THE DAILY CAIRO BULLETIN.

VOLUME XII. CAIRO, ILLINOIS, SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 24, 1881. NEW SERIES---NO. 316

VARIETY STORE.

NEW YORK STORE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The Largest Variety Stock

IN THE CITY.

GOODS SOLD VERY CLOSE

C. O. PATIER & CO.,

Cor. Nineteenth street } Commercial Avenue } Cairo, Ill.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

STOVES! STOVES!!

ALL SORTS, SIZES AND STYLES,

—AT—

DAVIDSON'S.

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE

ALL KINDS OF JOB WORK DONE TO ORDER.

NO. 27 EIGHTH STREET,

Cairo, - - Illinois

R. R. TIME CARD AT CAIRO.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL R. R.

TRAINS ARRIVE.	TRAINS DEPART.
†Mail.....4:10 a.m	*Mail.....3:35 p.m
*Express.....9:55 a.m	†Express.....3:20 p.m
*Accom'dation, 4:00 p.m	†Accomdation..11:10 a.m

MISS CENTRAL R. R.

†Mail.....5:30 p.m	†Mail.....3:35 a.m
†Express.....11:39 a m	†Express.....9:20 a.m

C. & ST. L. R. R. (Narrow Gauge.)

*Express.....4:30 p.m	*Express.....9:40 a.m
*Accom'datoin 12:30 p.m	*Accom'dation. 1:30 p.m
Sunday excur'n 8:05 p.m	Sunday excur'n 8:40 a.m

ST. L., I. M. & S. R. R.

†Express.....2:55 a.m	†Express.....12:05 p.m
†Accom'dation. 2:30 p.m	†Accom'dation. 11:45 a.m

CAIRO & VINCENNES R. R.

*Mail & Ex.... 5:00 a.m	*Mail & Ex.... 9:39 p.m

* Daily except Sunday. † Daily.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

City Officers.

Mayor—N. B. Thistlewood.
Treasurer—T. J. Kerth.
Clerk—Dennis J. Foley.
Counselor—Wm. B. Gilbert.
Marshal—L. B. Meyers.
Attorney—William Hendricks.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

First Ward—Peter Saup, T. M. Kimbrough.
Second Ward—Jesse Hinkle, C. N. Hughes.
Third Ward—B. F. Blake, John Wood.
Fourth Ward—Charles O. Patier, Adolph Swoboda.
Fifth Ward—T. W. Halliday, Ernest B. Pettit.

County Officers.

Circuit Judge—D. J. Baker.
Circuit Clerk—A. H. Irvin.
County Judge—R. S Yocum.
County Clerk—S. J. Humm.
County Attorney—J. M. Damron.
County Treasurer—Miles W. Parker.
Sheriff—John Hodges.
Coroner—R. Fitzgerald.
County Commissioners—T. W. Halliday, J. A. Gibbs and Samuel Briley.

CHURCHES.

CAIRO BAPTIST.—Temperance hall on Tenth street; preaching first and third Sundays in each month, 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Thursday, 7:30 p. m.; Sunday school, 9:30 a.m. Rev. A. J. HESS, Pastor.

CHURCH OF THE REDEEMER—(Episcopal) Fourteenth street; Sunday 7:00 a. m., Holy Eucharist; 9:30 a. m., Sunday school; 10:45 a.m., Morning prayers; 8:00 p. m., evening prayers. F. P. Davenport, S. T, R. Rector.

FIRST MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH.—Preaching at 10:30 a. m., 3 p. m., and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 7:30 p. m Rev. T. J. Shores, pastor

LUTHERAN—Thirteenth street; services Sabbath 1:30 a. m.; Sunday school 2 p. m. Rev. Knappe, pastor.

METHODIST—Cor. Eighth and Walnut streets; Preaching Sabbath 10:30 a. m. and 7 p. m.; prayer meeting, Wednesday 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School, 9 a. m. Rev. Whittaker, pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN—Eighth street; preaching on Sabbath at 11:00 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; prayer meeting Wednesday at 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School at 3 p. m. Rev. B. Y. George, pastor.

ST. JOSEPH'S—(Roman Catholic) Corner Cross and Walnut streets; services Sabbath 10:30 a. m.; Sunday School at 2 p. m.; Vespers 3 p. m.; services every day at 8 p. m.

