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Dealers in Mill, Gas, Plumbing and Water Supplies, Metal and Genasco Roofing, Etc.

The Daily Light

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY

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Obituaries, resolutions of respect, cards of thanks—all matter not NEWS, will be charged for at the rate of 5 cents per line. Poetry at double price.

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The Enterprise Publishing Company is in no wise responsible for debts that may be contracted by employees, nor will we assume payment of such debts under any circumstances. Every employee of this office is paid promptly for work done. This is to protect ourselves and the selling public—ENTERPRISE PUBLISHING COMPANY, Per G. W. McKnight, Manager.

W. A. OWNBY, City Editor
Residence Phone, Bell No. 283.

"In the political world," says the Waco Times Herald, "there is constant reversion to discarded systems—to theocracies and monarchies and aristocracies, to the hurt of pure and undefiled democracy. We make no argument for Bourbonism. We believe in progress—in the process of elimination. But certain things are fundamental: They lie at the base of all that's worth while, and to despise these is to get lost in the wilderness. We are persuaded that the time has come for laying again the foundation; for reverting to fundamental truth, religiously, socially and politically. The love of novelty; the play of passion; the lust of power; the greed of gain—these are corrupting influences in American life, and they tell all too plainly of departure from the ideals of the fathers, who built in truth and who established equity." And as usual, our esteemed contemporary is correct. Having strayed, religiously and politically, into forbidden paths, it is now time for a getting back to fundamental principles and cardinal truths.

Here's a bunch of truth from the Fort Worth Star-Telegram: "Every city and town has a coterie of quitters—men who tried to get by with a bluff, after joining their business league or commercial club, and failed before getting a glimpse of the real work on the firing line. Counterfeit civic pride is not current in any man's country. Genuine boost is established on factory foundations, homes, bank clearings, markets, industry eternal progress and perennial push—that's the gold standard basis of civic pride. No man can green-goods his way to the firing line. Neither prosperity nor progress fall for the come-on game. Be cheerful and genuine and work to beat the band. Then Texas will grow."

It is to be hoped that some ambitious baseball manager will not get his eye on that Waxahachie bunch. We would hate to lose them entirely. They are good to help us forget our other troubles.

If you can't push on the lines get behind our city dads and boost up a bit. We need street lights.

We are not after "empty honors." Bond the precinct and build good roads.

Be sure the mosquitoes will find the weak spot in your armor.

Want ads, time savers and money makers.

PLUTOCRATS IN THE PILLORY.

Senator Dolliver, republican, represents in part a state which never voted for a democratic presidential candidate. He is a stowaway partisan whose loyalty to the organization is no more in question west of the Mississippi than is that of Senator Aldrich on the shores of Narragansett Bay. In the course of a two days' speech Mr. Dolliver has asserted, intimated or insinuated—

1. That the cotton and woolen schedules of the pending tariff bill were prepared by interested parties in New York and that many of their sponsors in the senate do not know what they mean.

2. That whereas there is a pretense that the measure reduces taxation, the fact is that there is an increase and designedly so.

3. That the tin-plate tariff of 1889 brought into existence a monopolized industry which was at length unloaded on the United States steel corporation with a rake-off to the promoters sufficient to buy the Rock Island railroad.

4. That many of the rates in the existing law and in the proposed bill are so extravagant and unnecessary as to bring the policy of protection into ridicule.

5. That in 1890 McKinley permitted the beneficiaries of the tariff on wool to write their own section in his bill.

6. That in 1897 Dingley's avowed purpose to reduce tariff taxation was defeated by the clamor of the men interested.

7. That in the pending bill the tax upon goods containing small quantities of wool is excessive and especially burdensome upon the poor.

8. That the avaricious are using the protective tariff as an asset in financing conspiracies in restraint of trade.

9. That only once in forty years has the public interest or the welfare of the republican party been made paramount over sordid private considerations.

10. That the tariff has corrupted American industry and made great industries mere adjuncts to political agitation.

The precise form which the Payne-Aldrich bill shall assume upon passage can not be foretold but it will be many a day, we believe, before this republican indictment of the privilege and plutocracy of protection will be forgotten.—New York World.

John A. Stewart, president of the International Good Roads Association, is quoted as saying: "I believe that good roads are as essential to the welfare of the country as are schools." And he is right. And the way to build good, permanent roads, is to issue bonds.

