THE BULLETIN.

J. L. LOOMIS, - - - EDITOR.

FRIDAY, OCT. 11, 1867.

THE STATE FAIR.

The fourteenth annual Fair of the State Agricultural Society, held at Clinton last week, was a success in every respect—more successful, in fact, than any which preceded it. Whether we regard the perfection of the arrangements, the receipts at the gates, or the character of the exhibition itself, we shall have occasion to feel proud of our State and of her Agricultural Society. It was our pleasure to be on the grounds during the first three days of the Fair, and we could not fail to note the perfect system and harmony with which the complicated arrangements for the immense exhibition were carried out, and the efficiency and courtesy of the officers and employees in charge.

The grounds, comprising thirty-five acres of level plateau, are situated midway between the cities of Clinton and Lyons, and only a short distance from the Mississippi River. Entering the grounds from the east, we find a large portion of the area on the right partitioned off for a half-mile track, facing which, on the south, is a vast ampitheatre, capable of seating five thousand persons. To the front we discover the business offices, and still further on, suitable buildings for the exhibition of fruits, vegetables and the products of art. On the left, and extending half way around the area, are the stalls and pens for cattle, horses, hogs and sheep.

When we entered the grounds on Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 1st, and the first day of the Fair, the entries had been only partially made and the display in most departments was still very incomplete; but by Wednesday noon, nearly everything was in its place, ready for inspection and criticism. At 4 o'clock P. M. of Tuesday, Peter Melendy of Cedar Falls, the President of the Society, delivered the opening address, which will be found on our first page, and will speak for itself. The attendance, on Tuesday, was unusually large, for the first day. On Wednesday the crowd had increased very considerably, but only reached its culmination on Thursday, when it was estimated at over twenty thousand. On Friday the closing day, notwithstanding a cold and disagreeable rain, the attendance was estimated at ten thousand. The entire receipts of the Fair were $9,882.

We cannot undertake a detailed description of the several departments, but will endeavor to give a general idea of the merits of the exhibition in accordance with our immature judgment.

The display of cattle was not large, but choice, especially that of Durham stock. John Murphy, of New Mallery, took sixteen premiums on bulls and cows. Alferd Noble, of Monticello, took the first and second premiun on two year old cows, and the premium for the best buck.

Our friend, J. W. Myers, who was on the ground, called the display of sheep very fair, and took pains to point out specimens of the very first order, which would have done credit to any exhibition.

Of hogs we can only say that the number on exhibition was not large, consisting mostly of Chester Whites.

The famous horses of the State were at other Fairs, rendering the display less interesting than was expected. We do not deem it necessary to mention particularly the various trials of speed, as there was no remarkable time made, and it would be but a repetition of second rate figures. The racing, however, attracted considerable attention, and created some enthusiasm. In Northern Iowa, P. C. Yates, of Anamosa, took the first premium on two year old stallions, G. H. Barnum, of Marion, the first premium on matched carriage team, and J. S. Wolff, of Cedar Rapids, the first premium for horses "fast and far."

FLORAL HALL.

This was well filled with remarkably fine displays of both flowers and fruit. The array of dahlias, fuschias, roses, foliage plants &c., formed one of the most charming attractions of the fair, and was said to be far superior to anything before seen in the State. We were greatly pleased with the exhibition of fruit, especially in view of the worn out cry that Iowa is no fruit country. Several hundred plates of the finest looking apples from all parts of the State attested that *that* branch of fruit-culture, at least, is successful. G. A. Knowles of La Porte, Blackhawk county, displayed forty or fifty varieties of apples, many of them fine seedlings produced by himself. He also exhibited a plate of fine looking peaches, raised in the open air without protection to the trees, other than that afforded by the snow. Many fine specimens of pears were exhibited. The display of grapes was meager. Several of our cultivators could equal it. Mr. Knowles, of Black Hawk Co., received the second premium on winter eating apples.

FINE ART HALL.

The display in this hall was very attractive. It was especially rich in ornamental needle and knit work of every description, in specimens of ornamental penmanship and in the remarkable collection of snakes and insects presented by Dr. Shaffer, the Secretary of the Society. Any number of sewing machines could be heard constantly above the hum of conversation with their musical click, while occasionally the rich tones of the pianos and organs swelled out from the great central platform. The Davenport woolen mills displayed a large assortment of broadcloths, doeskins, Satinets, flannels &c., which attracted a great deal of attention. The perfection of these fabrics was the occasion of wonder to all who examined them. Among other curiosities was a soapstone stove, which is claimed as a vast improvement over any heretofore in use, for heating purposes. We noticed Charley Herrick's unique little curtain fixture on exhibition, as well as Pond's Iowa Corn Husker, which took the first premium.

VEGETABLE HALL.

