THE ANCHORIA'S STORY.

1200 MILES AT SEA WITH HER MAIN SHAFT BROKEN.

Drifts at the Mercy of the Waves for Fourteen Days With a Broken Rudder—Two Parties Set out for Assistance—Rescued From St. John's.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Oct. 11.—The following report represents the prominent incidents of the Anchoria disaster: Captain Small left Glasgow Sept. 18 for New York, with 700 passengers and crew. September 22, a strong gale sprung up and the ship broke her propeller shaft, when about 1200 miles west of Ireland. A panic was avoided only by the officers assuring the passengers that there was no danger of sinking. Her sails were hoisted, but the rudder gear having given out, she drifted helplessly for two weeks. Many attempts at repairs to the shaft were made, but all in vain. On October 8 the engines were again started, but after 15 revolutions the shaft broke again, this time beyond repairing. A consultation was now held, and the exact position of the ship was found to be 80 miles from Newfoundland. As provisions were running short, for some days all having been cut down to two meals a day, first officer McFarlane and six others, Mr. Hay, Dr. Tuttle, Dr. Lack Farsquahar, Mr. Greene and two others volunteered to launch a boat to try to reach shore. They bravely took their places, carrying a quantity of bunscuit in tins, and two casks of water. As the brave fellows put from the ship's side, many were affected to tears, and amidst the silent prayers, they pulled away with no land in sight, and with no probability of reaching it. No word was spoken but the pent up feelings of the 700 on board found expression in loud long cheers. Heartfelt cries of "God speed ye safe" were heard as the boat disappeared from view. The first officer was instructed by the captain to secure the services of a steamer if the boat reached St. Johns. Friday the ship made but little headway, and the expected steamer did not come. Saturday at noon the glad cry of "land" ran through the ship, and a volunteer crew soon pulled toward shore.

It subsequently transpired that the first boat landed in St. Johns at 2 p. m. yesterday, the second reached Pouch Cove, 20 miles north, at 4 p. m. A few hours later the steam tug Favorite was sent to the Anchoria and towed her here. There were two births and two deaths at sea. The passengers who were landed at Pouch Cove were heartily welcomed. At one time provisions got very low, the passengers being cut down to two meals a day.

THE CHICAGO TROUBLE.

Pinkerton's Force Increased to 400 Men, Each Heavily Armed.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—There was no disturbance at the stock yards to-day, but the entire vicinity of the great packing houses was bristling with significant preparations. Pinkerton's force at the yards has been increased to 400 men, and each one of them is armed with a revolver and rifle. The big Armour packing establishment at Western avenue and Fifty-first street was converted into a barracks, and will be headquarters of the force until the trouble has blown over.

TRAGEDY BEHIND THE CURTAIN.

A Man Murders his Mistress and Himself in a Theatre Dressing room.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 10.—Shortly before the performances was to begin this evening at the Alhambra theatre Variety hall, on St. Charles street, a shocking tragedy was enacted behind the scenes. Josie Martelle, a rather pretty specialty woman, was stabbed and mortally killed by Frank Handmeyer, who immediately ended his own existence. The victims are said to have been married and wife, or at least to have occupied that relation. The cause of the tragedy is supposed to have been jealousy. During the afternoon Handmeyer, a worthless fellow, quarreled with his woman. This evening he called her from her private dressing room, where she was preparing for the night's performance, into the general dressing room and was heard to ask "are you going to do that," to which she replied very decidedly "no." Instantly Handmeyer struck her with a knife, the blade penetrating her heart and she sank to the floor dead, without a cry. Then without moving from his tracks the murderer plunged the weapon into his own heart, and fell dead beside his victim. The woman was about thirty years old.

AN ANARCHIST PLOT.

Discovery of a Diabolical Plan to Distroy the City of Vienna.

