



YAZOO CITY:

Friday, May 10, 1943.

J. A. STEVENS, EDITOR.

For President of the United States in 1944

HENRY CLAY, OF KENTUCKY.

WHIG TICKET.

FOR THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
W. R. MILES,
BENJ. LEWIS.

Our Paper To-Day.

It will be seen that our paper appears to-day with much less than the usual quantity of reading and editorial matter. This is owing to a sudden and very severe affliction in our family which occurred on Tuesday evening last, and also, in part, to our having for some days previous, to be constantly in attendance on the Circuit Court in Benton, and the indisposition of our journeyman.—We think these circumstances will be received as a sufficient excuse for our meager appearance to-day. We will try to meet the reasonable expectations of our readers in future, and hope they will bear with us in this instance.

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THE TYLER POCO PRESS.—The Pig and the Puppy.—A correspondent of the Providence Journal tells a capital story of a gentleman, who, some years ago, had a pretty pig, which he determined to send as a present to his clergyman. One morning he called his servant John, and told him to put the pig into a bag, and carry it to the parson as a Christmas gift. John caught the pig, tied him up in the bag and started off with a merry heart for the parson's house. He knocked at the door and upon inquiry was ushered into the presence of the Divine, and handed him the bag containing, as he supposed, the pig. When the bag was opened, lo! instead of the pig was an ill looking puppy. Well, said the parson to John, what do you mean by bringing me this miserable little puppy? Why, said John, my master told me to bring the pig, and when I put him into the bag he was a pig, but now he has turned into a puppy. Go to your master, you dog, and tell him I don't thank him for his puppy. John returned to his master and related the singular occurrence. The master somewhat incredulous, ordered John to open the bag that he might inspect for himself, and sure enough there was the pig. Now, John go back again and present my compliments to the parson, and beg him to accept of this very fine little pig as a Christmas present. No, master, I can't have anything to do with a thing that a pig one moment and a puppy the next.

This anecdote forcibly illustrates the condition of the Tyler press. At one time it appears to be a republican "pig," at another a "puppy." They give in their adhesion to the Captain for the purpose of obtaining his patronage, and then appear like fine fat pigs, but for the purpose of keeping up their claim on the "democracy" of the States, they change again and become barking puppies—they are swinish at Washington, but canine at Harrisburg, Albany and Boston. They look like excellent porkers in the vicinity of the White House, but turn to be mangy curs of locofocoism whenever that party has a Governor to help them to a kennel and straw.—National Forum.

OUR COUNTRY AND PEOPLE.—Our country, says the Bangor Whig, is large and free, pouring out its abundance to reward the hand of diligence and to make glad the hearts of the people. The people of our country are blessed above those of any other in freedom, in intelligence, in moral worth and in all the means of prosperity and happiness. Yet with all these advantages and with plenty budding out on every side, there is a death pressure felt upon business and a continual sinking down in the value of property and the price of labor. This grows out of evil legislation and false political doctrines. The people hold the power in their hands to correct these evils—to redeem the people from this distress which weighs down its energies and the business of the people. It has been well said "the nation wants and will have a faithful administration of its public affairs—it wants and will have a sufficient and sound currency—it wants and will have protection for industry—it wants and will have a fair share of commerce of the world—it wants and will have a better price for its produce—a more reciprocal trade abroad—a more free and open market among those of whom it buys its luxuries.

These are indeed the great wants of the country and the people, and the people work, more and more independently for themselves, until these wants are supplied. The business of the country—the value of property—the price of labor have been too much

controlled by political movements and government projects long enough, and the people, the business men, begin to demand now that the Government shall give its aid to promote and not to hamper and destroy the industry of the people.

