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have made a study of Styles and Qualities in Hats, and claim to have the best selected stock in town.

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SPECIAL:

On June 1, we will give away a high grade \$100 Bicycle to the holder of the lucky number. Ask for a ticket with your purchases. You may be the right one.

EDWARD HAAS & CO.,

Calumet, Michigan

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If you were face to face with a prospective customer what would you say to insure a sale? Say the same, in an advertisement, to our many readers, every one a prospective buyer. People would be glad to deal with you if they knew how you could benefit them.

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Good . Goods . Are . Given . Away !

Children's caps.....	20c
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The Biggest Man

ard and the smallest, in town, will get equal satisfaction in the fit of his clothes if our tape line has been around him. We have a sort of pride in fitting men that other tailors can't please. It's the know how that tells the taste, and our experience and observation has given us that. Come in and look over our stock of spring goods, and you will not be amazed at the prices we quote.

Vivian, The Tailor,

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You Want to Build a House?

If So, See

AJARI & ULSETH,

Contractors and Builders, and Dealers in All Kinds of

umber, Sash, Doors, Moulding,

Also Brick and Lime.

lect everything in the lumber line, and of the very best and latest pattern.

ard at Foot of Portland Street.

FIFTY-FIFTH CONGRES.

Extra Session Ready to Transact Tariff Legislation.

REED WIELDS THE GAVEL AGAIN.

Re-Elected Speaker by the Republicans by a Vote of 199-Bailey, Democrat, Receives 114 Votes and Bell, Populist, 21--One Vote Cast for Newlands, Silverite--Desks of Senators Adorned with Flowers--Hobart in the Chair.

Washington, March 16.--The main interest in the assembling of the Fifty-fifth congress in extra session Monday under President McKinley's call centered at the house end of the Capitol, where the organization of the new house and the seat lottery were the drawing cards. Great crowds were attracted to the galleries hours before noon. As the hands of the clock pointed to 12, Major McDowell, the clerk of the house, rapped the house to order. Rev. Couden, the blind chaplain of the house, then delivered the invocation appealing to the throne for God's blessing on the work of the new congress and the new administration. The clerk of the house then read the president's proclamation convening congress, after which the roll was called.

Reed Re-Elected Speaker. Thomas B. Reed of Maine was re-elected speaker of the house, the vote standing: Reed, 199; Bailey, Democrat, 114; Bell, Populist, 21, and Newlands, Silverite, 1.

After Reed's election the members were sworn in and organization completed by election of the Republican slate as follows: Sergeant-at-arms, Benjamin F. Russell of Missouri; door-keeper William J. Glenn of New York; postmaster, J. C. McElroy of Ohio; chaplain, Henry M. Couden.

President McKinley's message calling attention to the need of more revenue was received late in the afternoon.

The new tariff bill prepared by the Republican members of the ways and means committee was then introduced by Chairman Dingley.

FLOWERS FOR SENATORS.

The Upper House Called to Order by Vice President Hobart.

Washington, March 16.--There was an abundance of flowers on the desks of senators Monday when promptly at 12 o'clock Vice President Hobart called the senate to order. There was an exceptionally full attendance of senators. The public galleries were packed and the reserved galleries well filled. The chaplain's opening prayer invoked Divine grace and blessing on the senators and members now about to take up the work of the extraordinary session and on the president and vice president. The roll-call disclosed the presence of eighty-eight senators. The new senator from Kansas, W. A. Harris, took the oath of office. McBride of Oregon presented the credentials of Henry W. Corbett, appointed by the governor of Oregon to fill the vacancy caused by the failure to elect a successor to Mitchell of Oregon. The governor's certificate was read and McBride requested that the new senator be sworn in if there be no objection, but Gray of Delaware said unusual circumstances attended the appointment and that the credentials should be scrutinized. He moved that the credentials be referred to the committee on privileges and elections, and it prevailed by unanimous vote. Hoar and Cockrell were named a committee to wait on the president and inform him that congress was in session and ready to receive any communication from him. The senate then at 12:20 took a recess until 2 o'clock.

BAD FOR OFFICE SEEKERS.

Postmaster General Will Adhere to the Four-Year Tenure.

Washington, March 16.--Postmaster General Gary made the definite announcement to the Associated Press Monday that the administration after deliberation has decided to adhere to the four-year tenure of office policy for all postmasters. He stated that except in a few cases where removal for cause was required on account of delinquency, incompetency or other instances of unsatisfactory conduct or administration of the office, all postmasters, fourth-class as well as those of presidential appointment, would be allowed to serve out a term of four years. This official statement of policy, one of the most important so far determined upon by the administration, has been awaited with great interest by the entire corps of postmasters and by the patrons of the 76,675 postoffices throughout the country.

United States Supreme Court.

