WHAT CONGRESS IS DOING.

Several Bills Were Passed in Both Houses Yesterday.

GOA THE SCENE OF RIOT AND MURDER.

Troops Committing the Wildest Excesses and Killing People Indiscriminately.

Two Cadets at Lexington, Va., Fight Sixteen Desperate Rounds and one is Killed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The following bills, (among others) were passed by the senate today: Senate bill for the relief of the Stockbridge tribe of Indians in Wisconsin; senate bill to authorize acquisition of land afor coke ovens and other improvements and for the right of way for wagon roads, railroads and tramways in connection with coal mines; senate bill requiring the United States to amend the title of homesteaders under the laws of the United States in all suits where land is claimed to be mineral because of phosphate deposits.

The senate resumed consideration of the senate bill to establish United States land courts and to provide for the settlement of private land claims. Without disposing of the bill the senate went into executive session and soon adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

In the house today Payson submitted a report on the bill authorizing the entry of public lands by incorporated cities and towns for cemetery and park purposes. Adopted

Morrill of Kansas submitted, and the house agreed to, a conference report on the bill granting a pension the widow of Gen. Hartranft. The amount granted is $100 a month.

Payson presented, and the house adopted, a conference report on the bill for the relief of settlers on the Northern Pacific indemnity lands.

Enloe brought up a resolution reciting that the alleged postmaster of the house, J. L. Wheat, whose duty it was to let contracts for carrying of mails, let contracts to Samuel Culbertson for $5,000 a year on condition that Culbertson should pay to him (Wheat) $150 a month out of the money received from the government for his services, and that Wheat did receive that sum for five months; and directing the committee on accounts to investigate these charges and such other matters as pertain to Wheat's administration of the postoffice of the house of representatives. Hopkins of Illinois suggested that the resolution be made broad enough to include this investigation of the action of the last postmaster in regard to the same matter. Enloe remarked that if any gentleman had evidence that there was anything wrong in the action of the late postmaster, he would have no objections. Hopkins remarked that he understood this contract which the gentlemen claimed was unlawful, had come down from the postmaster of last congress. He offered an amendment to investigate also the 49th and 50th congresses, and the resolution as amended was accepted.

Payne of New York, chairman of the special committee appointed to investigate the Silcott defalcation called up the bill defining the duties of the sergeant-at-arms. The accompanying report explains its provisions in substance as follows: It enables the sergeant-at-arms to make a regulation directly upon the treasury for pay and mileage of the members and constitutes him in explicit terms a distributing officer, limiting his compensation to his present salary. A bond in the sum of $50,000 is required. The bill was passed.

Boutelle of Maine, chairman of the committee on naval affairs, reported a bill appropriating $1,000,000 to enable the secretary of the navy to purchase nickel ore or nickel matter for the manufacture of nickel-steel armor and asking for the unanimous consent for its consideration. After an explanation by Boutelle the bill was passed.

On motion of Dickenson of Kentucky the bill was passed authorizing the construction of railway bridges across Kentucky river.

CADET'S FATAL FIGHT.

A Lad of Fifteen Loses His Life in a Fisticuff Encounter.

LEXINGTON, Va., Sept. 25.—A most distressing tragedy occurred here this afternoon at the Virginia State Military Institute. Cadet Warren Taliaferro, a lad of 15 years and a member of one of the foremost families of the state, residing in Norfolk, Va., who had been in the institute only a week, lost his life on account of fisticuff encounter with Cadet Frank McConnico, aged 20, of Bryan, Texas, who was also in his first year's attendance. They fought 13 desperate rounds.

Upon hearing of the death of his adversary, young McConnico attempted suicide, but was prevented by friends. He was arrested and placed in jail. The cadets are greatly excited and it is thought an attempt will be made to rescue him.

No Agreement on the Tariff Bill.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The tariff conferees separated without reaching an agreement. It can be stated with almost absolute certainty that the bill will be reported tomorrow morning, but upon what basis the expected agreement bill will be made is still unknown.

