

P. K. MAYERS, EDITOR.

TO ADVERTISERS.

THE DEMOCRAT-STAR is the oldest newspaper of the Mississippi Gulf Coast; has a larger bona-fide circulation than any other newspaper in this section; therefore it is The Best Advertising Medium.

Advertisers, Bear this in Mind.

THIS PAPER IS ALL HOME PRINT.

Scranton, Mississippi.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1899.

Cumberland Telephone, Democrat-Star Office, No. 28.

The Beacon and Times, at Waynesboro, are throwing bouquets at each other.

Mules will bring a high price next Spring. Foreign demand is reducing the stock in America.

The sugar cane crop of Louisiana has been damaged by the late frosts at least ten per cent.

Quarantine is a thing of the past. Business has revived, so our people are feeling very happy.

More newspapers are printed in the United States than in England, France and Germany combined.

Ninety-nine thousand pairs of russet shoes are being shipped to the soldiers at Manila by the government.

Rev. Sam Jones, the evangelist, is ill at Louisville. He has cancelled all his engagements until January 1st.

On Saturday last quarantine was lifted from this and adjoining States. Travel and business are lively. Drummers are on the jump.

A protracted meeting has just closed at the First Baptist church at Gloster, this State, which resulted in sixty-one additions to the church.

The unveiling of a statue to the late Zebulon B. Vance, United States Senator from North Carolina, will take place at Raleigh, N. C., May 20, 1900.

Gov. McLaurin has returned to Jackson, after having spent six weeks at Brandon, nursing his carbuncle and keeping away from the so-called yellow fever.

The late frosts have knocked out quarantine, killed the microbes and started business again. Farewell, we hope forever, to this stupendous fraud—quarantine.

On the first page of the DEMOCRAT-STAR to-day, appears a very interesting and descriptive article on Cuba, by Mrs. Ida M. Converse, of Moss Point, which is well worth perusing.

Private John Allen did not beat "Guv Anse" McLaurin for the Mississippi Senatorship, but it appears that he succeeded in scaring his opponent into a bad case of boils, says the St. Louis Republic.

Though Senator Hoar is not considered a stingy man, he is none the less a very careful one. He makes it a rule to buy six street car tickets because in this way he can get a ride for 4-10 cents.

The famine in India, which has resulted from the failure of the monsoon, threatens the existence of nearly fifteen million natives, for whose relief the British government has ordered \$3,500,000 to be expended.

We are glad to note that the Confederate veterans are coming to the relief of Mrs. Stonewall Jackson, who is in a destitute condition. This is right. She should be tenderly cared for by the State.

Some three hundred men, who enlisted in Chicago in Mississippi regiments, are instituting claims against this State, under an old, forgotten law, granting a bounty of \$50 for every soldier not a resident of the State enlisting in its regiments.

Candidates for Congress are cropping out already in some of the districts of the State. In the First, Candler is going to try to oust Private John Allen; in the Fifth district Chancery Clerk Adam Byrd is going for John Sharp Williams' scalp, and in the Third there are several candidates for Pat Henry's place. In this district, we believe, McLain will have no opposition. He will have a walk-over.

We hope the Legislature, when it meets in January next, will not fail to legislate the State Board of Health out of existence. Mississippi can get along much better without this useless and expensive appendage. It has never done any good for the State; on the other hand, it has destroyed business or crippled it; therefore, we say, wipe the thing out, and if necessary, let the Federal government take charge of the health affairs of the State.

One of the big railroads running out of Chicago has changed the arrangement of its cars on its passenger trains. The sleepers and parlor cars are next to the engines, the coaches next to the sleepers and the baggage and express cars at the rear of the trains, the old order of making up being reversed. It has been demonstrated that the cars next to the engine ride better than those that are further back.

JUDGE J. A. P. CAMPBELL ON THE EDUCATION OF THE NEGRO.

"For all the evils under the sun, There is a remedy, or there is none; If there be none, never mind it."

The great evil which Judge Campbell foresees as a result of the emancipating and education of the negro, and one that can obliterate the danger he apprehends, is by compulsory education of the children of the white race.

Compel the sending of all children between the ages of six and fourteen years to school six hours a day, five days in the week. Enforce the leveling of all taxable property for the purpose of building comfortable schoolhouses for the children, and the extending of the term to ten months in the year instead of four months.

