COXEY IS NEAR AT HAND

His Army Meeting with No Serious Marching Trouble.

CITIZEN TRAIN IN THE COURTS

The Globe Trotter Has a Short Experience with a Police Justice, Is Discharged and Then in Big Disgust Leaves for New York to See the Children.

GAITHERSBURG, Md., April 27,-The journey of the army to-day, though over good roads, was made more than usually weary because of the succession of high hills and deep valleys over which the roadway lay. A halt was made for ten minutes rest at Clarksburg, which is a little huddle of houses on either side of the old pike road. The men scattered to the sides of the road, throwing themselves on the grass, while the villagers came out to stand and idly stare. One of them approached Coxev's phaeton,

"Are you Gen. Coxey?" asked the Mary

"My name is Coxey," responded the leader. "Well, ain't you going to make us a little speech here?" drawled the Clarksburger.

Why, certainly," said the leader, and straightway he stood on the seat of his phacton, and when the people had gathered near, he declared his beliefs and purposes in a talk of ten minutes. To watch the effect on his hearers was exceedingly interesting. On well-nigh every face when Coxey began was an expression of curious interest or of toler-

ant skepticism.

Whatever Mr. Coxey is or is not, his manner of speech is effective. There can be no doubt of the man's earnestness. He believes what he says, and he says what he thinks with the he says, and he says what he thinks with the eye and utterance of candor. So it was today as it was yesterday in the street of Hyattstown. His audience listened. Then the expression of curious interest died away, and in its place came the look men have when observing what they see. The tolerantly skeptical became interested, with no attempt to conceal the fact. The man had impressed them as worthy of their attention. The result was a careful hearing, and as Coxey finished there were many sage noddings of heads and many nudgings of approval. The net result is that Coxey leaves a trail of new thought in the minds of many who will recall and possibly pursue it later as Coxey partisans.

Dartisans.

Later in the day the correspondent, in conversation with Coxey, referred to the fact that a vast number who looked upon his enterprise from long range believed him to be not only a crank, but that he is literally not a sane

an, "Why should an earnest man with strong convictions be regarded as not sane?" in-quired the commonweal chief, "Is it an evi-dence of insanity that a man works vigorously and spends money freely along the lines of

"People find it difficult to believe that a

"People flud it difficult to believe that a thoroughly-balanced man has enough of Christ in his heart to spend not only his time and his money in the way you are doing with an unselfish singleness of purposa," was suggested, "and the people on this account regard you as unbalanced on the subjects you are pressing."
"I see, I see," responded Coxey, and then he went on after a moment of musing: "I received the outline of my bonds bill in a dream on the night of January I, this year. On awaking I lay two hours and more impressing myself with the lines and possibilities of the measure that had thus come to me. I saw in it the possible relief of mankind who labers, and I began working openingly on the way which I deem to have been said before me by the Divine Being. I believe in a ruing providence and its direct power upon human me by the Drine Being. I believe in a raing providence and its direct power upon human mind and purpose. Now, inspiration is or may be a thought, and thought is one form of inspiration. I believe I have been moved to undertake this work. I may be the thin end of a wedge that may be wider at its head than any one imagines as yet, and I may not live to

"You don't veritably believe the measures you are pressing upon Congress can be pa or progressed this session, do you?"

Tm not willing to admit that; no, sir, I am "I'm not willing to admit that; no, sir, I am not," Coxey returned vehemently, "Written petitions amount to nothing. There's the kind of petition that talks and has power," Coxey added, with a sweeping glance down the hill up which his men were following. There are 20,000,000 of well-nigh starving men in this country. Let them come to Washington and stay there all Summer if necessary. If they must die of starvation, let them die under the eyes of Congress, and where the stench of their decay will fill the congressional nostrils until something is where the scenar of their decay will fill the congressional nostrils until something is done to abate the stench and its cause. It matters not to me if I'm deemed a crank. I know I'm right. I don't care recover. If I'm not successful now, I have the greater influence to move the public to action. You will notice that when I talk the people listen. and I can see conviction come into their faces." And so Coxey came back to the point apropos of which the above talk took place, Just south of Clarksburg, Landlord Thomp Just south of Clarksburg, Landlord Thomp-son, of the little hotel at Hyattstown, was met, traveling north behind a horse wet with sweat. It was in his house that the "shell ex-perts" had stopped last night. They had hired his team to bring them here this mornaried his team to bring them here this morning, saying they would return to-night, and that they would leave their traps as security for their hotei bill. After they had gone the simple landlerd found the men had had their traps passed out of a window, and that they had made off with them. Thompson at once pursued and overtook them just outside this village. There was some awaring on their

his cash and his horselfesh. His patrons have not been seen here since, and it is believed they have gone on to Washington.

A little later an old man mounted on a horse met the advance guard of the army and asked if any one had seen a little child being abducted. This caused quick interest, and Correspondent Sparks, of the Chicago Tribune, who was to-day riding one of Coxey's Kentneky thoroughests here with the child seen as the control of the child seen as the control of the child seen as th

Kentucky thoroughbreds, along with Okia-homa Sam, both armed, started out to find the child. Pursuit developed the fact that the child's father is a drunken wretch, and the father's brother was taking away the child for better care.
At Green Center, where lunch was had, Coxey again spoke. Then the tramp was re-sumed, and without incident the army marched in here at 3 o'clock and went into camp about three-quarters of a mile from the center of the hamlet.

army, and there are predictions that the

army, and there are predictions that the army, though it seems scarcely probable, may go to pieces before Rockville is reached. Hard-tack and coffee alone for two days is evidently causing some trouble.