MR. CLAY IN PENNSYLVANIA.—Mr. Clay is fast gaining ground in Pennsylvania—the Germans who have so long opposed him having had their eyes opened. That State, too, is as much or more interested on the tariff than any State in the Union, and will not support any man who is opposed to that measure. The "Vaterland's" Watcher," a German Anti-Masonic paper, published at Harrisburg, and which paper with the great body of the Anti-Masons has always opposed Mr. Clay for the Presidency, has raised the flag of Henry Clay. The "Lehigh Patriot," another Anti-Masonic German paper, has withdrawn the name of Gen. Scott from the head of its columns and substitutes that of Henry of the West. All the Scott papers are following the example set by Gen. Scott himself and rallying around Henry of the West. When we have such demonstrations as these, we have good reason to calculate upon the vote of Pennsylvania for Mr. Clay in 1844.

Travelling with the Sacs and Foxes. The Madisonian publishes, officially, the ratified treaty made with the Sacs and Fox Indians on the 11th of October last, by John Chambers, Esq., United States Commissioner. By this treaty the tribes of Sacs and Foxes cede to the United States, forever, all the lands west of the Mississippi river to which they have any claim or title, or in which they have any interest whatever—reserving a right to occupy a portion of the land ceded for a term of three years from the time of signing the treaty. In consideration of this cession, the United States agrees to pay annually to the Sacs and Foxes an interest of five per centum upon the sum of eight hundred thousand dollars, and to pay their debts mentioned in a schedule annexed to the treaty, amounting to the sum of two hundred and fifty-eight thousand five hundred and sixty-six dollars and thirty cents.

It is made the duty of the President of the United States, as soon after the ratification of the treaty as may be convenient, to assign a tract of land suitable for Indian purposes, to the Sacs and Foxes for a permanent and perpetual residence for them and their descendants, which tract of land shall be upon the Missouri river, or some of its waters.—Boston Notion.

A HEAVY VERDICT.—Eight thousand dollars damages has been rendered by a Jury of Tompkins county Circuit (New York) for a breach of promise of marriage. The parties to the suit were Mary Conrad and Josiah B. Williams, both of the village of Ithaca. National Intelligencer.

Repudiation. Some unknown friend has transmitted to us the speech of Carroll Spence, Esq., of Baltimore city, on the subject of providing means to pay the debts of the State. Also a letter from the same gentleman to a gentleman of Pennsylvania, on the subject of Repudiation. They breathe the true spirit of patriotism in every line, and contain a vigor of thought equal, if not superior, to anything we ever read on the subject. We regret that the want of room at present prevents us from making copious extracts. We give a paragraph from the letter on repudiation, which will give the reader some idea of the force of Mr. Spence's style.

Southron. "The very idea of REPUDIATION has ever suggested to me a train of serious apprehensions. Can it be possible, that any number of men, will claim and enforce rights without, at the same time, assenting to corresponding and parallel obligations? The corner stones of MORITY, are MUTUALITY and RECIPROCITY; deprived of them, it falls to the earth, and anarchy and disorder rear themselves upon its ruins. No people can possibly flourish—no State can possibly prosper in which political and social transactions are independent of morality and justice.—Unless the tree of civil liberty takes deep root in the soil of justice, it soon falls beneath the axe of despotism. I cannot think the people of Maryland are prepared to set the seal of the State to a charter for REPUDIATION and dishonesty. I cannot think that they will consent to DEPRIVE, and then reward thousands of widows and orphans. The debt has been contracted. REPUDIATION CAN NEVER FREE US FROM THE MORAL OBLIGATION TO PAY IT. The laws of man may be violated, but let it be remembered, that there is a tribunal which balances the scale of justice, if the State of Maryland, together with her sister States, like the sword of the indignant Roman, was cast into the scale. The debt will remain, and with it the stigma of REPUDIATION. It will be a stain upon the escutcheon of the State, assuming a darker and blacker hue as years roll on, when seen through the telescope of time. Our citizens stand upon the brink of a precipice—behind them is a country, from which nature has for a time reserved her smiles, to show them upon the shady hills and verdant valleys of a land yet more distant. Will the people hesitate what course to pursue? Shall popular excitement, and a desire to cast off the small burden which galls them drive them over the precipice, into the dark abyss of REPUDIATION and dishonor? Or will they equip themselves for the march—contribute each his proportion to the expenses of the journey, and with economy as the pillar of fire to guide their steps through the intermediate country, bend their course towards the

more distant land, flowing with the milk and honey of credit and honor? I trust they will—at least let them pause. They stand upon the precipice of disgrace. One step either way, and the fate of the State is decided forever. Let them remember,

"Facile decensus avari,
Sed revocare gradum superasque evadere ad auras,
Hoc opus hic labor est."