The display of vegetables was the smallest, proportionately, of the Fair. Some remarkable specimens of egg plants attracted much admiration. Sweet potatoes and tomatoes were exhibited in profusion, while the display of Irish potatoes was remarkably meager. Other vegetables were there, but in small quantities.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

But the display of agricultural machinery, of all kinds, was said by those competent to judge, to be the most complete ever on exhibition in the West. It covered a half dozen acres, and comprised everything ever heard of in this line. Among the novelties were a separator which separates peas, oats, buckwheat, grass seed, wheat in three grades, and weed seed, as perfectly as they could be picked out with the fingers. This separator received the first premium. The Doty washing machine took the first premium out of a large number exhibited. A self-operating gate attracted much attention. William's excavator was the occasion of great curiosity. Several improved wind-mills were on exhibition. But we have no space to enumerate a tithe of the wonderful machines designed to economize labor.

IN GENERAL.

Several acres of the grounds were set apart for the use of hurdy-gurdy showmen, who doubtless paid the Society a round sum for the privilege. The incessant high-keyed-showman's oratory of their criers and of numberless venders of quack nostrums, together with the screeches of the hand organs and an occasional out-burst from a brass band concealed behind the mysterious canvas, lent life and spice to the occasion, opening the mouths and distending the eyes of multitudes of boys and "gals" who had come "for to see the sights."

Up to the last day the weather was exceedingly favorable, morning showers laying the dust for the day.

We must speak in very warm terms of the hospitality of the people of Clinton and Lyons. Unlike the citizens of Quincy at the Illinois Fair, they charged no exhorbitant prices, but throwing their doors wide open, entertained the vast multitude at moderate rates and in very many cases without charge. The hotels only charged $2.50 per day.

The next Fair will doubtless be held on the same grounds. A better or more accessable location could not be found in the State.

CLINTON.—While at the Fair we took occasion to "do" the city of Clinton pretty thoroughly, and confess to much suprise at its evidences of vitality and rapid progress. It now contains a population of about 5,000—a wonderful increase, which bids fair to be continuous. The city is adorned with fine business blocks, beautiful residences, wide streets and an abundance of shrubbery. It boasts the largest saw mill in America, besides other extensive saw mills and several grist mills. The North-Western Railroad Co. have a large round-house and one of the finest machine shops in the West, employing several hundred hands. The enterprise of the inhabitants crops out everywhere. The people of Clinton are evidently alive to their own best interests. They have recently purchased a steam fire engine—a beautiful machine which was exhibited on the fair grounds. We know of no City in Iowa whose prospects are more promising than those of Clinton.

STATE EDITORIAL CONVENTION.

A convention of editors of the State was held at Clinton on the third day of the fair, Oct. 3d. A business session was held on the morning of that day, at which between thirty and forty editors were present. The association was called to order by B. F. Gue, of the Fort Dodge Northwest, who briefly stated the object of the gathering. In the absence of the regular secretary, H. McAllister, of the Clinton Herald, was made Secretary pro tem.

The association then proceeded to the election of officers for the ensuing year, with the following result:

President—B. F. Gue, Northwest, Fort Dodge.

Secretary—Charles Beardsley, Hawkeye, Burlington.

Treasurer—F. M. Mills, State Register, Des Moines.

Reports of Treasurer and other officers were read and adopted, committees appointed and memberships paid by editors desirous of continuing members for the current year, after which the association adjourned till evening.

In the evening the association met at the Methodist Church and listened to a brief oration by Gen. Baker, and a poem written for the occasion by J. L. McCreery, after which the editors adjourned to an oyster supper prepared for them in Good Templars' Hall by the Clinton Air Light Company.

We confess to a good deal of disappointment at the result of the Editorial Convention at Clinton. It is true, we met under pleasant circumstances, renewed old and formed new acquaintances, and listened to a sound address and spicy poem; but we failed after all to accomplish anything of practical value to our profession. We had hoped measures would be taken to secure uniformity in rules of apprenticeship, to establish press advertising agencies, with fixed rates and commissions, in the various cities, and to induce a greater uniformity in the advertising rates of the press throughout the State. In short, we had hoped *something would be done*—that at least half a day would be spent in earnest consultation upon the business interests of the profession. We are not surprised that the Association has thus far had a precarious existence. Let it once appear that the interests of the profession are to be materially advanced through the Association, and it will not fail to receive both vitality and permanency.

The address of Adjt. Gen'l Baker before the Association was a master-piece of sound doctrine. It was received with many marks of approval. We shall publish it in our next issue.

The poem by J. L. McCreery contained many sparkles of wit and capitalhits.

We cannot close our comments on the Convention without reference to the hospitality of the citizens of Clinton. Their homes were freely opened to the fraternity, and if we may judge by our own experience, a more thoroughly warm hearted and genial hospitality would have been impossible. We shall not soon forget our pleasant sojourn at Clinton.

The State Horticultural Society.