There have been some happenings at Rockville to-day. "Unknown Smith" is down there with about twenty-live followers, who left Care's rocks have been the trail when

left Corey's ranks back on the trail when Coxey deposed Smith and re-established Browne. They are camping on the fair grounds at Bockville, whither Coxey marches en to-morrow. "Unknown" has printed white badges

"Friendship, co-operation, and peace, The Unknown continents of the

wn contingent of the Commonweal We favor all laws that bring peace on

Unknown contingent of the bring peace on army. We favor all laws that bring peace on earth and good will to men."

At 5 o'clock the "Unknown" formed his men at the Rockville station, and, carrying sticks with white banners, started out the Baitimore road to meet the contingent of sixty men that are marching over from Baltimore under the leadership of Christopher Columbus Jones. At 6 o'clock the Unknown returned to camp at the fair grounds, saying he had not seen any of the other marchers on the road.

This evening one of the Unknown's badges was shown to Coxey here. He read it, smiled and said: "There's nothing like com-

petition,"
The Unknown contingent affect to believe

that when Coxey reaches there his men will largely desert to the ranks of "Unknown" Smith. They don't know, however, but they might go over to Coxey if Marshal Carl Browne were deposed. They expect the Jones contingent will join ranks with them on their arrival to-night.

He Was Arrested for Lecturing Without Having a License, but Was Discharged. Citizen George Francis Train yesterday apcharge of conducting an unlicensed entertain ment. At the conclusion of Mr. Train's lecture in Masonic Temple Thursday night he was waited upon by Officer Eaton, who requested to see his license. That document was conspicu ous for its absence, and consequently the officer piloted the reformer to the police station.

i He was there required to leave collateral for his appearance in court the following morning. He did that. In court yesterday Judge Kimball told Citizen Train to stand up while the charge was read to him.

Train to stand up while the charge was read to him.

He refused to comply with the request.

"Guilty or not guilty?"

"I am guilty of not paying a license, for I did not know one was required of me."

The judge again insisted on his standing up.

"Why should I be compelled to stand up while I am charged with a crime that I did not commit? Is it simply the custom of the conrt, or is there any law that covers this point?"

"Stand up?" shouted the judge.

"I decline," replied Mr. Train. "There is no reason why I should stand up any more than the judge or the clerk."

After rushing through various law books and failing to find a statute covering the point at lessne the court remarked:

"Mr. Train, ordinarily in such a case I would send the offender to jail for contempt of court. But I know you too well. I have heard you lecture often, and I understand your peculiarities. I have no intention of letting you make a marryr of yourself. I will waive the point and allow you to remain seated."

"Thank you, judge, for your courtesy, and I

of yourself. I will waive the point and allow you to remain seated."

"Thank you, judge, for your courtesy, and I can assure you I will not meet it with discourtesy. In deference to your honor I will stand to show my respect for an upright judge."

The fact was developed that the lecture was delivered at the request of Mr. Searle, editor of a local maper called the Telegram, who had secured the hall for him and who was to receive the proceeds of the lecture.

"How much am I fined!" asked Mr. Train.

"I don't know that I am going to hold you. It is clear that the other man is the responsible one. But you have pleaded guilty. You had better withdraw the plea of guilty and enter one of not guilty."

of not guilty."
"I am only too glad to do anything to oblige am only too giad to do anything to oblige so courtecus a judge, "said he.

The case was then dismissed. Later Citizen Train said. "I am not going to secure Metzerott hall. I am going to leave town this afternoon or to-night. I want to get back to the children in New York. Isn't it too bad I can't get arrested any more. I do so love to have my little toke." joke."
Citizen Train departed for New York last night.

LOCAL COMMONWEALERS.

Citizen Redstone Expresses Confidence in

According to the latest reports from Citizer Redstone, the Coxey band will be in the city promptly on May 1. They will come in by way of Brightwood avenue to Brent street, thence to Pennsylvania avenue, and up to th

Col. Redstone thinks that the authorities Col. Redstone thinks that the authorities will not further attempt to withhold the ar-rival of the commonwealers, because constitu-tional rights give them freedom to act in a peaceable manner, and any breach of this on the part of Congress would be an anarchistic

movement.

The local representative of the common-wealers appeared to be much encouraged over the work of the several committees, and says that the supplies are coming in in quantities and there is every reason to believe that the coming contingent will be amply provided

coming contingent will be amply provided for.

Mr. Redstone spoke in eulogistic terms of the eccentric speaker and lecturer, Mr. George Francis Train, saying that he was a philosopher, a sage and one of the deepest thinkers the world has ever known. He had been acquainted with Train for a number of years and considers him an extraordinary man.

There are being printed at the commonweal headquarters badges and insignia of the body, and these will be distributed to the local contingent as the procession forms.

Citizen Redstone will probably leave this afternoon to join Coxey in Maryland.

The Last March but One. GATTHERSBURG, Md., April 27 .- In his general orders to-night, Carl Brown announces that at 9 a, m, to-morrow the army will start they will camp on the fair grounds. There they will remain until Sunday, when the last march outside Washington will be made, with the rendezvous at Brightwood park, which is ington, and on Fourteenth street extended, one of the principal roads out of the city to the north. There the army will lie until Tues-day, when it is Coxy's purpose to march his men into Washington, and up to the Capitol

steps.

There is news from Rockville to-night that There is news from Rockylle to-night that the Christopher Columbus contingent of com-mon wealers from Philadelphia arrived there, forty-nine strong, at 8.30 o'clock. They started the day's tramp at 11.30 o'clock this morning from Ashton, Maryland. The detachment has a wagon drawn by four negroes A rope has stout sticks knotted into it, and A rope has sold sticks knotted into it, and two men on each side of the rope grasp each stick at either end and so haul it along.