ST. PATRICK'S—(Roman Catholic) Corner Ninth street and Washington avenue; services Sabbath 8 and 10 a. m.; Vespers 3 p. m.; Sunday School 2 p. m. services every day at 8 p. m. Rev. Masterson priest.

WOOD YARD.

C. W. WHEELER,

Summer Wood and Kindling

constantly on hand

STAVE CLIPPINGS

At Seventy-five cents per load.

Stave Trimmings

At one dollar per load.

The "trimmings" are coarse shavings and make the best summer wood for cooking purposes as well as the cheapest ever sold in Cairo. For blacksmith's use in setting tires, they are unequalled. Leave your orders at the Tenth street wood yard.

ICE.

ICE.

JACOB KLEE,

THE ICE KING.

Ready now, to furnish and deliver ICE in any quantity both wholesale and retail, and at

ROCK BOTTOM PRICES.

I respectfully solicit the patronage of all my old friends and as many new ones, and guarantee them satisfaction. JACOB KLEE.

MILL AND COMMISSION.

HALLIDAY BROTHERS,

CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

Commission Merchants,

DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN AND HAY

Proprietors

Egyptian Flouring Mills

Highest Cash Price Paid for Wheat.

DENTISTS.

DR. E. W. WHITLOCK,

Dental Surgeon.

OFFICE—No. 136 Commercial Avenue, between Eighth and Ninth Streets

DR. W. C. JOCELYN,

DENTIST.

OFFICE—Eighth Street, near Commercial Avenue.

GEORGE H. LEACH, M. D.

Physician and Surgeon.

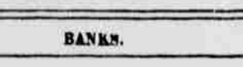
Special attention paid to the Homeopathic treatment of surgical diseases, and diseases of women and children.

Office: No 10 Eighth street, near Commercial avenue, Cairo, Ill.

FERRYBOAT.

CAIRO CITY FERRY CO.

FERRYBOAT

THREE  STATES.

On and after Monday, June 7th, and until further notice the ferryboat will make trips as follows:

LEAVES Foot Fourth st.	LEAVES Missouri Land'g.	LEAVES Kentucky Ld'g.
8:00 a. m.	8:30 a. m.	9 a. m.
10:00 a. m.	10:30 a. m.	11 a. m.
2:00 p. m.	2:30 p. m.	3 p. m.
4:00 p. m.	4:30 p. m.	5:00 p. m.
	SUNDAYS	
2 p. m.	2:30 p. m.	3 p. m

JOHN SPROAT,

PROPRIETOR OF SPROAT'S PATENT

REFRIGERATOR CARS,

AND

Wholesale Dealer in Ice.

ICE BY THE CAR LOAD OR TON, WELL PACKED FOR SHIPPING.

Car Loads a Specialty.

OFFICE:

Cor. Twelfth Street and Levee,

CAIRO, ILLINOIS.

BANKS.

THE CITY NATIONAL BANK

Cairo Illinois.

CAPITAL, $100,000

OFFICERS:

W. P. HALLIDAY, President.
H. L. HALLIDAY, Vice-President.
THOS. W. HALLIDAY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

S. STAATS TAYLOR, W. P. HALLIDAY,
HENRY L. HALLIDAY, R. H. CUNNINGHAM,
G. D. WILLIAMSON, STEPHEN BIRD,
H. H. CANDEE.

Exchange, Coin and United States Bonds

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Deposits received and a general banking business conducted.

PAINTER'S MANUAL—House and sign painting, graining, varnishing, polishing, kalsoming &c., 50 cts. Book of Alphabets, 50. Book of Fancy Alphabets, 50. Sign, Carriage, Car, Fresco, and Decorative Painting, 50. Japanese Ornamentation $2. Standard Sign Writer, $2. Standard Scroll Book, $1. Scrolls and Ornaments, (Loudolphe) $1. Of booksellers or by mail. JESSE HANEY & CO. 119 Nassau street, N. Y.

AGENTS.

$66 a week in your own town, $5 outfit free. No risk. Reader, if you want a business at which persons of either sex can make great pay all the time they work, write for particulars to H. HALLETT & CO., Portland.

MEN, WOMEN AND BOOKS.

EDITED IN THE INTEREST OF THE CAIRO PUBLIC LIBRARY.

THE Library Book Committee has ordered the following books, and they will be ready for distribution on next Saturday:

"One Year Abroad," by the author of "One Summer."

