

DAILY EVENING BULLETIN.

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MAYSVILLE, KY., SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1883.

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THE LABOR COMMOTION.

PITTSBURG, May 4.—The coal miners' strike has developed nothing particularly new to-day. The miners are all confident of success, while the operators manifest no uneasiness as to the final result, and claim that two weeks will see a greater part of the miners working at the three-cent rate. The miners suggest that the difference between employers and employes be settled by an appeal to the process set forth in their voluntary trades' tribunal act, and ask that the operators petition the court for license for a tribunal. Secretary Flannery says if they do this the miners will assent promptly, as they do not want to strike, but feel it their duty to resist any encroachment of capital on their rights. If the operators refuse to petition the miners will petition themselves. An official call for an inter-State convention of miners here on May 15 was issued.

The printers of this city, connected with the Knights of Labor, have presented a yearly scale of wages demanded in the offices of the Dispatch, Commercial-Gazette, Times, Telegraph, and Chronicle. The scale maintains last year's rates, but demands that "weekly men" be dispensed with in newspaper offices. The middle of the present month is the time when the scale goes into effect.

The status of the fanners' and plasterers' strike is unchanged.

WILKESBARRE, May 4.—The cigar manufacturers agreed to pay the allowance asked. The strikers then asked \$1.50 per 1,000 for mixed cigars. Non-unionist workmen are expected.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 4.—The second conference of the iron manufacturers and the Amalgamated Association committees lasted only fifteen minutes. President Jewett, on behalf of the workmen, stated that no reduction in wages would be accepted. The manufacturers made no response, but moved to adjourn *sine die*, which was done. Both committees held secret meetings later, but declined to divulge proceedings. The workmen profess to believe that the manufacturers will withdraw the demand for reduction before June 1, and that no strike will issue. The manufacturers state that the workmen are mistaken in this view of the case, and that if a reduction of from 19 to 20 per cent. is not accepted the mills will shut down June 1, and remain closed until the workmen come to terms. The manufacturers freely state that they expect a strike, and have booked no orders for delivery after June 1. The feeling of the general public is gloomy. Nearly 100,000 men are employed in mills of the West, including laborers, and their idleness will greatly increase the depression of trade.

Losses by Fire.

The frame hotel at Danville Junction, Ill., owned by the Indianapolis, Bloomington & Western Railway Company, burned Loss, \$20,000; fully insured.

At Malone, Ill., a brick building occupied as a hotel, and owned by Mrs. R. Hansler, was burned Wednesday morning. Loss, \$10,000; insurance, \$6,000.

At New Brunswick, N. J., Hoffell, Totten & Co.'s lumber yard was damaged by fire to the extent of \$20,000. Five horses were burned. It is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

The barn and contents, 800 bushels of corn, some wheat and hay, two wagons, buggies, and farm implements, belonging to J. B. Ford, at Lancaster, O., were destroyed by lightning Wednesday evening. The loss is over \$2,500. The insurance ran out two days before.

A fire at Racine, Wis., in the Masonic block, damaged the stock of C. C. Brown, hatter, to the amount of \$15,000. Insured for \$13,500.

A fire broke out Wednesday night in the store of Rutledge & Bros., at Tullahoma, sixty-nine miles out on the Nashville & Chattanooga road; destroyed thirty houses, including the railroad depots, telegraph, and express offices.

At Ft. Fairfield, Me., a fire Wednesday night turned twelve families into the street. Nine stores and shops were burned. It is impossible to estimate the losses at present. All are partially insured. Everything is burned from the school-house to the postoffice building.

At Peterboro, N. H., the Barker Paper Mill, owned by Sylvester Tenny, burned Wednesday night. It was run by Clark & Jacobs, of Worcester, Mass., who lose their entire stock.

At Burlington, Iowa, the South Hill street car stable burned, with twenty horses, cars, etc.; also the two adjoining residences. Nothing was saved. The loss was \$20,000, with the insurance light.

