

WAR PRICES PREVAIL IN THE NEUTRAL U. S.

SUGAR AND PACKING HOUSE PRODUCTS SOAR.

Being Made Subject of Rigid Investigation By Attorney General—Many Grand Jurors Called and Manufacturers Subpoenaed.

One of the greatest concerns in the United States on account of the European war is the unusual advance in prices for necessities of life. Since the first of August there is hardly an item of daily consumption that has not gone up beyond the bounds of reason. Especially has sugar and packing house products soared to unheard of heights. At the suggestion of President Wilson the reasons for this is being investigated from one end of the country to the other. A lively investigation being conducted through the U. S. attorney general's office and as the sugar producers in California are being haled before the federal and state courts of their respective states.

Washington, Aug. 14.—Agents of the department of commerce began their work today as part of the investigation ordered by President Wilson to determine if food prices in this country are being artificially raised because of the European war. Three instructions were sent to field agents in New York, Boston, Seattle, Chicago, Atlanta and New Orleans.

You are instructed to inquire immediately and carefully whether there has been a recent rise in prices in your city and vicinity, and if so on what articles and to what extent.

Special attention should be given to foodstuffs and articles of clothing and other necessities. Learn whether the advance, if it exists, is general or confined to particular commodities, and if so, what ones. Find out if it has been sudden or gradual, and if any articles have fallen in price. Learn what reasons are given for any advance that may have occurred and inquire particularly as to whether such reasons are the actual ones.

Give special care to determining whether there has been any advance due to speculation, either on the general situation, or on the temporary situation in ocean transit. Consider whether a fair stock exists or is obtainable of any commodity that has been advanced and whether the facts show a purpose to use the war situation to secure undue extra profits by increased speculation.

Study to learn if any combination exists at advanced prices under existing conditions. When the facts have been determined sufficiently to give a clear idea of the actual situation report them promptly to the chief of the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce to continue the inquiry subject to instructions.

The Utah and Idaho manufacturers of sugar claim that they are responsible for the enormous increase in price of that commodity but that it is the wholesaler who is entirely to blame for the present condition. Neither in these sugar counties, according to the companies. In a statement to Joseph Geoghegan of the Idaho Sugar company says: "We are not any dearth of sugar. Our warehouses are filled with sugar which has been sold to the consumers. We always sell sugar in bulk and, as a matter of fact, the Idaho Sugar company has contracted for the sale of this year's production and a part of that for next year. The price quoted during June and the early part of July. We have large sugar on hand and for season none is placed on the market at this time by the manufacturer. Our selling campaign for next year's production will begin in September."

As a matter of fact, the prices in Utah today are less than in New York. Our quotation is 44.25 per sack to wholesaler while the price in New York is

CARBON COUNTY REPUBLICAN CONVENTION SET FOR AUG. 29

This impression of The Advocate contains the call for a republican county convention to be held at Price on August 28th. This is not the convention for the purpose of nominating candidates for county offices, which will be held later. Next week's convention is called to elect ten delegates to attend the state republican convention at Salt Lake on Monday, August 31st, for the purpose of nominating one congressman for the first district of Utah; also to elect ten delegates to the state republican convention at Salt Lake City on September 1st for the purpose of nominating state officers; also to elect ten delegates to attend the republican senatorial convention at Price on the 25th of September. The apportionment of delegates for each precinct is contained in the call and is on a basis of one for each twenty votes or major fraction thereof cast for the Hon. Joseph Howell for congress in the general election of 1912. Precinct chairmen are requested to call primaries previous to the dates mentioned.

GOOD ROADS VISITORS

President and Secretary of the Zion Commercial Club Banqueted.

W. F. Jensen and W. C. Stark, president and secretary of the Salt Lake Commercial club, were guests Thursday night at the banquet of the Price Chamber of Commerce. The gentlemen were met at Helper by A. J. Lee and C. C. McWhinney and another car of local people escorted them here part of the way.

Friday a car containing C. R. Marcussen, T. R. McMillan, E. M. Peyton and H. A. Hart accompanied the officials as far as Woodside, where they were met by a committee from Green River. Midland enthusiasm went with the party as far as Clisco, where a large delegation from Grand Junction escorted them to the Colorado city.

Mr. Jensen and Mr. Stark were going over the Midland trail as far as Meeker, where they met the autos from Denver in the possibility of going through the Utah basin route.

