

# WHY JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL? WHY WOMEN WRITE LETTERS

Enables a Wiser Splitting Up of Years of Study.

Dr. J. F. Brown Explains Vermont's New System—Several States Have Junior High Schools Now—State's is the 6-4 Plan.

J. F. Brown of New York, Ph.D., a former instructor at Teachers' College, Columbia University, outlined for the Free Press Friday night while in town a brief history of the high school movement and the junior high school's reason for being. Mr. Brown was recommended by Dr. Milo B. Hillegas, State commissioner of education, who announced Friday evening his plans for a junior high school system in the State.

The junior high school, says Dr. Brown, is an outgrowth during the past ten years. It cannot be definitely traced through a longer period than that of efforts to solve the problems arising out of defects in the existing high school system, which, as Dr. Brown put it, "like Topsy simply grew." Fourteen years of age was found to be unsuitable because at that age the greatest change in the nature of the pupil took place. It is a transition period when the boy is casting about in his mind what he will do when he is inclined to break away from the old moorings. Twelve was found to be a much better age because the boy could then decide while still in the studying mood whether or not he wanted to pursue a course leading to preparation for college, and the abrupt break was avoided. It was possible to arrange his course of study more advantageously on the new plan, and in a more balanced way.

The high school began, it may be said, in Boston, Mass., with the English classical school which was the first public high school in America in anything like the sense we use the term. Before it there had been private academies, which have no idea of preparing young men for college, and Latin grammar schools, the latter stuck to their original form, but the former were obliged sooner or later to give college preparatory courses along with the other courses which did not prepare. Benjamin Franklin was one of the first to establish an academy.

The English classical school, unlike the others, gave free instruction, and it existed side by side with its rivals for several years. But some of its instructors were college graduates and this tended to lend a college atmosphere to the school so that inasmuch as the students emulated the teachers and wanted to go to college.

The junior high school has been really evolving for many years. The example of Germany may have influenced the public school system in this country. There the gymnasium took the boy nine years of age, or maybe 10, and takes him straight through the usual eight grammar school and high school courses, so that he is ready for the university when he leaves it.

This solved the problem of the premature division, this and experience and studies which already had been made, at least it proved that avoidance of an abrupt change in study at 14 years of age, was wise.

The junior high school has been steadily growing in favor since it got a foothold in the public school system of certain States. There are still various views as to the proper kind of division of the 12 years or so of the child's study period, and discussion is still going on. The usual form is 6-3-3, by which is meant that the child should have six years of study including six in kindergarten and the grades on up through all but the last two of the grammar school course, three years of junior high school which

To Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co.

Women who are well often ask "Are the letters which the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. are continually publishing, genuine?" "Are they truthful?" "Why do women write such letters?"

In answer we say that never have we published a fictitious letter or name. Never, knowingly, have we published an untrue letter, or one without the full and written consent of the woman who wrote it.

The reason that thousands of women from all parts of the country write such grateful letters to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. is that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has brought health and happiness into their lives, once burdened with pain and suffering.

It has relieved women from some of the worst forms of female ills, from displacements, inflammation, ulceration, irregularities, nervousness, weakness, stomach troubles and from the blues.

It is impossible for any woman who is well and who has never suffered to realize how these poor, suffering women feel when restored to health; their keen desire to help other women who are suffering as they did.



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includes the last two grammar grades and the first year of the common high school course, and three years of senior high school, which are the last three years of the common high school. A division less in value is 6-5, which splits the same period up in a somewhat different way according to years.

The junior high school plan which prevails in all or nearly all of the 11 junior high schools that will be under way this fall in Vermont is a 6-4 plan. The "4" means that a junior high school is established which will take children of 12 years of age, and that they begin their schooling at six and put them into a school which combines the last two years of the regular eight grammar school and the first two of the regular high school.

The junior high school, says Dr. Hillegas, does not make either preparation for college, or the teaching of farmers an avowed object, but its course of study is so arranged that a boy may on graduation make his own choice of the future he prefers.

APPROPRIATED IN FRANCE.

The Le Rhin building situated on a hill overlooking the Seine river, Paris, France, was recently visited with our Commissioner, Mr. Sample, free. Strong Hardware Co., Burlington, Vt.