Chicago Wants a Mint.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—A bill today was introduced in the house by Representative Hopkins of Illinois to locate a branch mint of the United States at Chicago for the coinage of gold and silver.

The bill provides for the appointment of a superintendent, one assayer, one melter and refiner and one coiner for carrying on the business of the mint, the superintendent and assayer to each receive a salary of $2,000 a year, and the melter and refiner $1,800 each. The general direction of the mint shall be under the control of the director of the mint at Philadelphia and $300,000 is appropriated by the bill to meet the expenses of carrying into effect its provisions for the current year.

North Dakota Politics.

GRAND FORKS, Sept. 25.—The joint convention of Alliance men and Prohibitionists endorsed the republican nominee for congress, lieutenant-governor, commissioner of insurance and railroad commissioner, Andrew Slotten; endorsed the democratic nominees for secretary of state, superintendent of public instruction and railroad commissioner, B. B. Stevens. They nominated for governor, Walter Muir; auditor, H. R. Dickison; treasurer, K. J. Nomland; attorney general, N. C. Young, and railroad commissioner, Ezra Turner. A vigorous campaign will be made.

FIGHTING FOR A COUNTY SEAT.

Citizens of two Colorado Towns Have a High old Time.

LAMAR, Colo., Sept. 25.—Word has been received of a serious trouble between the towns of Boston and Springfield in Baca county. Since Baca county was made from Los Animas county by the last general assembly, there has been a strife between these two towns as to which should have the county seat. The act organizing the county provided that Springfield should be the county seat and at an election held last week it was decided and by manipulation of ballots it was made the permanent county seat. People of the town of Boston claimed that Springfield has not $5,000 worth of county property necessary to prevent the county seat from being moved by a minority vote this fall. The only available building for a court-house was a hotel building in Boston. A few weeks ago this was sold at sheriff's sale and was bought by Springfield parties. Saturday night a party left Springfield for Boston with machinery costing $1,000, intending to move the building to the former location and use it for a court-house, thus preventing the county seat issue being raised this fall by reason of prominent improvements being made. Rollers were put under the building, which is the finest in the county, and three stories high, and 20 teams were hitched to it. Inside the house were stationed 12 men with Winchester rifles. The building was moved about five miles towards Springfield, which is about twenty-five miles from Boston, when the people of the latter place discovered the trick and immediately organized. All the available horses and rifles were brought into requisition and pursuit was made. Upon overtaking the party they commanded a halt which was answered with a volley of shots from the men in the building. The Boston crowd then fired and a fierce battle waged which ended in the Springfield party being driven from the building. Coal oil was then procured and the floors of the building saturated which was set fire to and entirely consumed. Great excitement prevails, but owing to the isolation of the towns, Springfield being over fifty miles from Lamar, which is the nearest railroad station, news is hard to obtain. Several parties arrived here from Springfield last night and departed hurriedly, after buying all the cartridges they could find in town. It is reported that several parties were seriously injured and two killed during the fight, but the news is not authentic.

FEARFUL SCENES IN GOA.

The Troops Killing Inhabitants Indiscriminately—Victims Number 300.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The Chronicle's Calcutta correspondent says: It is reported that troops in Goa are committing the wildest excesses and are shooting people indiscriminately. Several popular leaders have been arrested and shot in their residences. The residences of others are besieged and a lively fusillade proceeds between besiegers and besieged. A number of people have fled to the sanctuary of the cathedral in Old Goa.

It is rumored the governor general is hiding in the palace and is deaf to the petitions of the inhabitants. Many women and children who fled thither for protection have been bayoneted by palace guards. Several dynamite bombs have been thrown into the palace by a band of citizen soldiers. The general justifies the acts of the troops on the ground that a revolution was declared. It is estimated 300 persons were killed and wounded in the two days' fighting. A meeting of Goanese have been held in Bombay to denounce the government of Goa and to ask for British annexation.

