

THE INTELLIGENCER.

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—WHEELING, VA.—

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1857.

WHAT WILL THE ARGUS DO?—We find the following item of news from Washington City:

"The Administration is triumphant over Secession and Nullification. Governor Wise supports the Kansas policy of Governor Walker, and the opposition is now confined to Georgia, Mississippi, and the Tennessee stronghold of Know Nothingism."

What will our Argus neighbor do about this split concerning Gov. Walker? "Under which king will he serve?" We think our neighbor has lately drawn in his horns somewhat about the Governor, but this is only a *think* of ours, and we feel anxious to know just what our neighbor thinks of Walker this 10th day of July, as contradistinguished from some hints which he threw out about him a few days ago.

"Times is not as they used to be, Mr. Wells: things are changed."

MAYOR WOOD OF NEW YORK.—In our New York exchanges, representing all creeds and politics, we notice that almost the entire press have abandoned even the semblance of an apology for the recent factious and treasonable course of Mayor Wood—the great rioter of that unhappy city. But one of the strangest things we have yet seen, is an open, unqualified account in one of the papers, of some of Mayor Wood's private transactions—which show him to be not only the degraded and unscrupulous politician which the world now know him to be, but which, as a man, are enough to outlaw him from any society making the least pretensions to morality. It is charged and proven by overwhelming testimony that he has been guilty of State prison offences, and from the punishment of which he now only escapes because of the statute of limitations. "Is this the man who was a drunken crew of 'Shoulder Hitters,' 'Bovary Boys,' 'Short Boys,' 'Dead Rabbits,' and all the rag and tag end of the city conspired to maintain in his resistance to the law of the land."

GOV. MARCY.—An obituary notice in the Philadelphia *North American* of the late Governor Marcy, written apparently by one who is acquainted with the facts of which he speaks, says that "a feeling of patriotism alone induced Gov. Marcy to retain his post in the late Administration when it departed from a line of accepted policy. More than once the propriety of resignation was seriously entertained, and only abandoned by a conviction that duty demanded his adhesion. The recognition of Padre Villi, in the face of a previous rejection of another minister from Nicaragua, gave him deep concern, since it appeared to compromise the good faith of the nation before the world. There are other occasions, more serious than this, which may not be revived at this time."

A LAYMAN EXAMPLE.—In one of Bayard Taylor's late letters from Northern Europe, he informs us that no Laplander is permitted to marry until he can read and write; the consequence of which is, as might be supposed, that though an indolent, vagabond, gipsying, dirty set of individuals, the whole of them are what may be called educated. There is a far-sighted policy in this law which might be followed in more genial regions than Finland with extraordinary success.

KANSAS A FREE STATE.—The Richmond (Va.) Enquirer, in the course of an article on the subject of Kansas, says: "Their is, we think, little doubt that the pro-slavery settlers have abandoned the idea of success." It goes on to argue that the admission of Kansas as a free State is an inevitable result, and one with which the South ought to be satisfied.

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REMARKABLE IN ENGLAND.—A Leipzig paper states a curious fact, that in the commencement of the 17th century, the singular custom of remarriage was prevalent. If a man was absent from home for a very long time, so that his wife had reason to believe him dead, she had a right to contract a second marriage. If it happened afterwards that the first husband returned, and wished to be established in his former position and rights, a remarriage took place between the long-suspended pair. As an instance, we copy the following entry from the church register at St. Mary's, in Bernersbury, for the year 1804:

"Record of solemn contract, between a man and his wife, who had long been separated by the absence of the husband, during which the wife had married a second time."

"On the man's part: 'Elizabeth, my well-beloved wife—I am sorely grieved that I have been so long absent from you, and that I have not been able to fulfill all my duties towards you, and my dear children. And henceforward I vow and promise, in the presence of God and these witnesses standing by, to take you again for my wife. I pardon you sincerely, and will for the rest of my life live with you, take care of you, and strive to fulfill all my duties towards you, as I promised at our first nuptials.'"

"On the woman's part: 'Ralph, my well-beloved husband—I am sincerely sorry that during your absence I took another man for my husband. But here in the presence of God and these witnesses, I discover and separate myself from him, and I vow and promise for the rest of my life to live with and keep to you only, and to fulfill all my duties towards you as I promised at our first marriage.'"

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"To Free-State men in particular! We wish to recommend this Northern route, running on free soil, through free States, and constructed by anti-slavery men. No Border Ruffian connected in any way with this road."

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We have only to point to the above named handbill a *fraudulent fabrication*, and we now offer a *liberal reward* for information which will identify either the *impostor who wrote*, the *press that printed*, or the *hands that have put it in circulation*.

The Mississippi Railroad is *truly national* in its character; makes no appeals to sectional or political prejudice; knows no North, South, East or West; and will prove itself to be the *broad highway of the States*, on which all, rich and poor, will travel with equal courtesy.

ISAAC WYMAN, General Western Agent O. & M. R. R.

EXTRAORDINARY BEE-HIVES.—The inmates of one of our largest up-town mansion houses, a few days since were surprised to find a large number of bees flying about in two of the upper rooms. As the little fellows continued to occupy the rooms and the adjoining flues, they proceeded to investigate the matter. On entering one of the rooms he exclaimed—"You have honey-comb here," and proceeded to search for it. On removing the fire-board he discovered that one flue of the chimney was full of honey comb, which was hanging down from the fire-place, and the bees were dropping from the top of the house to the chimney, he found the flue full of the comb to the top, and the bees still at work. In the other room he found it the same: one flue of the chimney was full of the comb, and the bees were industriously at work there also.

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