This is the great need of the Gulf Coast country. But the time to appeal to the Legislature for this most vital change necessary to our educational code is now. The negro is advancing phenomenally, while many of our own race, through the everlasting struggle for existence, and the many bitter discouragements on account of droughts, quarantine and the general depression of business, have become lethargic with regard to the political situation.

A little judicial force will awaken them to the needs of the hour and the necessity of personal action. Judge Campbell's fears are well founded, and the people of Mississippi will do well to hearken to his words of warning and appeal to the members of each community throughout the State to act in unison on the mighty ordeal which confronts us.

"The home merchant," says the Carrollton Conservative, "is the man who gives you credit when you have no cash to buy the necessities of life. The home merchant is the man who helps you to pay the taxes that run your schools and keep your streets in condition. He is the man to whom you appeal in times of distress for favors. Then why should you ignore him when you wish to make a purchase? He sells as good goods at as low figures as the man who does business in the big city. Patronize him."

Editor R. H. Henry has returned to Jackson, after several weeks' outing in the north, on account of the "prevailing" sickness. The Clarion-Ledger comes to us this week in its usual form, full of choice reading matter. We hope that in the last year that Brother Henry will have to shut up shop and leave the capital.

Mr. Wm. B. Parker, the well known and affable manager of the Parker Drug Company, of Mobile, has purchased the interest of Dr. Henry D. Jackson. The Parker Drug Company has one of the largest and most complete stocks of drugs and fancy articles in the Gulf City; also, the most popular soda fountain resort, which is patronized by the lovers of those delicious hot and cold drinks, which vivify without intoxicating.

Vie Murdock, of Kansas, tells this story: A preacher said that Mark said: "To him that hath, unto him shall be given; but to him that hath not, from him shall be taken away even that which he hath." A sleepy hearer rose up and asked, "Who said that?" "Mark," said the preacher. "That's just like Hanna," said the sleepy hearer.

The philosopher who presides over the Hernando Times-Promoter throws out the following advice for the benefit of his readers: "If you are a spendthrift, the world adds that you are a ne'er-do-well. If you economize and accumulate, your neighbors will say that you are grasping and stingy. It were better to accumulate, and then you can tell the world to go to the devil if it does not like your way."

While passing through the French Market on his return home from New Orleans, last Sunday night, the DEMOCRAT-STAR reporter noticed a small group of Tchufuncta river Indians settled for the night under their flaring blankets, upon two vacant stalls, opposite each other. He was deeply impressed by the perfect confidence the sleeping Indians had in their surroundings which reminded him of the piney woods of St. Tammany Parish, where he had often met them in his rambles. There is something sad and sublime about these passive creatures of nature which appeals to the sympathies of every one. Soon they will all have passed into that oblivion from which they sprang.

Mr. Philip Werlein, the oldest piano dealer in New Orleans, died Monday. Mr. Werlein was born in Clinton, Miss., Feb. 22, 1847.

The Vicksburg Post wants the Board of Health of that city to prosecute the yellow fever liars before the Board retires to winter quarters.

Col. W. L. Yerger, a distinguished lawyer and citizen of Greenville, died Monday night last, after a lingering illness.

Generals Lawton, MacArthur and Wheaton, with 30,000 men, are closing in on Aguinaldo.

A camp of the Cape Colony Police at Norval's Point bridge has surrendered to the Free State Boers.

The transport Indiana, bringing the Tennessee regiment home from the Philippines, is overdue at San Francisco.

A compact has been reached for the settlement of the Samoan question. The United States gets Tutuila Island.

CLEAN MEN NEEDED.

Greenwood Commonwealth.