CURIOUS CONDENSATIONS.

New York has 1,500 Chinese laundries. Providence, R. I., has 1,000 jitney buses in operation.

The Emperor of Japan sleeps on a rug with bamboo sticks for a pillow.

Before the war there were 50,000 women in France employed as domestics.

Two million children between the ages of 10 and 15 are employed for wages in the United States.

A multiplying machine small enough to be mounted on the end of a lead pencil has been patented.

Japan is rapidly increasing the production of its auto buses and the development of its rubber industry.

With but little deviation from the popular American case, baseball is played in England, but there it is known as cricket.

New York city is said to have the best system of street signs in the country, being clearly visible, perfectly legible and informative.

A Detroit woman has invented a spring for supporting a child that is so shaped as to fit closely to the head and deliver its contents in a narrow stream.

A soft Lake Erie man is the inventor of an underwear which will not run, when wholly submerged, in a stream, the blades folding on the upward stroke.

# JUNIOR H. S. SYSTEM LAUNCHED

Seven New Schools, Many New Teachers; Supervisor Named.

Conference of Teachers at Johnson and Montpelier—Clyde M. Hill, Missouri Man, Supervisor, a New Office—Notes.

Dr. Milo B. Hillegas, State commissioner of education, said between trains Friday there will be 11 junior high schools instead of four when the public schools resume work. Burlington, Jeffersonville, Plainfield and Cabot have been already; the new schools will be Essex Center, Hinesburg, Highgate, North Troy, Waterville, Randolph Center and Concord. There are roughly 300 students in the Burlington school and an average of 90 in the others. Each of the 11 schools will obtain \$200 from the State out of an appropriation made for the purpose by the Legislature at its last regular session. Clyde M. Hill of Springfield, Mo., has been appointed supervisor of junior high schools, a newly-created office. Mr. Hill has been instructor in the Missouri State normal school at Springfield and director of the model junior high school there. He did a quantity of research work at Columbia in the specialty. One or more extra teachers will be required and have been or will be appointed for each of the 11 schools except Burlington. One of the new teachers in each instance will be a teacher of home economics.

Dr. Hill comes to Vermont at a considerably less salary than he has been receiving, largely on the personal urging of Dr. Hillegas. He is using a year's leave of absence for the purpose.

His coming means that the junior high school system of the State is now fairly launched last week Tuesday and Wednesday a conference of five of the junior high schools at Essex Center, Highgate, North Troy, Jeffersonville and Concord was held at Johnson, with about 30 teachers in the specialty. One or more extra teachers will be required and have been or will be appointed for each of the 11 schools except Burlington. One of the new teachers in each instance will be a teacher of home economics.

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## A Perfect Complexion

Your social duties demand that you look your best and in good taste at all times. Ladies of Society for nearly three-quarters of a century have used

### Gouraud's Oriental Cream

to obtain the perfect complexion. It purifies and beautifies. The ideal liquid face cream. Non-greasy. It is used and is detected. Send 10c. for trial size.

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tion of teachers in the public schools, in accordance with the new certification law.

J. L. Darrow of Poultney has been appointed superintendent of the Waterbury district during the absence of Norman Frost.

**WINDSOR FOR DAWSON.**

Hinesburg Man Gets Sentence to the State Prison.

James Dawson of Hinesburg, upon whom at least three warrants have been issued by State's Attorney Hopkins have been in city court Thursday and pleaded guilty to the warrant charging him with assault, with intent to kill, upon the same woman. On the day that bail was arranged in these two cases he was served with a warrant charging him with the crime of larceny. But he was not asked for his bail in this case and he was remanded to jail. Thursday morning he was taken into city court and waived examination as to the charge of adultery and was bound over to county court in the sum of \$300 bail. By evening he had changed his mind and when arraigned on a warrant making the same charge he pleaded guilty. On Monday the State's Attorney will move for judgment on the warrant charging him with assault with intent to kill and larceny were not pressed.

**AUGUST WEATHER.**

Temperature Above the Normal and Precipitation Much Below.