The State Horticultural Society held interesting evening meetings for discussion, at Lyons, during the late Fair. We had the pleasure of listening to a very interesting discussion on grapes at one of these meetings, and received more practical information from the growers who gave their experience, relative to grape growing in Iowa, than we could have picked up incidentally in a twelve-month's reading. We shall endeavor to give an abstract of the several discussions of the Society, at as early a day as possible. We will only say at present, with reference to the grape, that the general result of the discussion was a recommendation of the Concord, as the most certain and profitable for general cultivation, and the Hartford Prolific, Clinton and Delaware next in order. The Delaware seemed the favorite as regards quality, although it is more uncertain in this State than the other varieties named. It does best in very rich soils, with a subsoil of clay mixed with sand. It does much better in the north than in the south half of the State.

For the Bulletin.

Fruit Culture in Delaware County.

DELHI, IOWA, Sept. 30, 1867.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—Amid the excitement of "reconstruction," "impeachment," "female suffrage," "license," and State and County elections, I see that you wisely reserve space for items of interest concerning our less exciting, but more important, home life and business; so I send you a few lines upon the old but ever-interesting business of fruit-raising in Iowa. In our own county apple-raising has been a costly, unremunerative experiment with many, and not, so far as I have heard, very successful with any; but it may be encouraging to know that, in a neighboring county, this business is a practical, largely remunerative success, that there are orchards here worth a small future, where one may see long rows of trees, laden with the richest of fruit, in all varieties, reminding one of the orchards of Illinois, Ohio, and New York.

Only this was necessary to make our beautiful Northern Iowa region equal to the best, and every citizen must rejoice that the obstacles to apple-raising have been overcome, and that orchards, equal to any in this latitude, east or west, are simply a question of time and care.

Near this place, in 1851, a large nursery was started; some of the trees were transplanted in the same field, in other places the superfluous trees were removed, leaving, altogether, an orchard of forty acres; the orchard was started in 1854 and 1855; it is owned by Judge Doolittle, who will harvest, this year, somewhere from 500 to 700 bushels of apples, much of it of the finest quality; his orchard has not reached one-third of its bearing capacity, a considerable number of the trees having been renewed, and being yet young, and none of them in full bearing.

In 1856, trees were taken from Judge Doolittle's nursery, and another orchard, now owned by Hon. J. M. Brayton, was started; the original number of trees was nearly a thousand, subsequently increased over two hundred; the late trees are not yet bearing to any amount.

Mr. Brayton this year has nearly or quite 600 bushels of apples; about half of them are of the finest quality, the rest inferior, mostly seedlings; a large portion of these would be marketed at fair prices, were they not worth more to manufacture into vinegar. Mr. Brayton's orchard has not reached more than one-third or one-fourth of its bearing capacity yet.

Mr John Porter has an orchard which, for uniform size and thrifty appearance of trees I have never seen excelled; it is smaller than the others mentioned, but he has 200 bushels or more this season.

There are several orchards I have not seen; Mr. McElmeel's producing 700 bushels or more; Mr. Helm's from 150 to 200; A. E. House's from 60 to 80, and some others. Mr. Stone, Dr. Boomer, Mr. Howe, Mr. Fleming, Mr. Penn, and others, also have smaller orchards, some of them raising, the present season, nearly or quite 100 bushels each. It is estimated that altogether, over 3,000 bushels of apples were raised in this township.

Judge Doolittle, Mr. Brayton, and Mr. Porter, have nurseries in connection with their orchards, where trees of the same varieties in their orchards may be procured; and no one who has been in their orchards this fall can doubt that in appearance and every other quality, their fruit is equal to any that can be produced in this latitude. It is the opinion of some farmers here, that the winter killing of trees has been largely caused by cultivating the orchards too much, so that the trees grow too fast and too late, leaving the trees too tender for our severe winter weather. Dr. Boomer is very certain that he lost a considerable portion of his orchard in that way, and that his trees have done much better since he stopped cultivating the ground. Quite as few trees have died in Mr. Brayton's orchard as in any, and the former owner neglected them entirely, professing to believe that they were worth nothing, and would come to nothing. Perhaps he would not think so, this year, to see all the fine apples sold at $1,50 per bushel, and the rest, including windfalls and decayed ones, made into vinegar so as to realize from $1,00 to $1,25 per bushel above expense of manufacturing.

A word in regard to future apple culture. In all our fruit-raising regions it has been the kinds that originated in that section that have thrived the best; it seems natural to suppose that such will be the case here. In the different orchards here there are seedling trees which produce apples equal or superior to the grafted trees by their side; and if these trees are propogated and developed, as they probably will be, into varieties having their origin on our own soil, a valuable advantage will have been gained in this very important branch of agriculture. H.

Letter from Winthrop.

