

THE JOURNAL.

Coudersport, Pa.

Wednesday, Feb. 24, 1864

M. W. McALARNEY, Editor.

There will be a Teacher's Institute held at Lewisville, March 14. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

Three men towards our Borough's quota have been sent to Harrisburg, and the balance are ready to go.

Most of the townships around us have increased the bounties to volunteers by a town bounty of \$100.

Coudersport pays \$700 (including Government and County) bounty to new recruits and \$800 to veterans. Apply to either D. F. Glassmire, D. C. Larrabee, or C. S. Jones.

We had intended publishing "D. H. P.'s" example, but find we have no mathematical characters that suit, and therefore it must "go by the board."

THE ENROLLMENT ACT.

This important measure was passed by Congress last week.

The draft is to be made, if at all, by wards, precincts, or townships; the proportion or quota of each is to be ascertained, as nearly as possible, taking into the account the number previously furnished by it, not only for the army but also for the naval service.

Any person enrolled may furnish, previously to the draft, a substitute not liable to the draft, and shall be exempt during the time for which his substitute shall be exempt.

Any person drafted may furnish a substitute, and if the latter is not liable to draft, shall be exempt during the time the substitute is exempt, but not exceeding the term for which he was drafted. If the substitute is liable the principal shall be liable in filling further quotas. If the drafted person pay commutation, such payment shall relieve him only for that quota, and in no case shall his exemption extend beyond one year.

Members of religious denominations conscientiously opposed to bearing arms, and so declaring by oath or affirmation, may be assigned, when drafted, to hospitals, or may pay \$300 for the benefit of sick and wounded soldiers.

Aliens who have voted or held office shall be liable to draft. Mariners or able seamen drafted may within eight days enlist in the naval service for a period not less than the term of the draft; and the whole number of such transfer enlistments not to exceed 10,000. Districts to be credited with such enlistments as if the drafted men had entered the military service. No pilot, engineer, master-at-arms, acting master, acting ensign, or acting master's mate is liable to draft.

Persons physically or mentally unfit, persons actually in the military or naval service, and persons who have served two years during the war and have been honorably discharged, are exempt.

Only sons, "mother's dependent on their sons," and that class of exemptions are stricken out.

The two "classes" in the old act are consolidated.

The enrollment lists are to be thoroughly revised, so as to add the names of all who have reached the arms-bearing age since they were made, and to drop all who have passed forty-five since then.

For the benefit of white men in the slave states, upon whom the former law bore oppressively, it is provided that the enrollment shall include blacks and slaves; thus the non-slaveholding will no longer have to bear the burden of their wealthy slaveholding neighbors. Slaves are not exempt, but to their masters is given the government bounty; and a government commission is to sit, in each slave state, to award just compensation to those whose slaves have been drafted and made free.

Persons resisting the enrollment, or aiding and abetting resistance, or resisting any officer charged with duties under these acts, shall be punished by fine not exceeding five years, or both.

Persons procuring exemption by fraud shall be deemed deserters, and punished as such, and held to service for the full term of the draft.

Whoever procures or attempts to procure a false report from the surgeon as to his physical condition, shall be imprisoned for period of the draft.

Surgeons guilty of misfeasance shall be punished by fine and imprisonment.

No member of the Board of Enrollment or other officer shall be concerned in procuring substitutes on penalty of fine and imprisonment.

Mr. Elliott's School, in the Acad., opens on Monday.

We had intended saying something in favor of the action of the Commissioners in paying a county bounty, but the people have sustained them so enthusiastically and unanimously that we think it would be time wasted.

Those who have the Extra Boro Tax for Volunteers to pay, should hand the money over to Mr. Glassmire immediately.

The Hospital Aid Society meets in the Basement of the M. E. Church on Thursday afternoon of every week. The friends of the cause are earnestly invited to be present.

On last Wednesday and Thursday mornings the Thermometer indicated 25° below zero.

There is no sleighing at present—the weather having been quite moderate during the last five days.

Don't forget the Soldier's Party to-morrow night. The friends are all invited to be present. A fine Band of Music and an Excellent Supper may be confidently expected.

The Smethport stage slipped over the dug-way last night, about three miles below town. There were four passengers but none seriously injured.

Our streets during the last few days have been quite lively with "blue-coated boys" of the 46th. They look "gay and happy." Well, we heartily wish them a life-time of happiness here, and after their toils here are over, a better and more enduring happiness.

The Donation.