The Corn Palace.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 25.—The fourth annual corn palace opened at 7 o'clock this evening with a concert by the celebrated Elgin band. There were no addresses or formalities whatever, people giving their attention to the beauties of the building and exhibits. The exposition will continue till October.

YESTERDAY'S QUOTATIONS.

The Ruling Prices in the Commercial Markets.

STOCK IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25.—Cattle—Firm. Natives and steers, $3.80@$5.00; rangers, $3.30@$4.15.

Sheep—All sold at lower prices. Natives, $4.00@$4.25; westerns, $4.10@$4.15; Texans, $4.10@$4.50; lambs, $5.00@$6.10.

RAILROAD STOCKS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Burlington 96½; Northern Pacific 30, preferred 75⅝; Northwestern 108, preferred 142; St. Paul 65¼, preferred 114⅝; Manitoba 105½; Omaha 29, preferred 85; Duluth 32½; Wisconsin Central 28½; Great Northern preferred 79½.

MONEY IN NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Money easy, ranging from 2½ to 3 per cent; last loan 3, closed offered at 2½. Prime mercantile paper 6@7½. Sterling exchange steady and quiet at $4.80½ for 60 day bills and $4.84½ for demand.

WHEAT DULL.

MINNEAPOLIS, Sept. 25.—No. 1 hard Sept. 99c.; No. 1 northern Sept. 98; Dec. 95; on track 95; No. 2 northern, Sept. 90; on track 90@92.

DULUTH, Sept. 25.—Wheat closed, Sept and Oct., 99¾; Dec. $1.00⅜; cash wheat closed, No. 1 hard, 99¾; No. 1 northern 98¾ c; No. 2 northern 88c; receipts 161 cars.

THE METALS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.—Bar silver, $1.12¾.

Copper—Nominal; Lake, September $17.00.

Lead—Strong; domestic, $3.17½.

Tin—Quiet, steady; straits $25.00.

Pig iron steady and quiet, American, $18.00.

American Prisoners in England.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Representative Scranton of Pennsylvania in the house today presented for reference to the committee on foreign affairs the following preamble and resolution:

Whereas, harsh and brutal treatment of political prisoners is now universally condemned by all civilized nations; and even from England remonstrances have been addressed to the Russian government on behalf of Russian subjects incarcerated for political reasons, and

Whereas, several American citizens, (Dr. Gallagher, W. Kent, J. Wilson, L. Whitehead and others) are now undergoing imprisonment in England for political offenses against the government of that country and are, according to even official reports and admissions being treated with exceptional and unjustifiable severity, therefore,

Resolved, That this house respectfully and earnestly requests the president to cause enquiry to be made, as far as practicable, into the condition and cases of these prisoners, and should the reports referred to prove correct, then to endeavor to secure for them humane and decent treatment, pending efforts in their behalf, which, it is anticipated, will prove that they have not been fairly or legally convicted of the offenses charged against them and are therefore entitled to relief.

Oysters and Fresh Fish

IRISH PATRIOTS ON TRIAL.

Outrageous Proceedings of the Police Who Club the People.

JOHN MORLEY A WITNESS OF THE AFFAIR.

The Tariff Tinkers Will Positively Reach an Agreement Today.

A Remarkable County Seat War in Colorado—The Operators on Mackey Lines on Strike.

DUBLIN, Sept. 25.—The trial of O'Brien, Dillon and other Irish leaders began at Tipperary today. The immense crowd was clubbed by the police and a couple of prisoners were beaten by officers.