The Houston Post says: "We seriously object to the publicity that the newspapers of the country are giving to the fact that 75,000 babies were born in Texas last year. They were born just in the regular order of business and with no thought of trying for a record. Texas will start out to establish a record sometime and the results will stagger humanity." When it comes to raising babies and cotton there is no limit to Texas possibilities.

The more you do for some people the more they expect. We have persistently preached Waxahachie mineral water as a sure cure for grouch and now there are certain individuals who want us to drink the blasted stuff.—Waxahachie Light. Hoist by your own petard, as it were. But of course you will not dignify the recommendation of your critics, or over solicitous friends, by complying with their suggestion. It is, possibly better to maintain a perpetual grouch than to admit its possession for a moment. State Press remembers that your city editor was once made deathly sick by a bottle of soda pop, and does not blame you for shying at a libation that frankly harbors a potent energy.—Dallas News.

THE PRICE OF A SOUL.

The papers are now giving us sketches of, and incidents in the life of the late H. H. Rogers; they are also estimating the wealth which he left. That he was a man of mental strength and business ability goes without saying. His wealth is variously stated at from fifty to one hundred million dollars—let us average it at seventy-five millions. Giving him fifty working years, he has collected on an average a million and a half a year, in addition to what he has expended. A million and a half a year! This is an enormous income, and if honestly earned, it measures an extraordinary service to society. Will the friends of Mr. Rogers point out just what he did, so that the public may judge as to whether his income exceeded his earnings? The president receives

seventy-five thousand dollars a year, and as the chief executive, presides over a government under which more than eighty millions of people live. The average income of Mr. Rogers for more than fifty years has been twenty times as great as the income enjoyed by the president of the United States. Did he perform a work twenty times as important, or render a service twenty times as valuable?

Opinions differ as to Mr. Rogers' ideals. His friends emphasize his charities while his opponents call attention to his business methods. The opinions expressed seemed to be largely colored by the sympathies of those who have spoken—those who speak from the standpoint of the monopolist see in him a great representative of industry; those who regard a private monopoly as indefensible and intolerable cite him as an illustration of the manner in which habitual wrong-doing will sear the conscience and distort the vision. Amid such a variety of witnesses it is not strange that the readers should be confused by the conflicting testimony, but there is one witness whose evidence ought to be accepted without question, and that is H. H. Rogers himself. His will doubtless revealed the inner Rogers, and gives us the real measure of his soul. He leaves practically all of his immense wealth to his family. He makes a gift to the town of his birth, but beyond that there is nothing, or next to nothing, to indicate that he recognized the claims of the public. His sympathies did not go out to hospitals and institutions of mercy; his spiritual life was not such as to link him with the interests of the church in the spread of the gospel or in the extension of missions, domestic or foreign. He seemed to be little interested in philanthropic enterprises.

But possibly it is just as well that his selfishness manifested itself in the disposition of his goods. If he had been generous and large hearted in his bequests, his will would have been used to give a halfway justification to the methods which he employed in the accumulation of his money; but as it is his will presents an indictment not only against him, but against that peculiar type of business life which he represented—a life in which the soul is shriveled and the better impulses stifled by business practices which deaden the conscience and rob life of that which makes it worth living. What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his own soul?—W. J. Bryan in the Commoner.

A Trinity Alumnus Honored.

Mr. Ernest Anderson, an alumnus of Trinity University, has been elected research assistant in the department of chemistry of the University of Chicago at a salary of \$1,500 for nine months. Mr. Anderson has been a student in Chicago University for several years and has completed the prescribed courses for the Ph. D. degree. He was graduated from Trinity in 1903 in the class with Prof. J. M. Gordon of Trinity, Miss Marnie Johnson, teacher in the Blind Institute, and others. His rise has been steady and occasioned always by efficiency. Before his graduation in Trinity he was assistant in chemistry under Dr. Hornbeak. For two years he was a student in the State University, holding a fellowship the last year. Upon entering the University of Chicago he was given the Loewenthal fellowship which pays a yearly stipend of \$420. This he resigned to accept an associateship in that department which position he now holds.

Deafness Cannot be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a bubbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by Catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Hogue Goes to Pen.

Dallas, Texas, June 18.—Federal authorities left yesterday morning for the Atlanta penitentiary with W. J. Hogue, the promoter convicted to serve eighteen months for misuse of the United States mail and five years for perjury.

Everyone would be benefited by taking Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation, stomach and liver trouble, as it sweetens the stomach and breath, gently stimulates the liver superior to pills and ordinary laxatives. B. W. Pearls.

THE CHEAP HOME AT LAST.