"Tis true, if we now repudiate our debts, our descendants may in years to come fulfil the epitaph "REPUDIATION" upon the sepulchre of this generation, and succeeding ones, as they fulfil the immutable laws of justice, by liquidating our liabilities, will turn with abhorrence from the principles of their fathers, and curse us for the legacy of disgrace which we entailed upon them."

A VALUABLE HINT.—The following suggestion is from the Newark Daily Advertiser: "It had been the custom in some of our country districts to sell the poor of the parish to the lowest bidder. Why not dispose of political beggars in the same way? Suppose when an office becomes vacant, the appointing power should advertise for proposals as the Post Office does for mail contracts, and give it to the lowest bidder who can furnish the necessary securities. It might save politicians some artifice and folly, and the country much agitation and dishonor. Truly the country is sadly metamorphosed. Political ambition, as things now go, is the vulgar vice of mediocrity, of minds without intrinsic vigor enough to win distinction in any other field; hence the miserable shuffling, the strife and scramble, which render all the seats of political power loathsome scenes of bribery and corruption."

STRANGE DOCTRINE.—The New York Union and Aurora, the chief administration paper in that city, in a late article, announcing, apparently upon authority, the principles, views and intentions of the President, says: "Already, both in profession and practice has the President given the most unequivocal evidences of his democratic intentions; and we pledge ourselves that those evidences will, for the future, be neither few nor far between. In all his official acts he recognizes only the democratic people."

What is Mr. Tyler—the Chief Magistrate of the Union, or merely aspiring to be leader of a clan? Why is the Executive called President of the United States, if "in his official acts" he is to "recognize" only a moiety of the people, and declare himself the "enemy" of the remainder?—N. O. Bul.

[COMMUNICATED.]

DIED.

On Friday evening the 12th inst., at the residence of Mr. R. M. Winn, in this place, Maj. FLEMING MAYNARD, in the 53rd year of his age, of inflammation of the lungs. He was born in Halifax county, Virginia. About 1820 he emigrated to Tennessee and from thence to Warrenton in this State. He was among the first settlers of Vicksburg where he merchandized for several years. In 1835 he settled in this place where he remained until he was summoned by the Grim Master (death) to bid adieu to time and exchange it for eternity.

In the early part of his affliction, he expressed great concern on the subject of religion, and lamented his neglect of the means of grace, and seemed to dispare at so late a period of finding favor with that God whom he had so often slighted and neglected.

O that all who build their hopes of Heaven and immortal happiness on their morality and just dealing with mankind could have heard the exclamations of this our dying friend.—He once, as you do believe, that morality and just dealing with man was all that was necessary in him to secure eternal happiness; but alas! he then felt that he had neglected to deal justly with God and his own soul.

But glory to Israel's God for the many signal and marvellous displays of his power and goodness. When he was brought to see his own natural corruption and properly to view his lost and undone condition without an interest in the atonement of Christ, he was graciously led by the Spirit of God, thro' the instrumentality of praying friends, to apply in faith to the Great Physician of souls who did apply the proper and only balm to the cleansing from all unrighteousness and the healing of his diseased and immortal soul even in this the eleventh hour. From about 10 o'clock, A. M., he seemed perfectly resigned and willing to exchange worlds. In this composed state he was heard to say that he was now about 53 years of age and was never so happy, and did frequently express to his friends a confident hope of meeting them in Heaven.

"These friends shall meet again
Who have loved:
Our embraces will be sweet,
At the dear Redeemer's feet,
Where we meet to part no more,
Who have loved."