"Soapey" Smith, of Colorado, is coming to Washington with 1,000 men, and he avers that between May 1 and 15 next between 2,000 and 5,000 men. and 5,000 men from Colorado will be in Wash ington on the same errand.

Two hundred special policemen will be sworn in and will go on duty Monday evening. It is the intention of Major Moore to in

crease the number of men on duty in the outskirts of the city.

The militia are prepared for field duty, and the minima are prepared for need duty, and the watch force of the several departments has been increased and given police power and arms have been provided for the watch-men. At the Capitol the force of watchmen and doorkeepers will be sufficient to maintain order. Nine policemen were yesterday added to the regular force of the twelve policemen on dark in the Francisca grounds.

Coxevana Miscellany.

above the depot.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 27.—The Seattle contingent of the industrial army began its march eastward to-day in a drenching rain.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 27.—Gen. Frye's army with the merged Aubrey branch, numbering 400, are at the Baike street perkhouse to-day.

ROCKVILLE, Md., April 27.—"Unknown" Smith and "Cheeky" Childs arrived here this afternoon with a number of badges for their contingent. COLUMBUS, Ohio, April 27.—A small squad ar-lived here to-day on foot. They reported that falvin resigned temporarily to escape arrest as

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., April 27.-Major Rexford.

and 100 rines, to caliber.

JELICO, Tenn., April 37.—The unemployed and striking miners of the Jellico region have issued a call for a public meeting to be held next Sunday for the organization of a Cozre division.

COLUMBUS, Ohlo, April 37.—Sheriff Reas, of this county, to-day mailed notices to a specific number of men to hold themselves ready to report to him when called to take charge of Galvin's detachment.

CINCINATI. Ohio, April 27.—A special from Washington Court House. Ohio, says: Galvin's letachment of Gen. Frye's army took forcible possession of an east-bound train on the Balti-nore and Ohio railroad.

more and Ohio railroad.

WESTERLY, R. L. April 27.—The entire New England industrial army were arrested to-night and locked up here. This is the first time since the march has commenced that the army fell into the hands of the authorities.

BIVALVE, N. J., April 27.—Capt. John Robbins in command of the schooner Harriet Lippincor sailed from this place to-day for Washington t

A Fatal Freight Wreck. SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 27.-A big freight wreck curred on the Reading railroad near Excelsi-Pa., to-day. Twenty cars were piled up in a

Bead the Del Ray advertisement.

HIS APPEAL TO THE SOUTH

Congressman Reed Hopes Her Politics May Soon Change.

A THOUGHTLESS DAY IN HISTORY

That Is What He Said in Referring to the Time When the Present Congress and Executive was Chosen by the People-Commemoration of Gen. Grant's Birthday.

Speaker Reed. The decorations in the banquet hall have never been surpassed, and the menu

After annual justice had been done to it, President Torrance introduced State Senator Walter Lyon, who responded to the toast "Our Guests Present;" General Frank Reeder followed with te the dead soldier and statesman. Hon. Thomas arose he was tendered an ovation. His address was impromptu and in part was as follows:

had been worth since the last domination of this union by southern statesmen and their principles.

So firmly rooted seemed our prosperity that all our citizens thought it beyond the reach of heat and cold and all changes of sun and weather, and most men felt that it was beyond the touch of even human folly. It seemed to be begond laws and beyond politics, something inherent on the constitution of things; something to be calculated upon with unerring certainty, like the rise and set of suns and the regular motion of the planets and the eternal stars.

It is not the disorganized crowds which seem to be aiming but in an similess way toward the Capital of the nation. It is not the milis running on half and quarter time and no time at all, nor capital piled up unused at the centers of trade, nor even the trade unemployed for nearly a year past which completes the saddest portion of the picture. To me the sight most odious of all is the utter mability of the people to reach their own instruments and to compel the fulfillment of their own will.

Here in a land where government by the people was foundly hoped to have found its truest and latest expression, the poeple seem to be powerless to control their own legislature and to correct, by soher reflection the mistake of the mest thoughtless day in American history, the day when the present Congress and the present Executive were chosen to preside over the unhappy destinies of the citizens of the United States.

Whatever large majorities would do, whatever

happy destinies of the citizens of the United States.

Whatever large majorities would do, whatever the exercise of the rights of voting could do, has been done in large land overflowing measure. Why is this and what are the causes? Were we left to the tender mercies of the northern Denocracy, I venture to say that no such condition could exist for even a single hour. It is because we are under the domination, I will not say of the South, but the southern men, elected to office without those safeguards which surround the election of the northern Democrats. For the sake of the South I hope to see the next election bring us to an end of this unseemingly domination. All election laws have been repealed, and the South having been set free from a fear which never had any sound foundation will be left at liberty to decide her destiny according to her industrial needs, which are the same as those of the North.

Instead of a set of men representing the obselete politics and principles of the dead generation, their successors, let us all hope, will then represent what the North longs to see, an industrial, prosperous South, full of the life of a new country.

Addresses were also made by Gen. Hastings

Remembered Lamented General Grant. points thronged the streets, and nearly every building made a more or less elaborate show of decoration. A special train brought a party of guests from Chicago, including Lu-ther Ladin Mills, orator of the day.

and it is feared that a runture will soon take ceeded in escaping.

The Awful Earthquake in Greece. rites from Thebes that in the village of Topolias sixty houses were destroyed. A number of villages around Thebes were greatly damaged. At Muriki seventy nonses fell. The city of Thebes suffered heavily. The number of the dead is certain to reach 300.

BALTIMORE, April 5 Twenty-five hundr New River miners went out this morning. The may precipitate a strike throughout this region St. PAUL, Minn., April 37.—The shop men of the Great Northern in this city have all obeyed the order to strike and everything is at a stand

S7. CLOUD, Minn., April 27.—Freight train No. 15, the first over the Great Northern since the beginning of the strike, pulled in to-day from St. Paul.

