

## Railway Time.

Marietta & Cincinnati Rail Road

### TIME TABLE.

On and after June 9, 1871, Trains will run as follows:

| TRAINS GOING WEST |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Station           | Time      |
| East              | 7:00 A.M. |
| West              | 7:00 P.M. |

| TRAINS GOING EAST |           |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Station           | Time      |
| West              | 7:00 A.M. |
| East              | 7:00 P.M. |

CINCINNATI EXPRESS will run daily All other trains daily, except Sunday. CINCINNATI EXPRESS EAST makes no stop between Hamilton and Athens.

Portsmouth Branch.

| Station         | Time      |
|-----------------|-----------|
| Dep. Hamilton   | 3:00 P.M. |
| Dep. Portsmouth | 4:00 P.M. |

Trains connect at Cleveland

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.

Great National Short Line Route East and West.

Only Direct Route to the National Capital and Eastward.

On and after Monday, November 19, Trains will run as follows:

| Direction | Station           | Time       |
|-----------|-------------------|------------|
| EASTWARD  | Dep. Baltimore    | 8:00 A.M.  |
|           | Dep. Washington   | 9:00 A.M.  |
|           | Dep. Philadelphia | 10:00 A.M. |
|           | Dep. New York     | 11:00 A.M. |

W. W. PEARBODY, Master of Transportation.

Pullman Palace Drawing Room Sleeping Cars.

Which are as comfortable, elegantly furnished, and as unequalled to a free view, as any train in the world.

TO SHIPPERS OF FREIGHT.

This line offers superior inducements—the rates being one-third lower to and from Boston, New York, or any other Eastern point, than any other line.

G. R. BLANCHARD, Master Transportation, Baltimore.

Indianapolis, Cincinnati & Lafayette Rail Road.

GREAT THROUGH PASSENGER RAILWAY To all Points West, Northwest and Southwest.

THIS IS THE SHORT LINE VIA INDIANAPOLIS.

The Great Through Mail and Express Passenger Line to St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Denver, San Francisco, and all points in Missouri, Kansas and Colorado.

The shortest and only direct route to Indianapolis, Lafayette, Terre Haute, Cambridge City, Springfield, Peoria, Burlington, Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, and all points in the Northwest.

The Indianapolis, Cincinnati and Lafayette Railroad, with its connections, now offers passengers more facilities in Through Coach and Sleeping Car service than any other line from Cincinnati, having the advantage of Through Daily Cars from Cincinnati to St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Peoria, Burlington, Chicago, Omaha, and all intermediate points, presenting to Colonists and Families such comforts and accommodations as are afforded by no other route.

Through Tickets and Baggage Checks to all points.

Trains leave Cincinnati at 7:30 A.M., 8:00 P.M., and 9:30 P.M.

## Railway Time.

OHIO & MISS. RAILWAY,

Is the Shortest, Quickest and only Road running its entire trains through to

ST. LOUIS AND LOUISVILLE WITHOUT CHANGE.

Our arrangements and connections with all lines from St. Louis and Louisville are perfect, Reliable and complete for all points

## WEST & SOUTH

This is the shortest and best route to Kansas City, Leavenworth, Atchison, St. Joseph and to all points in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska.

Through Tickets and full information as to time and fare, can be obtained at any R. R. Office or at our office in Cincinnati.

E. GALLUP, Gen. East Pass. Agent, CINCINNATI.

W. B. HALE, Gen. Pass. and Ticket Agt., ST. LOUIS.

## VANDALIA ROUTE WEST.

23 MILES THE SHORTEST.

3 EXPRESS TRAINS leave Indianapolis daily, except Sunday, for ST. LOUIS and the WEST.

THE only line running PULLMAN'S celebrated drawing-room Sleeping Cars from N. Y., Philadelphia, Columbus, Louisville, Cincinnati, and Indianapolis, to St. Louis without change.

Passengers should remember that this is the Great West and South route for Kansas City, Leavenworth, Lawrence, Topeka, Junction City, Fort Scott and St. Joseph.

EMIGRANTS TO KANSAS, for the purpose of establishing themselves in that happy home, will have liberal discriminations made in their favor by this Line. Satisfaction on regular rates will be given to Colonists and large parties traveling together, and their baggage, emigrant outfit and stock will be shipped at the most favorable terms, presenting to

COLONISTS AND FAMILIES Such comforts and accommodations as are presented by NO OTHER ROUTE.

TICKETS can be obtained at all the principal Ticket Offices in the Eastern, Middle and Southern States.

