

FREMONT JOURNAL.

EXTRA.

Thursday Morning, 7 o'clock, April 18th, 1861.

To the Readers of the Journal.

Arrangements have been entered into between the publishers of the *Messenger* and the *Journal* whereby the public will receive the latest telegraphic news some hours sooner than by any other means. Mr. Bean will receive the morning and afternoon report and issue them in an extra towards evening. We will receive the night report which, together with the reports of the day previous as published by Mr. Bean, we will publish in the morning at least as early as 7 o'clock. Thus, our readers will be furnished with all the telegraphic news once a day. On Friday mornings we shall not issue an extra, as all the reports up to that time will appear in the *Journal* of that date.

VOLUNTEERS! ENROLL!

R. P. Buckland received the following dispatch from the Adjutant General of this State, yesterday:

COLUMBUS, April 17th, 1861.

Enroll a company of seventy-five men at once. H. B. CARRINGTON, Adjt. Gen. O. M.

In compliance with the above dispatch, Mr. Buckland called on the people to convene at Buckeye Hall last night for the purpose of receiving volunteers. Thirty-four names were enrolled, as follows:

G. M. Tillotson, F. A. Farnham, J. A. Foy, Edward Cooke, Henry W. Buckland, J. Hine-line, H. Hatfield, F. A. Hill, T. W. Russell, V. Dougherty, E. J. Leppelman, Jr., C. W. Eng-land, J. Dougherty, Jr., W. H. Myers, George W. Cleveland, C. M. Fouke, John Quinn, W. H. Kirk, C. A. Norton, R. A. Edgerton, M. Haldeman, Jr., Wm. Burton, Jos. Hounsinger, Jr., Moses R. Bower, Michael Moore, Frank McIlhenny, S. C. Aiken, A. J. Culp, Isaac C. Nigh, A. Ghunroe, Frederick Beagle, John Leary, Homer Millions, and James Maxwell.

Meeting in Fremont.

The people, irrespective of party, assembled at Birchard Hall on Tuesday evening last, to consult on the present State of National affairs.

The meeting was called to order by Platt Brush, Esq. Hon. Hon. John Bell was appointed Chairman. Judge I. Knapp and Capt. S. Thompson, were appointed Vice Presidents. Messrs. Flaughner, Keeler, Bean and J. McGee, were appointed Secretaries. Hon. R. P. Buckland made a brief statement in regard to the object of the meeting, and called for the reading of the Governor's message. A motion was made that a committee of five be appointed to draft resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting.

During the interval, stirring speeches were made by John L. Greene, Esq., Homer Everett, Esq., Judge Isaac Knapp, Doct. Thomas Stilwell, J. R. Bartlett, Esq., M. E. Tyler, Esq., and others.

Hon. R. P. Buckland, from the Committee of five, then offered the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the authority of the General Government has been set at defiance, and our National flag defiled upon and insulted by armed traitors who are now threatening to attack, capture and overthrow the Government;

Resolved, That the citizens of Fremont, Sandusky County, Ohio, without distinction of party, will give a united support to the Government in this hour of its peril.

Resolved, That we cordially respond to the Governor of our beloved State for volunteers to sustain the Government in this hour of its peril.

Resolved, That a Committee of fifteen be appointed by the Chairman of this meeting to act as a Committee of arrangements, and to aid in organizing volunteers; with authority to call future meetings of the citizens of Sandusky County.

During the evening the telegraphic despatches up to the time of the meeting were read by the Secretary. Meeting then adjourned.

The Committee of fifteen consist of John L. Greene, Homer Everett, Oscar Ball, M. E. Tyler, Nat. Haynes, Perry Close, John M. Smith, C. O. Tillotson, Jacob Snyder, Jas. Kridler, Platt Brush, S. Buckland, J. R. Bartlett, E. F. Dickinson and John McGee.

Last Night Report.

Special Washington despatch to Post, N. Y., 17th.—Rumored on good authority that the secessionists of Virginia had just seized Harpers Ferry Arsenal. No confirmation.

Special to Tribune.—It is distinctly announced on Southern authority, that as soon as the secession act is passed by Virginia, the Navy Yard at Norfolk will be seized.

New York, April 17.—The meeting of merchants to day was most imposing and enthusiastic, representing the most wealthy portion of the community: \$12,000 headed the subscription list for the Seventh Regiment, on the spot. Only twelve subscribers. Probably \$50,000 will be raised to-morrow.

