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WEATHER FACTS.

WASHINGTON Sept. 24.—Ohio: Warmer, fair weather; frosts tonight.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Sept. 24, 1887.

AS TO

FALL CLOTHING

We don't expect to sell all the Fall Overcoats and Fall Suits that are worn in Ohio this season, nor yet all that are worn in Springfield, but we do expect to sell a very big proportion, and warned by experience we expect that proportion to be bigger than ever before. We have prepared for it on that basis; and we do know that what we sell, from the highest to the lowest price, will be one profit cheaper, quality for quality, than will be sold anywhere else in this market.

As to Fall Ha ts.

The Puritans who settled in this country were noted for their steeple crown hats. The phrase, "shoot the hat," perhaps, originated among the Indians, who, after they scalped the heads that wore those hats, used them for targets. Hats run rather to small brims than steeple crowns this fall, but, brims or crowns, we have every style in the market, all grades and different prices, with the whole scale lower than you can buy the same article for elsewhere.

THE WHEN,

25 and 27 West Main Street.

WHOLE SPICES

FOR PICKLING.

SHOT PEPPER!

FANNED ALLSPICE,

Java Cloves, Thin Quill Cinnamon, African Cayenne Pods,

WHITE GING ERROOT

WHITE MUSTARD SEED,

Black Mustard Seed, Corriander Seed, Cassia Buds,

PENANG MACE

AND MIXED SPICES.

Pure Cider Vinegar; extra strong; will guarantee strength and purity.

J. M. NIUFFER,

ARCADE GROCER.

REMEMBER THAT HARTMAN, MORGAN & COMPANY ARE HANDLING THE BEST

COAL

IN THE MARKET.

OUR LACKAWANA —AND— SCRANTON

Is First-class. Call and See Us.

OFFICE: SOUTH LIMESTONE STREET

'PHONE 165.

O'BRIEN FOUND GUILTY.

The Irish Editor and Patriot is Sentenced to Three Months' Imprisonment.

He Gives Notice of Appeal from the Judgment of the Court—A Million and a Half of Bonds Offered Up to Noon.

By the Associated Press.

CORK, Sept. 24.—The trial of William O'Brien was concluded today. The accused was found guilty and sentenced to three months' imprisonment. Notice of appeal from the judgment of the court was given.

Some About Cholera.

CHICAGO, Sept. 24.—In speaking of the Asiatic cholera, in quarantine, New York, Health Commissioner Dewolf said last night: "This information is very interesting to us if read aright. But we do not need to be alarmed about immediate danger in this country. Great danger is not from such cases. Where I fear trouble is from the following source: The summer clothing, which may be packed in infected districts in Europe, may be sent over to this country in a ship that would have no case of cholera aboard to cause attention to be paid to disinfecting. They are left until spring and then opened. In a short time the whole country is alarmed with new cases of cholera, arising apparently without cause.

Jay Gould Going Abroad.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The *Sun* this morning says: Wall street is strongly of the opinion that Mr. Jay Gould is going to furnish conclusive evidence of his retirement from the stock market by going abroad for the winter.

Offering of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—Bonds to the amount of a million and a half dollars have been offered to the treasury up to noon.

A LIVELY CHASE.

The I. B. & W. Office at Forgy's Robbed, and the Robber Captured by a Posse of Ci[illegible].

About [illegible] o'clock on Friday afternoon a big, burly [illegible] man entered the ticket office of the I. B. & W. road at Forgy's station and stole what money there was in the till. Mrs. Broadbeck saw the robbery committed, but did not dare to give the alarm until the negro left the office. The robber started for the woods, but was pursued by a hastily gathered posse of neighbors with guns. They succeeded in surrounding and capturing the thief near the residence of Uncle Peter Leffel. He was held there while one of the posse went to Donnelsville to get authority to hold him. He was taken to new Carlisle, it is understood, last night. The prisoner's name was reported as Thomas Martin, but that is not correct. He refused to tell what his name was.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

Regular Match of the Springfield Team on Friday Afternoon.