C. E. FOLLETT, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis.

DAVIDSON & COMPANY, General Superintendents, Indianapolis.

Columbus & Hocking Valley Railroad.

On and after December 10th, 1871, Trains will run as follows:

| Station       | Time      |
|---------------|-----------|
| Dep. Columbus | 6:00 A.M. |
| Dep. Athens   | 7:00 A.M. |

Close connection made at Lancaster for Cincinnati and all points on the Cincinnati and Muskingum Valley Railroad.

Direct connections made at Columbus for Dayton, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, and all points West. Also, for Cleveland, Buffalo, Pittsburgh, and all points East.

Trains to Hocking Valley and Pan Handle route to Chicago and the Northwest, it is the shortest and most direct line, and offers rates to the benefit of the traveling public, and lower rates than by any other line.

J. W. DOHERTY, Superintendent.

E. A. BUELL, Gen'l Ticket Agt.

## "BEE LINE"

Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati and Indianapolis Railway.

On and after MONDAY, May 28th, 1871, Express Trains will LEAVE COLUMBUS and WESTERLY ARRIVE at points named below, as follows:

| Station        | Time      |
|----------------|-----------|
| Dep. Columbus  | 6:00 A.M. |
| Dep. Cleveland | 7:00 A.M. |

No. 4, leaving Columbus at 4:30 p. m., has a Through Car Delaware for Springfield, reaching Springfield without change at 7:20 p. m.

Train No. 3 on the Columbus & Hocking Valley Railroad connects with No. 4 Train, Through Train, at Columbus at 4:30 p. m.

PASSENGER TRAINS returning arrive at Columbus at 8:45 a. m., 11:15 a. m., and 9:30 p. m.

Palace Day and Sleeping Cars on All Trains.

No. 4 leaving Columbus at 2:35 a. m. on Sunday, runs through without detention, by both Erie and New York Central Railways, arriving at New York on Monday morning at 6:30 A.M.

For particular information in regard to through tickets, time, connections, etc., to all points East, West, North and South, apply to our office at 200 N. High Street, Columbus, Ohio.

E. S. FLINT, Gen. Superintendent.

Gen. Agent, Columbus, O.

ROBERT FORD, Pass. Agent, Columbus, O.

## HEALTH AND BEAUTY!

Strong and Pure Rich Blood—Increase of Flesh and Weight—Clear Complexion, SECURED TO ALL

## RADWAY'S SASSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT

HAS MADE THE MOST ASTONISHING CURES SO QUICK SO RAPID ARE THE CONDITIONS OF THE BODY UNDER THE INFLUENCE OF THIS TRULY WONDERFUL MEDICINE, THAT

Every Day an Increase of Flesh and Weight is seen and Felt.

Scrofula, Consumption, Syphilis in its many forms, Glandular Disease, Ulcers in the Throat, Mouth, Nodes in the Glands, and other parts of the system, Sore Eyes, Strumous Discharges from the Ears, Strumous Discharges from the Mouth, and all forms of Strumous Eruptions, are cured by this medicine.

It is the only medicine that will cure the most obstinate cases of the Fish-Tail, Cancer in the Womb, and all Weakening and Painful Discharges, Night Sweats, and all Wastes of the System, are within the Curative Range of Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolvent, and a few days' use will prove to any person using it for either of these forms of disease its potent power to cure them.

Not only does the SASSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT excel all known remedial agents in the cure of Chronic, Scrofulous, Constitutional, and all other forms of disease, but it is the only positive remedy for

## KIDNEY, BLADDER, Urinary and Womb Diseases, Gravel, Diabetes, Dropsy, Incontinence of Urine, Bright's Disease, Hematuria, and in all cases where there are Brick Dust Deposits, or the water is thick, cloudy, mixed with substances like the white of an egg, or threads like white silk, or there is a morbid dark, bilious appearance, and white benedict deposits, and where there is a prickling, burning sensation, and pain in the Small of the Back, and along the Loins, in all the above conditions, RADWAY'S SASSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, aided by the Pills of Radway's Ready Relief, will make a complete cure in a few days the patient will be able to hold and discharge water naturally without pain, and the Urine will be restored to its natural color and amber or sherry color.

## THE WASTE OF THE BODY

Are supplied with new, healthy and vigorous blood, that furnishes sound structure. Hence all suffering from WASTES OF THE BODY, either Male or Female, or from Ulcers or Sores, through the reparative process of RADWAY'S SASSAPARILLIAN RESOLVENT, and the repaired organs healed.