3.15 P. M.—A mob has just gone down Wall street to Journal of Commerce to enforce the mob law, or have the American flag hung out. The Express and Day Book complied under the same terms.

3.30 P. M.—Rumored the Journal of Commerce saved their building by displaying the American flag.

Trenton, N. J., 17.—Sec. Thompson was here to-day to purchase a flag to display from his residence. He expressed himself

strongly in favor of sustaining Government and enforcing the laws. Our Military Board has been in session all the morning, and orders have been issued for four regiments.

Washington, April 17.—The Treasury Department has issued an order directing that the name of Lieut. Rogers be stricken from the roll of the Revenue service, for having, while in command of Revenue Cutter Henry Dodge, in violation of his official oath, and of his duty to the Government, surrendered his vessel to Texas.

New York, April 17.—It is reported that A. T. Stewart has offered a million of dollars to government. Marshal Rynders was knocked down Monday by Deputy Sheriff Reilly. The N. Y. Express says that it has reliable information that 49 persons were killed and 130 wounded in Fort Moultrie. The steamer R. R. Tyler from Savannah reports that the Harriet Lane was inside the bar. She had steam up; also a bark-rigged steamer inside—probably the Isabella.—Capt. Crocker reports that he saw that Ft. Sumter had no breaches in the wall outside, but looked somewhat battered.

New York, 17th.—Recruiting is going on briskly in this city and Government regiments are rapidly filling up, and sailors in great numbers are applying for the naval service. Work at the navy yard is progressing rapidly, and the Wabash, North Carolina, Savannah and Perry are fast being put in readiness. All the city regiments announce their determination to respond when needed; but there are individual cases in most of them unwilling to serve against the South. The 79th Regiment voted unanimously to tender their services to the Government. Drills are nightly and daily held by the various regiments which are fast filling as well as the volunteer companies. Resolutions were adopted at a large meeting of the Central Republican Club last night not very complimentary to Mayor Wood, commending the course of the Herald, and expressing disapprobation of those engaged in Hartford, and other places, in manufacturing arms for the South.

Detroit, April 17th.—Gen. Cass made a speech this morning on secession. Board of Trade unfurled the National flag from one of their rooms. He was strongly in favor of supporting the Constitution and the Country's flag under all circumstances. He said that in a crisis like the present it was the duty of every citizen to stand by the Government. Oakland county alone offers one Regiment troops, all that is required by Federal Government from entire State.

Akron, O., April 17th.—300 good men can be enrolled here for service in a day. Excitement is high, but men in earnest. Union flags fly on all public buildings.

Madison, Wis., April 17th.—Legislature adjourned *sine die* to-day. The Governor's guard have tendered their services and been accepted. Volunteer companies are organizing in all parts of the State. Excitement runs high.

Chicago, April 17th.—First detachment United States troops from Minnesota, passed through this city last evening en route for Washington. Number 75 men under command of Maj. Pemberton. The train bearing them was received at the Depot by a crowd not less than 10,000.—Remainder of troops from Fort Ridgely, composed of Maj. Morris's command, and Sherman's battery are expected to arrive here to-morrow. P. M. War feeling continues unabated. Governor's Proclamation for Volunteers being promptly responded to. Several companies have already tendered their services.

Chicago, April 17th.—At a meeting of Directors of the Burlington branch State bank, Iowa, this forenoon, it was resolved that the Cashier be directed to advance to the Governor of State such sum of money as may be required for the equipment and preparation of the Regiment called for by the President of the United States.

New York, April 17.—Daily News put out American flag. Most of the crowd started for New York Hotel, head quarters of southern visitors. The Day Book had drawn in the flag; but a small crowd were around the office which was guarded by the police.

Richmond, April 17, 5 P. M.—The ordinance of secession has not passed. The Convention is still in secret session. Nothing certain is known of it.

Scranton, Pa., April 17.—Brigadier Gen. Meylert's requisition for 1000 men from Luzerne county is completed, and will start for Harrisburgh to-morrow. The greatest enthusiasm prevails. A crowd of people assemble at Wilkesbarre to-day intent on cleaning out the office of the Luzerne Union; but the excitement subsided when the stars and stripes were displayed.