If our lawmakers be not men of virtue, of integrity, of dignity of character, of intellect, and inspired by nobility of purposes, what can we hope for the republic? If the source be impure the whole stream will be contaminated. It is foolish to expect the bad to produce the good. You cannot gather roses from jimson weeds, nor can you extract the fat from the common dog of the lily from the common dog of the lily from the common dog of the lily. Nor is intellectual ability that is necessary to fit a man for public station. He may be endowed with the wisdom and learning of a Bacon and yet be absolutely incompetent to perform properly the functions of an officer. The career of Lord Bacon, "the wisest and meanest of men," is a case in point. He knew how his work should be done, but he had not the moral ballast which is sine qua non. His dishonesty and immorality wrought his ruin. He misused the power of his place, he prostituted the functions of his office to fill his pockets with filthy lucre, and as a result, he disgraced himself, betrayed and plundered his country and shadowed the nation with shame. In all the history of this country there was never as great a demand or more pressing necessity for pure, upright, learned and patriotic men in office as there is today. There are many unworthy men occupying exalted official stations, men whose lives and reputations are so black and full of iniquity, that, compared with which, a traitor's gambler or a cheap prostitute would stand out resplendent with virtue—an object of ineffable admiration and love. The embroilment of such men is a menace to the peace, prosperity and perpetuity of the republic. What is the country coming to? Are the people mad? Here in our own beloved State the people are confronted with the most serious case in point. In the last issue of the Coffeeville Courier there appeared an editorial charging Senator W. V. Sullivan with a crime more hideous in its blackness and more sickening in its cruel consequences than heil itself. Is it true? I am informed that Senator Sullivan says it is not. Will a simple denial by him suffice? No, if it be false, then it will be but like a trouble for him to demonstrate it by human testimony. He can get the testimony of the young woman to whom the wrong is said to have been done. He can secure the testimony of her mother—in fact, it will be easy to stamp out the lie, if it be a lie. To say that "the man took the girl from him (the Senator) for his own use," does not answer the charge. To denounce the statement as a falsehood, and to kill the editor who traduced his character, will not wipe out the stain which this charge puts upon the character of Senator Sullivan. The whole thing is susceptible of proof, and Senator Sullivan owes it to himself, the people whom he would represent in the nation's council, and to truth, to refute the charge. I hope it is not true. As I have said, I have a personal liability toward Mr. Sullivan, but I would not wrong him knowingly, but I should not be doing my duty to myself and to my country were I to remain silent when a man, whom I believe totally unfit for the place, is asking for the suffrages of the people to put him in the most dignified office within their gift. If Capt. Blount, the editor of the Courier, has wronged Mr. Sullivan, proof of that fact will elect Sullivan and damn Blount for all time to come. Let the truth be developed; let the facts be told. It may be hard upon the guilty, yet the people demand it, and they have a right to it.

A dispatch from New Orleans, dated Nov. 3, states that Agent J. W. Hampton, of the British army, has just finished purchasing the last batch of mules for the British army. This batch consists of 250 animals, which were obtained at Abeline, Kansas, a town near the Cherokee border of the southwestern State.

A large proportion of all the animals which have been purchased by the British agents have come from the northern portion of Texas, the Indian Territory and Kansas. The mules purchased in Texas are collected at Galveston and other Texas points, and then shipped to this city for loading on the transports. Mr. Hampton himself has purchased 6,700 mules, while the total number which the British army has secured in this country has been about 7,050.

The Hurons, with 1,300 mules, is expected to leave to-night, and the Manchester will sail with the last batch on the 12th.

Mrs. Mollie McGee Snell Hall did a good business while holding a protracted meeting here last week. According to her own statement she took in from five to ten dollars every day, and on Saturday the receipts were nearly fifty dollars; while, on Sunday, she took in one hundred and nine dollars. But it was a good show—well patronized—and those who "chipped" in, perhaps, got the worth of their money. Mrs. Hall and her piece of a husband took out of the city over two hundred dollars. They were not here for their health only.—Hattiesburg Progress.

In a recent speech at Des Moines, Iowa, W. J. Bryan said: "Every Democrat should take the Democratic paper published in his county and pay for it. The county weeklies have proven faithful when the dailies have deserted us. The country weekly is near to the people and wields a great influence in shaping public opinion. We owe a great deal to the country weekly. Subscribe for your own weekly, pay for it and urge others to do the same." That platform, of itself, ought to insure Bryan's election, and it would if the newspaper men held the balance of power.

A story comes from Jackson, Miss., that Hunter Johnson, a white citizen of Jackson, while hunting recently in Pearl river swamp, east of the city, discovered a box containing nearly \$50,000. The money was in an iron case and in gold pieces, nearly all of the \$20 denomination. It is thought the money is a war treasure. All of the coins bear date prior to 1850.

Major Count Esterhazy, charged with swindling, has been sentenced in Paris, by default, to three years' imprisonment.

State Elections Tuesday.

Mississippi went Democratic by perhaps 30,000 majority. A very small vote was polled, as there was no opposition to the Democratic ticket.

Massachusetts and Iowa went Republican. The Republicans elected their State Treasurer in Pennsylvania.

Virginia has gone Democratic by a large majority. Maryland went Democratic. John Walter Smith, Democratic nominee for Governor, is elected by 15,000 or 20,000 majority. The Legislature is Democratic by a good majority.