## DR. RADWAY'S REMEDY FOR THE OVARIES AND BOWELS.

DR. RADWAY'S REMEDY FOR THE OVARIES AND BOWELS, has been found to be the only medicine that will cure all cases of Ovarian and Bowel disease, and is the only medicine that will cure all cases of Ovarian and Bowel disease, and is the only medicine that will cure all cases of Ovarian and Bowel disease.

## ANNAPPA P. KNAPP, Price One Dollar.

## ALLENVILLE WOOLEN MILL!

Having purchased the above Woollen Mill, and respectfully notify the public that this Mill is now prepared to do all kinds of CUSTOM WORK—WOOL, YARN, HATS, and all kinds of work usually done in Country Mills.

Our prices for doing work are as follows: Rolling and Spinning, 10 cents; Making Stocking, 10 cents; Twisting, 10 cents.

## JEANS, FLANNELS, BLANKETS, STOCKING and other YARNS.

Constantly on hand and for sale, WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, which we will exchange for Wool, at rates that cannot fail to satisfy those who give us as call, and we will give you the satisfaction of patronizing a

## HOME INSTITUTION!

The highest Market Price paid in CASH for Wool.

## SHERIFF'S SALE.

State of Ohio, Vinton County.

Edward D. Dodge, Plaintiff, against Charles Sidman and Wife, Defendants.

In Vinton County Court of Common Pleas.

Pursuant to the command of an order of sale in the above case issued from the Court of Common Pleas of Vinton County, Ohio, and to me directed as Sheriff of said county, I will offer at public sale, at the door of the Court House in the town of Marthart, in said Vinton County, on

Monday, the 29th Day of July, A. D. 1872,

at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following described lands and tenements, to-wit:

In Lot Number One Hundred and Sixty-six, (166), in the town of Marthart, Vinton County, Ohio.

Appraised at Two Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars (\$225.00), and must bring two-thirds of that sum.

To be sold as the property of Charles Sidman and wife, on a sale made from the Court of Common Pleas of said county in favor of Edward D. Dodge.

Taxes or Sads Cash in hand. DANIEL BOOTH, Sheriff of Vinton County.

E. A. Bratton, Atty for Plff.

## OLD IRON WANTED.

I WISH to buy, to be delivered at my store, in Zaleski, every description of Old Cast and Wrought Iron.

For which I will pay the highest market price.

CASH OR GOODS! Gather up your OLD IRON and bring it to my store.

Address F. K. PHOENIX, BLOOMINGTON NURSERY, ILL. NO. 3.

Apple Acres; 1st year; 13 Greenhouses, 800 1 1/2 y., 800 2 y., 800 3 y., 840 4 y., 800 4 Catalogue, 30 cents. 36-3m.

Heirs of William Ross.

Probate Court, Vinton County, Ohio.

NOTICE is hereby given that Henry O. Ross has filed his account herein, as guardian of Nancy A. (widow of John H. and George M. Ross); and that said account is set for hearing on the 3d day of August next, at 10 o'clock A. M.

H. B. MAYO, Probate Judge.

## For the Enquirer.

## THE KISS.

The kiss is a telegram From heart to heart revealing A test of love and friendship sweet, That silence was concealing.

More eloquent it is than speech, More tender than any sigh; And touches equally all Both austere and lowly.

Give me a kiss while heart and soul Grow warm as green wood embers; One that will breathe the life-time's day, And not of cold December's.

MCARTHUR, July 20th.

## General Grant of the U. S. A.

As General of the Army, I was General Grant of the U. S. A., With nothing to do but lounge all day, And drink and smoke and sew my pay.

As General of the Army, I had shown the rebels how to fight, How to fight, how to fight— I had shown the rebels how to fight, And I was paid for the army.

I am President now of the U. S. A., Not much to do, and less to say, With plenty of gifts and better pay, I give my relations each a place, Each a place, each a place— But not the men of my army.

I fear that I, &c.

I should like to be President many years, I begin to get my head with political shears, They will cut off my head with political shears, And vote for Horace Greeley.

I am President now of the U. S. A., Not much to do, and less to say, With plenty of gifts and better pay, I give my relations each a place, Each a place, each a place— But not the men of my army.

I fear that I, &c.

## Circulate Democratic Papers.

We do not know of any way—and we speak entirely without regard to personal interest in which Democrats can do so much towards advancing the success of their principles as by encouraging in every manner they can devise, the circulation of sound and vigorous journals.

The more political experience we obtain, the better we are convinced that the key-note of ultimate victory is to be found in this idea.

It has long been a stigma upon the Democratic party that it never gives its journals as liberal a support as our opponents, and to this negligent spirit may easily be traced the secret of its past defeats, and protracted condition at present.

