

# THE EVENING DISPATCH.

No 221 - Vol. 3.

PROVO CITY, UTAH, THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1894

PRICE FIVE CENTS A COPY

## HOWE & TAFT, Wholesale Grocers.

The Merchants of Southern Utah,  
Especially those of Utah Co. will find it to  
their Advantage to Trade with

## HOWE & TAFT, WHOLESALE GROCERS.

Pr vo, Utah.

### NOT MUCH DONE

In Either Branch of Congress Yesterday.

### COXEY QUITS DISGUSTED

He Says He is Done With His Scheme  
And Leaves His Men in the Lurch—  
The Omaha Strike is Off for Good—  
Other Items of News.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Representative Pearson chairman of the house committee on enrolled bills, left the capitol at 1 p. m. for the white house, carrying the tariff bill, which he will put in the president's possession as early as possible.

The bill to place coal, iron ore and barbed wire on the free list were read. Then Harris had a letter read, just received from Secretary Carlisle concerning the effect of the proposed bills on the revenue.

Mr. Berry called up the free sugar bill. Mr. Harris, while favoring free sugar, thought this and the other bills should be referred to the Finance committee. Mr. Berry said the senate had been charged with being the friend of the sugar trust. He wanted the bill to pass exactly as it came from the house.

Mr. Cockrell presented the conference report on the general deficiency bill. The only dispute was on \$1,800,000 for southern war claims, to which the house would not agree. He moved that there be no action on this point.

Mr. Sherman moved that the senate recede from its amendment, but his motion was lost and Cockrell's carried. Mr. Cockrell presented the conference report on the Sunday civil bill. It was agreed to.

Discussion waxed hot between Vest and Mills on the sugar bill. The session concluded with a luncheon passage at arms between Messrs. Harris and Chandler, and adjournment was had at 5 o'clock.

### SCARCELY A RIFFLE.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 15.—Hardly a ripple of interest was excited in the house today. It passed the Senate bill to extend the time for constructing a railroad bridge across the Columbia river at Vancouver, Washington. Some interest was caused by the reading of a resolution by Mr. Black of Illinois, reciting the depletion of gold in the treasury, and instructing the committee to report a bill for the proper "use and availability" of the silver in the treasury, and instructing the rules committee to report a rule for its prompt consideration. It went to the box in the regular order.

### COXEY IS DONE.

BALTIMORE, Aug. 15.—A special to the Sun from Hyattsville, Md., says: Gen. Coxe came near being mobbed at Camp Lost Liberty yesterday. He came for the purpose of taking away seven of his horses, and when questioned about the movement of his men became angry and said he was done with the scheme. This greatly incensed the five men left by the Baltimore police to take care of the camp property and Coxe was obliged to beat a hasty retreat on one of his horses. The other horses were driven around a back road and in this way he got possession of them.

### THE MEN GAVE CHASE TO COXEY BUT HE ESCAPED.

STRIKE OFF FOR GOOD.  
OMAHA, Neb., Aug. 15.—South Omaha packing house employes say the strike is off. After holding out three weeks, the men lost all and are now trying to get back on the old terms.

This decision was general with the exception of 150 hog butchers, who declare they will not return to work. Many of the old men applied for their former jobs, this morning, and all who could be used were accepted. The others were told that as soon as business picked up their applications would be considered.

### MANAGER CAMERON OF THE CUDABY COMPANY, SAID THAT HE HAD AS LARGE A FORCE AS HE COULD USE IN MOST OF THE DEPARTMENTS.

"I turned away at least seventy five of our old men who applied for their places today, and I did so because we have all the force we can handle. There is room for a few skilled workmen, but we will keep the force down to exactly what we can get along with.

The troops will all be removed tomorrow as all the trouble is over.

### CARNOT'S MURDER GUILLOTINED.

LYONS, Aug. 15.—The republic of

### APPLES BETTER THAN WHEAT.

Some Startling Figuring Done by an Enthusiastic Oregon Editor.

That it will not do to put all of one's eggs in one basket has been thoroughly demonstrated by the berry crop this season. With thousands of crates ripe the ability to reach a market is without any fault of ours suddenly taken away. The strawberry crop has been the principal one of this section, and while it will not only hold its present yield, but will double and treble it, it will in a year or two become of secondary importance.

Prunes, peaches, cherries and small fruits generally are a necessity to the fruitgrower because they furnish him with money early in the season as well as early in his business. They are a means to an end, furnishing money to support the family and to improve the farms. They all bear one fatal objection as a crop to be relied upon, and that is the absolute necessity of finding a market for them as soon as they are ripe.

This may not be true of the prune, but for it the same condition exists—it must be taken care of at once when ripe.