Philadelphia, April 17.—Salutes are to be fired here in honor of Gov. Hicks of Md. The excitement here is increasing every hour, and recruiting parties are parading all sections of the city. The Ladies of this city have resolved to wear a rosette of red white and blue.

New York, April 17.—Special to Express.—Washington, 17th.—Gen. Scott says out loud that nothing could be better than

Major Anderson's conduct. He is entirely satisfied.

Charleston, April 17.—Nothing of stirring importance has occurred to-day. The prospect of the secession of Virginia gives great joy to the people here. \$2,008,000 of the confederate State loan has been taken in Charleston alone. The books will be opened again to-morrow. The paper is readily taken in the interior. Not a word to the present time has been heard from Virginia, and great anxiety exists on account.

Montgomery, April 17.—The Cabinet has had a long session to-day. A proclamation will be issued to-morrow calling for 150,000 more troops to take the field.

Lexington, Ky., April 17.—Major Leckiridge writes from Richmond, Ky., to a friend in Lexington: "I have filled all my appointments and some extra ones, addressing immense crowds. Kentucky should call a Convention without delay, and Lincoln's extra session of Congress should be confronted by fifteen States. This alone can prevent general civil war. The abhorrence of Lincoln's proclamation is immense amongst the people." Mr. Breckinridge speaks in Lexington to-morrow, Thursday night and Louisville, Saturday.

St. Paul, Minnesota, April 17th. Gov. Ramsey, of Minnesota, to-day, issued Proclamation for a Regiment of volunteers, in response to call for volunteers.

New York, April 17th.—American flag not yet hoisted at the New York Hotel. Disturbances feared to-night.

Montgomery, April 17th.—Tenders made for letters of marque and reprisal.

Washington, April 17th.—Gov. Rhode Island has been telegraphed to come here with the quota of troops immediately. Report is not believed that Harpers Ferry has been seized, or that Jeff. Davis is in Richmond.

Marion, O., April 17th.—An enthusiastic Union meeting held here to-night. Speeches by men of all parties. There is but one sentiment, the Union must be maintained and the laws enforced. Volunteering going on briskly.

Dayton, April 17th.—The Dayton light guards Capt. Reese, and the Montgomery guard, Capt. Angus, left for Columbus at 7 o'clock this evening. There were 230 men in the two companies. The Lafayette Guards, Capt. Diston, will leave at 12 o'clock to-night. Capt. Childs is filling up a Rifle Company which will leave here to-morrow. The military fever is very high here. Conductor Martin went with the Light-Guards, carrying the Stars and Stripes.

Richmond, Va., April 17th.—Excitement increases here. Companies drilling all day. All manufacturing establishments closed on account of men volunteering. Two companies organized and leave for Indianapolis to-morrow.

St. Louis, April 17th.—The State Journal publishes the following reply from Gov. Jackson to Secretary Cameron: "Executive Department, Missouri, Jefferson city, April 17th.—Dear Sir: Your dispatch of the 15th inst., making call on Missouri for four Regiments of men for immediate service has been received. There can be no doubt but these men are intended to form a part of the President's army to make war upon the seceded States. Your requisition in my judgment is illegal, unreasonable and revolutionary in its object; inhuman and diabolic, and cannot be complied with. Not one man will the State of Missouri furnish to carry on such an unholy crusade. C. F. JACKSON."

Cincinnati, April 17th.—The city council to-night passed a resolution tendering to the Governor \$25,000 in cash from the sinking fund, appointed a committee to tender the money to the Governor. The committee left for Columbus to-night.

Lafayette, Ind., 17.—The first company of volunteers left for Indianapolis, at 2 o'clock this afternoon. They were escorted to the depot by the Lafayette artillery, and two companies nearly full, who will follow in a few days.

Hamilton, O., 17th.—Gen. Garrison accompanies one company containing 75 men to-night as far as Columbus. Four or five companies will be ready to march within 48 hours. Samuel Hull offers \$3,000 if necessary, to sustain the stars and stripes. John W. Schue, and other prominent citizens will contribute liberally.

Indianapolis 17th.—Bank of the State of Ind., has tendered the Governor all the money that may be necessary for present exigencies, in furnishing Indiana's quota of troops to sustain the Government. First regiment of Indiana volunteers will leave here to-morrow for Washington. Capt. Miller's company from Lafayette arrived here this afternoon. The Montgomery Guards and Washington Guards from Madison will arrive to-night. Four companies are now encamped on the State Fair grounds. Five or six more companies will come to-morrow.