On Friday afternoon the Springfield Rifle team held its regular weekly practice shoot at the club range on Perrin's farm, south of the city. While some of the scores made were good, the average was not so high as usual. This was probably due to the light, which was not good. Following are the scores:

Henry Croft, Jun	80	79
J. E. Perrin	69	76
J. C. Trimmer	70	66
John Rankin	67	
J. C. Smith	62	61
J. H. Duke	47	66
Dan. Ault	57	
J. L. Lessner	81	
H. C. Rice	59	6[illegible]
A. P. Slack	60	
H. Croft, Sen	89	86

Base Ball Yesterday.

The Modocs defeated the Swifts on Buck Creek grounds, yesterday by a score of 17 to 15. The batteries were Shay and McClintock for the Indians, and Brown and Condron for the Swifts.

After this game the Wittenbergs defeated the Nelsons by a score of 16 to 8 in a five inning game. Gotwald and Butt were the pitchers.

Good for $50,000.

In the police court the other afternoon Hon. George Spence appeared in behalf of a prisoner and went his bond for appearance in the sum of $200. Clerk Morrill filled out the bond and both the prisoner and attorney signed it. As they walked away the clerk whispered to Judge Young: "Is Mr. Spence good?"

"Yes, indeed, for $50,000," replied the judge.

Something Remarkable.

"Not much doing in court today?" was asked of Judge Young yesterday afternoon.

"No, sir, it's a dull day," and as he closed up the docket book he continued: "The docket is clear; not a case remains. I have just dismissed several cases and thereby made the docket clear, something that has not happened for many years in this city."

Attention, Knights of Labor.

The union meeting at Mad River hall tomorrow will be held at 3 o'clock instead of 7:30, as heretofore, in order that all may have an opportunity to attend the lecture of Rev. S. P. Dunlap at the First Congregational church.

JOHN M. HAUER, M. W., D. A., 178.

Fast Time.

There is much fun poked at the time a district messenger makes. He is a runner and make no mistake. A little bet was made yesterday in the REPUBLIC office and the messenger was timed. It was just one minute and twenty seconds until the little fellow ran into the office, after the call was sent in.

Thought It Was Tea.

Gasper Kemper, a young man better known as "Gas" in and about his home, South Charleston, came to this city yesterday, and walking into the store of the Atlantic and Pacific Tea company, picked up a handful of cocoa shells and askek the manager what kind of tea that was.

Safe at Home.

A telegram received yesterday afternoon announced the safe landing, in New York city, of his honor, Judge Chas. H. White, of the court of common pleas, and George C. Rawlins, esq., after a two months' sojourn in Europe. They will reach Springfield this evening.

Hohl & Lyon have just received a shipment of Baltimore oysters and have them now in can and bulk.

Buy your hard coal from Chapman Coal Company, Kelly's Arcade; best in the market.

COMING ATTRACTIONS.

Beautiful "Evangeline" at the Grand on Monday Night—"Stricken Blind" and Haverly's Minstrels at Black's.

On Monday evening Rice's "Evangeline" will be presented at the Grand opera house. It is a beautiful piece, and seems more popular today than it was the first season it was produced. It is being given at Columbus this week, and of last night's performance this morning's *Journal* says:

The Metropolitan was well filled again last night and the audience was a unit in pronouncing "Evangeline" a most beautiful success. Miss Boyd again won the audience by her wonderful tact, and it is not an exaggeration to say that she equals any artist who has ever been seen here in the most dashing and difficult art of captivating her audience. She possesses this one faculty in a remarkable degree and it overbalances all the defects that may be noticed in her work. Her power is not in her voice or acting, but in the electric vim and thorough assurance of one who is conscious of being able to win, no matter how. The whole company gave a pleasing rendition last evening.

Secure your seats at the Lagonda house cigar store.

"STRICKEN BLIND."