Military Prizes.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 4.—For the August military encampment, \$5,000 in prizes will be offered, as follows: Free for all infantry drill, \$1,000 first and \$700 second; State infantry drill, \$400 first and \$200 second; best infantry company organized in the State since the last encampment, \$100; free for all cavalry drill, \$300; State cavalry drill, \$300 first and \$150 second. There will be other prizes of banners for disciplinary excellence.

GERMANY'S ANTI-FAT.

A Dallying Congress Responsible for Germany's Action.

Not of Much Account Anyway—We Can Use Our Own Pork if Bismarck Is Afraid.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Minister Sargent writes the Department of State from Berlin, under date of April 13, "that, in consequence of reports published in the continental press that an alarming outbreak of trichinosis, caused by eating American pork, had occurred among the garrison at Tilsit, Germany, he had instructed the nearest consular officer to make an investigation and report the facts. The published statements were positive as to the source of the disease, and stated that thirteen deaths had already occurred. On examination it was found that fourteen cases of trichinosis occurred among the soldiers of the garrison at Tilsit, all very slight, and that all persons attacked had been restored to health. The meat which produced the disease was not issued to the soldiers in their garrison rations, and beyond that there was no evidence whatever as to its origin. It is probable the meat was the native raw product so largely consumed among the lower classes in Germany.

CHICAGO, May 4.—Herman Raster, editor of the Staats Zeitung one of the ablest and most influential journals of its class in this country, contends that the action of Germany is due solely to the failure of the American Congress guarding against such a move. He states that a few weeks before Congress adjourned he had a certain resolution introduced, to the effect that the President should be empowered, in case any foreign country prohibited the importation of American products before the meeting of the next Congress, to retaliate by prohibiting the importation of the products of that country, but Congress adjourned without taking action. "The mere threat of retaliation would have been sufficient to have prevented any such law being thought of," said that gentleman.

Philip D. Armour, one of the most extensive packers in the West, asserts that the prohibition of American pork by Germany has a barely visible effect upon trade, in comparison with other foreign shipments, but he expresses a hope that the United States will adopt retaliatory measures, as the policy of the German Government is manifestly arbitrary and not honest.

UNHAPPY POLK.

He Is Again Arrested, and Postpones a Little Trip.

NASHVILLE, TENN., May 4.—Marsh T. Polk, Ex-State Treasurer, in whose accounts a deficiency of \$100,000 was discovered by a Legislative Committee last January, and with the story of whose flight, capture in Texas and return to Tennessee the public are familiar, was arrested yesterday morning by authority of a capias issued by Judge Allen, of the Criminal Court. The arrest was made on account of information received by Judge Allen to the effect that Polk was making arrangements to leave the country, and also on account of the insufficiency of the bond of \$20,000 for his appearance for trial. Sheriff Moore did not take Polk to jail, but assigned him to the custody of a special deputy. When he was released from jail, on the ground that further confinement would kill him, he went to his residence, in this city, and remained there for several weeks. At the end of that time he appeared on the street looking very much improved. His health seems to be very good at present. He spends nearly all his time with intimate friends, but rather shuns most of his acquaintances. It is not known what Judge Allen will do with the case, but it is believed he will increase the bond, which will be given by his friends.

Nashville Races.

NASHVILLE, May 4.—In the first race Thursday of one mile and one eighth Myriad, Mayonaise, Tilford, Standiford, Keller, and Pearl Thorn started. Mayonaise got off in front, Tilford second, and Keller third. Keller won hands down by three lengths from Tilford, second; Mayonaise, third, with two lengths between the second and third. Time, 2:14.

In the second race, of one mile, Alex. Ament, Pope Leo, Malvolio, George Hakes, Joe Shelby, Carson, Hattie Harris, and Von Moltke started. Ament won by a neck; Pope Leo second, and Joe Shelby third. Time, 1:44.

In the third race, mile heats, Major Hughes, Wallensee, Maniton, Rapture and Twilight started, and Rapture won the first heat in 1:47, Hughes, the favorite, fourth, and the second and third heats were won by Major Hughes in 1:46 and 1:51.