VIENNA, Oct. 11.—The police have furnished the press with an account of the recently discovered anarchist plot to burn Vienna. Although many details are suppressed, the plot is shown to have surpassed in extent and diabolical ingenuity any dynamite plot hitherto concocted, and 17 conspirators have been arrested. The examination of the prisoners shows that the plot was hatched in and directed from America and London, and was to have been carried out by Viennese anarchists who recently returned from America. The plot was cleverly organized. The conspirators were divided into groups, one of which was detailed to set fire to the town, another to take charge of the dynamite operations and another to forge the necesary official documents and to coin money for expenses.

THE ANARCHISTS TO HANG.

Judge Gary Fixed Upon December 3 Next, as the Fatal Day.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—Anarchist Parsons spoke continuously in his own defense for five hours and 40 minutes on Saturday, and sank into his seat completely exhausted. Judge Gary was about to pronounce sentence, when Capt. Black desired that a motion in arrest of judgment should be entered. Mr. Grinnell having assured him that no merely technical matters should interfere with the defendants' rights, the court proceeded to execute the solemn duty devolving upon him. In brief but impressive words and in tones which at any time would have commanded respectful attention, the judge gave fitting expression to the judgment of the court. His face worked convulsively when he began, and when he reached the word "hanged" he faltered, and could with difficulty utter "Till—you—are—dead." The last words were scarcely audible. The date fixed was the 3d of December.

Thousands of copies of the speeches of the doomed men will be printed and sold, to raise funds to carry the cases to the Supreme Court.

IT IS PLEURO-PNEUMONIA.

So Pronounced by Leading Veterinarians—The Restrictive Law Inefficient.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The commissioner of agriculture has written to A. W. Cheever of Boston, as follows: In reply to the question as to whether there can be any doubt as to the existence of contagious pleuro-pneumonia among the cattle of certain distillery stables in Chicago, I would state that Dr. Salmon, chief of the bureau of animal industry, and Drs. Murray and Rose, veterinarians of long service, and of much experience in diagnosing and detecting this disease, unhesitatingly pronounce it pleuro-pneumonia.

The department is doing all possible under the law to prevent its spreading, but this law is very defective. Effective measures of extirpation can not be taken, unless all cattle owners join in asking Congress this winter to pass a law that will give this department authority to slaughter diseased animals and a fund sufficient to at least partly indemnify the owners. The disease still prevails in and around New York, in New Jersey, somewhat in Pennsylvania and Delaware, quite extensively in Baltimore, and in a few Virginia counties, and quite extensively in some of the distillery and other stables in Chicago.

A GREAT STRIKE.

20,000 Chicago Pork-packers Involved in a Strike—Trouble Anticipated.

CHICAGO, Oct. 8.—Over 20,000 operators are involved in a strike of pork packers in Chicago. Two thousand left this morning and others will soon follow. The men are marching the street and much excitement prevails. The cause is that the 10 hours system is to be resumed next Monday. All of Armour & Co.'s men and those of five other big pork packing firms are in the trouble. Some of Morrill & Co.'s men wanted to return to work, when the strikers at once invaded their place to stop their work, and a serious riot was imminent. Pinkerton's detectives were summoned, and, at 6 p. m., 153 of them sat down to supper with Winchester rifles between their knees. By tomorrow 500 will be in and about the yards, for an emergency. The Pinkertons arrived at 4 o'clock and were greeted by derisive yells from a crowd of 2000, which filled the street. The crowd made it so unpleasant that the command was formed into four companies and headed for the transit house. Armour is left with 400 cattle in his yard to feed. His coopers came out for 25 cents advance. The men all quit with their knives and other sharp edged tools in their possession. Much trouble is feared.

THE THEOLOGICAL CONTROVERSY.

Five Andover Professors Summoned Before the Board of Visitors Oct. 25.

CHICAGO, Oct. 11.—Several Massachusetts men, prominent in the Congregational church, deny that five professors of Andover Theological seminary are charged with heresy. The real situation is this: The donors of funds to the seminary drew up a very strict creed to which every professor must pledge himself or resign. The five professors, Smyth, Tucker, Harris, Hincks and Gulliver, editors of the Andover Review, are charged with drawing their salaries under this pledge, while their doctrines do not conform to it, and have been summoned to answer, Oct. 25, by the board of visitors, whose power to hear the complaint, however, the accused men deny.