Next Tuesday evening, September 27th, the great melo-drama "Stricken Blind" will be presented at Black's opera house. The papers have given both the play and the company glowing notices, as is evidenced by the following from the Brooklyn *Times*:

It looked last night as if the people who have been shut up all last summer were glad to get back to the Lee Avenue academy. The house was filled with people at a very early hour and the audience was of the happiest and most enthusiastic kind from the moment the rising curtain disclosed to view Gilbert Medland's modest home at Oakdale Station until the discomfiture of the villain and the happiness of the virtuous and persecuted Medlands were alike complete. Conquest and Pettitt's "Stricken Blind" is a melo-drama with many strong features which will commend it to audiences everywhere. Its scenic features are fine and so cleverly contrived as not to delay the action of the play, and it has a plot, consistent and strong and full of interest.

Secure your seats at C. H. Pierce's.

HAVERLY'S MINSTRELS.

At Black's opera house, on next Thursday, our citizens will be treated to a genuine feast of minstrelsy at the hands of Jack Haverly's company. Many new features have been introduced, and an evening of rare enjoyment may be confidently looked for. Manager Waldman is alive to the wants of his patrons, and they may look for the best.

KATE CASTLETON.

That charming and popular comedienne, Miss Kate Castleton, will appear at the Grand opera house next Wednesday evening, September 28th, in that great success "Crazy Patch." The Minneapolis *Tribune* says:

"The most amusing as well as most thoroughly entertaining of the musical absurdities given here this season was presented at the Grand opera house last night under the title of "Crazy Patch. Paroxysms of laughter were followed by such spontaneous outbursts of applause that there was no use trying to evade the encore. Miss Kate Castleton is the bright, particular star around which the others circle with scarcely less brilliancy. She has lost little of the olden charm, and is as cunningly shy and sings as sweetly as when 'For Goodness Sake Don't Say I Told You' was in the heyday of its popularity."

Seats on sale at Harris's.

MANTELL'S COMPANY.

The following artists have been engaged to support Mr. Robert Mantell in his forthcoming production at Black's opera house on the 30th inst., of his five-act drama, "Monbars": Miss Fannie Gillette, Miss Nettie Van Sickle, Miss Marie Shelden and Miss Lizzie Duroy; Mr. B. T. Ringgold, Mr. E. R. Marsden, Mr. Archie Lindsay, Mr. Charles Mason, Mr. F. Chippendale, Mr. Oris Bernard, and Mr. J. D. McKitrick.

CLASS ORGANIZATION.

The Freshmen at Wittenberg College Adopt a Constitution and Elect Officers.

The Freshmen class, of Wittenberg college, held its second regular meeting yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, in Professor B. F. Prince's recitation room, for the purpose of adopting a constitution and electing officers for the ensuing year.

Mr. H. M. Leech acted as temporary chairman, and Miss L. Decker as secretary. The minutes of the former meeting having been read, the report from the committee on constitution unfolded to the class the fruits of their labor, Mr. Frank Boroff acting as chairman. The constitution was adopted section by section, as it was read by Mr. Boroff, very few amendments being made.

The constitution having been adopted, nominations for the several offices were in order. The election of all the officers was made by one ballot, with the exception of historian and secretary, these tieing on first ballot. For historian, J. V. Tomer 9, Frank Boroff 9; for secretary, Miss L. Decker 8, Mr. H. Weaver 8, Miss Grace Prince 2. At the close of the second ballot the offices were held as follows: President, Mr. H. M. Leech; vice-president, Miss Hannah Archdeacon; secretary, Miss L. Decker; treasurer, Miss C. Decker; historian, Mr. J. V. Tomer.

The above offices are held one year with the exception of historian, which is held throughout the college course.

The committee on class colors and class motto will report at the next meeting.

A Pleasant Surprise.

Mr. Rodney Albin was pleasantly surprised at his residence, No. 339 west Southern avenue, in honor of his 27th birthday. The evening was spent in dancing and social games. Among the guests present were:

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Scott, Misses Grace Harnish, Mary Shulte, Mirt Reid, Eva Champiane, Hattie Keller, Dora Nonlis, Mary Jordan, Kate Jordan, Ada Rookdishler, Mary Rookdishler, Anna Martin, Mollie Rendols, Lottie Albin, Glena Albin, Maggie Ross; Messrs. John Moore, J. Moore, A. Nonlis, Charlie Faning, Thomas Connors, J. Kay, Ed Hill, Birt Pence, James Jordan, E. Crisbin, T. Garret, C. McAliffe, J. P. Liddie. A bountiful supper was served about 12 o'clock, and a little later the company bade one another good night.