In the fourth race, five-eighths of a mile, Granite, Jennie M., Billy Gilmore, Bridget, Laura Gould, Bob Miles, Tally-Ho and Virginia Wallace started, and Granite won, Bob Miles second, Laura Gould third. Time, 1:05.

Terror-Stricken Chinamen.

Steamer Grappler Burned at Sea, and Headed for Shore.

One Hundred Passengers, Principally Chinamen, Become Frantic With Fear—Serious Loss of Life.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—News of the burning of the steamer Grappler was brought to Nansime, B. C., by John McAllister. She burned four miles off Seymour Narrows, on Sunday night. When the fire was discovered one hundred passengers, principally Chinamen, were all in bed. The fire was back of the boiler connections. The engineer started the donkey and connected the hose. By this time the passengers were warned. The excitement became intense. The Chinamen behaved like maniacs. Utterly uncontrollable, they seriously impeded the action of the officers. The captain ordered all to be shot who refused to obey orders. Notwithstanding this, the Chinamen rushed backward and forward on the vessel until it was found necessary to knock some of them down and carry them below, and others were ironed. All this time the fire was gaining. The efforts to control it became unavailable, and the captain ordered Pilot Franklin to head the steamer for the Van Courver shore, and beach her. As soon as the sails were struck boats were lowered. The excitement was so great that the Chinamen jumped into the boats, swamping them. Owing to the intense smoke, those who could swim didn't know in which direction to strike out, and, surrounded by a mass of struggling Chinamen, were drowned.

SUDDEN DEPARTURES.

A Black Friday, and the Hangman Chief Operator.

TRENTON, GA., May 4.—D. F. Walker one of the Hangman murderers, was hanged here to-day. After his trial and conviction, and the reading of the verdict, Walker was taken back to jail, where his heart-broken wife flung herself upon him, weeping bitterly; but this devoted creature leaped from him with the cry: "Go away—I don't want to hear any of that sort of music." Walker was hanged at 12:40 p. m. He was visited in his cell this morning by two ministers, and for the first time since he was sentenced he asked that they would pray for him. The ministers remained in the cell for two hours, when Walker professed religion and said his sins were all forgiven and he was ready to die.

The gallows were erected about one hundred yards in the rear of the jail, and was fitted with the ordinary trap. Special trains were run on the Alabama & Great Southern to accommodate the vast multitude, who witnessed the execution. The crowd was variously estimated from 8,000 to 10,000. Walker met his death unflinchingly.

GAINESVILLE, FLA., May 4.—The crime for which John Lee, colored, was hanged here to-day was the murder of Joseph Crockett several months ago. Nobody had a word of sympathy for the condemned man, and no efforts were made to save him from the gallows.

LINCOLN, NEB., May 4.—Jack Marion has been convicted of murder in the first degree for killing John W. Cameron eleven years ago. The men were farmers and neighbors, and Cameron disappeared. His skeleton was found on the prairie a year later. The trial occupied two months.

JACKSON, MISS., May 4.—News comes from Summit that Amos Baily, colored, who murdered Mr. J. Cain, near Little Springs, was taken out by a mob last evening and hanged.

Ought to Dig Another Cellar.

BETHEL, O., May 4.—Quite an excitement prevails over this quiet little town since last evening. In digging a cellar for the foundation of a house here yesterday, about six or eight feet below the surface of the street, a brick wall six or eight feet square was struck by the workmen. About 6 o'clock, Mr. R. M. Town, owner of the property, not satisfied with the find, went to digging himself on it, and found an old kettle, supposed to be some 100 years old, filled with Spanish silver dollars, and to his surprise found \$638, all in good, hard money. None can make out how it ever came there, it being covered with solid dirt. The belief is that a family must have been buried in there some 100 years ago.

Captured Indian Rebels.

LITTLE ROCK, May 4.—A telegram from the Indian Territory reports that Spiechee, the Creek Indian rebel, having failed to go to Fort Gibson, as he promised Captain Bates, of the United States Army, he would do, the latter arrested him and two of his chiefs, Suckabatch and Harjo. Spiechee's band then scattered, but were pursued by troops and sixty-five of them, together with a large number of women and children, were captured and taken to Fort Gibson. This has completely broken up the disaffected faction, and no further trouble is apprehended from them.