Washington, March 16.--The attention of the United States supreme court was given largely Monday to the power of states to tax franchises of corporations, such as express, telegraph and railroad companies. Two Kentucky cases, involving the constitutionality of the law of 1892, one affecting the Henderson bridge, and the other the Adams Express company, were both decided favorably to the state.

Juror Sent to Jail.

Chicago, March 16.--Judge Ball sentenced Juror Fred Schultz to five days in the county jail Monday for seeking a bribe in connection with the John Lacey forgery case. When Schultz was brought before the court he made some sensational countercharges, implicating M. James, a witness in the same case, and formerly connected with the sheriff's office, in an attempt to "hang" the jury.

Two of our warships Missing.

Norfolk, Va., March 16.--Nothing was seen yesterday of the cruiser Columbia and monitor Puritan, which she has in tow. The latest report from the vessels is that they were observed north of Hatteras, well out at sea and headed northward. It is believed they are making for New York.

HORSES WRECK A TRAIN.

Two Persons Are Killed and Several Others Injured.

KANSAS CITY, March 16.--A Missouri Pacific passenger train, north-bound, leaving here at 9:15 o'clock Sunday night, was wrecked at Wolf Creek, Kan., one and one-half miles east of Hiawatha, at midnight Sunday night, by running into a bunch of horses. The engineer and fireman were killed, express messenger, baggage man and conductor badly injured and three passengers hurt, one of them severely.

The dead are: Ed Nye, engineer, Kansas City, aged 40 years, leaves wife; Patrick Connor, fireman, aged 32, Kansas City, leaves wife and three children. The injured are: John H. Meyers, conductor, Kansas City, slightly injured; Jack Appleton, Kansas City, slightly hurt; H. A. Kemp, express messenger, badly scratched and bruised; -- Meadows, traveling man, Atchison, Kan., two legs broken; L. F. Bacon, Kansas City, traveling passenger and ticket agent of the Santa Fe, slightly injured.

Two of the other passengers, names unknown, were badly bruised. Bacon sent a message to his wife in this city, stating that he was able to be around and would be home. The train consisted of engine, baggage and two chair cars and one sleeper, and carried a light load. All but the sleeper were overturned. The engine turned over on Engineer Nye and Fireman Connor and crushed them to death. The passengers managed to escape with comparative ease, but it was some time before aid from Hiawatha was received for the injured. A train bearing physicians left here for the scene and will bring the dead and injured to this city. Engineer Nye was one of the oldest engineers in the service, having been on the road for fourteen years.

J. B. Meador, one of the injured in the wreck, died at 9 o'clock Monday morning. Meador travelled for a Leavenworth grocery house and lived in Atchison. Five horses on the track caused the wreck. The grade was down hill. The horses were standing in a bunch on a curve and could not have been seen till within seventy-five yards. Evidently the engineer caught the first glimpse of them as he rounded the curve and realized that he could not stop, and pulled the throttle open. Four of the horses were thrown clear off the rails. The fifth went under the wheels. The engine turned entirely over, landing with its nose pointing in the opposite direction to which it had been travelling.

The baggage, smoker and chair car were piled up in a heap. The fireman and engineer jumped, but were caught under the engine, Connor being killed instantly and Nye living but ten minutes. Drummer Meador of Atchison was seated in the middle of the smoker. The car fell over against the engine and his leg was caught and smashed by a heavy timber. Before he could be extricated steam from the engine cooked his flesh horribly. He was cared for as well as possible, but died in terrible agony. Austerland will probably die.

DAN STUART DISAPPOINTED.

Crowds Which He Expected to See the Fight Will Not Be There.

CARSON, Nev., March 16.--Dan Stuart is somewhat discouraged over the outlook for attendance from east of the Mississippi. According to latest advices there will perhaps be a single special train from that section from which had been expected at least one thousand or fifteen hundred people. Telegrams show that some parties have chartered a special car which will be attached to a regular train. Definite figures cannot be obtained, but it is estimated that not more than 350 visitors from east of the Mississippi will be in Carson when Corbett and Fitzsimmons face each other in the ring. The bulk of the crowd will come from San Francisco and there will be a moderate delegation from Denver, Salt Lake and other cities west of the Rockies. According to the indications the attendance may not be over 3,500 unless there is a larger outpouring from Reno, Virginia City and other Nevada towns than is now anticipated.

Walling to Hang with Jackson.

Cincinnati, March 16.--The Times-Star special from Frankfort, Ky., says: Alonzo Walling will hang with Scott Jackson on March 20, all the published stories to the contrary notwithstanding. The governor finished his long study of the case Monday at noon. He will write "refused" across the back of the petition and troops are already under marching orders to Campbell county, March 19, the day before the double hanging.

Prominent Tennesseean Dead.