DUBLIN, Sept. 25.—The excitement of a week ago, when the arrests of Dillon and O'Brien were so suddenly made, had its counterpart in national circles today. Dispatches from Tipperary describing the clubbing of the crowd before the court house by the police created a profound sensation at the national league headquarters. The action of the police was denounced as a gross outrage. The fact that John Morley is present at the trial is considered a subject for much congratulation. It is thought the trial will afford him more insight into the true inwardness of the Irish problem, which he came to Ireland to study for himself, than weeks of ordinary travel and investigation. He will be able to tell English liberals with more force than ever what the Irish people have to put up with at the hands of the police after his experience in Tipperary. Nationalists are confident that whatever the outcome of the trial may be, the brutal police episode and evident reluctance of the court to open the doors to the public will not increase the popularity of Balfour's rule.

Portland's Exposition.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 25.—The North Pacific Industrial Expoition opened in this city tonight and will continue one month. Agricultural, horticultural and mineral products of the entire northwest, including Idaho and Montana, are on exhibition. The display of grains and fruits is especially attractive.

OPERATORS ON A STRIKE.

Those on Mackey's Lines in Indiana Form a Federation and Ask an Increase of Wages.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Sept. 25.—Some time ago a federation was formed of a number of operators and clerks employed on the Mackey lines with the view of demanding an increase of pay. Last Sunday the organization was completed at Evansville with the following officers: H. M. Hopkins of Fort Branch, president; W. D. Sears of Princeton, secretary and treasurer, and O. P. Williams, Princeton, corresponding secretary. Hopkins is the company's agent at Fort Branch. It was given out as the intention to make a demand for increased pay and give the company five days to consider in, but yesterday, learning that W. D. Sears had been discharged, the men decided to strike at once. A demand was made on the company for his reinstatement and for an increase of pay of about 15 per cent. The company's officials replied that the matter would have to be taken under advisement and last night the men struck. The company claims Sears was not discharged because of his membership with the federation but for other good reasons and the men assert the contrary. A conference will be held and in the meantime the men resumed work. There was some little delay to freight trains during the morning but none to passengers.

A Narrow Escape.

CHICAGO, Sept. 23.—A Lincoln avenue street car went into the river at Clark street bridge at midnight tonight, carrying the horses with it. The car was filled with passengers, but almost miraculously they managed to escape. The last passenger jumped from the rear platform as the vehicle tottered and fell with a tremendous splash in the dark waters. The bridge had been turned to allow the passage of a vessel, and while the car was on the down grade, the brakes unaccountably refused to work.

Another Arrest.

DUBLIN, Sept. 23.—Patrick O'Brien, M. P., has been arrested.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

The damage by floods in the department of Ardeche, France, alone amounts to fifty million francs.

Today's winners at Gravesend were Nellie Bly, Raceland, Sivalon, Eclipse, St. Paris and Langford.

Rev. A. M. Beford of Hortonville, Wis., was arrested at Milwaukee yesterday for raising bank bills. Mutilated ten and twenty dollar bills were found on him.

The Birmingham, Ala., Age, Herald and Weekly Atlanta Constitution have been seized for publishing lottery advertisements.

Colorado democrats nominated Judge Caldwell Yeaman for governor.

Lewis J. Levick has brought suit against the Pennsylvania railway for $816,945 at Philadelphia, alleging that the road charged him higher rates than it did a rival oil shipper.

New South Wales and Queensland shearers have struck.

Pierce's resolution for an extension of time of payment on pre-emption or timestead claims when crops fail, passed the senate.

The Chicago stock-yard switchmen withdrew the objections to working with the C. B. & Q. engineers with one exception.

Eddy Bros. lost $60,000 by a lumber fire at Bay City, Wednesday night.

Jack Dempsey says he is ready to meet Fitzsimmons at any time and anywhere.

Harvard's freshmen number 400, the largest class in the history of the college.

Yale starts this year with 400 freshmen.

The prohibitionists and Farmers alliance held conventions at Grand Forks yesterday. The former joined with the latter and they made one convention of it. Prohibition was endorsed. The resolutions demanded among other things the free coinage of silver and tariff for revenue only.