In their talk at the banquet here Thursday night both the Salt Lake club's president and secretary made it plain that the Zion organization would neither boost or recommend any route coming into the state in preference to another. The object of their trip at this time is to get the several counties of the state to elect their representatives and senators with the understanding that the state provide large appropriations for auto roads and that the funds be distributed on each route as it needs it. The details of the proposed plan do not seem to have been worked out as yet.

The gentlemen met with enthusiastic receptions all along the line.

W. C. Benfer returned Tuesday from a trip in the Whitmore park section hunting sage chickens. He says it was wholly a case of hunting, not finding them. Only about half a dozen detached males were seen on the trip.

Stationery of all kinds. Advocate Publishing Co.—Adv.

\$6.95. The manufacturers are in no way responsible for the advance in sugar. This is due in part to the extraordinary demand for sugar in other countries and in part to the speculation of the wholesalers. We were glad to sell our sugar last month at \$4 or \$5 a sack, and if anyone is to blame for the advance in sugar it is the wholesaler to whom we sold our product."

Acting under instructions from the department of justice, issued at the personal request of President Wilson, United States District Attorney W. W. Ray and Leon Bone, special agent of the department of justice, have begun an investigation as to the cause of the advance in price. Mr. Bone spent several hours discussing the situation with T. R. Cutler, general manager of the Utah Idaho Sugar company, and Joseph Geoghegan, president and general manager of the Geoghegan Brokerage company, the sales agency of the sugar company. Mr. Geoghegan said that he went into detail as to the transactions of the sugar company and the brokerage company with Mr. Bone and promised to render him every assistance in the conduct of his investigation.

EMERY GYPSUM FIELD MAY BE DEVELOPED

COMPANY ORGANIZED TO PUT PRODUCT ON MARKET.

Denver Man Behind Project to Install Mill Either at Wellington or Price—Parties Interested Here to Arrange the Details.

The immense gypsum beds of Emery county and which have been the subject of several pamphlets issued by the department of the interior will in all probability be brought into a state of development this year.

Emery county people have been in Price this week attempting to induce local people to help out in the matter of the construction of a road to this point, where the promoters state they would be glad to locate the mill. In the event no inducement can be secured here the plant will be located at Wellington, which place is four miles nearer to the gypsum beds than Price.

E. B. Priest, a prominent gypsum man of Denver, has taken over the properties and announces that work will begin immediately for their development and the installation of a refining plant either here or at some other point on the Denver and Rio Grande.

Emery county people who have turned their gypsum locations over to the company organized by Mr. Priest are Henry Thompson, Ira R. Browning, C. T. Bowen, Jas. Jeffs, A. D. Dixon and Parlan McFarlane.

Of the gypsum bed in question a geological report has the following to say: "It is quite probable that when the mining of gypsum is begun in the San Rafael region the first shipment will be made from this locality, as there is a fairly good road leading through Cleveland to the railroad at Price and also a fair road leading to Green River on the railroad to the southeast. The gypsum can be mined and moved to the railroad from this place at probably a smaller cost than from any other locality."

SENATOR SUTHERLAND BELIEVES WAR WILL END SOON

The present European war probably will be followed by a period of universal peace, in the opinion of United States Senator George Sutherland, who returned to Salt Lake last week from Washington. Senator Sutherland believes that the day is dawning when war between nations will be banished. Civil warfare may not be banished so soon, he thinks, but ultimately reason and justice will replace war.

Senator Sutherland believes that this war will be short and terrible. He places sixty days as the probable limit of duration for the war. The enormous expense of the war and the tremendous destructiveness of the modern engines of warfare, he believes, will combine to hasten the end.

This war, the senator thinks, means the beginning of the end of the monarchial governments of Europe and the establishment of republics modeled after the United States in most of the countries not at war. The war itself, he believes, will shake the conscience of a civilized world that the establishment of universal peace will be made much more easy.

Zion Printers Strike.

Members of the Salt Lake Typographical Union No. 115 went out on a strike Tuesday. Only the offices of the city are affected. The printers are asking an increase wages of from \$14 to \$17 per week and a scale of 45 instead of 40 hours per week. The proprietors of the job offices claim that they are unable to meet the demand of the union employees and that they will be able to continue business with non-union employees. The strike further state that under present satisfactory conditions it would be impossible to grant the increase wages and the shorter hours asked for. The printers claim that they are the poorest paid skilled labor in the city and cite a large number of Western towns where the cost of wages is much higher than at Salt Lake City.