FOREIGN BUDGET.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, May 4.—The statement is made that the Irish member of Parliament by whom Tynan was introduced to Alexander Gow & Co., the Farrington Road lithographers, was a "courteous gentleman with blonde hair," which would characterize Parnell. It is only within a week that Gow & Co. have known that their salesman was the suspected "Number One," and the discovery was only made by accident, one of the firm seeing Tynan's portrait reproduced in an illustrated paper and recognizing it as did the employes, as soon as it was shown to them. It seems that a year ago his movements attracted so much attention from the police on his trips between England and Ireland that he was arrested no less than three times, but was released on the display of his lithographic samples and his credentials as the authorized traveling agent for a responsible firm doing a legitimate business in Ireland.

DUBLIN, May 4.—Lawrence Hanlon, who was placed on trial yesterday on a charge of attempting to murder Juror Dennis Field, was found guilty this morning and sentenced to penal service for life.

Fitzharris, who was indicted yesterday as accessory to the murder of Cavendish and Burke after the fact, was arraigned this morning and pleaded not guilty.

The man Hawkins, who it was stated, would be arraigned to-day with Kingston and others, on a charge of conspiracy to murder Poole, has been discharged.

England.

LONDON, May 4.—A report was in circulation here to-day that the Government had received a cable dispatch from New York stating that Walsh and Sheridan have been arrested by the American authorities.

LONDON, May 4.—At a conference of the members of the Irish Nationalist party in London it was resolved to organize a fund for the relief of the families and persons who have fled the country or been arrested in connection with the murder trials in Ireland and generally under the Crimes Act. It is computed that six hundred families have been rendered destitute by flight or the incarceration of their bread winners. An address will be issued to the Irish Nationalists in America and the British Colonies appealing for contribution to the proposed fund, and delegates will be sent thither to set forth the need for speedy assistance.

Germany.

CONSTAD, May 4.—A building used as a manufactory of explosives has been discovered here. Several naval officers who are said to have been concerned in the manufacture of explosives, have been arrested.

Getting Very Near Home.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 4.—There is no truth in the London rumor that the United States Government consented to extradite Lyman, Walsh, and Sheridan. The state department has not received any communication upon the subject.

New York, May 4.—It is said that the necessary affidavits to secure the extradition of Lyman, (No. 1.) have been here for nearly two weeks.

Diligent search for Sheridan and Walsh, who have been indicted in Dublin for the murder of Cavendish and Burke, was made to-day, but neither could be found. Irish circles here are considerably excited by the news, and it is said that, should the British Government cause their arrest a vigorous fight will be made in the law courts here by their friends. No person seems to know anything in regard to Tynan's movements. The latter, it is said, is also indicted for participation in the same crime.

Courting With Death.

COPENHAGEN, May 4.—A Danish Arctic expedition has started for Greenland for the purpose of exploring that country.

War Clouds.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Assistant Secretary of State Davis, in an interview to-day, said he would not deny that the question of extraditing Sheridan, Tynan and Walsh had been brought to the attention of the State Department by the British Government. He declined, however, to disclose the nature of the communication, or impart any information concerning the discussion on the subject by the President and Cabinet. "No information," he said, "will be given to the press on the subject until the President and Secretary of State have had a final conference, and reached a definite conclusion."

A Shocking Crime.

OMAHA, NEB., May 4.—Frank Meystrick, living near the city limits, drove his wife and children from the house into a beating storm, set fire to the dwelling, then mounted guard with a shot-gun and kept the neighbors at bay until the building was consumed with the contents, incurring a loss of \$2,500. Meystrick is insane and will be taken to an asylum.

Large Gains for Mrs. Gaines.

NEW ORLEANS, May 4.—In the case of Myra Clark Gaines against the city of New Orleans, the report of the Master in Chancery was confirmed and interest added. Mrs. Gaines gets a judgment against the city for \$1,925,667.

STRIKING CELESTIALS.