Nashville, Tenn., March 16.--Colonel William B. Stokes died at Alexandria Sunday, aged 83. He was a prominent figure in Tennessee politics before, during and after the war; served in congress as a Whig; commanded a regiment of federal cavalry enlisted in Tennessee during the war; was presidential elector for the state at large on the Garfield ticket, and for years one of the leaders of the Republican party.

Ed for Dunlop's Imprisonment.

Chicago, March 16.--Joseph R. Dunlop, publisher of The Dispatch, will be taken to Joliet Thursday unless the United States supreme court gives him a rehearing. The thirty days' limit of the final mandate to the lower court to carry out the sentence of two years' imprisonment will expire on Wednesday. As it will be forwarded by mail it is not expected to reach here before Thursday.

Tramps Wreck a Train.

Clarksville, Tenn., March 16.--In revenge for being ejected from a train tramps caused a wreck on the Louisville and Nashville railroad early Monday morning, a spiked switch derailing and demolishing a freight, resulting in heavy damage. The tramps had intended to wreck the Chicago Limited, but mistook the train. They have been captured.

MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

President McKinley's Suggestions to the Lawmakers.

MORE REVENUE IS A NECESSITY.

For the Past Three Years There Has Been a Deficit, the President Says, and He Calls Upon Congress to Remedy the Existing Condition of Affairs--Suggestions as to Raising Revenues, Which Is the Imperative Demand of the Hour.

Washington, March 16.--The president Monday sent the following message to congress:

To the Congress of the United States: Regretting the necessity which has required me to call you together, I feel that your assembling in extraordinary session is indispensable because of the condition in which we find the revenues of the government. It is conceded that its current expenditures are greater than its receipts, and that such a condition has existed for now more than three years. With unlimited means at our command, we are presenting the remarkable spectacle of increasing our public debt by borrowing money to meet the ordinary outlays incident upon even an economical and prudent administration of the government. An examination of the subject discloses this fact in every detail and leads inevitably to the conclusion that the condition of the revenue which allows it is unjustifiable and should be corrected.

Revenue for 1897.

We find by the reports of the secretary of the treasury that the revenues for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1892, from all sources, were \$425,868,260.22, and the expenditures for all purposes were \$415,958,803.56, leaving an excess of receipts over expenditures of \$9,914,456.66. During that fiscal year, \$40,570,467.98 were paid upon the public debt, which has been reduced since March 1, 1889, \$259,076,890, and the annual interest charge decreased \$11,684,576.60. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1893, amounted to \$461,716,561.94, and its expenditures to \$459,374,887.65, showing an excess of receipts over expenditures of \$2,341,674.29.

Since that time the receipts of no fiscal year, and with but few exceptions of no month of any fiscal year, have exceeded the expenditures. The receipts of the government from all sources during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1894, were \$372,892,498.29, and its expenditures \$442,605,758.87, leaving a deficit the first since the resumption of speciepayments of \$69,803,260.58.

Gold Reserved Drawn Upon.

Notwithstanding there was a decrease of \$16,769,128.78 in the ordinary expenses of the government as compared with the previous year, its income was still not sufficient to provide for its daily necessities, and the gold reserve in the treasury for the redemption of greenbacks was drawn upon to meet them. But this did not suffice, and the government then resorted to loans to replenish the reserve.

In February, 1894, \$50,000,000 in bonds were issued and in November following a second issue of \$50,000,000 was deemed necessary. The sum of \$117,171,795 was realized by the sale of these bonds, but the reserve was steadily decreased until on Feb. 8, 1895, a third sale of \$62,315,400 in bonds for \$65,116,244 was announced to congress. The receipts of the government for the fiscal year June 30, 1895, were \$390,573,203.30 and the expenditures \$432,175,428.48, showing a deficit of \$42,605,225.18.

A further loan of \$100,000,000 was negotiated by the government in February, 1896, the sale netting \$111,166,243, but the deficit continued.

January and February Deficits.

In January of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were \$24,316,994.05, and the expenditures, exclusive of postal service, \$30,269,389.29, a deficit of \$5,952,395.24 for the month. In February of this year the receipts, exclusive of postal revenues, were \$24,400,979.38, and expenditures, exclusive of postal service, \$28,796,056.66, a deficit of \$4,395,076.28; or a total deficit of \$108,061,580.44 for the three years and eight months ending March 1, 1897. Not only are we without a surplus in the treasury, but with an increase in the public debt. There has been a corresponding increase in the annual charge from \$22,893,883.20 in 1892, the lowest of any year since 1863, to \$34,387,297.40 in 1896, or an increase of \$11,493,414.40. It may be urged that even if the revenues of the government had been sufficient to meet all its ordinary expenses during the past three years, the gold reserve would still have been insufficient to meet the demands upon it and that bonds would necessarily have been issued for its replenishment.