SCHEDULE FOR FIRST AID IN CARBON COUNTY

WILL VISIT EACH COAL CAMP IN THE COUNTY.

Exhibitions Given at Mining Engineers' Institute Attract Wide Attention—Eastern Utah Itinerary Will Last Through September.

One of the attractive side attractions of the meeting in Salt Lake during the past week of the American Institute of Mining Engineers was the United States bureau of mines rescue car No. 2 in charge of J. C. Roberts and his assistant, Mr. Boardman. The car will remain in Salt Lake until August 15, when it will be taken to the various coal mines of Utah, staying at each place long enough to instruct a corps of men in the all-important work of mine rescue.

The car was attached to the special train which bore the visiting engineers to Bingham. It was an object of great interest to scores of the visitors on the trip both coming and going. At the Magna mill a corps of a half dozen young men attached to the car a vivid exhibition of the excellent work that may be done with the government apparatus in the hands of competent men.

An itinerary of the rescue car through the camps of Utah has been scheduled as follows by Mr. Roberts, the engineer in charge:

- Leave.
- Salt Lake City, August 15.
 - Sunnyside, August 22.
 - Hilawatha, August 29.
 - Black Hawk, September 5.
 - Mohrland, September 12.
 - Kentworth, September 19.
 - Standardville, September 26.
 - Storrs, October 3.
 - Castle Gate, October 10.
 - Scottfield, October 17.
 - Winter Quarters, October 24.
 - Clear Creek, November 1.
- Arrive.
- Sunnyside, August 17.
 - Hilawatha, August 24.
 - Black Hawk, August 31.
 - Mohrland, September 7.
 - Kentworth, September 14.
 - Standardville, September 21.
 - Storrs, September 28.
 - Castle Gate, October 5.
 - Panther, October 12.
 - Cameron, October 19.
 - Scottfield, October 26.
 - Winter Quarters, October 24.
 - Clear Creek, November 1.
 - Salt Lake City, November 8.
- Mr. Roberts says: "Instruction in mine rescue and first aid to the injured will be given to all miners or mine workers who apply at the places and dates named."
- "This car is always in touch with telegraph and telephone companies. A wire addressed to any of the above plants at the given dates will

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CHAS. AVERILL
PRICE, UTAH.

FOOD PRICES ARE STILL ON THE RISE AT SALT LAKE

Though the New York market showed few advances in staple foods yesterday the price of butter rose to forty cents in Salt Lake. The European war tended to coax butter from 35 to 37 1/2 cents and 40 cents Monday, but 40-cent butter prices became general on Tuesday's market. It was also observed that efforts are being made to establish thoroughly an advance of about 7 cents in the price of pork, bacon and smoked meats.

Meanwhile, W. W. Ray, United States district attorney, aided by sleuths, pursued the investigation into the cause for advances in the price of staple foods with renewed vigor. Toward the close of the day Mr. Ray was making efforts to find out the exact whereabouts of Judge John A. Marshall of the United States court, who may authorize the calling of a federal grand jury to consider the question of the boost in food prices. Judge Marshall is said to be on the high seas on his way to the United States from Sydney, Australia.

FAIR CONTRACTS AWARDED

Contracts for the construction of Utah's buildings at the San Francisco and San Diego expositions have been let by the state commission and work on both buildings is under way. The Northwest Construction company of San Francisco has the contract for the building there and H. F. Hoyt has the contract for the San Diego building, both being the lowest bidders. Utah contractors were invited to bid on the buildings, but with one exception, did not, explaining that the cost of equipping plants so far from home was too great. The San Diego building will be of the old Spanish type and will contain all the principal exhibits of the state fair. The San Francisco building is of the classic renaissance type and will contain several important exhibits in addition to those the state will place in the main exposition palaces.

The commission has opened up a fine laboratory at Salt Lake City, in which exhibits are being assembled and prepared. H. B. Wight, an expert fruit processor, is preparing a magnificent exhibit of the state's horticultural and agricultural products, which will be returned to the state after the expositions to be a permanent exhibit in Utah. Agents of the commission, working under the direction of J. Edward Taylor, are visiting the various counties of the state to collect specimens for exhibition at the big fairs. The collection will unquestionably be the most comprehensive and valuable exhibit of Utah's products ever assembled. All Utah growers are invited to send specimens to the laboratory, 226 West Third South street. Each specimen accepted will bear a label with the grower's name and address.