New Orleans, 17th.—On Sunday last, the Star of the West was still off Indianola.—The Empire and Mohawk left on Friday evening with troops on board. Their destination is unknown. Six other companies of U. S. troops, under Majors Smith and Sibley are at Green Lake, near Indianola, waiting for more companies from the upper frontier. Maj. Rhett has resigned and offered his services to the Southern Confederacy.

New Orleans, 17th.—Active preparations are making here for the defense of the city. Everything, in the way of military matters making progress. Subscription books for Confederate loan were opened to-day. The rush of subscribers is very great.

The Convention at Mesilla, (Arizona) on the 16th was numerously attended. Herbert, Texas Commissioner, was cordially welcomed. Resolutions were adopted, endorsing the action of the seceded States; that Arizona's interests are with the South; that she desires to become the Territory of the Southern Confederacy, and that she will not recognize nor obey Lincoln's Administration. Western Arizona is unitedly in favor of the movement. A vote will be taken on the resolutions on the second Monday in April.

Michigan City, 17th.—Large and enthusiastic Union meeting held last night. Democrats and Republicans a unit for Constitution and the Union. Strong anti-secession resolutions adopted, denouncing all as traitors, whose voices are not heard in favor of sustaining the Government. Salutes were fired in honor of the stars and stripes, which were displayed in all parts of the city. A volunteer company was organized, immediately, and the man who first signed the roll is one of our most prominent clergymen.

TO THE BREACH!

Freemen of the North! Peace-loving and law abiding citizens of our country! Ye who stand upon the glorious platform of "the Union, the Constitution and the Enforcement of the Laws," and who have borne and forborne with traitors in arms against them, until forbearance has ceased to be a virtue, the crisis is now upon you! The Fort upon whose defense your hearts were set with an intense and all-absorbing enthusiasm, has been surrendered to traitors, and the flag "of beauty and of glory," at the sight of which every true American's heart swells with pride, has been dishonored. It has been struck to those whose sworn duty it was to uphold it against foreign and domestic enemies. Is there a man worthy the name of an American whose soul does not burn with indignation deep at this insult to that sacred emblem which he has been taught to love and honor?

This damning blot upon our national escutcheon must be wiped out! Treason must be crushed with the strong arm of this Government, and the majesty of the laws vindicated, if need be, by a million of men, at the point of the bayonet and at the cannon's mouth! The time for appeal, for argument, for conciliation, has gone with the surrender of Sumter! Let the tocsin now sound, and from every hill and valley, from lake and river, from mountain and prairie, throughout all the loyal and true States, let patriots rally to the call of their country, resolved that this stain upon our flag shall be atoned for, that the supremacy of this Union shall be maintained and its laws shall be enforced, be the consequences what they may. We be to those who shall attempt to withstand the tempest of a nation's wrath!—*Cincinnati Gaz.*

Cincinnati, April 17.—The printers of this city intend organizing a company to join Capt. Wilson's regiment. They had a meeting yesterday to take the initiatory steps.

New York, April 16th.—The bill appropriating \$500,000 to arm our State has passed both houses of the Legislature—only two Nays in the Senate. It will doubtless be promptly carried into effect.

Philadelphia, April 16th.—The Second Regiment, consisting of 1,000 men, tendered their services to the Government. They are Irishmen; Baltimore, April 16th.—Gov. Hicks thinks Maryland should maintain the same position as hitherto. That she should protect the Federal Capital and Government and stand by the Union. The excitement is rapidly progressing.

Washington, April 16th.—Seventy tons of grape and shell sent to Georgetown to be used against an attack on Washington.

Boston, April 16th.—Companies armed. 1,700 strong. The Government requisition for troops will be filled next week. A steamer has been chartered to convey Rhode Island troops to Washington.

Lancaster, Pa., April 15th.—The volunteering is brisk. The Judges and members of the bar, after a speech by Hon. Thaddeus Stevens, renewed the oath to support the Constitution.—There was a call for a meeting on Wednesday.

Ex-President Buchanan exhibits intense interest in the news from the South, and is participating in the expression of a determination to sustain the Government.

Marietta, April 15th.—The "Union Blues" of Marietta to-night voted to tender their services, through their Captain, Frank Buell, to the Governor of Ohio, to aid in suppressing rebellion, whenever and wherever found within the boundaries of the United States.

