

East Mississippi Times

Published Every Friday by Wm. Ward.

STARKVILLE, : MISSISSIPPI

NEWS OF THE WEEK

LATEST NEWS OF THE WORLD
TERSELY TOLD.

NORTH, EAST, SOUTH AND WEST

Notes From Foreign Lands, Through-
out the Nation and Particularly
the Great Southwest.

RACE FOR THE PENNANTS.

Club	National League	Won	Lost	Pct.
Chicago	45	28	17	.618
New York	42	30	12	.553
Pittsburgh	38	32	6	.542
Cincinnati	40	36	4	.520
Philadelphia	35	37	4	.486
Brooklyn	33	40	4	.452
St. Louis	32	43	4	.427
Boston	30	49	3	.385

Club	American League	Won	Lost	Pct.
Philadelphia	51	24	27	.650
Boston	45	32	13	.584
New York	45	30	15	.595
Detroit	43	36	7	.551
Cleveland	32	38	4	.464
Chicago	31	44	4	.413
Washington	30	40	4	.387
St. Louis	23	50	3	.315

Trapped on a burning, sinking steamer, 106 men, women and children perished near Kherson on the Black sea, according to dispatches received at Odessa. After the collision with the steamer Wampoa the passenger steamer Lovki, crowded with passengers, foundered.

While trying to rescue her little sister, who fell into a creek in Posey county, Indiana, Esther Proctor, 17 years old, was drowned. Her body was recovered.

One man dying, two wounded and a possibility of other casualties, is the result of a revolver battle between three bandits and 40 members of a construction gang on the Lake Shore railroad at North Olmstead, 20 miles southwest of Cleveland, O.

August ("Garry") Hermann of Cincinnati was elected grand exalted ruler of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks by acclamation at the first session of the grand lodge held at Detroit.

Prince Helle De Sagan, husband of Countess Anna Gould Castellane, has just won a fresh victory over his persistent German creditors. The prince's lawyers have succeeded in inducing the Prussian courts to nullify the state of bankruptcy into which the creditors had forced his estates in Silesia.

The steamer Cape Girardeau of the Eagle Packet company, with 150 passengers aboard, struck a snag in 40 feet of water near Turkey island, 50 miles south of St. Louis, and sank in nine minutes. No lives were lost.

Henry Dexter, founder of the American News company, died at his home in New York in his 98th year after a brief illness. During his life he gave away to charity something more than \$1,000,000.

Affairs in Alaska are to be thoroughly investigated. Attorney General Wickersham and Secretary of Commerce and Labor Nagel are to be sent to the territory by President Taft to probe its government. This action follows the disclosures at the Ballinger congressional inquiry and revelations before the senate judiciary committee of alleged Guggenheim control of mines.

Germany has formally put the stamp of approval on the Madrid government in Nicaragua. This information reached Washington through confidential channels outside the state department.

Benton P. Jackson, former county judge, was found dead on the ground near his barn gate at Glasgow, Mo. He died of apoplexy. Judge Jackson was a native of Howard county. He was 74 years old.

Stanley Yale Beach, son of the proprietor of the Scientific American, had a narrow escape from death while attempting to make a flight over Long Island sound in his monoplane. His machine fell on the rocks.

The plant of the Amarillo (Tex.) Ice and Cold Storage company was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000. The property belonged to A. Davidson of Amarillo.

Capt. C. S. Rolls, the channel-flier and most daring of British aviators, was killed when his Wright biplane fell 100 feet at the aviation meet at Bournemouth. The accident occurred in full sight of a great company of spectators.

Using his last pint of gasoline to drive his big Wright machine across the line of vision of engineers' transits on the beach at Atlantic City, Walter Brookins smashed all world's records for aeroplane height by reaching a height of 6,175 feet above sea level.

Gustave Whitehead, a Bridgeport (Conn.) aviator, had a narrow escape when he lost control of a monoplane in which he was attempting an ascent. The machine crashed into the side of a bridge hurling him out. He was made unconscious.

Before he had been in office an hour, J. N. Ankele, the vice-mayor, elevated to the office of chief executive of Newark, O., following the suspension of Mayor Herbert Atherton by Governor Harmon, had summarily removed Chief of Police Zerger and Police Captain Robert Bell.

Stuyvesant Fish, Jr., son of the former president of the Illinois Central, and Miss I. Mildred Dick, daughter of Evans R. Dick of New York, were married at St. Philip's church, New York. After a short honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Fish will return to New York, where they will make their home.