Killing Fish With Dynamite.

Game and Fish Warden Wilson today got a state warrant in 'Squire Stout's court for the arrest of seven prominent German sportsmen, for killing fish out near Snyder's dam yesterday by exploding submerged dynamite cartridges. The fish, big and little, good and bad, were killed in terrible numbers. Three persons saw the act.

Want to be Annexed.

Deputy County Clerk Daniel Cushing has returned from his vacation trip to the lakes and Canada, much refreshed and rejuvenated. Mr. Cushing says that of the many intelligent people to whom he talked on the subject, all of them, while expressing loyalty to Great Britain, warmly favored annexation to the United States as a business measure.

Buy your Hocking coal from Chapman Coal Company, Kelly's Arcade; quality not excelled by any.

LAST SCENE OF ALL.

Funeral of Oros S. Grisso this Afternoon With Military Honors—The Floral Tributes.

The last act in the tragedy which cost Oros S. Grisso, of Battery E, his life at Gettysburg, was performed this (Saturday) afternoon. His funeral was attended by an immense concourse of people. The battery, the Champion City Guard, Monerieffe and Red Star lodges, K. of P., and the Leonard Guards took charge of the body at the residence on west North street and escorted it to the Congregational church, where a vast throng awaited. The central part of the house was reserved for the attending orders. The services were conducted by Rev. S. P. Dunlap, assisted by Rev. Henry Frantz, the Dunkard minister. They were of the most beautiful, solemn and touching character.

The floral decorations were exquisite. The battery's tribute was a lovely design 18 by 36 inches square, representing an American flag, in red, white and blue immortelles. On the edge, worked in white immortelles against a purple background, was "Battery E." On top rested a miniature cannon made of white chenille. The design by the K. of P. was a Pythian shield, composed of white, yellow, blue and red immortelles. The C. C. G. and Leonard Guards also had appropriate designs, and there was a box of beautiful flowers sent on by the citizens of Gettysburg, with the resolutions printed below. Battery C, of Zanesville, sent two beautiful designs representing a wreath and a sickle. Never at a funeral were more lovely flowers seen.

A detachment from the Fourteenth regiment arrived at 11 o'clock, Colonel G. D. Freeman telegraphing ahead that they were coming. The detachment consisted of Adjutant General Axline, Assistant Adjutant General Wickham, and H. M. W. Moore, H. Borchers, H. M. Taylor, John Mulcay, C. H. Thurston, J. G. Sheppard, H. A. Ijams, C. A. Brake, M. C. Hull, N. H. Caldwell and C. L. Taylor.

A part of the service consisted of the reading of the following, showing the action taken at a public meeting at Gettysburg. The paper was received this morning, and was as follows:

A meeting of the citizens of Gettysburg was held in the court house on Wednesday evening, Sept. 21, for the purpose of taking proper action in regard to the death of Oros Grisso, whose fatal injuries sent a gloom over the entire community.

Chief Burgess Wm. T. Tipton called the meeting to order and stated its object. He nominated S. M. Swope, esq., for chairman, and Dr. J. C. Felty, secretary.

Mr. Swope, on taking the chair, said that it is eminently fitting that some action should be taken and resolutions drawn up and sent to the afflicted family, showing how deeply and heartily we sympathize with them in this great loss and affliction.

John M. Knuth, esq., then submitted the following resolutions, which were to be sent along with the minutes of the meeting, to the family of the deceased, which were unanimously adopted:

This community, once familiar with the heartrending scenes of the war, and where almost every home can tell of dead and wounded soldiers of the grand army of the union, was this day profoundly shocked to hear of the death of Oros Grisso, of Springfield, O., a member of battery E, Ohio light artillery. Only a few short days ago he came to us, full of youthful life and spirit, on a patriotic pilgrimage to honor and commemorate the services of the gallant sons of his own beloved state who fell for their country on this great battle-field; whilst firing a salute in memory of the honored dead, he was terribly wounded, and although his injuries were most serious and distressing, yet until yesterday, we had confidently hoped that he would recover, under the careful and intelligent treatment he was receiving from his relatives, his physicians and his friends. We deeply and sincerely deplore and lament his sad and early death on the threshold of a useful life, and extend to the mother and family of the deceased, the kindest sympathies of the citizens of Gettysburg in in their deep and inconsolable bereavement.