His remains were escorted to grave by the Masonic Fraternity and a large concourse of friends on the evening of the 13th. He has left two affectionate daughters and a numerous circle of friends to lament their loss.

Wanted to Hire.

A Negro woman, who is a good Cook and House Servant, for which the highest wages will be given. For further particulars enquire at the Whig Office. 44-1f.

ANNUNCIATIONS.

We are requested to announce THOMAS J. WILSON, as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce Wm. H. KEMPTON, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce JOAN R. RICHARDS, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce JOHN A. HOWARD, as a candidate for re-election to the office of Assessor of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce JOHN P. BEASLEY, as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce CHARLES M. HENDERSON, as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce WILLIAM C. HAYS, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce JOHN O. HUNTER, as a candidate for the office of Assessor of Yazoo county, at the next November election.

We are authorized to announce M. C. BLINCK, as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector, at the next November election.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Attention Fusilliers.

Attend a regular Company Meeting, at the Armory, Saturday (to-morrow) at half past o'clock, P. M., a full attendance is requested as business of importance will be transacted.

By Order,
R. M. WINN, O. S.
Yazoo city, May 19, 1843.

WE will sell at very low rates
5 hds brown Sugar,
10 kegs 1st Lump Negro Tobacco,
5 "Twist"
5 tierces and one half tierce Rice.
FUQUA & WILSON,
Lower Landing,
Yazoo city, April 7, 1843. 39-1f.

The State of Mississippi, PROBATE COURT,
YAZOO COUNTY, } March Term, 1843.

WHEREAS, Thomas Malone, administrator of the estate of John Hanlon, dec'd, having by petition and schedule exhibited to the Court, that the personal property of said deceased is insufficient to pay the debts against the same, and that it would be for the interest of all persons interested, to sell the following lots and parcels of land or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay said debts, all lying and being in the county of Yazoo and State of Mississippi, of which the said John Hanlon died seized and possessed, viz: an undivided half interest in Lot 207 in Yazoo city, an undivided half interest in eight acres of land lying adjacent to the corporate limits of Yazoo city and bounded as follows, by a line running parallel with the north side of Jefferson street in said town, until it strikes a Bayou, and thence said Bayou with the meanderings of its centre to where said Bayou crosses the line of a tract of land conveyed by the proprietors of said town to Alexander H. Merton, described as swamp land, which line divides said tract from the lots of said town, thence along said line to where it strikes Swamp Alley, thence along said alley to its intersection with Jefferson Street, which is the starting point. Also, an undivided half interest in Lot number 309;—also, an undivided half interest in Lot No. 14 in the Commons.

It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed, that Citation issue to all persons interested, to be and appear before the Probate Court of Yazoo county, at the next May Term thereof, to show cause, if any they can, why an order of sale should not be made of said lands, or so much thereof as will pay the debts as aforesaid.

It is further ordered, that publication of the said Citation be made in some newspaper published in the State, for the space of thirty days, and set up at three public places in the county where the lands are situated, for the same length of time.

Witness, the Hon. THOS. B. WOODWARD, Judge of Probate of Yazoo county, the 4th Monday of March, 1843, and seal of said Court. Issued, the 29th day of March, 1843.

GEO. CROCKET, Clerk.

April 14, 1843. (Pr. fee \$20 00) 40-5f.

Ready-Made Clothing

FOR SALE, AT COST.

THE undersigned will sell, at Cost for CASH, a fine assortment of Dress and Frock Coats of different colors, heavy Over Coats, fine Cloth and Cassimere Pants, Vests, &c., all of which, were made by himself in a substantial and fashionable manner.
A. BLUMENSTEHL.

50 bbls Prime Pork in store and for sale low for cash, by
DRENNING & CLARKE.
Yazoo city, March 17, 1843. 36-1f.

BLANK DECLARATIONS.
For sale at this OFFICE.