J. K. Hooper, meteorologist in charge of the local station of the United States weather bureau, reports a mean temperature of 69 degrees in Burlington during the month just passed, which is three degrees above the normal August temperature in this city. The highest was 94 degrees, on the 20th, and the lowest was 47 degrees, on the 23rd. The greatest daily total movement was 47 degrees, on the 7th, and the least daily range was six degrees, on the 5th. The precipitation amounted to only 1.06 inches, which is three inches below the normal and with a single exception the smallest precipitation for any August in 32 years. The prevailing wind was from the south, the total movement, 7,247 miles, the average hourly velocity 9.7 miles, and the maximum velocity 32 miles per hour, from the northwest, on the 13th. The month was made up of 14 clear, 19 partly cloudy and seven cloudy days. Precipitation in quantity occurred on 10 days, on eight of which there were thunderstorms, on the 5th, 8th, 23d and 26th, an aurora on the 26th and fog on the 28th.

**UNPAID TAXES.**

Railroad Companies, as Usual, Slow in Settling with City.

The unpaid taxes, both poll and property, which have not been paid by residents of Burlington, have been turned over by City Treasurer L. C. Grant to the city constable, J. S. Denning. There are on this list 1,802 names, the total amount of unpaid taxes amounting to \$14,829.12, including an additional amount of five per cent, which goes to the city. To this will be added 65 cents on each poll tax and eight per cent of the property tax. Three-quarters of the number of items on the unpaid list are those of poll taxes.

In this item of unpaid taxes is \$2,441.82 on the property of the Central Vermont railway and \$441.12 against the property of the Rutland railroad. The Central Vermont, following their usual custom, have refused to pay any part of this amount, while the amount paid by the Rutland railroad is about one-half of the assessment made against that company. Any property used for railroad purposes is exempt from taxation, but any other property owned by the railroad is subject to the regular rate. While the Rutland railroad pays its part of the assessment made against it, the Central Vermont refuses to recognize any of it.

**MORE POLIOMYELITIS.**

Additional Cases Reported. One from Rutland, Another from Pawlet.

Two additional cases of poliomyelitis were reported at the office of Dr. C. P. Dalton, secretary of the Vermont State board of health, on Saturday. One is a Rutland, the other in Pawlet, 25 miles south of Rutland. These cases amount to \$14,829.12, including an additional amount of five per cent, which goes to the city. To this will be added 65 cents on each poll tax and eight per cent of the property tax. Three-quarters of the number of items on the unpaid list are those of poll taxes.

Dr. Dalton has sent out to each health officer in the State copies of the regulations in regard to the attendance of children at public gatherings which were adopted by the State board last week and printed in these columns. The health officers are instructed to serve these regulations on the managers of fairs, State, county or local, which are to be held in their towns, and to make provisions for their enforcing. In Rutland, Bennington, Windham and Windsor counties the picture houses will be served with them, as all children under fifteen years of age have been excluded from all entertainments in these counties where cases have been found.

The officers are also instructed to put up in public places copies of the poster "Advice to Parents" and also a group of precautions regarding infantile paralysis.

**HE WAS WORRIED AND HOPELESS**

"For ten years I was bothered with kidney trouble," writes T. F. Hutchinson, Little Rock, Ark. "I was worried and had almost given up all hopes. I used five boxes of Foley Kidney Pills and drove a well man." Foley Kidney Pills drive all kidney troubles, rheumatism and all kidney troubles, symptoms. J. W. O'Sullivan, Medical Hall, 21 Church St., Adv.

# STATE BOARD ACTS

Conference Regarding Poliomyelitis Results in Stringent Rules.

One Fatality and One New Case Reported, Making in All Five in the State—Fairs Affected by New Move.

The most stringent order yet to be made by the State board of health in an effort to keep Vermont free from an epidemic of the poliomyelitis or infantile paralysis, which is so much feared at this time, was made Thursday by the members of the State board of health at Rutland. This order especially affects the fairs to be held in the State, excluding children under fifteen years of age from attending them, and also excluding them from theatres and movie shows in four counties.