Circleville, April 15th.—The citizens of Circleville, in response to the President's Proclamation, have raised \$2,000 toward arming and equipping a volunteer company, subject to the call of the Governor of this State.

Chillicothe, April 15th.—The Harrison Guards, Capt. Gilmore, numbering 100 men, have tendered their services to the Governor, and are prepared to march without delay.

Columbus, Ohio, April 15.—It is stated that the mob at Dayton would have riddled the Empire office, but the editor disavowed the Secession article, and said it had been slipped in during his sickness. Vallandigham is believed to have written it. The crowd went to his house, but could not find him.

A rousing meeting at Chillicothe was presided over by a Douglas Democrat.

There is trouble in the Third Ohio Brigade. Vallandigham is Brigadier-General.

Major Ed. Parrot leaves for Dayton to-night to see the military arrangements there. Quartermaster General Woods starts for Washington on business connected with the arming of the State.

An enthusiastic meeting was held at Wilmington, which instructed their Representatives to vote the lost dollar of Clinton county for the support of the Government.

The following telegraphic correspondence took place this afternoon:

"Gov. DENNISON—Call made on you by to-night's mail for thirteen regiments of militia for immediate service. Signed, SIMON CAMERON, Sec'y of War."

REPLY.

Hon. S. CAMERON—Your dispatch calling on Ohio for thirteen regiments just received. It will be promptly responded to by this State. W. DENNISON."

Gov. Dennison has just been issued by Gen. Carrington, ordering two hundred rifle muskets sent for the use of the Cincinnati Home Guard.

The Governor has just issued a Proclamation, ordering a special election for members of Congress in Corwin's and Sherman's districts, on Tuesday, May 25th.

Some branches of the State Bank have already offered assistance in raising the loan authorized by the War bill.

Gov. Dennison has signified that he will not fail to call on them.

Major-General Henry Wilson of the Ohio Volunteer militia, son-in-law to Gov. Medary and an old line Democrat, has tendered the services of himself and staff, and announced their readiness for instant orders.

Yesterday's Report.

Philadelphia, April 16.—B. J. Wal-mouth and L. P. Ashmead formerly Lieutenants in the U. S. Navy, who resigned years ago on account of entering into other avocations, though now wealthy, have tendered their services to the Secretary of the Navy, prompted by love for the Union.

Richmond, Va., April 16.—The Convention is still in secret session. Nothing has transpired. The current belief is that the ordinance of secession has passed the Convention. The Governor withholds his proclamation until the action of the convention is divulged.

Reading, Pa., April 16.—The Ringgold Flying Artillery of Reading, Capt. McKnight, 180 men, with four field pieces, received a requisition from the Governor this afternoon to set out this evening at 6 o'clock for Harrisburgh.

Montgomery, Ala., April 16.—Gen. Pillow guarantees to raise 10,000 men in Tennessee in 20 days if President Davis will accept them, and there is no doubt but that he will. Hon. H. A. Stephens is at Atlanta, Ga. Last night he said it would require 75 times 75,000 men to intimidate the Confederate States and then it could not be done. Of the 32,000 troops called out to-day 5000 are from each State, except Florida, the number from that State being 2000.

Wilmington, Del., April 16.—Large meeting held here to-night. It censured the course of Senator Bayard, he not advocating compromise, and having placed the State in a false position as having an anti-union tendency.

Toronto, Can. April 16.—Agents of the Washington Government are endeavoring to purchase the Steamer *Release*. She is an iron vessel, built for the river Clyde, in Scotland, and a very handsome craft.

Washington, April 16.—It appears by a telegraphic dispatch published in the North Carolina *Rough Notes* news paper, of Monday, that Governor Ellis sent the following dispatch to Capt. Creighton: "Can you take Fort Macon with your company?"

Chicago, April 16.—At the election to-day the Republicans elected their city ticket by an average majority of 1600.

Providence, R. I., April 17.—The Legislature has passed a bill authorizing the raising of a regiment. It is understood that \$500,000 will be appropriated.

Wilmington, Del., April 17.—The Secessionists are overawed by the prevalent Union sentiment. They had planned the seizure of Fort Delaware, which was taken possession of by the Government, and the project defeated.

A dispatch from Philadelphia of the 17th, says 5,000 men were enrolled in that city, and 10,000 had already been accepted in the State. Senator Bigler has come out in favor of sustaining the General Government.