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted me by the Honorable Probate Court of Yazoo county, at the March Term, 1843, upon the Estate of Burwell Whitehead, dec'd.—All persons owing the Estate or having unsettled accounts, will come forward and make settlement and payment.—Those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated or they will be forever barred.

JOAB R. RICHARDS,
Adm'r of Burwell Whitehead, dec'd.
Benton, April 7, 1843. 39-6f.

SALMON in kits,
Mackerel in do.
Do in half and one-eighth bbls,
Boston No 1 Loaf Sugar,
Harris' chewing Tobacco,
(Heavy pieces) Bulk Pork,
for sale by
FUQUA & WILSON.
Yazoo city, March 24, 1843. 37-1f.

CASTINGS.

RECEIVED from Pittsburgh, 5000 superb Castings, well assorted, and for sale by
DRENNING & CLARKE.
Yazoo City, March 10, 1843. 35-1f.

PLOUGHS.

50 DUDLEY'S. For sale by
50 WOOD'S. DRENNING & CLARKE.
Yazoo City, March 10, 1843. 35-1f.

NOTICE.

SINCE the burning of their BANKING HOUSE, the COMMERCIAL BANK has been removed to the Brick Building on Main street, where the Office Planters Bank was formerly kept.
J. J. HUGHES, Cashier.
Yazoo city, Feb. 24, 1843. 33-1f.

BEEF, BEEF, BEEF!!

THE undersigned would respectfully inform the citizens of this place, that they will, hereafter, be found at the Market House every morning, prepared to furnish customers with fine fat Beef.
WILKINSON & FORREST.
Yazoo city, March 24, 1843. 37-1f.

Fresh Seed Oats and Potatoes.
300 sacks white Egyptian Oats,
200 sacks Black Point,
50 barrels white Potatoes,
for sale by
DRENNING & CLARKE.
Yazoo city, Feb. 3, 1843. 30-1f.

LIME.

100 bbls. Thomaston Lime for sale, low for cash, by
J. H. CULLEN & CO.
Yazoo city, Feb. 10, 1843. 31-3f.

Tax Collector's Sale.

I WILL offer for sale before the Court House door, in the town of Benton, Yazoo county, Mi., to the highest bidder, for cash, between the hours of 11 o'clock, A. M., and 3 o'clock, P. M., for the taxes due for 1841 and 1842, on Monday, the 29th day of May next, 1843: the following described lands, to-wit:

The southwest quarter section 20, township 12, range 2, east; north half west half southwest quarter section 26, township 12, range 2, east, assessed for 1841 to Dudley S. Jennings and Laura Clark, for 1842 to Laura Clark and Elvira Causey, I will only sell the undivided half interest of Elvira Causey and Dudley S. Jennings: taxes due for 1841 one dollar 68¢, for 1842 one dollar 20 cents. Pr fee 8 dollars.

North half east half northwest quarter section 34, township 11, range 2, east, containing forty acres, assessed to James Callahan, but belongs to Wm. S. Smith, and will be sold as such: taxes due one dollar and forty cents. Pr fee 8 dollars.

North half west quarter and southwest quarter and south half west half southeast quarter and east half southwest quarter of section 7; east half northwest quarter and southeast quarter and east half southwest quarter and north half west half northwest quarter and south half west half northwest quarter of section 18; and north half east quarter, west half southwest quarter, south half west half northwest quarter of section 19, all in township 12, range 3 east. Also—south half west half southeast quarter, south half, east half southwest quarter, section 18; and west half northeast quarter, and east half northwest quarter, and south half east half northwest quarter, and south half west half northwest quarter, section 24, township 12, range 3 east; assessed for 1841, to Hiram G. Runnels: for 1842, to William S. Byrd; but will be sold as the property of said Runnels. Taxes due for 1841, \$24 75; for 1842, \$17 42. Printer's fee 23 dollars.

Northwest quarter, section 31; and west half, and west half of southeast quarter, and west half northeast quarter, section 30, township 13, range 1 west, containing 640 acres; assessed to Charles E. Mount and William Young. I will sell the undivided half interest of said Young to said lands.—Taxes due for 1842, 1 dollar, 60 cents. Printer's fee 8 dollars.