Kentucky has gone Republican. The dissatisfied Democrats and Republicans in that State succeeded in defeating Goebel, Democrat, for Governor by from 10,000 to 15,000 majority.

Ohio went Republican, as Mark Hanna opened barrels and bought votes. John B. McLean, the Democratic candidate for governor, was defeated by Nash, Republican, by a plurality of about 40,000.

The Fusionists in Nebraska, under the leadership of W. J. Bryan, have defeated the Republicans.

The Republicans carry New York, outside of the city, which was swept by the Democrats.

Although we are somewhat disappointed in the result of the elections in Ohio and Kentucky, still we are hopeful that some sweet day the Democracy of this nation will triumph, and that Mark Hanna's intolerable dictation and corrupt methods will be relegated to the rear. Hanna is the most unscrupulous and degraded figure on the political stage. Such a corruptionist should be blotted out of existence by an overwhelming triumph for the Democratic ticket next year. Let us not be discouraged. Let Democrats stand shoulder to shoulder and we will eventually succeed in routing the Republican party.

(Special.)

Board of Supervisors.

JACKSON COUNTY.

Board met Monday, Nov. 6, 1899. All members present.

Bond of James Nobles to build bridge over Cypress creek approved.

Report of C. E. Childsey, acting coroner on body of unknown negro approved.

G. W. Pierce and J. H. Goff excused as commissioners on Big Point and Orange Grove roads, and R. A. Broome and John Robinson appointed in their stead.

Resignation of W. G. Parker as constable of beat 4 accepted, and said office declared vacant.

Petition of J. H. Turner and others for change in road 46 granted.

Bond of J. E. Roberts to build bridge over Monger's creek is approved.

Resignation of J. H. Turner as constable of beat 4 accepted, and said office declared vacant.

Changes agreed to in specifications of bridges over Monger's creek by the board and contractor.

The following allowances were made:

- Miss A. Walker, teaching T 3 R 9 school, \$21.00
- H. H. Handall, trustee fees, \$21.00
- H. H. Handall, supplies to poor house, \$14.88
- S. Nobles, repairing bridge on Little creek, 10.00
- J. G. Collins, lumber for road 129, 53.00
- G. D. Barnard & Co., table for C. H. N. & S. McNelis, supplies to small box patients, 6.34
- J. N. Morgan, freight and hauling, 2.50
- W. R. Kell, health officer, services to Nov. 1, 1899, 4.00
- Same, medicine to prisoners, 4.95
- G. H. Gould, keeping poor house, 107.20
- D. Cannan, nurse at poor house, 39.00
- Seranton Pharmacy, medicine to poor house, 2.80
- J. A. Tabor, medicine attention to poor house, 1.25
- J. G. Blackwell, moving papers, 2.00
- H. H. Ramsey, teaching T 6 R 8 school, 2 months, 60.00
- T. W. Grayson, inquest E. Garie, 5.00
- J. D. Collins, constable, E. Garie, 1.00
- 6 jurors, inquest, E. Garie, 1.00

Whereupon board adjourned to term in October.

O. RANDALL, President.

F. H. LEWIS, Clerk.

A series of tent meetings which Mrs. Mollie McGee Snell Hall has been holding in the city for the past ten days, closed Sunday evening. The tent was packed and jammed at all three services, Sunday, many people not being able to get in at all. The meeting reached its climax at the Sunday evening service and there was a general outburst of long pent up happiness; old men and women shouting, young men and ladies weeping, boys climbing the tent poles and turning summersaults backwards off the rostrum. In fact, it was a regular religious stampede.—Hattiesburg Progress.

The Jefferson Buzz Saw, published at Fayette, this State, for eight months, has suspended. It was a well edited and printed seven column newspaper, with a good show of patronage, but Mr. Ben C. Knapp, the editor, says:

"The paper was established in February of the present year because its founders thought that another paper in Jefferson county would be a paying investment; it has not been so, therefore, after having deliberated the matter, we have decided that it is best to close down. To those of our merchants and business men who have been so liberal to us with advertising patronage, we return sincere thanks."

Mrs. Richard Griffith, wife of the cashier of the Merchants' bank at Jackson, Miss., died Sunday night of the "prevailing" fever. This is the twelfth victim to succumb.

An emergency mounted corps has been organized for the defense of Pletermartinsburg.

In a naval engagement the Columbian insurgents lost two vessels and 200 men.

There is a scarcity of food in the Island of Guam.

Educational Column.

By Superintendent D. D. Cowan.