TACOMA, Wash, April 27.—Every train on the Northern Pacific leaving Seattle or Tacoma is accompanied by deputy United States marshals armed with revolvers and Winchesters. BRAZIL, Ind., April 27.—The block coal miners committee met the operators te-day and blankly refused to accept their proposition to pay 80 cents per ton until the general strike was settled. CHARLESTOWN, W. Va., April 27.—Information reaches here to the effect that at least 2,500 New river miners went out to-day. This may precipi-tate a general strike throughout the Kanawha

PHILLIPSUEG, Pa., April 27.—Except for the temonstration at the mine giving employment o a small number of men near Osceola, the first reck of the strike in this section has been a niet one with the minera. IRON MOUNTAIN, Mich., April 27.-Four hundred

the miners at short intervals.

Minnarolls, Minn, April 27.—The strike is on at last in the Twin cities. The American Railway Union this afternoon called out all its men in the employ of the Great Northern road in the two cities. Telegrams were sent to all unions on the line to stand to their guns.

Read the Del Ray advertisement.

Incalculable Damage to Property and Great Loss of Life.

begun to calm down after the recent earthquakes before another shock has wrought damage and destruction in many parts of Greece, To-night during the usual Friday Greece. To-night during the usual Friday epitaphion procession in the cathedral here a violent shock occurred that seemingly shook the building to the very foundation. The duration of the shiver was fifteen seconds. The shock was felt throughout the country, including the islands of Syra and Zante, and immense damage has been done. Its greatest severity was at Thebes and Atlanti. Both the cities were completely destroyed, not a single house being left standing.

ing.

Incalculable damage was also done at Lamia, Larissa, Volo, Chalcis, and Patras. At Lamia the walls of the prison fell down and many of the uninjured prisoners made their escape in the frightful confusion prevailing. In addition to the many persons rendered homeless by the previous shock. rendered homeless by the previous shock there are now thousands of others who will have to depend on the government for shelter and sustenance. There is sittle doubt that there has been great loss of life.

PENNSYLVANIA'S OLDEST DEAD. Levi Miller, Aged 100, Who Had Never

Been Sick in His Life. LANCASTER, Pa., April 27.-News was received here to-day of the death of Levi Miller, of Providence township, the oldest resident of the

yesterday. He was 100 years old. He was a moderate user of tobacco and whisky. His faculties were remarkably well preserved, and he could not recall a day's sickwhisky. His faculties were remarkably well preserved, and he could not recall a day's sickness in his long life.

PHILADELPHIA PA., April 27.—James Younger, consulting engineer of Cramps' shipyard, died this morning at his home in Germantown of angina pectoris. Mr. Younger was born in Fifeshire, Scotland, fifty years ago
COLUMBIA, S. C., April 27.—Major B. B. McCreery, one of the most prominent business men in the state, died here to-day, aged 58 years.
FIRESPORT, PA., April 27.—Hon. James McCullough, aged 76 years, died at his residence on High street at 6 o'clock this morning.

RESCUED FROM TRAMPS.

Terrible Tale Told By a Washington Boy

Found in Pennsylvania. CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., April 27, -- Charles Cheeks, aged 13, was rescued here to-day by the police from a gang of tramps. The boy told a terrible story of his treatment since he was kidnapped from his home in Washington, D. C., a week ago. He was stolen from his home by an unknown man, and was seized last Sunday by a ganr of tramps, who made him heg for them. When he refused to ask for food and when he attempted to ekape he was cruelly beaten. The hoy's condition indicates that he has been pretty roughly handled. He will be sent home.

A Chance for Matrons sitions for persons to fill vacancies in the posttion of matron in the Indian service in the state of Washington, and a special examinafor the examination of any woman who may for the examination of any woman who may be willing to accept the position of matron in that state. Application blanks and pamphlet of instructions may be obtained at the office of the Civil Service Commission, in the Concordia building, corner Eighth and E streets. Those desiring to compete should file applications at once. Only women between the ages of 25 and 35 are eligible.

A rousing Christian Endeavor mass meet ing was held last night in the West Street Presbyterian church, Thirty-first and P streets. The purpose of the meeting was to

prosperous South, full of the life of a new country.

Addresses were also made by Gen. Hastings and Congressman John B. Robinson.

Letters of regret were read from Col. Fred Grant, Governor McKinley, J. M. Schoffeld, and was selected as a result of his performance in this work, and was selected as a result of his performance being deputies and physicians. with the Capitol Centennial Chorus. The day evening, which will be the first rehearsa with the accompaniment furnished by Mr.

An Unfortunate Physician. Boston, April 27.-Dr. F. C. Jillison, a oung physician of Jamaica Plain, was today taken to Canterbury street hospital ill with smallpox, contracted while attending a patient having that malady. This is the lat of a series of misfortunes experienced by Dr. Jillson. About eight months ago he married a beautiful and accomplished girl, who only survived the ceremony a short time. Close upon that came the death of his mother, and a few weeks later his father was stricken with paralysis, and for weeks his death has been hourly expected.

Million Dollar Failure. New York, April 27.—Mortimer B. Bowman, Uriah J. Hecht, August Milius, Sandford Friedberger, Sanford Simon, and Seymour S., Guggenheimer, who compose the firm of Henry Newman & Co., importers of clothiers' assignment to-day to Nathaniel Meyers of 45 Wall street, without preferences. The firm is the largest in the trade, and the fallure is said to involve about \$1,000,000.

A Very Positive Denial.

Rochester, N. Y., April 27.—Bishop Me Quaid returned from New York last night. He denounced the report that Mgr. Satolli had preferred charges at Rome against Arch-bishop Corrigan as a base falsehood.