Resolved, That the secretary of this meeting be requested to send a copy of these minutes to the family of the deceased.

It was also resolved by the meeting that a suitable floral tribute be forwarded by the citizens of Gettysburg to the mother of the deceased.

J. C. FELTY, Sec'y.

At the grave, the Knights of Pythias burial service was observed, and "taps" sounded, in deference to the military nature of the funeral.

DEATH OF A PROMINENT MINISTER.

Funeral Services of Rev. M. W. Taylor, D. D., of the M. E. Church.

Rev. Marshall W. Taylor, D. D., one of the most prominent and intelligent ministers of the M. E. church, who was at one time presiding elder of Wiley chapel, this city, and editor of the *Southwestern Christian Advocate*, published at New Orleans, La., was buried from the residence of his brother, Mr. George Taylor, at Louisville, Ky., last week. Rev. Taylor was well known among the citizens of Springfield, and his loss will no doubt be deeply felt throughout the connection. From his brother's residence the procession proceeded to Jackson Street church, where the ceremonies were conducted by Rev. G. W. Thomas, pastor. A biographic sketch of the life of Rev. M. W. Taylor was impressively read by Rev. Joseph Courtney, of Covington, Ky. Eulogies were given.

Rev. A. A. Price read the 90th psalm. Rev. James Courtney read the 15th chapter of Corinthians. Prayer was offered by Rev. L. M. Haygood, of Cincinnati. Rev. E. W. S. Hammonds paid a high tribute of respect to the memory of the deceased. Rev. Charley Jones, P. E., delivered a very appropriate address. Rev. A. A. Price, in a very pathetic manner enumerated the many excellent qualities of the deceased. Rev. L. M. Haygood spoke in very complimentary terms. A series of resolutions was drawn out and read by the U. B. F. order, of which Rev. Taylor was one of the founders. The remains were followed to their last resting place by fully two thousand persons. The burial services at the grave were conducted by Rev. L. M. Haygood and Charles Jones, P. E.

DEATH FROM CHLOROFORM.

But the Coroner Cannot Tell Whether or Not It Was Suicide.

Acting Coroner Stout last night rendered the following verdict in the case of Mrs. Nellie LaMarr, who was found dead in bed Wednesday morning:

"After having heard the evidence and examined the body, I do find that the deceased came to her death from inhaling too great a quantity of a mixture of chloroform and spirits of camphor; but by whom and with what intent administered I am unable to determine, though, as the same had been during her sickness constantly used to allay intense suffering, I am of the opinion that her death was the result of accident and not by violence from herself or any other person or persons."

Squire Stout has been appointed administrator of the estate of the deceased.

We Hear Complaints

Every day of the swindling business of commission agents. If you want a Piano or Organ don't be deceived by their smooth palaver, but go to the only reliable music house, R. F. Brandom & Co., 74 Arcade.

SULLIVAN, THE HATTER, has just opened an immense line of satchels.

THE FIRST GUN.

Hon. Ben Butterworth Opens the Republican Campaign—Large and Enthusiastic Demonstration.

The Wigwam Packed with Joyous Republicans—Brilliant Speech by Major Butterworth, Listened to by a Vast Audience.

The republican campaign in Clark county was opened on Friday night with a bang.

Hon. Ben Butterworth, of Cincinnati, fired the first gun, and its echoes will go thundering down through the campaign, and will not die away until the polls close on the 8th of next November.

The meeting was in every sense a grand and enthusiastic gathering of the representative republicans of the city and county, and was one of the largest political meetings that has been held in Springfield since the last presidential campaign. It was a boomer, and republicans lined the streets. Shortly after 7 o'clock the republicans began to gather in at the Buckeye Club room, and the room was soon filled to overflowing. Under the direction of Chief Marshal Blakeney, the parade was formed and at 7:35 started on the line of march published on Thursday.