Miss Hazel Hogan of Starkville, Miss., was severely injured, when, tearing a college pennant from the wall of her room, she jerked the pin with which it was fastened suddenly from the wall. The point of the pin struck one of her eyes. Physicians found it necessary to remove the eye.

The Shippers and Receivers association of Cincinnati applied to the federal court here for a mandatory injunction to compel the Interstate Commerce commission to annul its recent order in the southeastern rate case, reopen the hearing and give another decision.

One of the effects of prohibition in Tennessee is a 200 per cent increase in money orders paid at the Hopkinsville (Ky.) postoffice in the last year, during which time the amount has jumped from \$30,150.70 to \$90,415.95.

Six men were killed and a score injured, 145 horses were roasted alive and property worth \$750,000 was destroyed in the handsomest portion of Portland, Ore., by the worst fire that has visited the extreme northwest in years. According to the police, an explosion in a garage caused the fire.

The census bureau announced the population of East St. Louis, Ill., to be 58,547; of Belleville, Ill., 21,112; of Peoria, 66,900; of Granite City, 4,835. East St. Louis almost doubled its population in the last ten years.

Seven men were injured, one probably fatally, when a scaffold on the new high school building at Memphis, Tenn., collapsed. The men fell four stories.

Indictments against 13 persons were returned by a Rock Island (Ill.) county grand jury, which since May 3 had been investigating alleged fraternal insurance frauds. All those indicted were officers of the American Home Circle or of the Fraternal Tribunes, or were concerned in the merger of the two.

Arthur C. Hawkins, 38, cashier of the Wisconsin Lime and Cement company, Chicago, is in jail, after confessing, the police say, to having robbed his employers of more than \$9,000 in 60 days. Hawkins' only explanation is that he took the money and "had one great time on it."

Governor Noel of Mississippi has written to all county prosecutors and many city officials in the state requesting them to take immediate action to close all "blind tigers" and "near-beer" saloons.

Suspension of recent general advances in freight rates has been determined on by the Interstate Commerce commission. These tariffs were to become effective August 1.

Clasping her 18-month-old baby in her arms, Mrs. Rosie Mickecie of Kansas City, Kas., threw herself in front of a passenger train. Poverty, it is said, caused Mrs. Mickecie to seek death.

Lester O. Goddard, a railroad attorney, died at his home in Riverside, near Chicago. For many years he was connected with the legal department of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad.

Aroused by the fact that an appeal to the supreme court had been taken following his condemnation to death on the charge of having murdered the town marshal, C. C. Chenault, a mob battered down the doors of the jail at Rayville, La., and, dragging J. D. Freeman, a white man, from his cell, hanged him.

Carl Etherington, 22 years old, employed by the State Anti-Saloon league as a blind tiger raider, was lynched in Newark, Ohio, following a day of almost continuous rioting. The heavy doors of the Licking county jail were battered down and Etherington was dragged from his cell and shot.

Holding that a saloon keeper who violates the state law by selling liquor on Sunday is undesirable as a citizen Judge Humphreys, in the United States district court at Springfield, Ill., refused to issue final citizenship papers to Thomas Mulroy, who admitted, on being questioned, that he was guilty.

A four-horse stage coach, carrying 11 passengers bound for El Portal, the gateway of the Yosemite National park, went over a cliff into the Merced river after a fall of 100 feet. Four persons were seriously injured.

The Arkansas supreme court has held that the union formed between the Presbyterian church and the Cumberland Presbyterian, or Southern Presbyterian church, in 1906, was valid, and that the Presbyterian church succeeds to the right and title of all property held by Cumberland Presbyterians.

The dirigible balloon Erbsloeh, recently fitted for passenger service, was destroyed in the air through the explosion of a benzine tank, and her inventor, Oscar Erbsloeh, and his crew of four men were hurled to their death in Rhenish, Prussia.

Staggering under a debt totaling \$849,389 and facing financial ruin, the George Washington university at Washington, D. C., is negotiating for the sale of its most important buildings and the discontinuance of its medical school and hospital.

Col. Edward R. H. Green, son of Mrs. Hetty Green, has been made a director of the Seaboard National bank in New York. This confirms reports current last May that Colonel Green is to quit Texas to make his home in New York in order to give his attention to his mother's interests.

State Capital Notes

Weekly Budget of State News Items Gathered by Our Special Correspondent at Jackson.

JACKSON.

Dates for Farmers' Institutes.