Deaths of Yesterday. Concord, N. H., April 27.-Ex-Governor N. 3 Berry, the oldest ex-Governor in the United States, died in Bristoi. He was 58 years of age.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., April 27.—Dan Creedon knocked Dick Moore out in the ninth round. OCEAN CITY, N. J., April 27.—An unknown three-masted schooner has just gone aground on the outer bar off this place. The life-saving crew have s arted to her assistance.

Lynn, Mass., April 27.—Helen G. Southwick, T-year-old girl, ite-day received a medal from th Massachusetts Humane Society for saving playmate from drowning. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 27.—The attorney general is authorized to begin suit at once against the Mississippi Valley Homestead and Loan Association of Chicago, who have been declared insolvent by state examiners. The liabilities are \$30,427.

CINCINNATI, Ohlo, April 27.—Miss Gilmartin, who was killed by Father O'Grady, was buried to-day in 8t. Joseph's cemetery, after mass at the cathedral. Her brother, Father Gilmartin, of Chicago, and enother brother, John, from Emmeisburg, Md., were present.

St. Louis, Mo., April 27.—Gen. John W. Noble, ittorney for the United States Trust Company of New York, this afternoon filed suit against the St. Louis and San Francisco road to foreclose \$20,006,000 mortgage held by the company gainst the road.

Wingliendon, Mass., April 27.—This

against the road.

Winghender, Mass., April 27.—This morning it was discovered that the bost office had been broken into during the night for the fifth time recently. The safe was blown open and about \$100 in money and stamps secured. This is the fourth safe destroyed in the several burglaries. Syracter, N. Y. April 27.—Miss Julia R. Jenney, daughter of Col. E. S. Jenney, one of the best known lawyers of central New York, was admitted to the bar at the general term to-day. Miss Jenney was a member of a class of tretter law students, all young men except herself, who were subjected to examination yesterday.

CHARLESTON, S. C. April 27.—The steam tacht

Read the Del Ray advertisement

MORE SEISMIC DISTURBANCES BY THE NECK UNTIL DEAD

Thomas Crumpton Hanged in the District Jail.

ROPE BROKEN ALMOST IN TWAIN

By the Condemned Man-He Meets His Doom with Hopes for a Better Life in the Puture-His Last Words.

Thomas Crumpton, colored, was hung in

A Prayer for Mercy-The Last Words Uttered

o'clock yesterday morning. He was procounced dead in twenty-eight minutes, and his body was cut down. Crumpton made no statement on the scaffold in regard to his crime, as he had ex-

ressed his intention of doing. At 11 o'clock twenty-five policemen lined up across the corridor of the jail, through which Crumpton was led a few minutes afterward on his way to the scaffold. He looked every one of the officers directly in the eye as he passed. His face was pale, but showed a

alm determination in every feature. He was preceded in the march from the cell to the scaffold by Warden Leonard and Robert Strong and followed by a dozen or nore guards. Father Gray, Rev. John Roberts and Rev. W. J. Howard were also in the procession and made the alleyway in which the scaffold is located fairly ring with touching bymns as a farewell to the doomed man.

After the noose was adjusted and the black cap drawn over his face Crumpton offered up an impressive prayer, each word of which was spoken clearly and distinctly.

In the midst of the prayer Warden Leonard gave the signal and the drop fell. The last words uttered by Crumpton were:

ard gave the signal and the drop fell. The last words uttered by Crumpton were: "Oh, God, I rejoice in this —." When the body dropped it commenced to spin around, and as soon as the horrifled and and trembling spectators could collect their thoughts it was seen that two strands of the rope had broken and that the third strand was unwinding. A guard stepped under the scaffold and stopped the whiring motion.

Twenty-eight minutes afterward Crumpton's heart ceased to beat. Dr. McWilliams, the physician in charge, with Dr. Beatty and Dr. Bovee as assistants, announced that life was extinct, and the body was lowered into a ceffin.

systems, and the body was lowered into a ceffin.

The body was taken away by Undertaker Harvey, and interment was made in Graceland cemetery.

The rope which strangled Crumpton has hung four men, and is the same one with which Schneider was hanged. The hangman stated that the rope was tested on Thursday with a 200-pound weight.

The history of Crumpton's crime is well known as a cold-blooded murder, which occurred June 9, 1833. His victim, David Shanklin, and he were old enemies, and Crumpton had openly announced his intention of killing him.

On the evening of the murder Crumpton obtained a revolver, and approaching Shanklin shot him through the head while standing in front of his own house.

White and Robinson Die on the Gallows. Manassas, Va., April 27,-Jim Robinson and Benjamin White were hanged in the jail yard here at 7.30 this morning for criminal assault committed on two white woman in

streets. The purpose of the meeting was to discuss ways and means of bringing the Endeavorers here in 1896. Addresses were delivered by Rev. Joseph J. Murt. pastor of E. Street Baptist church; Rev. Frederick D. Power, pastor of Vermont Avenue Christian church, and by Mr. F. M. Bradley.

The Christian Endeavor choir, under the guidance of Mr. Perey Foster, led the singing.

Mr. Olmstead Will Officiate.

Director N. Dushane Cloward has chosen Mr. Archibald Olmstead as the accompanist of the Capital Glee Club. Mr. Olmstead suc-

or fifty persons were minited, most of them being deputies and physicians.

At 7,20 the sheriff led the men into the in-closure. They walked up the scaffold step-unaided, and, after a prayer, said to the sheriff that they did not care to make any

statement.