The fruit of Hood River, the one that is to make her famous as well as prosperous, is the winter apple. That can be kept. It can be gathered leisurely, once in bearing, bring better and steadier returns and at the very least outlay. John Sweeney's orchard last year, its first year of bearing, produced more net money than would or could have been derived from the same area of land should it yield 50 times as much, next year 50 times as much, and then for 30 years 100 times as much. In other words, one acre of winter apples is worth more, year in and year out, than 100 acres of wheat. Six acres of good orchard will yield a larger net yield than a section of wheat land. Multiply the acres in Hood River valley by 100 and some idea of the wealth that it will eventually produce may be gained.

In other words, every section in fruit will produce a cash value equal to three townships of wheat. The winter apple is going to accomplish this result, and the next few years as the young orchards come into bearing will prove the truth of this assertion, though it now seems a wild one. We can but reiterate our former words: "Plant apple trees. Twenty acres if you can; one tree if that is your limit, but plant at every opportunity." When this valley is an orchard from the mills to the summit east of us and from the river back for 20 miles, then only will it have attained its full development.—Hood River (Or.) Graphic.

### LOOK TO YOUR HENS.

Some Feet Concerning Poultry—Let us Have the Next Poultry Show in Provo.

SALT LAKE CITY, Aug. 15.—[Correspondence DISPATCH.] I notice in THE DISPATCH of August 11th the following:

"Great as is the cattle industry, the value of poultry and eggs produced in the United States annually is but little less."

That is a fact which very few people realize. Thousands of dollars are sent each year from Utah to purchase poultry and eggs. Realizing this fact there was organized the Utah Poultry association eight years ago to encourage poultry breeding, and this association has held an annual exhibition each year since. The next will be held in Salt Lake city January 28 to 31, 1896.

The object of holding these exhibitions is to show the improvement in thoroughbred poultry over the common barn-yard fowl.

All farmers know the superiority of the thorough or standard bred horses over the native cayuse and also the merits of the thoroughbred Jersey, Holstein, etc., but they have not given enough attention to their chickens to know that there are many different varieties of thoroughbreds that have been improved for years in both egg production and table qualities.

However, such is the case. Any farmer who intelligently breeds chickens will say that the most profitable stock on the farm according to the amount of money invested.

Why not hold the next annual show in Provo?

W. W. BROWNING,  
President Utah Poultry Association.

### AT THE ACADEMY.

"Environment and Idea" was the subject of the lecture delivered by Professor Bimball at the summer institute on Wednesday afternoon. The speaker discussed the two theories, viz: that environment creates ideas, and that ideas are unconsciously colored by environments. The former theory was held to be incorrect and the latter true. It was further claimed, and proved by illustration, that one environment will negate another. It was argued then that the environment, as far as possible, should be of an elevating nature, applying this to the school, it was urged that the approaches to the school house should be made pleasant and attractive by vegetation, the school room should be decorated with flowers, bright pictures, etc. The teacher should be genial and pleasant. Another phase of the subject was considered, idea was placed in the lead. He who allows environment to control his ideas will never be a leader in his environment. The necessity of idea being predominant was made forcible. The idea of the teacher and the trustee must modify his environment for the better.

Professor Nelson set forth his ideas of what the schools of the territory should be and what he would try to make them if he were appointed commissioner of schools. If these views were concurred in by the trustees present they were asked to support the speaker for the position of school commissioner.

Professor Rees followed with a set of resolutions endorsing N. I. Nelson for the position of commissioner of schools, which was adopted by a rising vote, for or opposing, and many voting neither way. After a speech in favor of Dr. Park by D. H. Robinson of Pleasant Grove, a motion to reconsider was lost.

Dr. Hinsdale's afternoon theme was history. He commenced his lecture with a general talk on studies, devoting them into three groups, viz: guiding or information studies; disciplinary studies, and culture studies. They overlap to a certain degree, each group partaking somewhat of the nature of the other two. Reverting to history, it was classified primarily as a guidance or information study, and secondarily as a disciplinary and culture study. Its position in each of these groups was carefully and concisely noted. As a promoter of patriotism, history, together with literature, was given first rank.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder Most Perfect Made.

### Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

## Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

### CAUSE AND EFFECT.

No wonder that the sea is sad,  
Or that the ocean roars;  
The love tales they hear told and told  
Must be such awful bores.

From yachts and boats the story floats,  
All through the summer weather;  
From stream and strand, where hand in hand  
Walk man and maid together.

The lovers always like damp spots  
Wherein their vows to make,  
They mostly choose some brookside or  
Malaria giving lake.

The sweet, sly summer badlets come:  
Till numbers would appal;  
Perhaps each girl bears one youth rave—  
The waters hear them all!

Roar on, O sea! Laugh on, O stream!  
And murmur brooklet bubble,  
But don't you take to telling tales,  
Or you'll make lots of trouble!

### PERILS OF BULL FIGHTING.

It is an Easy Matter For Toreros to Meet a Violent Death.