Tariff Bill Nearly Ready.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The republican conferees on the tariff bill took a respite from their labors tonight for the first time in several days. The situation is now such that no good, it is thought, can come of talking the matter over any further. The conferees have had turned upon them all the light that can be diffused upon the only items in the bill now unsettled, viz: sugar and binding twine, and when they adjourned at 6 o'clock this afternoon it was deemed best to leave each man alone to think the situation over in the hope that by tomorrow morning one side or the other will show a disposition to yield. Those in favor of a duty on binding twine have gone a good ways, they say, in consenting to very much lower duty than the present rate of 2½ cents, and they now think it is time for free binding twine men to abate something at least of their demands. Earnest effort in this direction is being made tonight by some of the conferees and other leaders who are endeavoring to secure the adhesion of western senators to the bill with a small duty left on binding twine.

The basis on which metal and glassware schedules, which have been causes of much contention, were settled tonight, was that steel rails and structural iron remain as in the house bill, and that the duty on steel billets is fixed at a rate lower than provided by the house but higher than fixed by the senate. These were three of the principal items in this schedule in dispute. The rates fixed on other items in the schedule cannot be given, but they are very generally lower than the house and higher than the senate rates. This last statement applies also to the glassware schedule on which there were a great many differences in rates between the two branches of congress.

The tobacco clause of the internal revenue section of the bill remains as fixed by the house with the exception that the tax on tobacco and snuff is reduced two cents instead of four cents, making the rate provided by the bill six cents per pound. May 1 is fixed as the period when the tobacco clauses of the measure shall go into effect. Special licenses on dealers are abolished as provided for by the house.

Clerks of the conferee committee are engaged in preparing the conference report and making up the bill in accordance with the changes made in conference so as to have the report ready for submission to the house soon after an agreement is reached on sugar and binding twine.

PRONOUNCED LAWFUL.

A Deer Lodge Jury Declares a Wheel of Fortune Legitimate.

Charles Marion of this city was indicted by the grand jury of Deer Lodge county for operating a wheel of fortune during the races at Deer Lodge, in July. Unexpectedly the case came up for hearing yesterday afternoon. Notwithstanding the brief time given to prepare the evidence, the case came to trial and was given to the jury at 6 o'clock. In fifteen minutes the jurors returned into court with a verdict of acquittal. If the Deer Lodge finding is to be taken as a criterion the cases pending in the district court are destined to be decided in favor of defendants, since the Deer Lodge court seems to decide that running the wheel is a species of faro and not prohibited by the statutes on the subject of gambling. —Miner.

The Grand Army.

Post Commander F. G. Heldt has received a circular letter from Commander-in-chief W. G. Veasey which contains some items of interest. The Grand Army now numbers nearly half a million members. The aims of the organization are stated in the following sentences:

No veteran joins the Grand Army of the Republic and enters into the work in the spirit of true comradeship, without being lifted to a loftier manhood and to the plane of better citizenship. We therefore fail in duty if we fail to do our utmost to bring all who offered their lives for flag and country within our organization. They all now know that such membership cannot infringe the free exercise of political inclination or religious faith.

By vigorous co-operation all along our lines they are sure to be greatly advanced, and our countrymen will ever rise to bless us for true devotion to "Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty," even as they hold us in honor for brave deeds on the on the battlefields of the Republic.

The Great Moulton Mine.

The Great Falls people interested in the Moulton mine at Neihart have received a report from Superintendent Raymond which is most encouraging. In the west drift the vein has widened to six feet and an average assay of the entire lead gives 138 ounces silver. The prospect in the east drift is equally bright. The lead is widening, an average assay of the ore yielding 82½ ounces in silver. This is almost an unexampled showing and evidences the fact that the Moulton is one of the richest mines of Montana. The present working is now over 200 feet in depth and the mine has improved gradually as depth has been attained. A conservative estimate made places the value of the ore now in sight at $300,000. No wonder the owners are a little elated over the prospects of the Moulton.

From the River Press.