When the procession arrived at the Arcade, the boys formed in double ranks, facing in, and waited to escort the speaker to the wigwam. Three rousing cheers were given for Governor Foraker.

Major Butterworth, accompanied by General Bushnell, General Keifer and Mayor Kelly, marched between the ranks of the procession to the north entrance of the Arcade, where they took a carriage. The procession countermarched behind them to the entrance, and then led the way to the wigwam.

The platrorm was occupied by Chairman Bushnell, Major Butterworth, General Keifer, Mr. R. F. Hayward, the Big Six band and the vice-presidents of the meeting.

The audience was a magnificent one. Every seat up stairs and down in the huge building was occupied, and many persons were compelled to stand.

During the speech, which was a brilliant effort, Major Butterworth was frequently interrupted by the most enthusiastic applause, and the very fact that he held the vast crowd for two hours is a sufficient proof that the speech was thoroughly enjoyed. Mr. R. F. Hayward, as chairman of the republican central committee, introduced General A. S. Bushnell as chairman of the meeting. The general was greeted most heartily, and in assuming the chair spoke as follows:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—It is not only an honor, but a pleasure, to be chairman of such a grand meeting as this, with [illegible] many of the best people of the country [illegible]—and most of them republicans. It is [illegible] pleasant duty and honor to introduce to you one of the most honorable and distinguished gentlemen—one who stands high in the republican ranks—who is here to tell you of the great achievements of the republican party. For this reason it is not necessary for me to say much about the Hoadly-coal-oil-boodle party that desires again to get into power in this state. We have a large number of able gentlemen in the republican party who can express the principles of all good republicans better than I. All of us desire a pure, republican, business administration, such as we are receiving and will receive under our brilliant leader, Governor Foraker. I will not attempt to make a speech at this time, but will defer that to some future occasion. I will, therefore, introduce to you the distinguished soldier and statesman, the Hon. Benjamin Butterworth, from the Queen City of the West.

As Major Butterworth rose from his seat and advanced to the front of the platform, he was given such a welcome as might well make any man feel proud. The vast audience, with all that spontaneity, heartiness and enthusiasm which are characteristic of republican assemblages, broke into loud and prolonged cheers that made the old wigwam fairly ring for more than a minute. Major Butterworth stood bowing and smiling to the great crowd and waiting until the pent-up enthusiasm had had vent. When quiet had been restored he began as follows:

Mr. Chairman, Ladies, Gentlemen, Fellow Citizens:

I am very grateful to the distinguished chairman for the many kind things he said about me in his introduction, and I am grateful to the people here assembled for the high compliment you have paid me, and in so far as that compliment pertains to myself, I am more than grateful, for I know that your labors and your enthusiasm are for the great cause which I here represent tonight.

I asked General Bushnell what was troubling the republican Israel here—why there was any need for me to come here at all. He replied that you were not in any trouble here; that while there were some troublers in Israel—good men, too—who wanted to control our appetites by legislative enactment, he feared they were almost too far gone to reclaim; and that I was wanted here to inspire confidence and arouse hope that you might be enabled to do better work in the future.

On the 8th day of next November, you will be called upon to exercise the highest right of citizenship, and to determine whether the republican party shall be retained in power in Ohio, or whether that which we know as modern democracy shall be returned to power. That determination will be reached with the ballot. There is no duty that we have to perform which carries with it such weighty responsibilities as the simple casting of one ballot. The policy of peace or war has been decided in this country by a single vote. Our war with Mexico was determined upon by a single ballot in Indiana, and important measures of state and national interest often hinge on the casting of a single vote.

I shall tonight address myself particularly to young men—especially to those who, on the 8th of November, will for the first time exercise their right to vote. These young men are to determine whether the democracy of Ohio shall be returned to power, and perhaps whether the democratic national administration shall be endorsed in 1888. Since by the ballot is the country maintained in all its relations, how important it is that this sacred trust should be kept pure, and guarded against all corrupting influences. Upon the purity of the ballot and the uprightness of the people, depend the welfare of the country. Politics is the science of government. The fashion has, however, grown up to pursue politics as a game, but the time may come when it will be pursued too far, as a game, for the best interests—the very liberty—of the country.