ZION EATING HOUSES WILL RAISE PRICES

Prices in restaurants and hotels will be raised, according to C. R. Strook, employment secretary of the Salt Lake Hotel and Restaurant Men's association. Strook says that prices will have to be increased if the prices of foodstuffs continue to rise. He stated that sugar has gone up \$2.75 per hundred pounds, rice 3 cents, lard from 3 to 4 cents, eggs \$1.00 per case and that other articles have also increased.

Returning visitors to Zion state that prices at most of the restaurants have already soared.

Body is Brought Home

Victor Rambo, a well-known sheepman who recently resided in Wyoming, died Wednesday of last week at Rock Springs of pneumonia. He was a native of France, 52 years of age. His widow and three sons are living at Pleasant View. The body was taken to Provo, where funeral services were held Saturday afternoon.

Oak Bar Burns

At about 3 o'clock Friday morning the building known as the Oak bar was completely destroyed by flames and a great deal of the contents was a complete loss. There was a small insurance on the building and contents, which, however, went to the estate of Mrs. J. R. Maltingly, deceased.

GODAT APPREHENDED; ATTEMPTS SUICIDE

UNSUCCESSFUL IN EFFORT FOR SELF-DESTRUCTION.

Denies Connection With Murder of Wife—Circumstantial Evidence is Apparently Overwhelming—Remains Shipped to Colorado.

Edward Godat, the man who it is supposed murdered his wife, Minerva E. Godat, at the Morgan King residence on North Ninth street last Wednesday at midnight, was captured Friday about noon at Wellington by Irvin Vance, a young man about 21 years of age.

Godat attempted to end his life by the poison route and succeeded in swallowing several bi-chloride of mercury tablets. The county physician, Dr. F. F. Flak, succeeded in getting the poison out of the man's stomach so shortly after he had taken it, that he is now living and with every prospect of regaining his normal condition.

The prisoner denies any connection whatever with the crime. He even claims not to have rented a rifle from W. W. Goodman. However, Mr. Goodman is not only quite certain that he did rent from him a .22 caliber automatic rifle, but is equally as positive that Godat did not return it and that he is therefore minus one good gun. When Godat got the rifle from Goodman he left his coat at the repair shop with a number of letters in his pocket. This is now in the possession of Sheriff Kaler.

The prisoner was recognized Friday about noon by a D. & H. G. freight brakeman near the Wellington bridge. The brakeman asked young Vance if the fellow was a man belonging around Wellington, his attention being especially attracted because of the missing left hand. Vance replied that he did not. The brakeman then told the young fellow to procure a gun, as in all probability the man was the same who had murdered his wife the night before at Price. Vance hurriedly secured a Winchester rifle. Godat by this time was making his way to the river, when the young man ordered him to come back and surrender. Godat replied that he would not, whereupon Vance got down on one knee and said he would shoot him unless he did. Godat then returned and climbed into the caboose of the freight train.

It was probably while on the train that Godat attempted to commit suicide by poisoning himself. Quite a number of the bi-chloride of mercury tablets were found on his person when he was searched at the jail. While it was at first thought that it would be impossible for him to recover, he nevertheless is at this time in very good shape.

Monday Godat was taken to the undertaking parlors of Pace & Thayer, where he viewed the corpse of his wife with apparently little remorse. His only remark was that it looked natural. This statement was in answer to a question from Mr. Pace as to its appearance in life.

The body was shipped Monday to Colorado for burial. A sister, Mrs. Mattie Laymon, arrived Sunday to look after the matter. Mrs. Laymon is herself a widow with two children, but stated that she would look after the two children of her murdered sister.

THE GODATS HAD TROUBLE AT GRAND JUNCTION, COLO.

Grand Junction's Sentinel of last Friday brings the information concerning the Godats and their troubles while residing in and near the Colorado city.

"Last December Mrs. Godat filed a suit for divorce from her husband, alleging cruelty. She was represented by Henry R. Rhone. He came down from Dr. Dwyne's ranch near Pallando and announced his intention of fighting the case. Later, however, he decided to let it go by default. Several times afterwards when the two met on the streets they had either warm words or else came to blows. Once he is alleged to have drawn a revolver on

(Continued on page four)