The order of the board was not issued until after a lengthy conference had been held at the Rutland fair and carnival. At the conference were all of the members of the board of health, Governor L. W. Gates, officials of the State fair and of the Rutland fair and carnival. Among those present were Mayor James B. Estey, mayor of Montpelier, and president of the State fair association, Fred L. Davis of Hartford, secretary of the State fair association, Mayor B. L. Stafford of Rutland, Dr. M. P. Stanley of White River Junction, members of the Rutland board of health and officials of the fair and carnival. The conference was called to talk over whether or not the State fairs should be abandoned and the order which was finally issued by the State board of health follows:

In accordance with the Vermont statutes the following rules and regulations are hereby promulgated by the State board of health:

- 1—All children under fifteen years of age shall be excluded from all fairs and the Rutland fair, so-called, shall be abandoned unless effective measures can be taken satisfactory to the local board of health by which children under fifteen years of age can be excluded from public functions, both indoors and out.

- 2—All motion picture houses and theatres in Rutland, Bennington, Windsor and Windham counties shall exclude all children under fifteen years of age from all entertainments.
- 3—In towns in which there are one or more cases of infantile paralysis all children under fifteen years of age may be excluded from all public gatherings, including churches and Sunday schools. In the discretion of the local boards of health.

These rules and regulations shall remain in force during the month of September, 1916.

The fifth case of poliomyelitis to appear in this State this year is that of Jennie Hoyt, a young girl of Poultney, which resulted in the first fatality August 30. The other cases are those of Hopkins, the 21-month old son of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Bourdon of Woodstock and the four weeks' old infant in the family by the name of Squires of Arlington, the latter being reported at the office of Dr. C. P. Dalton, secretary of the State board of health, Thursday. The Squires family lives about a mile from the Lake Starbuck Hotel, which is run by H. A. Hulet, and where his son contracted the disease. It is thought that if the Squires child is ill with poliomyelitis the disease was contracted from New York carriers in the cases of the Hulet boys.

The Hoyt girl is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Hoyt and had been caring, as nurse maid, for children from the city who had been guests at the dormitory at Troy conference Academy. She was taken ill August 26, developing typhoid fever symptoms, and was removed to her home near North Granville, N. Y., where she died August 30.

**FOR HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND BRONCHITIS**

Every sufferer should know that Foley's Honey and Tar is a reliable remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, hay fever and asthma. It stops hacking coughs; heals raw, inflamed membranes; loosens the phlegm and eases wheezing, difficult breathing. J. W. O'Sullivan, 21 Church St., Medical Hall.

**EMBALMERS ELECT.**

Frank J. Dwyer First Vice-President—Unique Movies.

The Vermont Funeral Directors' and Embalmers' association unanimously elected officers Thursday at Sherwood hall, as follows: President, John A. Gibson of Enosburg Falls; first vice-president, Frank J. Dwyer of Burlington; second vice-president, E. J. Seaneen of Fair Haven; treasurer, R. W. Barnard of Pittsford; secretary, Arthur E. Hale of Bradford (re-elected). The secretary was instructed to cast one vote in each case.

Charles A. Adams of Essex and Foster A. Young of Vergennes were received as members. It was decided to leave to the executive committee the question of whether a delegate should be sent to the national convention, to be held at Columbus, Ohio, the second Wednesday in October. A vote of thanks to Dr. C. P. Dalton, secretary of the State board of health, was unanimously passed for his address of Wednesday evening. The committee on the address of retiring President M. S. Rounds of Barre expressed agreement with his definition of the true undertaker and commended the address. J. A. Corbin of Burlington was chairman and acted as the wisdom of a corps of embalmers to become part of the regular army of the United States favored idea before taking action. Arsene Boucher of Burlington was chairman.

Among the other Burlington undertakers recognized by the convention was W. Gurney, chairman of the auditing committee. Frank J. Dwyer was chairman of the nominating committee. It made no report, nominations being made from the floor.

**MORNING SESSION.**

Thursday morning's session consisted of motion pictures at the World in Motion, illustrating up-to-date methods of conducting funerals, embalming, etc. There were 700 feet of film and the association was fortunate in being one of about 30 State organizations at whose convention the pictures were received.

Early the feature of the pictures was a series illustrating what is called dead surgery, or the art of rebuilding a badly mutilated or undermined face, skull, etc., by the use of wax, plaster molds and other contrivances and materials. Prof. Joel E. Crandall, originator of the

method, was shown demonstrating it. An entire reel was given up to it. The funeral of King Edward VII was another feature, and that of the former Mikado of Japan. The movements of the delegates to the national convention of embalmers held in San Francisco last summer also appear upon the screen. The Casket, which is the official publication of the makers and shapers of the pictures. One of the members of the State association said the pictures illustrated one of the chief purposes of the convention, which was to promote higher education in the art of embalming and methods which would protect the public health.