There was no winter in 't; an autumn 'twas that grew the more by reaping; One Hundred and Six Dollars. My generous friends, your gifts are, to me, pledges of good will, and blessings from the Lord; and, to you, I hope,

"Mites at interest in the land above." My heart glows with gratitude to God and you for them, and I pray for grace to use them to His glory, to serve Him more efficiently, and you.

Yours Truly, J. J. ROBERTS.

Parsonage, Sat., 13th

WELL EXPRESSED.—The Saturday Evening Post touches the true point when it says that too many of the Polish "patriots" only want liberty for themselves and particular classes, while other classes they would tread under foot. There is far too much of the same "liberty" sought in Italy, France, Ireland, England, &c.

Not is America free from the same inconsistency, if not hypocrisy. Generation after generation have the slaveholders been fierce for their own freedom, but put other human beings in the greatest, worst of bondage. And thousands of so called "Democrats" at the North, have either approved, or silently acquiesced in, wholesale oppression of one race or caste by another race or caste.

Poland, Italy, and Ireland, can never be truly free until they render freedom to all. And the bloody baptism of this Union is to end in establishing the principles of Equality of Rights for all Men. Aristocracy may hate it, but to that it must and will come at last.

Just so.—In one of the detected letters of Mr. Lamar, a Rebel emissary, occurs the following precious revelation: "Drive gold coin out of the country, and induce undue importations of foreign products, so as to strike down the financial system. You can have no further hope for foreign recognition. It is evident the weight of arms is against us; and it is clear that we can only succeed by striking down the financial system of the country."

Such is the foreign Rebel's advice to his brethren at home—and the Copper-head leaders are carrying out the same policy. They have done all they could to make "greenbacks" odious—to drive out gold—to increase consumption of foreign goods—and to produce extravagance in the army. After all this, they try to shake the people's confidence in the government, and to discourage them about the War, so that the Rebels can dictate terms, and rule again.

Mr. J. C. Bryant, the resident principal of the Buffalo Commercial College has inaugurated a few departments of instruction in that already popular institution. Something over a year ago he established in connection with the other branches of study, a Telegraphic department for the purpose of fitting young men for practical operators. The success of this department together with the great and increasing demand for operators has rendered it necessary to increase the facilities for instruction. Additional instruments have therefore been put up, and arrangements have been made with Mr. Charles S. Jones the present gentlemanly superintendent of the Buffalo office of the Western Union Telegraphic Co., to give instruction in this department. Mr. Jones stands at the head of his profession and a rare opportunity is here offered for young men to become skillful operators.

The Draft.

The following has been sent to us by Capt. BLAIR for publication:

PROVOST MARSHAL'S OFFICE, WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Feb. 19, 1864.

The following instructions being the latest received at this office on the subject referred to, are published for the information of those concerned; 1st. That the several sub-districts receive credit for all such volunteers as may have been mustered into the service of the United States, since the last draft, and that the number so credited be deducted from their quota under the recent call.

2d. If the men receive any local bounty from any particular locality, they are to be credited to that locality.

3d. If they do not receive any local bounty, they are to be credited to the place at which they enlist or their actual residence, if they have one, as they may select.

4th. Veterans, re-enlisted in the field, will be credited according to their muster-rolls, provided, that their residence, or the locality to which their credit is due, is noted therein. Muster-rolls defective as to these statements will be completed by supplementary muster-rolls, to be made out by the respective company commanders, and forwarded by them to the office of the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General at Harrisburg, with the certified copies of the defective rolls.

5th. The assignment, decision, announcement and bestowal of credits for this district will be either by the Provost Marshal General, or under his direction, by the Acting Assistant Provost Marshal General at Harrisburg.

6th. The Provost Marshal General has directed that the premiums of \$25 and \$15 will be paid to any non-commissioned officer, private or citizen who presents an accepted recruit.

7th. No transfers can now be made in the enrollment, unless specially authorized by the act now before Congress—the time for all alterations having expired Jan. 5th.

8th. It should be borne in mind that the quotas heretofore published will not in all cases be correct. The real quotas are much larger, but are to be reduced by deducting from them:

1st. The number of volunteers furnished by each sub-district subsequent to the late draft and prior to the 31st of Jan. 1864, and duly reported as such.

2d. The number of men held to service under the late draft or who paid commutation or furnished substitutes.

This balance thus ascertained constitutes the number to be drafted from each sub-district subject to a credit for such volunteers as each may furnish between Feb. 1st and Feb. 29, 1864.