Prof. W. L. Hutchinson, director of the department of Farmers' Institutes, of the Mississippi Institutes, of the Mississippi Agricultural and Mechanical College, has completed the list of institutes to be held, in some twenty counties and at fifty or sixty points therein, during July and August, and gives notice as follows:

Alcorn County—July 29, Farmington; July 30, First District (probably Jones school); August 1, Goosepond; August 2, Kossuth; August 3, Hinkle. Amite County—July 18, Olio; July 19, Forest school house; July 20, New Zion; July 21, Robinson Station; July 22, Tangipahoa Church.

Carroll County—July 29, Carrollton. Chickasaw County—August 5, Egypt. Clarke County—August 13, Union Church; August 18, Mayerhoff Springs. Jasper County—August 4, Montrose; August 5, Bay Springs; August 6, Lake Como; August 11, Heidelberg; August 12, Rosehill.

Jones County—August 8, Shady Grove school house; August 9, Howard school house; August 10, Moselle.

Leake County—July 26, Lena; July 27, Tuscola; July 28, Standing Pine; July 29, Williston; July 30, Midway.

Lee County—July 25, Bethany; July 26, Baldwin; August 4, Birmingham.

Lauderdale County—August 15, Topon; August 16, Shucktown; August 17, Toomsboro.

Marion County—July 28, Columbia. Montgomery County—July 30, Stewart.

Jefferson Davis County—July 29, Son's Academy; August 25, Hebron; August 26, Prentiss; August 27, San-tee.

Neshoba County—August 1, Center hill Church; August 2, Dixon; August 3, House.

Prentiss County—July 27, New Hope; July 28, Osborn Creek Church.

Pike County—July 23, Carter's Creek school; July 27, Walker's Bridge.

Scott County—July 19, Independence; July 20, High Hill; July 21, Myer's school house; July 22, Hillsboro; July 23, Lilian; July 25, Malco.

Simpson County—August 22, Harrisville; August 23, French Hill; August 24, Stonewall.

Wayne County—August 19, Waynesboro; August 20, Shady Grove school house.

Prof. Smith Taking Hold.

Prof. William H. Smith, the able and popular educator from Holmes county, who is state supervisor of the elementary rural schools, is preparing to take up the duties that will fall to him in his new field of labor.

One important feature of Prof. Smith's work will consist in starting off on a practical basis of the consolidated rural school system, which was authorized at the 1910 session of the legislature. By adopting this plan, where there are two or three country schools within a radius of a few miles, one school will be maintained, the school trustees being in the same act authorized to provide for the transportation of pupils who live beyond two miles from the school so consolidated. It is figured out that the cost of transportation will be more than covered by the saving in teachers' salaries, as the combining of two or three schools in one will enable the authorities to dispense with the services of one or more teachers.

More Roads Projected.

Railroad deals seem plentiful about Jackson just at present. Following the announcement that the Great Northern would erect a quarter of a million-dollar depot in this city comes the news from New Orleans that the Frisco will build a line into Jackson. By an agreement between the Great Northern and the Frisco system it is said that arrangements have been perfected that will secure another line connecting this city with Memphis. This is to be done by the extension of the Great Northern to a point near Memphis.

Send \$50 to Help Immigration Work.

President A. C. Benders, of the Mississippi Travelers, has forwarded to Treasurer Oscar Newton, Jr., a contribution of \$50 to the fund being raised to carry on the work of the statewide immigration movement. "We appreciate this donation from the Mississippi Travelers," said President P. H. Saunders, "not merely for the amount involved, but for the spirit that prompted it. The support of the Mississippi Travelers means a great deal to us, for the boys on the road wield a great influence in the upbuilding of the commonwealth."

Twenty-five Get Liberty in August.

A total of twenty-five prisoners will be discharged from the penitentiary in August, when they have served their time, and the first one will be released nearly every day during the month, till August 31, when five will be freed. Some of these men may be given their freedom before their term expires, in order to restore their citizenship, but in this case Gov. Noel would have to issue a pardon. The longest sentence any of the men served was seven years, ranging from that time to two years.

BOLL WEEVIL ADVICE.

Given Mississippi Farmers by Special Agent Moss.

The following has been given out here: To All Farmers in Boll Weevil Territory:

The fight against the weevil has not progressed far enough for its effectiveness to become fully apparent. But one lesson has, or should have been, impressed on the man who has been compelled to pick closely the weevils and punctured squares in his field, and that is the urgent need of so reducing the emerging weevils as to minimize the expense and trouble of picking them.

The only way to do this effectively is by burning all cotton stalks before frost in the fall.

Hundreds and thousands of weevils have appeared in the fields in weevil sections this spring, and the expense and trouble of picking them has often been a very considerable item. However, it was one of the effective means of fighting the pest, and every farmer who has carefully followed this practice will profit by it.