Their legs were strapped at the ankles, the black caps drawn over their heads, and the nooses slipped down. The strain was too much for the men, and they began to weaken and they began to weaken and they began to weaken. and tremble violently, and White asked for and tremble violently, and white asked for five minutes more to pray. Sheriff Leachman gave the signal, the double trap door flew downward, and both men dropped six feet. The doctors declared that both were dead in five minutes, Robinson dying first. A tiny stream of blood oozed from the mouths of both tream of blood cozed from black caps. The nen and discolored their black caps. They minutes. They will be bodies hung twenty minutes. They buried on the farm of Robinson's moth

Four Assassins Lynched. TALLULUH, La., April 27 .- Four more of the Boyce assassins were captured last night, and when the posse who had charge of the prisoners reached the Sherly place, about two miles from Taltuiah, a crowd of 200 mounted men met them, overpowered the officers, and took the four assassins to the Crescent place and the four lenders, Shell, Claxton, place and the four lenders, Shell, Claxton, Scott Harvey, and Gerry McCly were hanged to a tree about 100 feet from where they committed their flendish deed. The executions were conducted very quietly, the people living in the vicinity knowing nothing about them until this morning, when they were surprised to find the assassins hanging near their doors. Every effort is being made to capture Tom Griffin, the only one of the assassins at large.

sassins at large. Woman's Press Association. At a meeting of the Woman's National Presi Association at Willard's Hotel last evening. Dr. Emaline Gilmer, of Philadelphia, was elected to membership. Mrs. Cromwell, Mrs. Sperry, and Mrs. Crandall were elected delegates to the Fed-eration of Women's Clubs, which meets in Phila-delphia on the 9th, 10th, and 11th of May, with Mrs. Pickett, Miss French and Mrs. Stelle as alter-

Dance of the Morton Cadets Cadets and their friends at Haines' hall last night. About eighty couples danced the light fantastic till after midnight.

Frank Hatton continued yesterday.

Frank Hatton Better.

Senator Morgan, who was granted leave absence by the Senate until May 3 to make risit to his home in Alabama, has returned

Secretary Carlisle.
Counsel for John Y. McKane yesterday filed their brief in the appeal from the final decision of the United States circuit court for the southern district of New York, made on March 16, denying McKane's application for a writ of habeas cor-

FOR A GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH MR. ALDRICH WAS BLUFFING

Important Meeting of the State Committee There will be a meeting of the state commit ees auxiliary to the International Typographical Union committee on ownership and control of the telegraph at Typographical

Temple to-morrow (Sunday) afternoon at 3

o'ciock.

As Chairman Henderson, of the House Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, has notified the International Typographical Union committee that hearings on the telegraph bills before his committee will begin on Friday, May 4, it is expected that there will be a large attendance of the members composing the committees representing the various states and congressional districts, and it is probable that reports will be made from most of the states from which none have heretofore been made, and also that several of the committeemen who have been actively at work since the last general meeting will have supplemental reports to offer. Members of Columbia Union interested in the subject are invited to attend. o'ctock. the District jail at twelve minutes after 11

TARIFF REFORM ASSURED.

Republicans Will Not Obstruct the Bill When Democrats Are Agreed.

If the compromise which the Democratic Senators have virtually agreed upon should not fail, it is likely to have the effect of matethe tariff bill in the Senate. While the Re- the same grounds as before, publican managers of the opposition to the bill will not consent to be quoted as to their plans in advance of the announcement of the changes, and also because they have had no opportunity to confer among themselves, they generally express privately the opinion that if the Democrates should get a bill which would receive the support of their entire party in the Senate there would be no object in an ef-fort on their part to prolong the session, as there would be no hope of defeating the bill, however desperate a fight they might make. In the event of the ratification of the agree-ment by all the Democratic Senators the Re-ment by all the Democratic Senators the Re-In the event of the ratification of the agreement by all the Democratic Senators, the Republican Senators probably would be willing to enter into an agreement with them to discuss the various features of the bill in a businesslike way sufficiently to put the country into possession of their views, to resort to no dilatory tactics, and thus let the final vote be reached at as early date as it legitimately can be. In that event there probably would be no night sessions.

Until the agreement is officially proclaimed, however, the present programme of crowding

however, the present programme of crowding on steat, by the Democrats and of resistance on steat, by the Democrats and of resistance by the Republicans will be pursued, and it probably will be necessary that the Democrats should be absolutely able to convince the Re-publicans that they have the co-operation of each individual Democratic Senator in be-half of their compromise before the Repub-licans will enter into such an arrangement as that suggested

that suggested.

The Democratic Senators are very hopeful of getting the bill through by the 1st of June, and Republicans say that if the report of a compronise should be confirmed the passage of the bill will not be delayed beyond the

Presidential Confirmations The Senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the following nominations: William H. Turbett, to be receiver of public moneys at
Des Moines, Iowa; Charles R. Bisbee, collector of customs for the district of St. Johns.
Fla; Col. George H. Mendell, corps of engineers, Licut, Col. William H. H. Benyaurd
was soon known that the defiance of the Re-

lector of customs for the district of St. Johns, Fla.; Col. George H. Mendell, corps of engineers; Licut. Col. William H. H. Benyaurd, corps of engineers; Major William H. H. Eur, corps of engineers, to be members of the California debris commission.

Ormond Hammond, assistant United States treasurer at Baltimore; Frank T. Shaw, collector of customs at Baltimore; Barnes Compton, naval officer at Ealtimore, and C. Ridgley Goodwin, surveyor of customs at Baltimore.

After Gen. Dumont's Place. It is understood that a change is likely to be made in the office of the inspector general of the steamboat inspection service, which has been filled for many years by Gen. James A. Dumont, of New York. Several candidates have already appeared, among them ex-Mayor Delbitt C. Creiger, of Chicago, who is said to be making a very active canvass. Gen. Du-ment is a Republien, but was retained through Mr. Cleveland's first administration because of his record for efficiency. Gen. Dumont's friends, it is understood, will op-

pose his retirement.