W. H. BLAIR, Capt. and Provost Marshal, 18th Dist.

We publish, again, the approximate quota for this county, because we think that if it is raised by volunteers there will be no draft. Too much dependance should not be placed on the credit of veterans, for two reasons: 1st, The veterans are credited according to the muster-rolls in the Adjutant General's office, and 2nd, Many of the men who have re-enlisted do not know where they are credited to, at least are not certain of it, and in consequence different towns are sometimes claiming the same man. The time is so short that every possible effort should be made to avoid mistakes of this kind, for fear that after a town thinks they have their quota filled, they find these veterans have not been credited as they expected. This difficulty in regard to proper credit on the first muster-rolls arises from the fact that at the time of enlistment no one expected a draft and consequently no special effort was made to see that the correct township or borough was placed opposite each man's name.

128th Sub Dist.	Coudersport	10
127th do	Eulalia	8
128th do	Roulet	12
129th do	Sweden	8
130th do	Pleasant Valley	3
131st do	Clara	27
132d do	Hebron	23
133d do	Sharon	25
134th do	Oswayo	23
135th do	Genesee	15
136th do	Allegany	15
137th do	Ulysses	23
138th do	Bingham	18
139th do	West Branch	7
140th do	Summit	3
141st do	Abbott	10
142d do	Stewardson	8
143d do	Harrison	25
144th do	Hector	18
145th do	Pike	7
146th do	Jackson	2
147th do	Keating	2
148th do	Homer	5
149th do	Sylvania	5
150th do	Wharton	12
Total		305

This is understood to mean 203 as the actual number of men Potter county will be required to furnish under the call.

The famous Dr. Drake, of mystical S-T-1860-X-Bitters, recently received a letter from a heartless wag, stating that he had discovered that there was one rock on the Erie, near Narrowsburg, that did not bear the name of his Bitters. The Dr. immediately replied that he would send a man at once to remedy the accidental omission.

The venerable Josiah Quincy, of Boston, has entered upon his ninety-third year.

Eleven hundred officers are in six rooms in Libby Prison,

The rebels claim to have 100,000 free negroes within their control.

Over 100 Union prisoners have escaped from Libby Prison, Richmond.

The largest gun ever made is said to have been successfully cast at Pittsburgh.

The radical Emancipationist of St. Louis have appointed sixty delegates to the Louisville Freedom Convention.

It is reported that Gottschalk is about to be married to a very rich heiress of Fifth Avenue, New York.

Reverdy Johnson, before a club in Washington a few nights since, pronounced slavery "hell born." It is probably bound to the place of its nativity.

The Detroit Board of Trade has passed a unanimous vote in favor of the abrogation of the Reciprocity Treaty.

Over fifty thousand dollars have been paid in Memphis, Tenn., to collectors of internal revenue during the past sixty days.

Little Six, a leading Sioux Chief, and second only to Little Crow in influence, has been captured by the Minnesota troops.

The Wisconsin Legislature is seeking some constitutional mode of punishing those who have gone to Canada to escape the draft.

A valuable bed of coal underlies the city of Steubenville, O., and parties have offered the city \$150,000 for the privilege of mining it.

In the 6th Army Corps there are twenty-seven chaplains, of twenty-seven denominations; all active, vigorous, earnest, and beloved by the soldiers.

Knoxville, Tenn., is the oldest city of that State, and was named for Gen. Knox, who was Secretary of War at the time the city was laid out, in 1793.

With \$8,000,000 capital employed and 1,000 saw-mills engaged, Michigan cuts annually about 1,000,000,000 feet of lumber worth \$50,000,000.

General Burnside's Ninth Army Corps is rapidly filling up. All the veteran Massachusetts regiments now home on furlough have been assigned to his command.

"Indiana Bell of Honor" has just been published, and is having a large sale. It is collated by David Stevenson, and details at length the part borne by Indiana in the great struggle.

Jones, the Cincinnati sculptor, has just finished a free bust, draped, of Secretary Chase, which will be at once put in marble by order of the friends of the Secretary in Washington.

The New York Commercial shows that since the war the rise in gold is 58 per cent; in iron, 125 per cent; in coal, 100 per cent; coffee 200 per cent; tea, 116 per cent; copper, 100 per cent.

The brain of Lord Byron weighed sixty-three ounces, that of Thackeray fifty-eight and a half. Both were much above the average, which is forty-nine ounces for man and forty-four for women.

The Grand Duke of Baden is a small prince, but a great monarch, and considers it nothing to take part in the European scrimmage, so he talks of the mobilization of his army—about 18,378 men.