By destroying your stalks in the fall at a cost of 50 cents an acre, you can very greatly reduce the cost of picking weevils and punctured squares in the spring, and practically assure your cotton crop.

Further, the expense of picking the weevils this year has been comparatively light, on account of our very cold winter. By June 20 this year, following a cold winter, only 4 per cent. of over-wintered weevils had emerged from hibernation; while one year ago, followed by a mild winter, over 20 per cent., or five times as many, had emerged by the same date.

Hence, where stalks are not destroyed the average expense of picking weevils and squares will very likely be much greater than this year.

We are always going to make cotton in Mississippi, but the sooner the grower realizes that a smaller acreage, fall destruction of stalks and picking weevils and squares, and rapid, intensive methods are essential, the better it will be for all concerned.

B. L. MOSS.

District Agent Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work.

Sending Out Pension Blanks.

The auditor's department has sent out to the several counties of the state the blank forms for pension applications, which are to be filled out by the applicants and be ready for consideration when the pension boards meet in September. The forms of application are divided into three classes, as follows:

First Class—Indigent soldiers or sailors who lost two legs or arms as a result of the war between the states, \$125.

Second Class—Indigent soldiers or sailors who lost one leg or arm, \$75.

Third Class—Indigent blind widows or veterans, \$75.

Fourth Class—Indigent soldiers or sailors, pro rated per capita.

Fifth Class—Indigent servants of veterans, also prorated per capita.

Sixth Class—Indigent widows or veterans, also per capita prorated.

The appropriations for pensions at the 1910 session were in excess of that made in 1908, by upwards of \$100,000.

Governor Noel Counts the Cash.

According to statute, Governor Noel Saturday paid a visit to the state treasury for the purpose of verifying the books and cash account of the treasurer. The result was the interesting discovery that there was just 90 cents in the cash drawer, though this, of course, does not represent the state's cash balance. In the certificate which he returned, after verifying the count made by Treasurer Edwards and Deputy Auditor Thomson, the governor states that in addition to the 90 cents in the drawer he found in the vault the sum of \$2,449.55 belonging to the county tax on land redemption funds, while the books showed a balance in the depositories of \$268,481.04, giving total balance of \$270,931.49.

Damage to Crops.

President Hightower of the Mississippi division of the Farmers' union, who has just returned from a tour of the northern part of the state, in speaking of the damage done by the recent rains, said: "It is a fact beyond question that the heavy rains of the past two weeks have drowned out a large portion of the young and growing cotton." The same kind of news comes from planters from every section of the state coming to Jackson, and gloomy predictions are made unless there is a hold up in precipitation in the near future.

Vicksburg May Get Encampment.

Vicksburg may get the next encampment of United States and state troops. The Vicksburg board of trade has taken the matter up. This would mean 10,000 troops in camp at Vicksburg, and Mayor Hayes, it is said, is working along this line. Secretary of War Dickinson intimated some time ago that such a move was possible. It is known the war department does not like Chickamauga any too well, but the encampment was held there this year because of the lack of a better place.

CONDITION OF COTTON

MANY LOWLANDS IN THE VALLEY
CAN NEVER BE REDEEMED.

Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas
See Improvement—Reports From
Oklahoma Brilliant.

Memphis, Tenn.—There was an improvement in the cotton crop during the week in Alabama and states eastward in Texas and Oklahoma. Elsewhere little or nothing was gained because showers were general and kept labor from the fields for the greater part of the time. It seems certain that in the valley states many lowlands can never be redeemed from the grass. In Mississippi some of the bottoms are still under water, which is receding very slowly.

The great need of the crop in the central and eastern belts is cultivation. There are a few localities that have not suffered severely either because the lands were unusually well drained or because rains were not excessive, but as a rule all the territory east of Texas and Oklahoma has been seriously damaged. For the crop to recover, dry weather is necessary. The plant is late and has not set fruit as usual at this date.

Within the past four weeks North Carolina and Tennessee have suffered less than other states east of the Mississippi river. Reports from Oklahoma are brilliant and good from Texas except in the southwest, where rain is beginning to be needed, the recent showers having failed to reach that section of the state.

WHICH WAS THE CAUSE?

Preacher Deposed for Bathing and Drinking "Licker."

Laporte, Ind.—The official board of the First Christian Church announced that it had deposed the Rev. J. J. Cole from its pastorate and he would not be permitted to preach any more, for the alleged reasons that he swam in the lake on Sunday, that he drank some whiskey on the order of a physician, and that he had been seen at a theater.

Mr. Cole, in a public reply, does not deny the allegations, but says he offended the members of the board by not appearing in evening dress at a church reception.