According to the figuring of Prof. Hornaday there are at present only 1,091 buffalo left in the world. Of this number 200 are in the National Park; 259 captive at various points, and 642 running wild. This seems scarcely possible to those who have seen the immense herds in the Yellowstone and Milk river valleys as late as 1883.

We learn that Miss Mollie Pierce, the Wolf Creek shepherdess, has now a band of 1,100 sheep. She attends to the herding of them herself, except on Sundays when she generally gets a substitute. Her clip this season was remarkable, averaging eight pounds. Her sheep are also said to be the fattest on all Wolf creek. The young lady, no doubt, is kinder to the sheep than the average herder.

C. H. Boyle and R. W. Buckland returned this afternoon from the Sweet Grass hills. The cross cut in the Mountain Chief is 37 feet wide and the end of the vein is not yet reached. The ore improves in character and several specimens brought in when roasted showed a large percentage of pure copper. On the Jumbo a vein fifteen feet wide and apparently rich in copper and silver was struck at a distance of ten feet in the tunnel. About twenty miners are now in the hills and all are confident of a bright future for the camp. Col. Donnelly is engaged in building a wagon road to the marble deposits.

Grand Lodge A. F. & A. M. Officers.

The Masonic Grand Lodge in session at Livingston elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

W. T. Boardman, right worshipful grand master; R. O. Hickman, right worshipful deputy grand master; W. B. Gould, right worshipful grand senior warden; J. H. Mills, grand worshipful junior warden; H. M. Parchen, grand treasurer, and Cornelius Hedges grand secretary. The newly elected grand master will appoint the subordinate officers of the grand lodge. The next session will be held at Butte.

ENTERPRISES AT THE FALLS

Rapid Progress Being Made on the Greatest of All Dams.

WORKING ON THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE.

Grading for the B. & M. Smelter Nearly Done—The Greatest Flue in the World.

Sam Hill, Judge Clark and Other Great Northern People in the City.

About two miles northeast of town, down the river, is being carried to completion the largest industrial enterprise of its kind in the world. The dam which the Great Falls Water Power & Townsite company is building is larger and higher than any similar structure at Spokane, Minneapolis or in any river in the east.

The Missouri river here flows between precipitous sandstone banks nearly 150 feet high. If the projectors of the dam could have desired a location made to order they could have had none more suitable. The solid stone banks and the stone river bed make this place unusually suitable for building a dam which will stand for many years. The company has seen and used every advantage of the position and is putting in a structure which will withstand all shocks. The dam is composed of two wings or angles and the central part, which fits as a keystone between the two angles. The wing on the north side, and much of the central section, and the south wing are already completed and only a short section in the center remains to be finished. The Missouri, confined by the various coffer dams rushes and foams through the remaining openings making the work somewhat dangerous.

On the south side pillars of solid masonry are built which will hold the gates opening into the penstocks. These penstocks are wrought iron tubes, nine feet in diameter and will conduct the water to the wheels below.

On the north side of the river there will be five gates and an immense flume which will convey the water to the power house. The walls of this flume are six feet thick and are built of stone and cement. The dam will give the water a fall of about 50 feet and will furnish power enough for several plants as large as the Boston & Montana.

THE COPPER SMELTER.

On the north bank of the river in the bluff, Kirkendall's men are excavating a series of gigantic steps. Each one of these steps will be the site of a building and the buildings will be so arranged that when the ore has gone through a process in one, it will be passed down to the next and come out at the foot of the hill pure metal. A workman stated that the main building would be 500 feet long. This large structure will be near the edge of the bluff. From the face of the bluff the land rises to the summit of Smelter butte.

THE IMMENSE FLUE.