TO THE TEACHERS OF JACKSON COUNTY. "Don't suppose there's always safety Where no danger shows, Don't suppose you know more Than anybody knows, For each content in his place should dwell, And envy not his brother, And any part that is acted well Is just as good as another."

If you do not take interest in your little country school and make a success of it, you will never be fitted for a larger or more advanced one. Don't imagine for a moment that you are wasting your energies. If you are any account the world will find it out.

SCHOOL MANAGEMENT. Your success will depend more on this than your knowledge of text books. You may advance your pupil, but if you allow profanity, fighting, and keep a disorderly room your patrons will demand a new teacher next year. Your reputation will not be confined to one neighborhood. Now, don't think that school management consists alone in keeping a quiet school room, but you must keep your pupils busy. Have variety, but above all things, please do not be fussy. Josh Billings says, "Fuss is half sister to Hurry and neither of them can do anything without getting in their own way."

"ORDER IS HEAVEN'S FIRST LAW." I don't know anything more unbearable than a noisy school room, and it is impossible to do good work unless your school is orderly. If you can succeed in having good order, good lessons will follow. It would be a difficult matter to name everything that should be done, but here are a few "don'ts" that it would pay to heed:

Don't lose your self-possession. Don't fawn or flatter. Don't scold, frown or find fault. Don't read a set of rules.

Don't ask the children to do anything unreasonable, and do not be too dignified to join your pupils in their games. A little recreation will do you good. You can play with them and not lose their respect. You can prevent quarrels by this association. You are their guardian during school hours.

CO-OPERATION. Make an effort to secure the co-operation of parents. Manifest an interest in the children; without this your school will suffer. Get acquainted as soon as possible with every patron; visit them. Let them realize that you are interested. Invite them to visit the school. Have exercises on Friday afternoons, such as readings; recitations and spelling matches. The children will enjoy them and you will find that they will pay for the extra trouble. If you can succeed in getting the patrons interested, the children will take more interest in your work and your labor will be lightened and good results will follow. Remember this. I speak from personal experience. You cannot make a success of your school without the co-operation of patrons.

ADVANTAGES OFFERED. The teachers of Jackson county are fortunate in having a high school which does pedagogical work. The Teachers' Training course of Ocean Springs High School was organized last year, and the character of the work done met with such unanimous approval by the students that Prof. Sauls has been encouraged to make the course broader and more comprehensive with a view of educating (not merely cramming up for examinations) the teachers on the subjects taught in the public schools.

The great trouble with normals and institutes and training schools for teachers is, the time is too short, a person cannot discipline the mind and form habits of study and culture in a few weeks. That thing has been tried by the three months commercial schools. It requires time and diligent study to learn the subjects of history, civics, physiology, grammar and arithmetic. And then when a student has learned a subject well enough to answer the questions and stand an examination, in many cases he is not competent to teach it.

With all these things in view the training course of the Ocean Springs High School has been broadened to cover the entire session's work. Prof. Sauls has arranged a course for the teacher to study during the four months of the winter, while they are teaching and will furnish any teacher, upon application, free of cost, a type written circular, mapping out a course of study. Write Prof. G. D. Sauls for full particulars.

You can't keep up with the educational band wagon unless you study.

John Bull takes the position that the powers have no right to interfere with him in his determination to wallop the Boers.

The average man is always wondering what others think of him and the chances are the other never give him a thought.

A Kentucky girl has invented an improvement in pocket flasks. If a girl can't catch a man one way she can another.

Gen. Wheaton, with a brigade, has been sent to Dugupan to advance on the Filipinos from the north, while Lawton and McArthur attack from the south.

It is reported in London that the Basutis have risen against the Orange Free State.

Persistent reports that Gen. White has capitulated to the Boers have been reached Lisbon.

Mark Hanna's barrel did the business in Ohio and Kentucky elections Tuesday.

A special term of the Supreme Court will convene at Jackson the first Monday in December. The regular term lapsed on account of only one judge being present.

The strength of the candy pull with the fair sex is evidenced from the fact that a Chicago candy drummer has been able to mobilize forty-two wives.

Texas legally hanged a Methodist minister of the gospel last week for giving a poisoned apple to his wife.

**Dollars Saved**  
ARE  
**Dollars Made,**  
And you can save them by buying your  
**HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS**  
At Wm. A. MURPHY'S,  
Dealer in Furniture, Stoves, Mattings, Wind w Shades, Rugs, Etc.  
Corner Canty St. and Delmas ave. SCRANTON, MISS.  
December 1, 1898.