Woodbridge Gun Breaks Down The Woodbridge wire-wound gun, which has cost much money and brains in its construction, has broken down. It was on test at the Sandy Hook proving grounds vesterday, and on the twenty-second round the lin-ing tube split badly, rendering the gun un-serviceable. The powder pressure at the time was about 39,000 pounds per square inch. re than the ten-inch gun should have

The orphan children of St. Vincent's asylum are to have a benefit concert at Albaugh's this evening. All the Catholic choirs of the city have volunteered to assist, and the programme, arranged by Mr. L. E. Gannon, is of a very attractive character. The first piece will be a tableau showing Millet's celebrated painting of the "Angelus," while the choir's inite in singing Mrs. Heman's hymn, the "Ave

Sons of the Revolution A lively interest is manifest in the fifth continental congress of the National Society of the Sons of the American Revolution, which will convene at the Ariington hotel in this eity on Monday morning. The indications point to a large attendance. The President will give the congress a reception Monday

March Dedicated to the Knights of Pythias. The march that has been composed by the bandmaster of the Fourth Artillery band and dedicated to the Knights of Pythias Encamp-ment has been copyrighted by the music com-mittee and sent to Philadelphia for publication. The Fourth Artillery band will furnish music from August 25 until the 28th. The regular meet-ing of the music committee will be held next Tuesday evening.

NOTES FROM THE DEPARTMENTS.

Secretary Herbert left Washington yesterday for New York, where he will deliver a speech at the Grant memorial celebration.

With the exception of the recent trouble in lowa with Kelley's army no serious delays to the mails caused by the march of the industrials have been reported to the Post Office Department.

An extension of postal facilities on the Great
An extension of postal facilities on the Great
Northern road was reported in a dispatch received yesterday at the Post Office Department,
announcing that a train would be run yesterday
afternoon to Great Falls, Mont, from the eastern
end of the line.

A telegram has been received at army headquarters from Col. Swaine, at St. Paul, stating
that the captive Hoganites had been taken by
the marshal, assisted by two companies of infantry, from Forsyth, where they were arrested,
to Helena, Mont.
Growing confinement of the consumption of

to Helena, Mont.

Growing confinement of the consumption of natural gas to domestic use is noted in the annual report of Special Agent Joseph B. Weeks, of the Geological Survey. The only state in which its use for manufacturing purposes increased in 1880 is Indiana. n 1883 is Indiana.

Ross T. Penington, of Baltimore, has been appointed Chinese inspector. B. B. Mayse, of Washington, D. C., has been appointed a special inspector of the Treasury Department at Mobile, Ala. John Grifficon, collector of customs at Cape Charles City, Md., has resigned.

Read the Del Ray advertisement.

He Offered to Allow Immediate Voting on the Bill, but "Crawled."

EXCITING INCIDENT IN SENATE

Shode Island Senator Tried a Trick on the Democrats, but They Were Too Sharp for Him-Democrats Wanted to Accept His Very Innocent Proposition.

This was a field day in the Senate, There was maneuvering, marching, clashing and rapid firing. The bugie notes of defiance have been sounded on both sides. The battle flags waved in the Senate over the heads of chieftains of tariff reform and protection. Hostilities did not actually begin, and it was apparent that there was no intention that they should begin. There was counter marching, skillful retreats, and a quick reforming of lines, leaving the contending armies withrially changing the method of proceeding with | in the same fortifications and camping on

> The discussion was started by the senior Senator from Ohio, Mr. Sherman. It was not Ohio has been enjoying considerable notoriety by his recent assertion that "a tariff bill had been agreed upon by the Democratic leaders which would pass the Senate," but it was

not Senator Sherman's intention to again bring Ohio prominently to the front.

Mr. Sherman's innocent remark was fol-lowed by Mr. Aldrich, who is the recognized leader of the Republicans on the tariff fight. leader of the Republicans on the tariff fight, and in the colloquy in which he engaged with Mr. Lindsay there developed the most interesting situation that has yet taken place during the tariff debate in the Senate. Mr. Aldrich had pointed out the difference of opinion between the Democrats of the Senate and intimated that they could not agree upon a tariff bill, to which Mr. Lindsay replied that if the Republicans would give them an opportunity they would soon show that they could agree.

that if the Republicans would give them an opportunity they would soon show that they could agree.

Mr. Aldrich here startled the Senate by offering in behalf of the Republicans to vote at 3 o'clock on the bill as it came from the House. Mr. Lindsay skillfully parried the thrust by asking why not vote upon the bill as reported by the Senate Finance Committee. Mr. Aldrich here became bold, but at the same time wary in the use of language, and asked Mr. Lindsay if the Democrats would vote on the bill as it now stood. The Kentucky Senator was willing, so far as he was concerned, but could not pledge the vote of his colleagues. Mr. Aldrich demanded that Mr. Harris, of Tennessee, speak for the Democratic side and say whether the Democrats would vote on the bill as it now stood at 3 o'clock.

The interest of the Senators and spectators

was soon known that the defining of the Re-publicans would be hurled back, and there was an air of expectancy when Mr. Lindsay neared the end of his speech. When he flu-ished Mr. Harris was on his feet immediately, and although others also sought the floor he was recognized.

In an intense and dramatic manner he read

In an intense and dramatic manner he read the verbatim report of the colloquy between the Rhode Island and Kentucky Senators and himself, and at its conclusion he accepted the proposition to vote on the Senate bill, and followed it up with a request for unanimous consent for such a vote at 3 o'clock.