"Bits of Travel in America," by H. H.

"A Gentleman of Leisure," by Edgar Fawcitt.

"Friends," Miss Phelps.

"Blessed Saint Certainly," William Baker.

"Mrs. Harper's Awakening," Pausy.

"Next Things," Pausy.

"Who Was Paul Grayson?" John Hubberton.

"The Prince of Good Fellows," Margaret Wilmer.

"The Fair Barbarian," Miss Burnett.

"The Country of the Dwarfs," Paul Du Chaillu.

"The World on Wheels," Benj. F. Taylor.

"Familiar Talks on English Literature," Abby Sage Richardson.

"THE family of the poet Pollok, author of "The Course of Time," have had to leave the farm on which they have been tenants more than 200 years."

"IT has been well said that no man ever sank under the burden of the day. It is when to-morrow's burden is added to the burden of to-day that the weight is more than a man can bear.—Geo. Macdonald.

"CLOVERNOOK," the old home of Alice and Phœbe Cary, has been purchased, restored and in honor of the two poets opened to the public, by Mr. A. Swift, of Cincinnati."

"IN the July number of The Magazine of Art Mr. T. A. Trollope will attempt to prove that the so-called "Cenci portrait," by Guido, has no connection with "Beatrice Cenci."

"A MOMENT'S work on clay tells more than an hour's labor on brick. So work on hearts should be done before they harden. During the first six or eight years of child-life mothers have chief sway, and this is the time to make the deepest and most enduring impressions on the youthful mind."

"THE late M. Littre had a theory that man was not a carnivorous animal, and that light and air were far more essential than animal food. He shared the opinion of Darwin in regard to the origin of species, and the wits observed that his puckered and strongly-marked physiogonomy warwanted his opinions respecting his ancestry."

"THE Times desires the privilege of protesting that Octavia Bassett is not a typical American girl nevertheless, and is not so to be recognized by any who love their country, and who hope that our girl when she grows up will live, move, and have her being in some more useful, more elevating, more refined, more intellectual occupation than wearing clothes to astonish rustics and exhibiting diamonds to dizzale simpering fools. Octavia Bassett, we learn before reading 'A Fair Barbarian,' is a frank, independent, high-minded, well-bred, well-educated, magnificently handsome young woman; and she has the exquisite satisfaction of breaking a couple of spoonay but aristocratic English hearts, captivating everybody worth the winning, and snubbing, and mortifying everybody who is snubbish and suppercilious. But the novel when read does not seem to contain just this sort of superbly successful girl. It is felt all over the world that the true type of womanliness has certain characteristics which are not liable to be modified by circumstances of geography. The woman who is to do heroic things is not the universal becouse heroism is not universal. The intellectual, as distiuguished from the intensely emotional woman, is not a universal type, because intellectuality, as disctinct in a marked way from susceptibility to emotion, is not universal. The Amazon takes her name from a river; the type is local and rare; the name is used by cowardly fellows to abuse intellectual women when they suspect with reason that the intellectual women understand them well enough to despise them, as pretenders or whited sepulchres."

IN whatever branch of knowledge one reads he should read its best books. It is estimated that twenty-five thousand volumes are published each year. The British Museum contains more than a million volumes, and the National Library at Paris, three millions. Only a very small proportion, therefore, of all the books can one person read. One volume read each week in a life of sixty years amounts to less than thirty-two hundred volumes. Since one can read so few books, those few should be the best. They ought to be, as Milton finely says, 'the life-blood of a master-spirit.''

IN choosing the best books it is a good rule never to read a book of history, biography, science or in any department of heavier literature once, which is not worth reading twice. Luther said, "All who study with advantage, in any art whatsoever, ought to betake himself to the reading of some sure and certain books oftentimes over." Daniel Webster was distinguished for his knowledge of English literature, and he repeatedly read his favorite authors. He says that in his "boyish days there were two things which I did dearly love, viz: reading and playing—passions which did not cease to struggle when boyhood was over." In those days "we had so few books that to read once or twice was nothing. We thought they were all to be got by heart."

Read the best books; and those books are the best which deserve to be read at least twice.—[Youth's Campinion.

The Dead-Lock Broken.

ELBRIDGE G. LAPHAM CHOSEN AS ROSCOE CONKLING'S SUCCESSOR IN THE U. S. SENATE.