The Chinese Base Ball Club Disbanded.

PHILADELPHIA, May 4.—John Lang, a base ball expert, who recently devised the brilliant idea of raising a Chinese base ball nine, is in trouble with his celestial employes, and seems to be temporarily checked in his enterprise. He secured players, uniformed them, drilled them into a passable knowledge of the game, and was about to exhibit them to an admiring public when there was a strike. The Mongolian, quick to adopt the customs of his adopted country, discovered that he had the whip hand, and demanded an advance. His engagement had been to receive \$10 a week and pay his own expenses, but three of the players wanted \$15 and the others \$12 each per week. This was granted, and all was apparently fixed, when they struck again, the eighth time for \$20 a week for nine men and \$10 for the substitutes, together with hotel and laundry expenses. There were in all nine strikes. Even this extortionate demand was acceded to, and then Lang asked them to give security on their part for the proper performance of their contract. They produced a bondsman who was willing to be security as far as one week's pay (\$190) was concerned, and here the arrangement came to an end, and Lang left the Chinese players to their own devices. He says if anybody wants to take them without security he is willing to tell him where to find them, but as for himself, he considers them altogether too tricky to deal with unless he has bonded security.

Cable Under the Pacific.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 4.—A company is being formed in San Francisco, with holders of large blocks of stock in New York and Boston, to be known as the "Pacific Cable Co." It is proposed to lay a cable in a direct line from San Francisco to Yokohama. The Alta, speaking of the enterprise, says: The choice of routes of a Pacific cable is an important question that has never been satisfactorily settled. A line from Alaska to Japan would be much shorter than any other, and as the resistance experienced in working a cable is in proportion to its length this is an important consideration. Unless recent advances have entirely removed former obstacles, a direct line from San Francisco to Yokohama or Japan without intermediate landing place could now be worked with profit. As to any obstacles that might arise from carrying the line into such a high latitude as Sitka, we judge that they can not be serious, since only a few years ago it was proposed on good scientific authority to construct a line from Europe to the United States, via Iceland and Greenland, in order to avoid the difficulties encountered in direct connection across the Atlantic. Some of the Australian colonies had enterprise enough to offer subsidies for the laying of duplicate cables on several routes, but as subsidy is a tabooed word in the United States, we can only trust it will be made apparent that the enterprise would be sufficiently profitable without Government aid.

Where Is Josie?

NEW YORK, May 4.—An effort was made here by one of the papers not long ago to learn whether there was any truth in the story that Josie Mansfield was in reality the woman who succeeded in enslaving the aged and silly Prince Gortschakoff, and almost succeeded in marrying him and in whose house the old fellow died. So far as could be learned, there is no reason for believing that Mansfield is the woman. Stokes, it is claimed by his friends, knows nothing about her whereabouts. They say it is a matter of the profoundest indifference to him what has become of her. She seems to have cut loose entirely from this western continent, and to have made Paris her headquarters. Dan Strauss, who is middleman between the billiard-player Vignaux and the English language, says that he saw Josie Mansfield not long ago in Paris. Charlie Pa. kus also affirms that he has seen her in that city since her last appearance in New York. Her exploits are occasionally recalled to those who remember how she looked, by photographs sometimes found for sale in the stock of street vendors, representing a rather ample party reclining on a couch, with her head nestling upon her own substantial arm.

The Soldiers Can Wait.

FORT WORTH, May 4.—Information has reached here that Major Wesson, army paymaster, had been robbed of his valise, containing \$24,000 in currency, while occupying a sleeper on the Texas & Pacific Railroad, near Sweetwater, Sunday last. The officer was on his way to pay the troops at Fort Bliss. He is now at Colorado City, and gives only an indefinite account of the affair.

Republican Committee Chairman.

COLUMBUS, May 3.—At a meeting of the State Central Republican Committee to-night Hon. H. G. Wolcott was selected as Temporary Chairman, and C. H. Gray as Temporary Secretary of the forthcoming Republican State Convention. The gentlemen were nominated by the Central Committee and confirmed by the Executive Committee.