It was at once apparent that Mr. Aldrich did not intend to accept this offer. Several Republican Senators objected to the unanimous consent, and when Mr. Aldrich with some difficulty received recognition he explained that while he offered to vote on the House bill he had only asked the Democratic

Senators if they would vote on the Senate bill. Further than this, he made the proposition to which he intimated had been held since his proposition had been made. He was accused of tacking down and quibbling, and Senator of backing down and quibbling, and Senator White, of California, intimated that he had been "bluffing" and had been "called," and also said that the Senator from Khode Island would probably understand the term. The Senate and spectators knew, and an audible demonstration followed the sally.

Mr. Aldrich evidently knew what was meant, and replied by saying that it was not common in places where the world were an

House bill he had only asked the Democratic

common in places where the words were ap-plicable to allow the adversary two hours to look over his hand before making the call, and that was what the Democratic Senators had done.

If any one had, even for a moment, ex-If any one had, even for a moment, ex-pected that a vote was possible, the expecta-tions had now disappeared, as the combatants had reached the stage of the duel between Touchstone and his antagonist explained by Shakespeare's merry clown in the words:

"I durst go no further than the lie circum-stantial, nor he durst not give me the lie direct, and so we measured swords and parted." Senator Teiler stated his objections to a Senator Feller stated his objections to a vote in vigorous terms, and in an allusion to the compromise tariff bill brought out a vigorous denial by Senator Voorhees that any such bill was in existence. But the interest in the battle had disappeared, the bugles sounded a retreat, and the most dramatic incident of the Senate tariff debate closed.

Again, just before the close of the day's

Again, just before the close of the day's session, when Senator Harris asked Senator Dolph how much more time Senator Dolph's speech would occupy. Senator Chandler was on his feet to suggest, in a mischievous way, several points which he hoped the Senator from Oregon would touch upon before concluding his speech. He sought to draw out Senator McPherson with a question, but the cross-firing was cut short by Senator Harris' motion to proceed to executive business.

There was a large representation from the various chapters of the District Epworth League at the mass-meeting held last evening in the autitorium of the North Capitol

ing in the an inforum of the North Capitol Methodist Episcopal church.

The services were opened with a song service by the choir, directed by Mr. J. W. Dyre, which was followed with an invocation by Rev. J. B. Stitt, D. D. Several five-minute addresses were made by Mr. C. M. Lacey Sites, president of the District League, "A Glance Backward;" Mr. J. A. Edgar, president of the Waugh chapter, "Epworth Sociability;" Mr. George C. Hough, chairman of the Pittsburg entertainment committee, "Epbility: Mr. George C. Hough, chairman of the Pittsburg entertainment committee, "Ep-worth Fraternity;" Miss Effle S. Perry, sec-ond vice president of the District league, "Mercy and Help;" Mr. J. E. Pugh, first vice president of the District league, "Spiritual Life;" Rev. L. B. Wilson, D. D., "A Practi-cal Suggestion;" Mr. George W. Comer, jr., "The Model Epworth League."

The President has approved the joint resolu-tion providing for placing a tablet upon the Capitol to commemorate the laying of the

A subcommittee of the House District Com-A subcommittee of the House District Committee yesterday unanimously agreed to report the Washington, Alexandria and Mount Vernon railway bill with the amended route on Seventeenth and E streets northwest. This route has been indorsed by the District Commissioners and the board of trade. Work was commenced last Thursday at Alexandria on the road to this city.

"Del Ray," on the P. R. R., One Mile This

"Del Ray," on the P. R. R., One Mile This Side of Alexandria is rapidly assuming the appearance of a suburban town. Grading streets. Laying sidewalks. Planting trees, &c. Prices will be \$50, \$100, \$150 or 50 cents, \$1 and \$1.50 weekly. No interest. No notes. No taxes, but on the contrary we insure your life for amount of your purchase. Don't put it off, but go down and look at the property before opening day. Our representatives are on the ground at all times, including Sunday. Call at our office for free transportation.

WOOD, HARMON & CO.

625 Thirteenth street N. W.

Read the DE Ray advertisement

Privisuus, April 27.-The eighth annual banquet of the Americus Republican club in com-memoration of Gen, Grant's birthday was held at the Monongahela house to-night and was attended by prominent Republicans from all parts of the country. Among the number were ex-Speaker Reed, Congressmen Wanger and Rob-inson, Gen. Frank Reeder, Hon. Walter Lyon, and Gen. D. H. Hastings. Covers were laid for 3.5 and every chair was occupied. Previous to the banquet a reception was tendered ex-

was impromptu and in part was as follows:

The last time I had the good fortune to address this club this country was in a state of peace and presperity, work was plenty, capital was rejoicing in its productive strength, and lator was enjoying the right to sell its services at prices which brought happiness and comfort to all our homes.

The thirty years which had preceded had witnessed the gradual rise of compensation for service of both brain and imusele until every day's work was worth in results twice what it had been worth since the last domination of this union by southern statesmen and their principles.

GALENA, Ill., April 27. - Galena was in holiday dress to-day celebrating Grant's anniversarv. Hundreds of visitors from surrounding

De Gama's Refugees Escape

tween the government of Portugal and of the Argentine Republic has grown more serious, place. All the Brazilian insurgents, includ-ing Admiral de Gama, who were detained on

LONDON, April 27.-The Times correspondent

Strike Miscellany. Uniontown, Pa., April 2.—The strikers are now in possession of every plant from Conneils-ville to Fairchance, except Oliver.

Sr. Patt., Minn. April 27.—The afternoon train started out on the Great Northern with a full crew, notwithstanding the union order to strike. Less than a mile from the depot, where there is a switch, but no switchmen, the train stopped, and the engineer, fireman, and baggage master deserted.

Arupys April 27.-The country had hardly