Thomas Edison Announces That His Plans Are Perfected.

Thomas A. Edison sent word to the newspapers today that he had completed his scheme for building a concrete house for \$1200, which, if constructed of stone in the same design, would cost between \$25,000 and \$30,000.

The price he names could not prevail if only a single house was to be built. That he wants to be understood clearly. What he means is that if the reinforced concrete houses were built in blocks, by his design and through the use of his molds, the cost of each house in a block would not be greater than about \$1,200.

The Edison house building plan calls for a one family house, on a lot 40x60 feet. The floor plan of the house is 25x30 feet. Each house will contain six rooms and a bath, and the cellar will extend beneath the entire house and will contain the boiler, washtubs and coal bunker. The decorations will be cast with the house and therefore will come from the molds as part of the structure and not merely be stuck on.

Cast iron molds will be used in building the houses and they will vary in design. After the concrete foundation has been laid and has hardened the molds will be set upon it.

Edison says it will take four days to set up the molds. The liquid concrete can be poured into them in six hours. The molds will be kept in use for four days until the concrete hardens and then it will require four days to remove them. That means the house will be finished in a fortnight.—Kansas City Star.

Notice to Property Owners.
of Ellis County of the meeting of the Board of Equalization.

It is ordered by the county commissioners' court of Ellis county, Texas, at its regular May term, on the 13th day of May, 1909, that the county clerk of Ellis county, Texas, be and he is hereby instructed to give the ten days notice by publication in some newspaper, for ten days prior to June 28th, 1909, to all tax payers of Ellis County, Texas, that in conformity with Article No. 5120, of revised statutes of Texas, the commissioners' court of Ellis county, will meet on Monday, June 28th, 1909, as a board of equalization, to receive all the assessment lists, or books of the assessor of Ellis county, Texas, for inspection, correction, equalization and approval, and all tax payers and others interested will take notice accordingly.

Attest, with seal:
JOHN M. LOGGINS,
Clerk County Court, Ellis County, Texas.

When you need a plumber, call Bunkley, with F. S. Cronk Co. Both Phones 84.



It's quicker—
it's better
by the
"Katy"



To St. Louis, Kansas City
and the North



Going to Be Hot?

You know it is, and why not get you a FAN early in the season and keep cool.

Waxahachie
Electric & Gas Co.

IN NEW YORK SOCIETY.

Beautiful Women of the "400" Who Have Luxuriant Hair.

In gay New York, where women get their ideas from their sisters abroad, the hair tonic called Parisian Sage is in great demand.

A great scientist, undoubtedly one of the most eminent hair specialists in the world is the discoverer of Parisian Sage. He claims most emphatically that it is the only hair preparation that will kill the persistent dandruff germs. At any rate the Giroux Mfg. Co., of Buffalo, N. Y., sole manufacturers of Parisian Sage in the United States, give through their agents, Hood & Cullin, this money back guarantee, which is no doubt strong enough and plain enough to please the most exacting.

"We guarantee Parisian Sage to cure dandruff in two weeks; to stop falling hair; to make dull, lifeless

and colorless hair beautiful and luxuriant; to cure all itching diseases of the scalp, or money back."

The price is only 50 cents a large bottle at Hood & Cullin's, or by express, all charges prepaid, from Giroux Mfg. Co., Buffalo, N. Y. 64-74-82

FLASHED HIS ROLL.

The Thoughtless Act of Mill Hand Brought His Doom.

Bogulasa, La., June 18.—Ben Sowers, a mill hand employed by a local lumber company, displayed what appeared to be a large roll of bank bills declaring at the same time he had won a damage suit against a railroad company. Sowers' friends says, as a matter of fact, there was only \$35 in the roll. Yesterday Sowers' body was found in a nearby swamp with all his pockets turned inside out and the \$35 was missing.

Hicks' Capudine Cures Sick Headache.

Also Nervous Headache, Travelers Headache and aches from Grip, Stomach Troubles or Female troubles. Try Capudine—it's Liquid—effects immediately. Sold by druggists.

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NOW is the time to have that job of Printing done. Don't wait, but drop in today and let us estimate on it. We'll give you a job you'll be proud to show your friends.

UP TO the largest size circulars we are prepared to turn out printing of all kinds—Visiting Cards, Letter Heads, Envelopes, Small Circulars, Large Circular, Books, etc.

YOU have an idea what you want in Printing; come here and let us carry it out for you. Satisfaction is our motto, and we never have a job returned. Both telephones 148.

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