WINTHROP, OCT. 8, 1867.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—Election day came in our township with sunshine and promise, and ended in storm and disgust,—disgust for the Salt River tourists, and storm for us unlucky ones who were compelled to delay our voting until afternoon. This matter of voting in this (Byron) township, or rather the place of voting, is one which, with the present arrangement, violates the good sense of any man possessing the least quantity of the same, who will take the trouble to consider the question. The situation is as follows: In an early day, when Winthrop slept in the "bosom of the future," the building known as the Brooks School House was selected as the proper place for holding the township elections. This, probably, was all as it should be, but things have a way of changing in this progressive age and country. Now three-fourths of the voters of Byron township receive their mail matter, market their produce and do their trading at Winthrop. Besides, we have a voting force of nearly or quite one-third the entire vote of the township at Winthrop. This vote is rapidly increasing; yet in spite of all these undeniable facts, a few selfish, narrow-minded men think we should go four or five miles, (with a fair chance of losing the road) to vote. We must also do the same to attend the primary meetings, which are, under the best circumstances, sadly neglected. If the day happens to be stormy, no place to put a team under cover, no place to quench natural thirst with a drink of water, and then when such a night as the last comes, no hotel for the miserable election board to stop in after their protracted labor in canvassing the vote. We also lose from ten to twenty votes entirely—men who cannot afford to lose half or a whole day's vote, or whose employers will not allow essential work to stop. We hope in time to see the nuisance abated, and believe our few friends who now oppose, will then approve the change.

Messrs. Bennett, Bentley & Co. have opened their fine new establishment, and from the rush of customers have already been dubbed the B s (bus) or bee hive of Winthrop. Speaking of the election reminds me that although the Democrats made some tall attempts to elect special candidates for town offices, yet the result shows that the material of the Republican party is too *dense* and faithful for any such nice little scheme to win.

Yours,

X.

Letter from Cono Township.

CONO TP., OCT. 7th, 1867.

Mr. Editor:—As you are receiving contributions from all parts of the County, perhaps a few lines from Cono, may be of some interest. Cono is in the south tier of townships in the county. It lies immediately south of Liberty, and west of Newton. In richness of soil, and beauty of location it is unsurpassed in this County. It is comparatively new in its settlement and improvement. At a very early day in the history of the County, there were a few persons in this section, but only within a few years has this township grown rich in wealth and population. Within the past three or four years there has been a tide of immigration to the settlements here of enterprising and hard working farmers, who are breaking up the prairies, and fencing, and building to such an extent and with such energy, that it is truly encouraging to the old settlers.

Those who have lived here for years are doing well now, and have been doing well heretofore, Mr. Burnham, an old settler, has a hundred or more acres under cultivation with an abundance of stock around him. Mr. Gould has been enlarging his tillable fields this year. Anson, Burner, Khun, Todd, Newell, Canfield, Hopkins Powles, Marcy, Cress, Briggs, Manson, and a host of others, are all apparently, and I think really doing well in the pursuit of farming. And Mr. Editor, what pursuit is there more honest, more pleasant, and more independent than farming. The lawyer is shrewd and active. He will always meet the farmer warmly, and always seeks the farmer's interest, yet it would be unsafe not to watch him while he so carefully guards the interest of the working man. The doctor is a traveling apothecary, who sometimes kills and sometimes cures. The blacksmith is oftentimes as hard in his charges as in muscle. The day laborer earns his livelihood by incessant toil. The merchant is very honest of course. The tailor cuts his suits too small, and keeps the pieces for his own use, and when he is promoted to President of the United States, he cuts his own throat politically. The speculator, what shall I say of him? He is a loafer, he is a thinker, he is a worker, he is a *cuss*.

But I began to write about Cono. In politics Cono is largely Republican. At every election this township rolls up an increased Union majority. To-morrow we will again cast our voice for the perpetuation of this government, and the triumph of the great principles of liberty.

There is quite a settlement of Germans in this township. They are industrious and peaceable farmers, and nearly all of them are getting rich. They are building a church which will be an ornament to the County, and an evidence of the faith and religious zeal of our German friends.

AGRICOLA.

Terpsichorean.

"On with the dance, let joy be unconfined;
No sleep till morn when youth and beauty meet,
To chase the glowing hours with flying feet!"

And catch a cold going home in the morning, that lingers for weeks, and perhaps end in a settled Pulmonary affection. When this is the case, first try all the nostrum preparations in the market, and when you find yourself growing continually worse, pay a dollar for a bottle of Dr. J. W. Poland's White Pine Compound, and find yourself *cured in twelve hours*. Sold by Smale & Goodfellow.

RIVALS FOR THE RAILROAD EXTENSION.

J. S. Kennedy, Esq., lately appointed Director of the Dubuque & Sioux City Railroad Co., arrived in this city last evening. He has come for the purpose of securing the right of way for the extension of the railroad from Iowa Falls to Fort Dodge.

It seems that the old company are going to try to build the road themselves, and not allow the Iowa Falls & Sioux City Railroad Co. to do it. Mr. Kennedy says his company will put the road right through. Of course they do not want the lands to pass out of their hands, and they propose to retain them.