Along the slope of this butte a large flume-way has been excavated. In this will be built a large double flue. On the summit of the butte a chimney will be built that will be a land mark, visible for 75 miles. The hill is already the highest land in the vicinity of the town and on top of this a flue 170 feet high will be built. It is said this will be 16 feet in diameter at the summit. The combined length of the flue along the hillside and the perpendicular flue is nearly 1,700 feet—probably the longest and largest smoke flue in the world. J. W. Cornelius, who has the contract for the entire masonry work of the smelter, is certainly the right man in the right place. He learned the business of smelter building at Swansea, Wales, and afterward built smelters in Colorado. He also did the masonry work on the great smelter at Anaconda.

THE SUSPENSION BRIDGE.

The shore piers of the suspension bridge are rising rapidly and the center pier is being pushed to completion. The bridge will be only for foot passengers, but will be as fine a piece of work as anything of the kind. The Boston & Montana company are building it for the use of their workmen, but it will also be a great convenience to visitors and the people of this city.

Materials are on the south bank of the river for a large boarding house, which will be built to accommodate the employes of the Electric Street Railway company. A visitor to the falls last Sunday wisely remarked: "I go down to see the dam every week for I never expect to see another work of this kind in progress."

Registration and Election Notice.

The county commissioners during their late session made the following order regarding registration and election in this district:

All electors residing north of Sun river and north and west of Missouri river in township 20 north, range 3 east and township 21 north of range 2, 3 and 4 east will register at the office of H. D. Burghardt, Dunn block, Central avenue, and all electors residing south of Sun river and west of the Missouri river in township 20, north of range 3 and 3 east will register at the Milwaukee house, on Second avenue south, James Carrier, registry agent. Those north and west of Sun river will vote at North Great Falls; those south of Sun river will vote at the old school house, Third avenue south, Great Falls.

By order of the board of county commissioners. HOWARD CROSBY, Clerk of the Board.

It seems to the TRIBUNE that it will work a hardship to require the residents of West Great Falls, just across the river, to go to North Great Falls to vote. It is much farther than to come here and it is wholly unnecessary that such an order should be made.

Lapeyre Brothers.

This name has become familiar in every household in this region. The Lapeyre brothers were among the first to locate in Great Falls and have seen it grow from a few houses on the prairie to an active, bustling city. While the town was growing these gentlemen, by close application and upright methods, have built up a successful drug business. The new establishment, corner of Central avenue and Third street, into which they moved this week, is as near and complete as any similar establishment in the larger cities. The sales room, which is 25x60 feet, is a perfect model. The floor is inlaid with birch and walnut, the trimmings of the room are California red wood and oak. The counters, show cases and prescription case are of antique oak and made expressly to fit the room. Near the front is a handsome seven foot French beveled plate-glass mirror which will be appreciated by the ladies. The counters are arranged so that much stock can be stored under them and still be accessible.

The prescription department is furnished with every necessary known to pharmacy. Abundant storage room is furnished by a large room in the rear of the sales room and the large basement. The firm is now ready for business in the new store where they will be pleased to see all their old friends.

The Methodist Sociable.

A large number of the friends of the Methodist church met at Mr. and Mrs. E. W. King's cosy little home on Eighth ave. south and Sixth street last night. Although the house is not large their warm welcome, abounding hospitality and tact as entertainers made all perfectly at home. During the evening, which passed quickly, Miss Weitman charmed the company with several instrumental selections and Miss Foote sang pleasantly. In the contest for the prizes Miss Weitman gained first prize and J. W. Stanton was honored with the booby. An excellent supper was one of the important features of the evening. A peculiar charm was given the evening by the music from the fine new piano which came to Mrs. King this week as a present from Mr. King.

The sentiment was unanimous that such sociables add much to the pleasure of life and the desire was expressed that they should be held at the various homes every two weeks during the coming winter.

Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the tax-payers of School District No. 21 (Upper Box Elder District) that a school meeting will be held at the house of H. W. Johnson on Wednesday, October 5, 1890, at 10 a. m., to decide upon the location of a school house in said district.

JOSEPH PERRAULT, H. W. JOHNSON, Trustees in District No. 21.

UPPER BOX ELDER, Sept. 22, 1890.