Should Correct Existing Condition.

Be this as it may it is clearly manifest, without denying or affirming the correctness of such conclusion, that the debt would have been decreased in at least the amount of the deficiency and business confidence immeasurably strengthened throughout the country. Congress should promptly correct the existing condition. Ample revenues must be supplied not only for the ordinary expenses of the government, but for the prompt payment of liberal pensions and the liquidation of the principal and interest of the public debt. In raising revenue duties should be so levied upon foreign products as to preserve the home market so far as possible to our own producer; to revive and increase manufactures; to relieve and encourage agriculture; to aid and develop mining and building; and to render to labor in every field of useful occupation the liberal wages and adequate rewards to which skill and industry are justly entitled.

Demand of the Hour.

The necessity of the passage of a tariff law which shall provide ample revenue need not be further urged. The imperative demand of the hour is the prompt enactment of such a measure, and to this object I earnestly recommend that congress shall make every endeavor. Before other business is transacted let us first provide sufficient revenue to faithfully administer the government without the contracting of further debt or the continued disturbance of our finances.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY.  
Executive Mansion, March 15, 1897.

BUTLER GIVES UP.

He Is Confident the Supreme Court Would Decide Against Him.

San Francisco, March 16.--Frank Butler, alias Ashe, alias Newman, the accused murderer of Captain Lee Weller, Arthur Preston and Charles Burgess, has decided to give up his fight against the efforts of Australian police to secure his extradition from this country. He gives as his reasons for this action



FRANK BUTLER.

that he has no hope that the United States supreme court will reverse District Judge Morrow, and he cannot stand the cost of carrying the matter to the court of last resort.

Butler said that he had considered the matter and had come to the conclusion that he felt confident the supreme court would decide against him, and that an appeal would give him nothing but a postponement of the day upon which he would have to return to Australia to answer for crimes with which he stands charged.

He considered it best for him to no longer oppose the matter of his extradition. Ultimately, he said, he would have to go to trial for his life, and the sooner the thing was over the better it would be for him. He will go back and face his accusers and depend upon the loopholes of the Australian criminal laws for his escape from the gallows.

SPAIN MAY EVACUATE CUBA.

Weyler Is Instructed to Send 10,000 Sick Soldiers Home.

Havana, March 16.--It is reported upon excellent authority that Spain will begin a vigorous policy of subjugation in the Philippines at the expense of the Cuban cause. General Weyler will send some of his troops to Manila. Ten thousand sick Spanish soldiers here will be sent home that the same number may be spared from Spain. From all present indications the interior of the island will be abandoned by General Weyler and his army placed nearer the coast.

It is believed that a crisis is approaching. The island may be evacuated by Spain. The southern half of Santa Clara province has already been abandoned. The arrears for supplies and due the troops amount to \$46,000,000. Consul General Lee's family will return to the United States within two weeks, and there is a probability of a change in the consulship.

Would Not Allow Her to Land.

Memphis, Tenn., March 16.--The Mississippi river continues to rise and the situation in the low lands of Arkansas opposite this city is very serious. At Sans Souci, a small town immediately below Osceola, the Ancho line steamer Bluff City attempted to land her passengers and freight. The citizens and levee patrolmen ordered the captain to keep his boat moving, saying that the waves from the steamer's wheels would break over the levee. The captain, however, attempted to land, when the boat was met by a fusillade of bullets from the shore, but fortunately no one was hurt.

No Vote for Senator in Kentucky.

Frankfort, Ky., March 16.--There were large crowds in the senate chamber and the hall of the house Monday in anticipation of a ballot for United States senator to succeed Senator Blackburn, but in respect to the late Senator Sawyer, both branches adjourned about noon without a joint session. At the executive department and at Bradley's headquarters in the hotel, it is denied that there is any coalition with the Democrats to elect Governor Bradley senator over Congressman Hunter, the Republican caucus nominee.

Bail Bonds Forfeited.

New York, March 16.--In the criminal branch of the United States circuit court, presided over by Judge Benedict, General Roloff, secretary of war of the Cuban republic, and Dr. J. Castillo Moneda failed to respond to answer to indictments charging them with violation of the neutrality law in connection with alleged filibustering expeditions to Cuba. Their bail bonds were declared forfeited. Dr. Joseph J. Louis and Editor Enriquez Trujillo indicted on similar charges pleaded not guilty. Dr. Louis' bail was increased \$1,000.

Sentenced to Death.

Auburn, N. Y., March 16.--Frank N. Sheldon was Monday adjudged guilty of murder in the first degree for the killing of his wife on April 30, 1895, in the town of Brutus, this county. Judge Dunwell sentenced Sheldon to be electrocuted in Auburn prison during the week commencing April 25.