Between the two companies it is very likely that the road will be built. Mr. K. proposes to commence operation immediately.—*Dub. Times.*

A teachers' institute for Bremer County will be held at Waverly the last week in this month. So says the *Phœnix.*

John G. Saxe delivers the first lecture of the Dubuque course, on Tuesday evening next.

The Decorah *Register* in its last issue gives an account of more threshing machine accidents. A man near Calmer got caught in the machinery and others of his companions who went to his rescue were severely injured. One man had his right thumb completely severed from the hand; another was entirely stripped of clothing, and considerably injured; while the third escaped with slight injuries. All we learn, the result of not complying with the law—the "Tumbling rod" not being boxed.

ADDITIONAL CARS.—The work of transferring freight cars from the Illinois Central road to the Dubuque & Sioux City road will be commenced to-day. The barge fitted up for the purpose is capable of taking 5 cars each trip. There are fifty cars to be transferred. Produce dealers in the towns west of us will be gratified at this announcement. There have been serious complaints for some time because of lack of shipping facilities. An increase of cars with increased ability to move them loaded with grain will greatly aid the people of the interior towns. We understand that within ten days arrangements will be completed for the transfer of loaded cars from the D. & S. C. road to the Illinois Central.—*Dubuque Herald.*

'EW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

Great Downfall in PRICES!

RIDDELL & FORRESTER

Have just received a Splendid Stock of

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

HATS & CAPS, BOOTS & SHOES

NOTIONS OF ALL KINDS,

Also a full line of GROCERIES.

WE WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF THE LADIES OF INDEPENDENCE AND surrounding country, to our fine assortment of

LADIES DRESS GOODS,

Consisting of Germania Silk-Striped.

POPLINS, ALAPACCA,
FRENCH MERINOS, All Wool DELAINES,
All Wool PLAIDS, LADIES CLOTH,
WATER-PROOF CLOTHS,

All kinds of Flannel for Childrens' Dresses; All kinds Flannel Shirting.

A Full Line of Hosiery, also Capes, Nubias, Shawls.

LADIES, REMEMBER THAT OUR WHOLE STOCK

Will be Sold at Greatly Reduced Prices!!

To the citizens of Independence and surrounding country, we would say, COME AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND GET OUR PRICES, BEFORE PURCHASING. We have a good assortment of

READY-MADE CLOTHING, OF ALL WOOL GOODS.

A choice lot of Piece Goods, all sizes of Hats & Caps, the Whitney Boots & Shoes, of the best quality and *Warranted*.

We have the best style Prints in this market. We are selling good Prints at 12½@19 cts.

We will not be Undersold by any Firm in this City.

REMEMBER THE PLACE--NEARLY OPPOSITE the POST OFFICE,

Riddell's Store!

n15tf RIDDELL & FORRESTER.

NEW AND VALUABLE

BOOKS

RECEIVED BY S. WAGGONER & CO.

DIAMOND DICKENS,

As Far as Issued, viz:

Pickwick Papers, Our Mutual Friend, David Copperfield, Nicholas Nickleby, Martin Chuzzlewit, Dombey and Son, Old Curiosity Shop, Little Dorrit, Bleak House.

Gail Hamilton's Wool Gathering.
Haye' Arctic Boat Journey.
Whittier's Tent on the Beach.
" Snow Bound.
Diamond Whittier; Diamond Tennyson.
Diamond Longfellow.
Longfellow's Dante,
Ecce Deus. Romance of the Republic,
Fuller's Small Fruit Culturist,
Gardening for profit,
Illustrated Library, Dickens,
Miss Mulbach's Historical Novels, etc.

New Books received as issued.

THREE DOORS WEST OF THE MONTOUR HOUSE.

ABSTRACT

—OF THE—

QUARTERY REPORT

—OF THE—

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF INDEPENDENCE, IOWA

Monday, October 7th, 1867.

RESOURCES.

Bills Discounted,		$58,417 18
U. S. Bonds deposited with Treas. to secure circulation,		50,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand,		5,900 00
Due from Nat. Banks and Bankers,		31,557 38
Premiums,		1,237 75
Furniture and Fixtures,		1,164 65
Current Expenses,		701 26
Cash on hand,	$19,840 55	
Compound Interest Notes,	8,870 00	
Revenue Stamps,	590 00	29,300 55
		178,278 77

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock,	$50,000 00
Surplus Fund,	3,666 96
Circulation,	43,500 00
Individual Deposits,	76,326 36
Profits and Loss,	4,785 45
	178,278 77

I. H. P. Brown, Cashier of the 1st National Bank, of Independence, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. P. BROWNE, Cash.

STAMP.

STATE OF IOWA,
County of Buchanan. } Sworn to and subscribed before me this seventh day of October, 1867.

JAMES JAMISON, Notary Public.