One is accustomed to hear bull fighting denounced as both cruel and cowardly—cruel because of the suffering it inflicts upon animals, cowardly because the risk run by the bullfighter is infinitesimal. The first charge is absolutely correct, so far as it concerns the unfortunate horses. The second is equally false, as the tragic death of Espartaco should serve to teach the amateur critics who for the most part have never seen the spectacle they denounce in such unqualified terms.

If the Spaniards would only revive the original form of the sport they bore with the riding, not of wretched horses, only fit for the knacker and mounted by professional picadors, but of valuable horses, with "owners up," who would, of course, exercise their skill in trying to save their mounts—there would be little to be said against bull fighting on the score of cruelty.

As to the current sneers at the cowardice of the bullfighters, they are the outcome of sheer ignorance. One has but to witness the entry into the ring of a fresh caught Andalusian bull twice the size and weight of a lion, fully as fierce and almost as active under the hand of his trainer, and that a momentary loss of nerve, or judgment or of footing will probably mean instant death.

That terrible fighting "spar"—a Spaniard never talks of a bull's "horn" any more than an Englishman of a fox's "tail"—would make short work of any man who had not devoted the flower of his age to the study of the most perils of all forms of sport. Those who have seen such daring and accomplished toreros as Lagartijo or Frasuelo take the cloak from the hand of a subordinate and play with the infuriated beast as a child might with a kitten, knowing all the time that the slightest mistake would be fatal, cannot, if they speak the truth, refuse to admit that the combination of skill and courage is unparalleled. The perils of the plaza redem the sport from the charge of cowardice, though not, as it is at present conducted, from that of cruelty.—London Graphic.

### SIZE OF A WHALE'S THROAT.

One of the favorite arguments of the skeptic is that the Biblical story of Jonah and the whale cannot be true simply because the books on natural history say that such animals have very small throats. Appleton's American Cyclopaedia says, "The food of whales consists only of the smallest of the marine mollusks, a herring being the largest fish they can swallow." Chambers' Encyclopedia, in the article "Whales," says: "The gullet of whales is very narrow. It is said not to be more than 1 1/2 inches in diameter even in a large whale, so that only very small animals can pass through it." In McMillan's book on the zoology of the ocean, "The Sea and Its Depths," chapter 8, page 69, I find the following: "That the story of Jonah and the whale cannot be true is simply because such animals have, as a rule, very small gullets or throats which are inferred from the fact that there are certain species of the sperm whale now living that can swallow an object 2 feet in diameter. I myself was present at Linnæus when a buoy as large as a 12 gallon water cask, and greater in diameter than the chest and shoulders of a 200 pound man, was taken from the belly of a whale which was not more than two-thirds grown."—St. Louis Republic.

### MARVELOUS RECENTS.

From a letter written by Rev. J. Gundersman, of Dismal, N. H., we are permitted to make this extract: "I have had occasion in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist Church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results. Trial bottles free at Street Drug Co. Regular size 50c. and \$1.00.

An English curio collector has an old time watch which is shaped like a cow's horn. At the end of every hour it discharges a tiny pistol.

Happy the man who early learns the wide chasm that lies between his wishes and his powers.—Goethe.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder World's Fair Highest Award.

## EGGERTSEN.

### -A NEW IDEA-

We have many calls for

### Paper Patterns

And have concluded to keep them on an entirely new plan.

FIRST:

We will sell any pattern we have in stock at the uniform price of

### Ten Cents.

SECOND:

We shall not keep stock of hundreds of patterns, but every few days will receive new and selected designs in the usual sizes.

THIRD:

We will always have patterns of the Late's designs in Basque, Costume, Wraps, Tea Gowns and Children's Gowns.

FOURTH:

We want to secure the assistance of all our lady friends to help us make our plan a great success. And in return we will give them a first class article of latest design for one-third the price formerly paid for it.

### ANDREW EGGERTSEN, Mgr.

234 West Center Street, Provo.

## RESURRECTED.

## The Star Meat Market

Cheever Brothers, Proprietors.

IN BOSHARD & SAXEY'S, J Street, Provo.

All Meats In Their Season.

Only the Fattest Animals Slaughtered.

Will be glad to see all the old Patrons of the house.

### J. E. CHEEVER, Mgr.

## PAINTING, SIGNWRITING, PAPER HANGING

—AND—  
DECORATIVE WORK.

Having lately returned from the South; I am resuming Business in Provo.

Shops in the Rear of Excelsior Pharmacy

All Work Well & Promptly Done

## Henry J. Maiben.

## Furniture!

Carpets,

Wall Paper,

Pianos and Organs,

Universal Stoves and Ranges,

Crockery and Lamps.

at TAYLOR BROS. CO.

at TAYLOR BROS. CO.

at TAYLOR BROS. CO.

at TAYLOR BROS. CO.