In the canvasses that have taken place since 1860, we were not beaten by the abuse. Such warfare could not have been successfully waged by our opponents had the circulation of sound Democratic papers thro' the country been pushed with all possible vigor.

The passions of the people can not be made the foundation of political success, if the people are made to listen to argument and reason.

This can be effected in no other manner than by a wide diffusion of the Conservative press. The times are threatening. We know not when the storm clouds may burst.

The people should be educated for the probable emergency—We will guarantee that every additional copy of a staunch Democratic paper circulated in any neighborhood, will bring in a harvest of an additional freeman to vote, on if necessary a patriot to strike on the side of law and order.

Let our friends reflect on this point, and they will say that it is well taken.—[Zanesville Signal.

## Paste for the Scrap Book.

You have had inquiry for a good paste that will keep, and in reply I will say that after an experience of over thirty years, I may say hourly use, I have found none so good as flour paste, made with alum water; say a piece of alum as large as a small walnut to a pint of paste, with a few drops of oil of cloves added to the paste when made.

The alum prevents the fermentation, and the oil is destructive to vegetable mold. Paste when made this way will keep for weeks in the warmest weather. Add the water to the flour cold and bring to a boil.

## High Culture of the Strawberry.

At the recent Fruit Convention in this city, says the Practical Farmer (Philadelphia), there was considerable discussion as to the most profitable mode of growing strawberries, whether in hills, or rows, or in beds.

The hill system, and taking off the runners, was spoken of as adapted for small gardens and amateur cultivators. One speaker announced that Knox, of Pittsburgh, grew successfully on this plan on paper, but at the time of his visit to his grounds, bed culture was the only kind seen.

This is the mode usually adopted by large growers for market. E. Satterthwaite, of Montgomery, Pa., and who brings the finest size and quality of strawberries to the Philadelphia market, detailed his practice of setting out the plants in contiguous rows, and letting the runners grow together, so as to make beds about three feet wide the first season. In the fall he gives a good top-dressing of manure, which acts both as a protective mulch and as a fertilizer.

To inquiry of a member: "Does not this promote a large growth of weeds?" he replied, it does; but the heavy increase of crops pays for the labor of eradicating them. He had grown 300 bushels to the acre, which returned gross \$2,000. He plants every year, the best crop always being the second season from planting, after which the product annually diminishes; and it was considered more profitable to plant new beds than to retain the old ones.

## A Burglar's Blunder.

It becomes our painful duty to record one of the most extraordinary burglaries in the history of Burlington criminal sensationalism. It opens a new era in the system of midnight calls, and teaches a beautiful lesson of the costliness of crime. At a dark and early hour yesterday morning the dog appertaining to one of our most prominent citizens indulged in a big noise, which was followed by the slamming of the gate, and the sound of rapidly retreating footsteps. The good man of the house, on examining the field of the short but decisive fray, was made glad by the discovery of a roll containing a considerable amount of money. It is conjectured that some one pocket served the burglar both as bank and arsenal, and that, in pulling his pistol in compliment to the dog, he pulled also his greenbacks. Our friend suggests that he will be glad to receive such calls, at the same price, at all times; and, in order to secure the patronage of other like generous gentlemen, he agrees to add to the attraction of his show the charms of a double-barreled shot-gun, with a few Colt's revolvers.—[Burlington (Iowa) Hawkeye.

## Testing Kerosene.

If consumers are willing to be put to a little trouble, a simple experiment will determine the safety of the kerosene they purchase. Fill a pint bowl two-thirds full of boiling water, and into it put a common metallic thermometer—the temperature will run up to over two hundred degrees.

By gradually adding cold water, bring down the temperature of the water to one hundred and ten degrees, and then pour into the bowl a spoonful of kerosene, and apply a lighted match. If it takes fire, the article should be rejected as dangerous; if not, it may be used with a confident feeling of safety. In this experiment, which is the most simple that can be devised, the fire test is directly applied. Upon practical trials it has been found to afford correct results.

## Campaign Notes from Theodore Tilton's Golden Age.

The sun is outshining itself, and shedding a daily brightness on the Greeley campaign.

The Philadelphia ticket is a peculiar composition. Grant stands for battles and Wilson for bolts.

The World, after having been strenuous for several weeks in its assertions that Mr. Greeley can not be elected, is now discussing the composition of Mr. Greeley's cabinet.

The Grantites dote on Gerritt Smith as though he were a strawberry shortcake whitened with a whole shower of powdered sugar. None of them here to remember when he signed Jeff. Davis' bailbond.