The afternoon session, consisting of demonstration of embalming, was by Prof. C. E. Moadinger, of the New York State board of examining embalmers, didn't begin until about 2:35, three-quarters of an hour after the hour scheduled. A picture of the delegates was snapped on the steps of the masonic college building of the university before the session convened. Prof. Moadinger, who is one of the best masters in the art, talked and illustrated methods of embalming and steps in the chief methods for two hours and one half. At the same time he answered questions fired at him by members of the convention. The proper fluids and the amount, the procedure, varying in a score of different ways depending upon the condition of the corpse, were gone into in detail.

**PAGE CLUB FORMED.**

Local Supporters of Vermont's Junior Senator Get Busy.

A C. S. Page Senatorial club was formed at the city hall in this city Thursday. It is composed of citizens, about 50 of whom were in attendance about the meeting. The club was formed with a view to getting out a full vote at the coming primary.

Dr. C. J. Russell acted as chairman of the meeting and Levi P. Smith, Jr., of Essex, and Col. H. H. Mims, of Montpelier, acted as secretaries. The club was elected a committee to nominate officers of the club. The committee consisted of the following, who were elected: President, Chauncey W. Brownell; vice-presidents, representing each ward, B. H. Lamson, A. A. Loomis, Dr. G. E. Lator, J. S. Bonds, J. P. Ladd and W. M. McKillip; secretary, Col. J. H. Mims. The executive board has the power to fill any vacancies that may occur. Mr. Brownell, when taking the chair, spoke of Senator Page's record in the Senate at the time Mr. Russell was assistant secretary of the Senate. He stated that this thing being equal in the cases of the candidates for United States senator, Senator Page should be given the preference as a man of experience could accomplish much more than a man new at the position.

**FORGERY THE CHARGE.**

William Devold of Charlotte Held for County Court.

William Devold of Charlotte was arrested and brought into city court Thursday on a warrant made out by State's Attorney T. E. Hopkins, charging forgery. He was examined and was bound over to Chittenden county court, bail being fixed at \$500. Henry German of Charlotte became surety and Devold was released.

The evidence which the State's attorney has accumulated shows that Devold came to this city August 25, and went to the store of Miles & Porter, where he purchased a suit at a cost of \$15, a shirt, hat and other small items. In payment for these he gave the clerk a check for \$28 drawn to the order of F. A. French with a signature of Bert Spear of this city. The check was taken to the Central Savings Bank & Trust Co. of Orleans. Devold told the remainder of the check in change. Devold, who is doing work for Mr. Spear at Charlotte, is said to have found the blank check in a trunk belonging to Mr. Spear.

**FRANKLIN AGENT BUSY.**

Whole Lot of Things Going on in Neth-ling County.

G. V. Tiffany, county agricultural agent of Franklin county, announces a line of prizes to be offered to successful competitors at the agricultural and industrial show in St. Albans, to be held October 3-5. The awards will be worth \$300 and include the following:

Fruit—About \$100 in prizes, best collection of fruit, first, one barrel spray pump valued at \$25; second, one barrel spray pump valued at \$15; third, one set pruning tools valued at \$10, etc.

Vegetables—Best collection, first, garden seed drilled valued at \$15; second, \$10; third, \$5. Best collection of vegetables, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of corn, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of potatoes, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of peas, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of carrots, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of radishes, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of turnips, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of cabbages, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of cauliflower, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of Brussels sprouts, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of green beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of lima beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of kidney beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of pinto beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of black beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of navy beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of great northern beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of cranberry beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of butter beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of cowpeas, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of mung beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of adzuki beans, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of lentils, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of chickpeas, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of vetches, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of clover, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of alfalfa, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of timothy, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of orchard grass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of bluegrass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of fescue, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of ryegrass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of timothy, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of orchard grass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of bluegrass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of fescue, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of ryegrass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of timothy, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of orchard grass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of bluegrass, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. Best collection of fescue, first, \$1; second, \$1; third, \$1. 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