; Bradley, 12.

The joint assembly will ballot to-morrow, and on account of doubt as to whether the ballot should occur to-day or next Tuesday, the proceedings of to-day and to-morrow will be duplicated on the corresponding days of next week.

WILL HOLD THE PHILIPPINES

Declaration of Senator Beveridge in His Maiden Speech.

GENERAL OTIS QUOTED

Indiana's Junior Representative in the Upper House Makes a Successful Play to the Galleries—He Is Answered by the Senior Senator From Massachusetts, Who Shows Who Precipitated Hostilities in the Islands.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
Washington, Jan. 9.—"That man little knows the common people of the republic, little understands the instincts of our race, who thinks we will not hold it (the Philippine archipelago) fast, and hold it forever, administering just government by simplest methods."

This sentence was the keynote of the speech delivered in the Senate to-day by Mr. Beveridge, the junior Senator



DIXON AND MCGOVERN, CONTESTANTS FOR THE FEATHERWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP.

George Dixon, long feather-weight champion of the world, is the winner of over 100 battles. He has been in the arena 14 years, and is one of the greatest boxers that ever lived. Terry McGovern, bantam-weight champion of the world, has a long string of victories to his credit. Both men trained to enter the arena at 122 pounds.

from Indiana. It was the maiden speech in the Senate of about the youngest member of the body. The announcement that he would deliver an address embodying his observations in the Philippines attracted an unusually large number of auditors to the galleries. On the floor of the Senate every member in the city was in his seat, and scores of Representatives came over from the House. The occasion was inspiring, and Mr. Beveridge rose to it brilliantly. His oration was replete with striking sentences and well-arranged information. Speaking with all the earnestness, vigor and eloquence of a fine orator, he rose at times to his subject with the power of passionate dramatic utterance. The speech created a profound impression.

REWARDED WITH APPLAUSE.
Mr. Beveridge is scholarly and refined in appearance, with a striking face and figure. Throughout his speech he was easy and natural, and entirely free from mannerisms. He spoke rapidly and with great earnestness. When he declared, with deep solemnity, to

DIXON LOSES CHAMPIONSHIP

It Passes to Terry McGovern in the Eighth Round.

THE FIGHT DESCRIBED

After Holding Championship Eight Years, Defending It Against All Aspirants, the Plucky Negro Yields to Youth, Superior Strength and Science—Like Many Predecessors in Prize Ring, He Fought One Battle Too Many.

(By Telegraph to Virginian-Pilot.)
New York, Jan. 9.—Terry McGovern to-night wrested the feather-weight championship of the world from George Dixon, who had defended it for nearly nine years. To save Dixon from a knockout, Tom O'Rourke, his manager, threw up the sponge in the eighth round, when the negro was staggering helplessly, bleeding and weak, but as game as the dying gladiator. The fight took place before a crowd that packed the Broadway Athletic Club, and the victory decided the ownership of a \$10,000 purse. Dixon was on the aggressive throughout.

ROUND ONE.
Dixon opened with a left swing for the head. McGovern ducked and sent his right over the kidneys. Dixon tried another left and Terry blocked and drove his right once more to the kidneys, forcing Dixon to the ropes. They broke away to the center of the ring, where Dixon swung his left to the breast. Terry crowded in, pounding his right on the ribs. Dixon tried his

left for the body, but Terry stopped inside of it and sent his right three times to the body. Dixon swung his left to the jaw, and in a half clinch Terry worked left and right to the body and left to the head. Dixon slipped back, sending a straight left to the face, and they were in a fast mix-up at the bell.

ROUND TWO.
Dixon opened with a left swing for the head and McGovern ducked neatly and drove George back with a left on the body. Dixon planted a left swing high on the head, but Terry crowded in, sending both hands to the wind. George jarred Terry's head with a straight left, and followed with a right on the body. They mixed it up rapidly, and Dixon almost put Terry through the ropes with a left on the face. They came to the center, where George again landed a hard left on the face. In another mix-up Terry worked well to the body, and after they broke away George landed left hard on face, Mac replying with right on body.

ROUND THREE.
Dixon led left for the head, but Terry got inside of it and sent both hands to the ribs and stomach. Dixon hooked his right to the ear, sending Terry away from him. Both steadied them-

selves and Dixon drove his left straight to the face and sent another on the same spot, after which he staggered McGovern with a right swing on the jaw. Dixon played at the same thing again, with Terry working on the body. A straight left on the face and a right swing from George almost dropped McGovern to the floor, but Terry came back with a rush and sent right on the left to the body, forcing Dixon to a clinch.

ROUND FOUR.
Dixon missed a left lead for the head, and Terry drove his left on the body, following with a right hook on the ribs. Dixon tried again but Terry side-stepped and hooked his left to George's jaw. Dixon came back but Terry ducked aside, and the colored lad swung and used both hands on the stomach at close quarters. After they broke Dixon hooked his left to the neck and Terry drove right and left to the body. After a clinch Terry hooked his right to Dixon's jaw and George staggered away. Terry followed, forcing Dixon to the ropes where Dixon clinched and the referee had to separate them. When they came together Dixon landed a left swing on the neck as the bell rang.

ROUND FIVE.
Dixon opened up with the usual left swing for the head, but Terry blocked three of them. Dixon tried again, swinging left on the neck and McGovern got to the body with both hands. In a clinch George pulled Terry toward him and Mac slipped to his knees, but was up instantly. Dixon led a left to the shoulder and Terry countered with right and left on the body. Dixon swung left to the neck, but Terry drove both hands to the body and the bell found them clinched. Both returned to their corners smiling.