East half northwest quarter, and west half northeast quarter, and east half northeast quarter, and west half southwest quarter, and east half southwest quarter; all in section 21, township 9, range 2 west, containing about 400 acres. The undivided half interest in said lands will be sold for the taxes due for 1842. Supposed to belong to John Grison's creditors; but, was assessed to William Grison. Taxes due 8 de 34 cts. Printer's fee 8 dollars.

S. L. JAMES, T. C. Y. C.
February 24, 1843. 33-14f.

DISSOLUTION.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of Wm. Wyman & Co., was dissolved on the 15th inst. by mutual consent. The business will be continued by W. Wyman, who alone is authorized to adjust the affairs of the late firm.
WM. WYMAN,
EDM'D KIMBALL.
Yazoo city, April 21, 1843. 41-1f.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to us either by note or book account, will save cost by coming forward and settling the same on or before the 1st day of May next; as on that day all accounts unsettled will be placed in the hands of an Officer for collection.
DRENNING & CLARKE.
Yazoo city, April 21, 1843. 41-1f.

G. W. BOULDIN & CO.

General Commission, Produce, AND

Forwarding Merchants,

Corner of Lavee and Depot Streets, opposite

Rail Road Depot, Vicksburg, Miss.

HAVE constantly on hand a large supply

of Superior Mess Pork, Rump do.,

Superfine Flour, Whiskey, Lard, Butter, su-

per Hams and Shoulders in Tierces of

about 250 lbs., Lard Oil, &c. &c.

N. B. Bots can land at our Landing and

receive or discharge freight free of charge.

Merchants and Planters are at no expense

for drays.

April 28, 1843, 42-1f.

FOR SALE.

SEVERAL hundred dollars of Benton and

Manchester Rail Road and Banking Com-

pany Notes. Terms moderate.

F. W. QUACKENBOSCH.

Yazoo city, April 28, 1843. 42-1f.

Commercial Bank of Manchester,

YAZOO CITY, APRIL 12, 1843. }

THE following gentlemen were chosen

Directors in the Commercial Bank of

Manchester, at the annual Election of the

Stockholders, on Monday, the 10th inst.

F. BARKSDALE, R. H. CASE,

J. M. ALLEN, J. W. BARNETT,

J. R. BEDFORD, R. K. PICKETT,

P. O'DONNELL, WALTER HUNTINGTON,

JOHN I. WILSON, JNO. P. BAILEY,

C. F. HAMER.

At a meeting of the Directors elect of the

Commercial Bank of Manchester, held at the

Banking House on Tuesday, the 11th inst.,

F. Barksdale was re-elected President of the

Board.

J. J. HUGHES, Cashier.

April 14, 1843. 40-3f.

FIVE NEW WORKS

For 12 1-2 Cents Monthly.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, IN ADVANCE.

THE publisher of the New Works, having de-

termined to exclude all continued stories in

the regular weekly issue, announces his intention

of giving the whole series of the new works—

by their popular authors, Dickens, Lever, Ains-

worth and Louisa—in ONE EXTRA NUMBER,

immediately on the arrival of the English Steamers,

and continue to do so each month, hereaf-

ter—thus furnishing the latest productions of

these authors in advance of every other establish-

ment in the country, and at a price which will not

fail to meet the public approval. The following

are the Titles of the Novels, the first numbers of

which appeared in London on the first of January

1843, and will be re-issued in the Extra New

World, in 24 hours after their receipt by the

Steamer:

The Life and Adventures

OF

MARTIN CHUZZLEWIT:

A Tale of English Life and Manners.

By CHARLES DICKENS.

Author of "American Notes," "Barnaby Rudge,"

"Nicholas Nickleby," &c.

TOM BURKE OF "OURS;"

Forming the Second Volume of

OUR MESS.

By CHARLES LEVER, Esq.

Author of "Charles O'Malley," "Jack Hinton," &c.

Mr. Lover's New Work,