On our way to  
**THE**  
**DeJean & Mitchell Co.**  
To get the  
**BEST GROCERIES, STAPLE and FANCY**  
on the market.  
**OUR STOCK OF CLOTHING**  
IS THE LARGEST, BEST  
AND CHEAPEST.  
FINEST LINE OF  
**DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS**  
At Lowest Prices.  
Hardware, Crockery, Glassware, Jewelry, Feud, Produce,  
Suits for Standard Patterns.  
GOODS DELIVERED FREE.  
November 18, 1898.

MT. PLEASANT ITEMS.  
BY TIM.  
He is reconciled.  
Molasses making and potato digging time is here.  
Rev. J. H. Havens preached an interesting sermon at Mount Pleasant last Sunday.  
We are glad to note that Miss Ida Goff, who has been quite sick for some time, is improving.  
The boys had a little race recently, which came near proving disastrous to themselves and others.  
Mrs. M. L. Carter and son, of Basin are visiting Mr. Griffin Carter and family here.  
Mr. G. J. Smith, who was thrown from his buggy two weeks ago, has recovered from his injuries.  
Mr. Wiley Lyons, of Ramsay was a visitor to our community this week.  
Mr. J. P. Smith was a visitor to Brewton last week.  
Mr. Neilson, of Bloxi was in our midst last week taking pictures. Mr. Neilson is a fine photographer and our people would do well to patronize him.

**ECHO CAFE,**  
Chas. L. Krebs,  
Proprietor,  
Delmas avenue, two doors west of the court-house.  
SCRANTON, MISS.  
—Best brands of—  
WHISKIES, WINES, COGNAC,  
MALT LIQUORS, BEERS.  
October 13, 1899.

**SPECIAL TERM**  
**CIRCUIT COURT,**  
Commencing Monday, December 4, 1899

**MARINE.**  
OFFICE DEMOCRAT-STAR,  
Scranton, Miss., November 10, 1899.  
[Report for week ending November 9, 1899.]  
ENTERED.  
Nov. 2. Brit ship Kings County, Salter, 2,000 tons from Barbados.  
Nov. 6. Am sch Nan M. Dantzier, Dethloff, 170 tons from Vera Cruz.  
Nov. 7. H. bk. Adelle Aceame, Oliveire, 1,500 tons from New Port, Eng.  
Nov. 7. Am sch Nantasket, Guphill, 567 tons from New Orleans.  
CLEARED.  
Nov. 4. Brit sch Lady Shea, by L. N. Dantzier Lumber Co. for Nassau with 125,227 feet lumber, val. \$1,501.  
Nov. Am sch Cora M. by L. N. Dantzier Lumber Co. for St. Lucia, with 115,616 feet of lumber valued at \$1,352.  
Nov. 6. Am sch Oscar G. by L. N. Dantzier Lumber Co. for Havana, with 229,474 feet sawn timber, value \$192.

**VALUABLE LAND**  
**SALE AT PUBLIC AUCTION.**  
By virtue of the authority vested in me, as executor of the last will and testament of J. J. Parker, deceased, late of Jackson county, State of Mississippi, which said will has been duly probated and recorded, I will, as said executor, sell at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, at the front door of the court-house in the town of Scranton, county of Jackson, State of Mississippi, at 12 o'clock m., on  
Monday, December 4, 1899,  
the lands belonging to the estate of said J. J. Parker, deceased, situated in said county and described as follows, to-wit: Ne 1/4 sec. 2, township 33, range 6 west, sq. of sq. section 22, and sq. of sq. section 23, and sq. of sq. section 35, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 4, and sq. of sq. section 5, and sq. of sq. section 6, and sq. of sq. section 7, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 8, and sq. of sq. section 9, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 10, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 11, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 12, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 13, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 14, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 15, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 16, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 17, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 18, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 19, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 20, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 21, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 22, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 23, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 24, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 25, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 26, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 27, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 28, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 29, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 30, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 31, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 32, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 33, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 34, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 35, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 36, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 37, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 38, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 39, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 40, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 41, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 42, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 43, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 44, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 45, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 46, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 47, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 48, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 49, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 50, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 51, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 52, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 53, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 54, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 55, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 56, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 57, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 58, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 59, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 60, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 61, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 62, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 63, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 64, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 65, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 66, township 34 south, range 6 west, and sq. of sq. section 67, township