Now, my young friends, do not make the mistake of thinking that modern democracy is the same as democracy was two generations ago. Modern democracy is coextensive with the republican party. Whether it should be returned to power depends on the fitness of its representasions, on its line of policy and on its past work, which must be taken as a measure of its future action. With democrats as individuals I have no controversy, because I recognize that our interests as individual citizens are practically the same—that we desire to attain the same end in citizenship. With the modern democratic party, however, I have a vehement and never-ending controversy. No organization has ever done less for mankind, nor more to degrade and to debase the government to which it is allied, than modern democracy. If I am wrong in this statement the record will write me down.

What is the history of modern democracy? As early as 1850, the tariff had ceased to be a bone of contention on the battlefields of this country. Slavery stalked to the front, and demanded a political party for its champion. It had realized that it must dominate the country or be driven from beneath the flag under which it then flourished. The whig and democratic parties were the two great political organizations at that time. The whig party declined to champion slavery or to take any decided stand against it, and the party, therefore, soon passed into "innocuous desuetude." A demand arose for an organization that should resist the encroachments of slavery, and all along the line sprang up live and energetic, country-loving, God-fearing men who enrolled themselves from the ranks of both the old parties into the republican party. After loyalty and freedom had culled the flower of the two old parties, the residuum was formed into the modern democratic party. This residuum did the bidding of the oligarchy, and championed, advocated and defended the only blot on American civilization.

Major Butterworth then drew a vivid and eloquent word picture of the banners under which republicans and modern democrats stand arrayed, drawing the inscriptions on the banners from the works of the two parties.

"Did not many democrats fight for the cause of the Union and against slavery?" I hear somebody ask. Yes they did, and all honor be to them for so doing; but when they opposed slavery they stepped from beneath that banner of modern democracy and enrolled themselves, for the time, at least, in republican ranks.

Addressing himself more especially to the young men among his auditors, Major Butterworth gave twenty-six reasons why they ought not to identify themselves with the modern democratic party. He read these reasons from manuscript, and they were bright, epigramatic and effective. He was frequently interrupted by prolonged applause. Among the reasons he gave were the following:

Because it glorifies the pure ballot while it stuffs the ballot-box, and cries out for purity at our elections while it switches tickets at the polls.

Because it resolves in favor of civil service reform and then spends its time damning the president, because he affects to believe in it.

Because it resolves in favor of everything to catch votes, and then does nothing for fear of losing them.

Because as an organization it resolves in favor of ways that are virtuous and then is afraid to practice what it preaches lest it disband the party.

Because it refuses deserved pensions to the widows and orphans of union soldiers and then turns to these widows and orphans and remarks, patronizingly: "We are your champions." As a critic it stands before a beautful cottage which it has had no part in constructing, criticises the architect who designed it, the carpenter who built it and the painter who adorned it, and then skips around to the back door and threatens the house-wife with violence unless she gives it all the cold victuals in the house.

Concerning the bloody shirt cry, which is continually being raised by the modern democracy, Major Butterworth said: Ignorance and prejudice are strong, and wherever they abound there you will be sure to hear the cry of "bloody shirt" at any reference that may be made to the late war. Show me a man who hasn't bathed this summer, who spends his time loafing, who will go home drunk tonight, and who will lie in bed tomorrow morning while his poor wife goes to a neighbor's to do the washing to get food for him and the children, and I'll show you a man who shouts "bloody shirt" longer, louder and more vehemently than any other man in your city.

In what way, young man, can modern democracy serve you better than the party which saved your country? What good can there be in a party that proposes to put our workingmen on the same plane with the under-paid labor of Europe? In Cincinnati we have cigar makers who earn from $1 to $3 per day, while the coolie cigar makers of Cuba work for twenty-five cents per day. Bring those Cuban cigars in direct competition with the Cincinnati product and our workmen would be thrown out of employment. The republican party, however, adds enough tariff to the Cuban goods to put them on the same plane with the American product and thus insures our laborer living wages.