Oh, no; it was only Mr. Greeley's signature that was wicked.

"The franking privilege ought to be abolished," says the Philadelphia platform; and yet the Grant committees are crowding the mails, day and night, with franked documents, which they are sending broadcast over the country at the government's expense.

The N. Y. Times speaks of the Greeley Republicans as the 'out-at-elbows' party. Now 'elbows'—like 'mobbed queen, in Hamlet—is 'good.' It reminds us of the 'elbows of the Mincio.' Would not the Times be very glad to be safely 'out' of these? The Times should never 'elbow' its neighbors.

It is admitted by the Administration organs generally that General Grant was not the first choice of many of the delegates to the Philadelphia Convention. Why did they not say so there and then? Why did all these independent gentlemen thrust their preferences into their pockets before the voting began, and scream for Grant at the top of their lungs? Wonderful unanimity! Very wonderful! Indeed very suspiciously wonderful!

The only two memorable things Grant has ever said were 'Let us have peace,' and 'I will fight it out on this line if it takes all summer.' Since his election to the Presidency he has done little but stir up strife and prolong the hostility of the South, and divide the Republican party by insisting upon his own re-nomination.

And instead of fighting it out on this line, he changed his base of operations and line of advance in less than a fortnight after uttering his bit of bravado.

Not quite all. Those excellent Republicans who hesitate to go for the Cincinnati nominee because the old rebels support them, may count a goodly number of the gray coats on the other side. The Convention fully realized the wants of the hour, and was determined to meet the occasion with a man whose name is a tower of strength, and whose character is irrefragable.

Hon. Geo. W. Julian made a characteristic speech, by invitation, and would have been nominated Congressman at Large had he not positively declined the honor on account of ill health. So grandly does the campaign open with the promise of victory brightening our banners.

There is no question that Colfax was politically slaughtered by the Washington newspaper correspondents. It was cruel, but nevertheless they stabbed him with their pens.

And this is what they say for themselves: when Colfax was member of the house he was all smiles and graciousness to the 'Specials,' and they wrote him up into the speakership.

He showed them every attention, and they puffed him into fame and paragoned him into the Vice Presidency. Then he forgot their service, treated them superciliously, snubbed them on all occasions, and played the My-Lord-unapproachable

## Murder of Nun—Fearful Disclosures in a Monastery.

A terrible scene has taken place at a monastery at Palermo. The facts as they have reached us are as follows: For some months past rumors have been flying about to the effect that a nun (a young lady of great expectations and exquisite beauty) had been attached to her father confessor, he being one of the brethren of the monastery. Thither, it would appear, she was secretly conveyed, and kept in close confinement for a long period.

She gave birth to a child, the result of her illicit intercourse with the monk. The child was quickly disposed of, and the unhappy mother was even more cruelly treated. Not knowing very well how to hush up the scandal, several of the monks determined upon destroying her during the temporary absence of her paragoner. They passed a cord round her neck, and dragged her along the floor until she was strangled. Her screaming, however, attracted the attention of some Greek sailors, who effected an entrance into the monastery. Three of the holy fathers paid the penalty of their crime. One received a death wound from the sword of the first sailor, another was shot through the lungs, and the third received several wounds on the head while he was in the act of retreating, from which he has since died.

## Earthquakes.

The earthquake of 79, in which the cities of Pompeii and Herculaneum and their inhabitants were buried.

That of 543, felt all over the world.

That of 546, in Syria, in which 250,000 persons perished.

That of 742, in Syria, Palestine, and Asia, which destroyed 500 cities, and lives beyond estimate.

That of 1450, at Naples; 40,000 persons perished.

That of 1662, at Peking, in which 300,000 persons were buried.

That of 1693, in Sicily, destroying 354 towns and 100,000 lives.

That of 1755, at Lisbon; 50,000 persons perished.

In 1797, the whole country between Santa Fe and Panama destroyed; 40,000 people buried in a second.

In 1840, at Mount Ararat, 3,137 houses were destroyed, and half a million of people perished.

In 1851, at Rhodes, where a mountain fell, crushing a city with its inhabitants.

In 1668, at Sandwich Islands; 1,000 shocks within 15 days.

Same year, 60,000 people destroyed in Peru and Chili; also Ecuador and many large cities along the coast.

## Paste for the Scrap Book.

You have had inquiry for a good paste that will keep, and in reply I will say that after an experience of over thirty years, I may say hourly use, I have found none so good as flour paste, made with alum water; say a piece of alum as large as a small walnut to a pint of paste, with a few drops of oil of cloves added to the paste when made.