ROUND SIX.
Dixon started as usual with a left swing for the head, but Mac blocked it. Dixon sent his left to the neck and Terry put right to body and left to chin. Dixon rushed viciously, knocking left to head and driving his right hard to the body. Terry rushed George to the ropes, planting his left on the ribs and hooking his right to the head. Twice Dixon missed left swings for the head, Terry getting inside and planting right and left to the body. As they broke from a clinch at the bell Terry hooked his right to the jaw and Dixon

looked bad as he walked to his corner.

ROUND SEVEN.
Dixon made the lead, as usual, but failed to land, and Terry drove left and right to body. Three times Dixon mixed and Terry sent back a terrific right over Dixon's heart. Dixon rushed repeatedly, but Mac blocked him every time, and kept his right going like a trip hammer on Dixon's chest and stomach. Terry hooked a hard left to the ear at close quarters. After a clinch Dixon landed a straight left on Mac's mouth. Dixon tried this again, but Terry got inside and sent right and left to the face, breaking Dixon's nose, and the colored lad went back to the ropes with Terry after him. Dixon bled freely as he returned to his corner.

ROUND EIGHT.
Dixon tried his usual opening with left swing, but Terry was inside, sending right to body and head. Terry drove Dixon to the ropes, where George slipped to the floor. Terry helped Dixon to his feet amid the cheers of the crowd, and Dixon backed into Terry's corner, where he went down again. Terry was ready for him, and under body blows the champion went down

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

GRIMES BATTERY IN THE HOUSE

Bill For Services Rendered the State Will Be Paid.

THE TRAMP NUISANCE

A Bill to Prevent Vagrancy and Begging—Bills Pinned on the Calendar—Safe Keeping of Prisoners—Virginia Beach Improvements—Separate Car Bill Amended—Effects of Alcohol Taught in School.

(Special to Virginian-Pilot.)
Richmond, Va., Jan. 9.—The Grimes Battery bill, which was ordered to its engrossment in the House yesterday by the narrow margin of three votes, was taken up to-day as soon as the body assembled, and after a few remarks, passed, the vote being 61 to 24.

It is thought that this meritorious measure will go through the Senate with but little opposition, and the Governor was intimated that he is heartily in favor of it.

AFTER TRAMPS.
Mr. Bowles introduced a bill which defines all vagrants and beggars, save females or minors under 16 years of age, or deaf or blind persons, who shall wander from place to place and practice beggary, to be tramps, and provides that they shall be punished therefore by imprisonment in jail for one year. The bill further provides that if such tramp is found with a weapon on his person, or shall threaten or intimidate any person, or shall kindle any fire in the highway or on the land of another, without the consent of the owner, he shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall be confined in the penitentiary not less than one, nor more than three years.

PROTECTION OF PRISONERS.
Mr. Bland introduced a bill amending and re-enacting certain sections of the Code, so as to grant power to jailors, acting on their own initiative or at the order of the court, to summon a sufficient guard, who shall be known as special officers, wherever it is believed that the safe-keeping of a prisoner demands such extra guard. The pay of such special officers is fixed at not exceeding \$1.00 per day. The bill is designed to prevent the taking of prisoners from jails by mobs.

OFFERED AND REFERRED.
The following bills were offered and referred:
By Mr. L. G. Donohoe—Authorizing the County School Board of Elizabeth City county to borrow \$10,000, and issue bonds therefor.

ON THE CALENDAR.
The bills placed on the calendar were as follows:
To ratify, confirm and amend the charter of the Norfolk County Water Company, and to give it additional powers.

To amend and re-enact section 2105 of the Code in relation to fish-ladders, as amended and re-enacted by an act entitled an act to amend and re-enact section 2105 of the Code touching fish-ladders approved Jan. 14, 1890.

To amend and re-enact section 2073 of the Code in relation to the terms of the Hustings Court of Richmond.

BILLS PASSED.
The following bills were passed:
To amend and re-enact section 717 of the Code of Virginia, as amended by act approved March 1, 1898, relating to fines and costs before Justices of the peace.

To amend and re-enact the 7th section of an act entitled an act to provide for the reorganization of the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, and to repeal chapter 74 of the Code of Virginia, and to repeal chapter 226 of the Acts of Assembly, entitled an act to regulate the appointment of the Board of Directors of the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institute at Staunton, Va., approved May 14th, 1887, approved March 4th, 1898, as amended by chapter 234, of Acts of Assembly 1897-'98, approved February 8, 1898.

To amend and re-enact an act of the General Assembly of Virginia, approved February 12th, 1892, entitled an act to make the bridge at Shenandoah, Virginia, a toll-bridge.

To amend section 62 of an act entitled an act to incorporate the city of Newport News, in the county of Warwick, and to provide a charter therefor.

To amend and re-enact section 14 of an act entitled an act to incorporate the city of Newport News in the county of Warwick.

Continued on Page 11.

OTHER TELEGRAPH PAGE 11

CLASSIFICATION OF NEWS.

BY DEPARTMENTS.
Telegraph News—Pages 1, and 11.
Local News—Pages 2, 3, 5, 6 and 11.
Editorial—Page 4.
Virginia News—Page 8.
North Carolina News—Page 7.
Portsmouth News—Page 10 and 11.
Berkley News—Page 11.
Markets—Page 12.
Shipping—Page 9.
Real Estate—Page 12.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.

Continued on Page 11.