BOLT FOLLOWS BENEDICTION

Two Seriously Injured—Lightning Hit the Pulpit.

Paris, Ky.—Just as the Rev. T. C. Stackhouse was pronouncing the benediction at the Silas Baptist Church, about forty miles from here, a bolt of lightning struck the building and two persons were seriously injured, while a score were shocked. The two injured are Mrs. James Thompson, who was badly burned about the body, and Miss Bettie Starks, who was also seriously burned. The lightning, after splitting the marble top of the pulpit, ran around the wall toward the door where Miss Starks was standing, burning her shoes and stockings from her limbs. Her dress was ignited and was badly burned before the fire was extinguished. One horse hitched in the rear of the building was killed.

COTTON BULLS VICTORIOUS

Over Attorney General, Declares United States Senator.

Florence, S. C.—That the cotton bulls have won a victory over Attorney General Wickersham and that the latter withdrew the indictments against them because he has seen the error of his way is the opinion of United States Senator E. D. Smith, who has returned from Washington. He points out the fact that cotton has climbed a dollar a bale in spite of the closing of mills, curtailment and all other bear influences.

He predicted that cotton would continue to rise until the prices in October would make the present prices look cheap.

Immigrants Excluded.

Washington.—Nearly 25,000 of the immigrants who arrived at United States ports during the fiscal year ended June 30 last were denied admission by immigration officials and were compelled to return to the countries from which they came. Various reasons were assigned for refusing to allow them to remain here, including those of physical defects and the probability of their becoming public charges. The fiscal year 1910 was a "million immigrants year," the first for several years, the total number admitted being 1,041,570.

105 at Fort Worth.

Ft. Worth, Tex.—With the temperature registering 105 degrees at three o'clock, Sunday was the hottest day of the summer in Ft. Worth. Scorching hot winds from across the plains added to the general discomfort and suffering.

Yellow Fever in Nicaragua.

Bluefields, Nicaragua.—The American consul, Thomas P. Moffatt, has issued instructions to the American naval commanders here to observe the strictest precaution that no person communicate be held with Bluefields Bluff on account of the grave fears that yellow fever is prevalent there. The bluff is held by the Madriz forces, and numerous deaths have recently occurred among the Madriz soldiers. The steamer Venus, which was reported to have been captured by Gen. Estrada, is bombarding Halfway Bay.

MORE PINKHAM CURES

Added to the Long List due
to This Famous Remedy

Oronogo, Mo.—"I was simply a nervous wreck. I could not walk across the floor without my heart fluttering and I could not receive a letter. Every month I had such a bearing down sensation, as if the lower parts would fall out. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done my nerves a great deal of good and has also relieved the bearing down. I recommended it to some friends and two of them have been greatly benefited by it."—Mrs. MAE MCKNIGHT, Oronogo, Mo.

Another Grateful Woman.
St. Louis, Mo.—"I was bothered terribly with a female weakness and had backache, bearing down pains and pains in lower parts. I began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regularly and used the Sassafras and now I have no more trouble that way."—Mrs. AL. HENZOG, 512 Prescott Ave., St. Louis, Mo.

Because your case is a difficult one, doctors having done you no good, do not continue to suffer without giving Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial. It surely has cured many cases of female ills, such as inflammation, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, that bearing down feeling, indigestion, dizziness, and nervous prostration. It costs but a trifle to try it, and the result is worth millions to many suffering women.

Sickly Smile
Wipe it off your otherwise good looking face—put on that good health smile that CAS CARETS will give you—a result from the cure of Constipation—or a torpid liver. It's so easy—do it—you'll see.

CASCARETS 30c a box for a week's treatment, all druggists. Biggest seller in the world. Million boxes a month.

VISIONARY.



Jiggson—If a man could only sell coal at the north pole or ice in hades, Wiggson—But that's out of the question.

Juggson—I know; but, gee! just think of the prices he could get!

Their Object.
Banks—The women of my town have formed a secret society. Rivers—A secret society? Surely that's a misnomer; women don't know how to keep secrets.

Banks—But they know how to tell them, and that's why they formed the society.

Protected.
Stella—Are you afraid of cows? Bella—Not with my hatpins.—New York Sun.

**A Dream of Ease—
Post Toasties**
NO COOKING!

An economical hot weather luxury—food that pleases and satisfies at any meal. So good you'll want more.

Served right from the package with cream or milk. Especially pleasing with fresh berries.

"The Memory Lingers"

Figs. 10c and 15c
Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Co., Limited
Battle Creek, Mich.