A. S. THOMAS. D. A. McOMBER.

THOMAS & McOMBER

Jesup, Iowa,

HAVING COMPLETED THEIR NEW Store, on

MAIN STREET,

Will open it on or about *October 10th*, with an entire

NEW STOCK

OF

Dress and Furnishing Goods,

NOTIONS AND GROCERIES,

Selected in the East by Mr. Thomas, with the greatest care, and with special reference to the wants of this market.

Mr. Thomas will be pleased to see his old friends and customers at the new stand, and it is the hope of the firm, that by

Prompt Dealing and Careful Attention to the wants of their Customers, both old and new,

They may merit and receive a fair share of patronage. n14:2w

Timber Land and Farm FOR SALE!

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE ten acres of Timber Land, situated near the Wapsie, about 3-4 of a mile from Otterville. The timber has been partly cut off and the lot will be sold cheap. Also a farm of 80 acres in Sec. 11, Byron Tp., 4½ miles from Winthrop Station, 39 acres plowed and the whole fenced, in common with another 80, with a post and rail fence. For particulars inquire of the subscriber at Independence.

n15tf E. P. BAKER.

GOOD NEWS AND NEW GOODS!!

SMALE & GOODFELLOW,

Caffall's Block, Independence,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LARGE LOT of

Medicines, &c.,

Which have been selected with great care, and bought for cash, and will be sold cheap for

UNCLE SAM'S GREEN PAPER,

Or its equivalent. We shall aim to keep

CONSTANTLY on HAND

AND OF THE BEST QUALITY,

A Full Stock of Drugs,

MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, Dye Stuffs,

WINDOW GLASS, BRUSHES, &C

Toilet Articles.

We have added largely to our stock of Fine Soaps, Perfumery, Hair Oils, and Hair Dressing Brushes, Combs, &c.

Patent Medicines.

We keep all the best Popular Remedies in quantities, to sell at wholesale or retail.

Physician's Prescriptions

Compounded at all reasonable hours.

A Full Stock of Wines and Liquors, for Medicinal Purposes.

Thankful for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon us, we solicit a continuance of the same.

GEO. SMALE. C. GOODFELLOW.

AWAY WITH SPECTACLES.

OLD EYES MADE NEW, *easily, without doctor or medicines.* Sent post-paid on receipt of Ten Cents. Address

Dr. E. B. FOOTE.
No. 110 Lexington Avenue, Cor. of East 28th st., N. Y.

AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES.

COMFORT AND CURE FOR THE RUPTURED. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 Cents. Address

Dr. E. B. FOOTE,
No. 110 Lexington Avenue, Cor. of East 28th st., N. Y.

n14:3m

CHICAGO BUSINESS HOUSES.

C. B. BROWN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT SEAMLESS

THIMBLE SKEINS

TIRE SHRINKERS,
TIRE BENDERS,
Mile's Patent Bolster Plates, &c.,
86 Lake Street,
CHICAGO, ILLS.

PALMER, FULLER & Co

Successors to

GOSS, PHILLIPS & CO.

SASH, DOORS & BLINDS

Lumber, &c.

Corner Clark & Twelfth Streets,
CHICAGO.

Field, Benedict & Co.

BROADCLOTHS

CASSIMERES

AND

VESTINGS,

AT WHOLESALE,

34 & 36 Lake St., Chicago.

J. BAUER & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

SILVER & BRASS

BAND INSTRUMENTS

Importers of all kinds of

Musical Instruments,

AND STRINGS,

Also Agents for KNABE & CO'S, and other first-class Pianos.

69 Washington Street, Chicago.
And 650 Broadway, New York.

I. WILLARD FOX

Manufacturer and Dealer in

WINDOW GLASS

PAINTS, OILS &c.

No. 94 Washington Street,
CHICAGO.

LIQUID STAR

★DYE COLORS

C. F. FUELLING'S

Prepared Dye Colors,

THE BEST IN USE.

SOLE AGENTS,

DIETZSCH, BLOCKI & CO. Wholesale Druggists

39 North Clark and 163 & 165 Kinzie Sts.

CHICAGO.

S. D. JACKSON & CO.

JOBBERS AND COMMISSION

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS

Notions, &c.

52 AND 54 WABASH AVENUE,
CHICAGO.

GILBERT, HUBBARD & Co.

DEALERS IN

TWINES & CORDAGE

Cotton & Flax Duck.

All widths and weights.

COTTON, FLAX & HEMP TWINES

Of every description.

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COTTON SEAMLESS BAGS,
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UNIVERSAL

SKIRT.

Patented May 20, 1867,

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AND

DUBUQUE SOUTHWESTERN

RAILWAYS.

JOINT TIME TABLE.

TO TAKE EFFECT WEDNESDAY, MAY. 8, 1867.