Democrats claim that a tariff should be assessed for revenue only. You would be the sufferers thereby, and why, therefore, should you ally yourselves with a party that gives you no protection?

The democratic party is in favor of free trade, because the bulk of that party lies south of the Ohio river, and since the foundation of the country they have been in favor of slave labor.

Here in Springfield, a man at the polls is really but one-fourth of a man, because in the south a pure ballot and a fair count are lost arts. Your distinguished fellow-citizen, General Keifer, showed this forcibly on the floor of the house, and his scathing utterances caused the southern members to hang their heads in shame. Need I call your attention to the honest Maryland democrats who have walked out of the ranks of the political tricksters and ballot box stuffers in the modern democracy and allied themselves with the republicans? Is it worth while for me to tell you of ex-Governor Hoadly's expressed hope that no other democrat would ever be compelled to admit as he was that votes were counted for him that rightfully belonged to his opponent?

The democratic party resolved in a hundred conventions that the tariff ought to be revised, and then, when the bill was in congress to revise it, its representatives fought the bill with all their might. There were only thirteen of them who were willing to join with us to protect manufacturing industries, while all the time the wheels of many factories were silent, awaiting the issue. No man in this audience, be he lawyer, doctor, preacher, blacksmith, hod-carrier or clock-maker can make head or tail out of the tariff resolution of their Chicago platform. It reads equally well both ways. Sam Randall told me that he was very well satisfied with the party position as expressed by the platform, while Morrison claimed to be equally well satisfied with his end of the resolution.

Major Butterworth touched incidentally upon the labor question and prohibitionists, although concerning the latter, he said General Bushnell had told him it would do no good to talk. He thought that temperance ought to begin at the hearthstone and not on the statute books and that when the legal harness tightened the moral harness loosened. I say to my prohibition friend that the republican party is growing as any party ought to grow in the direction of reforms, of which temperance is only one. Do you honestly think you can advance your own cause by attempting to weaken us?

The republican party throws open wide the door of opportunity, and it does not hamper anybody's conscience. The mission of the party is to make all our homes pure and virtuous, happy and prosperous. Start right, young man, and you'll very likely stay right. If you are a republican, you will read and think; and if you will read and think, you will certainly be a republican.

Constable Ed. Coates's glee club then rendered a couple of campaign songs that brought down the house, after which the vast audience dispersed.

NOVELTIES

OPEN THIS WEEK.

MURPHY & BRO.

Have received in addition to the Kid Gloves advertised in last Friday and Saturday's REPUBLIC, the following novelties in

KID GLOVES!

The fashionable Fourchette Kid Glove, the Derby Pique Stitch Kid Glove, Embroidered Back Suede Kid Gloves, only $1; Centimeri 5-button Kid Gloves, $1.45; Centimeri 5-button Kid Gloves, Black, $1.60; the Annette 5-button Kid Glove, $1.25; the embroidered back $1 Kid Glove; all Gloves fitted to the hand. Newest Neck Ruchings; Novelty Neck Ruchings in fancy colorings; Windsor Silk Scarfs in plain and plaid; Embroidered Aprons, very pretty and cheap; Tam O'Shanter caps and toboggans; new and beautiful Linen Handkerchiefs, handsome and wonderfully cheap, and lots of other pretty things.

THE DISTRICT MESSENGERS

Will carry your packages, market baskets, get your umbrella, gossamer or wraps, carry your dinner, notes or letters, distribute invitations, advertising matter, etc., etc.

MESSENGER SERVICE

20 cents per hour; 10 cents per half hour.

'PHONE 150.

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WRITING,

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ARITHMETIC, SPELLING AND WRITING,

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ONE-HALF DOWN,

Balance in Weekly or Monthly Payments.

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WANTED—A few first class gentlemen boarders; good, first-class table board; good rooms, and in fact, every accommodation to make home pleasant. We have in connection good park and all conveniences of a first-class house. The house is situated in center of a park and convenient to all depots, also postoffice and telegraph offices.

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