THE BOYS WHO WORE THE BLUE.

Notes From the Grand Army Posts of Vermont.

The Swanton G. A. R. Post held a public campfire Friday evening, and Comrade Henry Ballard of Burlington, delivered his address on "Vermont to San Francisco with the Grand Army."

The surviving members of Company D, 16th Vermont regiment, will hold a reunion at Townshend on the 29th of October. It is supposed that some 50 members are living, and it is hoped that all of them will be present.

The 34 regiment of Vermont volunteers will hold a reunion at St. Johnsbury, October 21. An address is to be delivered by Col. Seaver of Woodstock, and General F. ("Baldy") Smith, who was once a colonel of the regiment. Gov. Pingree, Judge Veazey, ex Gov. Proctor and Mayor Nelson are to be present.

Chamberlin Post of St. Johnsbury feeling destrous of contributing their share to the Charleston sufferers have engaged the Madame Fry concert company to give a concert at Music Hall on October 19.

A soldiers camp fire was held at Williamstown Saturday evening. Capt. Lull of Montpelier was present and there was the usual variety of exercises.

Sheridan Post held a camp fire at their hall in Weston on Wednesday evening, October 6. Senior Vice Commander, department of Vermont, R. E. Hathorn related his trip to California and the national encampment.

The kindness and thoughtfulness of Department Commander George T. Childs was shown in his promptness to send pecuniary aid to Bixby Post, at South Royalton, on learning of their loss by fire.

Post Quimby at Barton has just received a very costly and beautiful portrait of Capt. George W. Quimby, presented by his sister, Mrs. Dr. Masta.

The Albany Post will hold an afternoon and evening campfire and band box party Friday, Oct. 15.

Post Roberts of Rutland has voted to invite Judge W. G. Veazey to give an account of his recent western trip, and in all probability he will accept the invitation.

The Women's Relief corps gave an entertainment and supper at Lunenburg, recently. They realized about $17.

The 7th annual reunion of company D, 6th Vermont regiment was held at Veterans' hall, North Troy, Tuesday, October 5th.

The following pensions have been granted: Origin A. Blanchard, Williamstown, $2 a month and $527 arrears; Peter E. Burke, Bolton, restoration and increase from $2 to $6 a month and $28 arrears; Horace S. Gould, Weare, N. H., an increase from $4 to $8 a month; Jacob Robinson, Waterbury, $6 a month and $372 arrears; Jason Rhodes, Townshend, $8 a month and about $1800 arrears; William Warner, Lowell, $4 a month.

Custer Post of Bennington held an enjoyable campfire Saturday night. "Hard tack," coffee and other refreshments with speaking caused the hours to pass away quickly.

An order from department headquarters says: "The courtesies and hospitalities extended to the delegates from this department who were in attendance upon the national encampment, by the comrades and citizens of California, are gratefully acknowledged."

The state of New York has 30,087 pensioners, to whom is paid monthly $690,092, or annually $8,753,102.

A new pension certificate has been issued to Gen. Lucien Fairchild, commander in chief G. A. R. for $45 a month, under the late act of Congress, "for loss of left arm so near the shoulder as to prevent the use of an artificial limb."

Tammany's Candidate for Mayor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11.—The Tammany hall convention nominated Abram S. Hewitt for mayor to-night.

GEN. MILES'S REPORT.

The Conditions of the surrender of Geronimo and His Renegade Band.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 11.—Gen. Miles's annual report received at the war department is a voluminous document containing a full history of his operations against Geronimo and his band with a statement of his position in regard to the terms of the surrender. Some days prior to the surrender a deserter came into Gen. Miles' camp with the information the renegades were short of supplies and nearly exhausted and could not hold out much longer. A parley was held and finally Geronimo and Natchez surrendered as prisoners of war, subject to the commands of the president. Geronimo justifies his leaving the reservation by claiming that there existed a conspiracy against his life.