Going West. Time.	Miles.	Stations.	Miles.	Going East. Time.
10.00 A. M.	0	Dubuque	143	2 35 P. M
10 35	10	Julien	132	2 00
11.00	15	Peosta	123	1.35
11 20	19	Epworth	118	1.45
11.45	23	Farley June'n	113	12 50
12.15 P. M.	30	Dyersville	110	12.20
12.48	37	Earlville	103	11 52 A. M
1-05	41	Delaware	95	11.35
1.25	47	Manchester	91	11.15
2.00	54	Masonville	85	10.32
2.25	61	Winthrop	79	10.05
2.52	69	Independence	71	9.37
3.20	78	Jesup	63	9 10
3.50	87	Raymond	54	8 40
4.08	93	Waterloo	46	8.05
4.55	100	Cedar Falls	39	7.40
5.35	109	New Hartford	33	7.05
6.07	118	Parkersburg	23	6.35
6.25	123	Applington	15	6 15
7.00	132	Ackley	10	5.40
7.40	143	Iowa Fall	0	5 00
5.10	0	J'n C F & M R R	8	7 25
5.35	8	Janesville	6	6.55
6.00	6	Waverly	0	6.30
12.50	23	Farley June'n	56	11.35
1.20	30	Worthington	49	11.05
1.55	37	Sand Spring	42	10.35
2.25	43	Monticello	36	10.05
2.45	47	Langworthy	32	9.45
3.20	54	Anamosa	25	9.15
4.05	61	Viola	18	8.35
4.25	65	Springville	14	8.20
5.00	73	Marion	6	7.45
5.30	79	Cedar Rapids	0	7 20

D. S. W. R. R. Trains Connect at Farley with D. & S. C. R. R. Trains East and West.

D. S. W. R. R. Trains Connect at Farley with D. & S. C. R. R. Trains East and West; also, at Cedar Rapids with C. N. W. R. R. Trains, East and West.

J. P. FARLEY, Sup't.

THE GREAT NEW ENGLAND REMEDY!

DR. J. W. POLAND'S

WHITE PINE COMPOUND.

THE WHITE PINE COMPOUND CURES

Sore Throat, Colds, Coughs, Diphtheria, Bronchitis, Spitting of Blood, and Pulmonary Affections generally. It is a remarkable Remedy for Kidney Complaints, Diabetes, Difficulty of voiding Urine, Bleeding from the Kidneys, Bladder, and Gravel.

"It was early in the spring of 1855 that this Compound was originated. A member of my family was afflicted with an irritation of the throat, attended with a disagreeable cough. I had for some months previous thought that a preparation, having for its basis the inside bark of white pine, might be so compounded as to be very useful in the case of the throat and lungs. To test the value of it in the case alluded to, I compounded a small quantity of the medicine that I had been planning, and gave it in teaspoonful doses. The result was exceedingly gratifying. Within two days the irritation of the throat was removed, the cough subsided, and a speedy cure was effected. Soon after this I sent some to a lady in Londonderry, N. H., who had been suffering for some weeks from a bad cough, occasioned by a sudden cold, and had raised mucus streaked with blood. She soon found relief, and sent for more. She took about ten ounces of it, and got well. J. B. Clark, Esq., editor of the Manchester *Daily Mirror*, made a trial of the same preparation in the case of a severe cold, and was cured immediately. He was so highly pleased with the results, and so confident of success attending its sales if placed before the public, that he finally persuaded me to give it a name and send it abroad to benefit the suffering."

Testimonials.

A very large number of important testimonials have already been received from Physicians, Clergymen, Apothecaries, and, indeed, from all classes in society, speaking in the most flattering terms of the White Pine Compound.

Dr. NICHOLS, of Northfield, Vt., says:

"I find the White Pine Compound to be very efficacious not only in coughs and other pulmonic affections but also in affections of the kidneys, debility of the stomach, and other kindred organs."

Rev. J. K. CHASE, of Rumney, N. H., writes:

"I have for years regarded your White Pine Compound as an invaluable remedy. I can truly say that I regard it as even more efficacious and valuable than ever. I have just taken the Compound for a cold, and it works charmingly."

From JAMES J. HOYT.

BRADFORD, N. H., September, 1865.

DR. POLAND: In the Fall of 1861 I took a very violent cold, which brought on a very severe cough, pain in the side and lungs, and raising blood. I was also very badly afflicted with that troublesome disease—the Kidney Complaint. For the three years past I have been very much troubled with my throat and lungs, choking up and raising at times at night, with a bad cough after raising blood. I felt that my time here must be short unless I soon got relief. This Spring, I was induced to try your White Pine Compound, though my faith in it was small. But to my astonishment, before I had taken two bottles my cough was better, the Kidney trouble also, and I could rest nights without choking up and raising so much. I have taken nearly three bottles, and am feeling like a well man.

I would add that my father's family is inclined to consumption, my father, mother, and two sisters having died of it.