Mr. Kirk's "Charles the Bold" will soon be published in England, Mr. Murray having purchased, for one thousand and three hundred guineas, the right to print four thousand copies of it. So says a Toronto paper.

If Cincinnati, the other day a wealthy Quaker refused to give any money to aid the war, but said there was a loose \$100 note at his office, which the committee might find. Of course they found it.

The amount of United States securities held by the banks and saving institutions of Massachusetts, at the time of making up the Bank Commissioners report, was \$78,849,548, of which the Saving Banks hold \$36,437,556.

Mr. John McAfee, Speaker of the Missouri Legislature under the brief reign of Claiborne F. Jackson, has been arrested and sent to St. Louis for trial, on a charge of conspiracy. He was admitted to bail in the sum of two thousand dollars.

The work on the soldiers cemetery at Chattanooga is going rapidly forward. The ground has been laid out, cleared of brush, trees and stumps, and the work of ornamenting it has commenced.

The camels imported for the Government six years ago, and since kept near the Tejon reservation on the plains, have increased from fifteen to thirty-seven. They are now removed to Benicia, California. They can easily travel fifty miles a day, but they are not allowed to do more than thirty.

Efforts are making to establish in France the system of "lectures and readings" in vogue in this country and England. Charles Dickens, Alexander Dumas, and Lamartine, are talked of as intending to give public readings from their respective works.

STATEMENT

Of the Receipts and Expenditures of Potter county for the year ending on the 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1863:

Rec'd for county taxes on unseated lands for 1862	\$553 44
Rec'd for county taxes on unseated lands for 1863	569 07
Rec'd for Relief taxes on unseated lands for 1862	111 03
Rec'd for Relief taxes on unseated lands for 1863	121 97
Rec'd for bounty taxes on unseated lands for 1863	182 82
Rec'd for county taxes on seated lds and personal property, 1862	1799 98
Rec'd for county taxes on seated lds and personal property, 1863	2237 23
Rec'd for Co. taxes on seated lds & personal prop'ty for previous yrs	48 92
Rec'd for Relief taxes on seated lds and personal property for 1862	608 67
Rec'd for Relief taxes on seated lds and personal property for 1863	381 43
Rec'd for bounty tax on seated lds and personal property for 1863	671 92
Rec'd for Military tax for 1862	187 89
do do 1863	87 03
Rec'd for Co. tax seated returned unseated for 1862	9 05
Rec'd for Relief tax seated returned unseated	62
Rec'd from monies refunded	4 37
Total receipts	\$7,555 05
Paid for Assessor's wages	459 92
" Auditor's wages	60 12
" Clerk of Quarter Sessions	98 23
" Prothonotary's fees	65 79
" Commonwealth costs	686 38
" Constables fees	106 50
" Clerk hire	302 76
" Com's for bal. due for '62	32 24
" Com's services for 1863	382 10
" Bounty to Volunteers	360 00
" Counsel and Attorneys fees	56 00
" Int. on bond to W V Keating	66 00
" Int. on bond to I Benson	350 00
" do do G G Colvin	15 19
" Election expenses	764 09
" Fuel	11 88
" Grand Jurors fees	385 39
" Incidental expenses	16 00
" Justices returns	7 76
" Penitentiary expenses	337 26
" Public printing	225 00
" Qualification fees	28 20
" Road views	816 50
" Tip staves	162 00
" Traverse Jurors fees	747 46
" Stationary	24 51
" Sheriff's fees	72 00
" Wolf and wild cat bounty	34 00
" Jail expenses	70 61
" Repairs to public buildings	82 40
" Stationary	51 51
" Relief to soldiers families	396 00
" bal. due Sheriff for 1862	111 69
" costs for county	20 20
" damages by roads	108 06
" Court crier	52 00
" Money returned	13 27
" Tending clock	12 50
" Sundries	41 32
Excess of Receipts over Expenditures	492 69

\$7,555 05.

We the Commissioners of Potter county do certify that the foregoing exhibits a true statement of the receipts and expenditures of said county for the year ending on the 31st day of Dec. A. D. 1863, as appears from the original entries and records in this office. Witness our hands at the Commissioner's Office the 20th day of Jan'y, 1864.