The White Pine Compound, advertised at length in our columns, is not only as to its name inviting, but is a highly approved medicine. Dr. J. W. Poland, the inventor, has the confidence of the many who know him, a confidence which he enjoyed while laboring usefully many years as a Baptist minister. His experience as a sufferer led him to make experiments which issued in his medical discovery.—Boston Watchman and Reflector.

A VALUABLE MEDICINE.—Dr. Poland's White Pine Compound, advertised in our columns, is a successful attempt to combine and apply the medicinal virtues of the White Pine bark. It has been thoroughly tested by people in this city and vicinity, and the proprietor has testimonials to its value from persons well known to our citizens. We recommend its trial in all those cases of disease to which it is adapted. It is for sale by all our druggists.—New York Independent.

The White Pine Compound

Is manufactured at the NEW ENGLAND BOTANIC DEPOT, 106 Hanover Street, Boston.

GEORGE W. SWETT, M. D., Proprietor.

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SALERATUS.

Sold only by

LAWTON & CURTISS.

What is the Cause of Disease? Impurity of the blood. Therefore, as it is acknowledged by every body that Dr. Strickland's Purifying Anti-Bilious Pills will purify the blood, by regulating the stomach, liver, kidneys, and bowels, they will cure Habitual Costiveness, Headache, Sleepless Nights, Bilious Complaints, Bad Taste in the Mouth,

FIRST CLEANSE THE SYSTEM

Giddiness, Boils, Blotches, and all Cutaneous Diseases. They are a mild and safe pill, do not gripe, and may be taken with safety by either the young or old. They act gently on the liver, and remove all viscid concretions of the stomach and bowels. Dr. Strickland defies any body to make a better Family Medicine. Sold by Druggists at twenty-five cents per box.

Dr. Strickland's TONIC may be called upon as a speedy cure for Dyspepsia, Debility, and Nervous Diseases. It creates a good appetite, restores the digestive organs, (giving tone to the stomach,) and strengthens the nervous system. The Doctor has thousands of letters enthusiastically recommending

THEN STRENGTHEN IT.

his Tonic; one is from the well-known Captain Brennan, of Cincinnati, who says it has cured him after suffering over twelve years. It is not a whisky compound, but is especially for the weak, and nervous. Those suffering will find this an excellent preparation. It is sold at Drug Stores, at one dollar per bottle. Try it, if you wish to be relieved.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS

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The Most Successful Medicines in the World.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism and Fever and Ague.

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Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors, Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

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NEW STORE & New Goods!

OWING TO THE LARGE INCREASE IN my business, I have been compelled to enlarge my Store, and from long experience, I am convinced that

Large Sales and Small Profits

Is the great secret of success, and I shall conduct my business

STRICTLY UPON THAT PRINCIPLE,

AND SHALL

SELL GOOD GOODS, And never have but one Price, and that as low as any House In this part of the State.

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The largest and BEST STOCK of Clothing just received, and will sell them Cheaper than the Cheapest, as I have bought directly of the manufacturers, and will not be undersold. As I wish to build up a Clothing trade, I am willing to give a man such inducements that he cannot help but purchase when he sees the goods.—Also a large stock Gents furnishing goods. All sold at the lowest prices.

The simple fact of my goods being marked in plain figures, thus, 50 cts. 1.00, 1.50, &c., should be enough to convince any one of the importance of an investigation of my system, the simplicity of my whole arrangement is such that a child can buy goods of me at the same price as the most experienced, as my prices are the same to all.

I also feel it due the citizens of Buchanan Co. to caution them against the numerous reports and devices used to misrepresent and injure my business.

My goods are much better than ever before, and my stock this season, besides being large and well assorted, consist mostly of New Goods, bought at low prices.

Remember before you buy Clothing, that I have a room fitted up expressly for it, up stairs.

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If You Want Low Prices, Go to PALMER'S.

IF YOU WANT GOOD

TEAS

Go to PALMER'S

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Go to PALMER'S.

If You want more SUGAR for One Dollar than you can get anywhere else,

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DRY GOODS!

Go to PALMER'S.

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Boots & Shoes,

Go to PALMER'S.

IF YOU WANT

HARDWARE,

Go to PALMER'S.

If you want any kind of

FARMING TOOLS,

Go to PALMER'S.

IF YOU WANT

Lumber

Go to PALMER'S.

If You want DOORS, BLINDS, WINDOW-SASH, Go to PALMER'S.

If You have any kind of Grain to exchange for Green Backs,

Go to PALMER'S.

If You wish to put your Grain in Store free of Charge for Thirty Days,

Go to PALMER'S.

If you wish to have your Grain Shipped and weights guaranteed and a liberal advance upon it,

Go to PALMER'S.

If you have good Wheat for Milling see Palmer before selling, as he has completed arrangements with Mills East and can always pay the highest price

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If you break down your Reaper, Mower or Thresher, he will furnish all necessary repairs on short notice.

In fact if you wish anything in my line please call and see it Small Profits and Quick Sales is not lived up to

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