L. S. ROBERTSON, } Comrs.
C. P. KILBOURNE, }
R. L. NICHOLS, }
Attest: L. B. COLE, Clerk.

STATEMENT

Of the Funds of Potter county on the 1st day of Jan'y, 1864:

To amt of Comers and Relief orders outstanding	\$3,389 03
" Judgment in favor of Warren Co. Bank and costs	3,928 71
" Int on same, Jan. 1st, 1864	62 55
" Judgment in favor of E D Herr	3,907 00
" Int on same to Jan. 1, 1864	1,172 10
" Bond to John Keating	1,100 00
" Int. due Jan 1, 1864	66 00
" Bond to Isaac Benson for bounty to volunteers	5,000 00
" Relief bond to G G Colvin	108 50
" do do CS & EA Jones	100 00
" and interest to Jan 1, 1864	6 00
" estimated expenses for 1864	7090 00
" assets over indebtedness	906 08
	\$26,745 97
By amt of taxes due from unseated lds for '62, less Treas. pr. ct. relief tax due on same for 1862—less Treas. pr. ct. Co. tax due from unseated lds for 1863—less Treas. pr. ct. relief due on the same for 1863—less Treas. pr. ct. special tax due on same for 1863—less Treas pr. ct. county tax on seated lands returned as unseated for '62	3080 52
" county tax on seated red'd '63	695 92
" Co. tax due from unseated lds for 1863—less Treas. pr. ct. relief due on the same for 1863—less Treas. pr. ct. special tax due on same for 1863—less Treas pr. ct. county tax on seated lands returned as unseated for '62	3457 57
" county tax on seated and personal prop'ty due for '63	683 55
" relief on seated & personal for 1863	993 50
" county tax on seated lands returned as unseated for '62	27 75
" county tax on seated red'd '63	10 74
" county tax on seated and personal prop'ty due for '63	2172 96
" relief on seated & personal for 1863	502 17
" special on seated and personal for 1863	559 04
" military for 1863	236 81
" county tax on real and personal property due for '62	101 57
" relief due on seated & personal for 1862	34 08
" Military for 1862	13 65
" county and other taxes on real and personal for 1861 and previous years	11 50
" Judgments in favor of Potter co.	554 00
" notes held by county	133 32
" due from Cameron co. (est.)	600 00
" due on village lots	42 27
" estimated Co. Tax for 1864	8436 48
" do relief tax for '64	1859 57
" do special tax for '64	2534 00
	\$26,745 97

We the Commissioners of the county of Potter do certify that the above statement of the Funds of said county on the first day of January, 1864, is correct, as will appear from the books and records of this office. Commissioners' office, Jan'y 18, A. D. 1864.

L. S. ROBERTSON, } Comrs.
C. P. KILBOURNE, }
R. L. NICHOLS, }
Attest: L. B. COLE, Clerk.

Notice.

ALL honest persons indebted to me are requested to pay within one month, what they owe to me, to Esquire Cushing and take his receipt. Cheats may leave their names standing on the list in Esquire Cushing's hands as an undeniable proof of their dishonesty, and worthiness to figure in the "rogues-gallery."

E. JOERG, M. D.
Coudersport, Jan. 12, 1863

Winter Goods

AT
OLMSTED'S.

YOUR attention is invited to the large and attractive stock just received, and for sale as low as the same qualities can be bought anywhere in the county.

We have on hand a large and varied assortment of Domestic Cottons, comprising BROWN SHEETINGS, and SHIRTINGS,

BLEACHED MUSLINS, DENIMS, STRIPES, CHECKS,

TICKINGS, and COTTON FLANNELS, on which we cannot be undersold.

We purchase our goods for Cash and offer them at a very small advance

From Cost.

FLANNELS.

If you want to purchase RED, GRAY, BLUE, or PLAID FRENCH SHIRTING FLANNEL, call

At Olmsted's.

DRESS GOODS.

DELAINES, PRINTS, BROCHE, and WOOLEN SHAWLS,

HOODS, SONTAGS, NUBIAS, BALMORAL SKIRTS, and CLOTHS, and

CASSIMERES, a full supply

At Olmsted's.

CLOTHING.

DON'T fail to call before purchasing and see the assortment

At Olmsted's

BOOTS & SHOES

FOR Men, Women & Children, in great variety and cheap

At Olmsted's

For Molasses, Syrup, Sugar, Tea and Coffee, in fact everything in the Grocery line, call

AT OLMSTED'S.

A full assortment of almost everything that is kept in a country store on hand. We intend

to keep Goods that will give satisfaction and sell good articles at the lowest living profit.

AT OLMSTED'S.

Wanted.

Grain of all kinds, Butter, Wool, Sheep Pelts, Furs,</