ALBANY, July 23.—In the joint convention to-day the first ballot was: Lapham, 63; Potter, 40; Conkling, 28; Woodford, 1. Necessary to a choice, 67.

Senator Jacobs moved the convention take a recess till 1:30 o'clock. Carried.

The chair then said he had been requested to announce that the democratic members would hold a conference immediately; also that the republicans would hold a conference immediately after the convention took a recess.

The convention reconvened at 1:30 p. m., and took a recess till 4 p. m.

At 3:05 p. m. the conference reassembled in the assembly chamber, Senator McCarthy in the chair. The roll was called, and twenty-one senators and sixty-nine assembly men men answered.

Mr. Skinner renewed his motion of this morning that the roll be called and each member rise in his place and name his candidate for U. S. senator. Carried.

The roll was then called, and Elbridge G. Lapham was named by 61 members; Roscoe Conkling was named by 27; S. L. Woodford was named by 1, and Wm. Evarts 1. This vote is the same as that cast in the joint convention.

On motion of Senator Winslow, Elbridge G. Lapham's nomination was made unanimous amid three cheers.

The convention reassembled at 4, and voted for United States senator, with the following result:

Senate—Lapham, 22; Potter, 5. Assembly—Lapham, 70; Potter, 37. Total—Lapham, 92; Potter, 42. Necessary to a choice, 68.

The chair then announced the election of Elbridge E. Lapuam, in place of Roscoe Conkling, resigned, and the joint assembly dissolved. Cheers for Lapham, Miller, Garfield, Conkling and Potter followed.

Great applause, the swinging of hats, etc., followed, and loud calls were made for Senator Woodin, who congratulated the assemblage upon the result obtained, and spoke in glowing terms of the effect of the action just taken.

NEW YORK, July 22.—This afternoon when Conkling received the dispatch advising him of the election of Lapham at Albany, he immediately sent the following telegram:

NEW YORK, 22.—To Hon. James Armstrong, member of the assembly: The heroic constancy of the Spartan band which so long has stood for principle and truth has my deepest gratitude and admiration. Borne down by forbidden and abhorrent forces and agencies which never before had sway in the Republican party, the memory of their courage and manhood will long live in the highest honor. The near future will indicate their wisdom and crown them with approval. Please ask them all for me to receive my most grateful acknowledgments. (Signed) ROSCOE CONKLING.

For Killing "The Kid."

DENVER, COL., July 22.—The principal towns of New Mexico are raising funds for Patsey Garret for services to the territory in killing "Billy the Kid."

So badly did my wife sprain her foot, writes Mr. P. Dinzler, Naples, N. Y. that it became greatly discolored. The swelling had enlarged to such an extent that she could not move,—in which condition she was in bed for three weeks, when we commenced the use of St. Jacobs Oil which relieved her at once and removed the swelling; after using six bottles she was completely cured.

LIMITATION OF MUNICIPAL TAXES.

[State Journal.]

The supreme court of this state, at the spring term held at Ottawa, rendered a decision upon the subject of taxation of towns and cities which will be of interest. The case was that of the town of Spartland, in Marshall county, vs. Barnes et al., and involved the same questions which have been in issue in this and many other cities of the state governed under special charters. The court says:

"The act of May 28, 1879, in respect to taxation by cities and villages, limiting the power to 2 per cent., does not interfere with pre-existing limitations in special charters upon the taxing power, but was intended simply to provide a uniform limitation in cases where none theretofore existed, as in cities, etc., originized under the general law."

The special charter of the town of Spartland limited the power of taxation for corporate purposes to five mills on the dollars worth of taxable property. Application was made by mandamus to compel the town to levy a tax sufficient to pay a judgment on account of injuries resulting from a detective sidewalk. The town authorities averred in their answers, that after defraying the current and necessary expenses of the town, there was nothing left to apply to the judgment. To this answer the circuit court sustained a demurer and awarded a peremptory mandamus. The supreme court held that there was error in sustaining the demurer to appellant's answer, and the cause was remanded with directions to overrule the demurer to the answer and dismiss the petition.

How Now! What Is It?

The great system renovator is Burdock Blood Bitters. Try it and be convinced. Price $1.00, trial size 10 cents.

CANCER. No Knife. No Pain. No Sickness. No Fearful Treatments. Treatise free. Go or send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philada, Pa.

Found at Last.

What every one should have, and never be without, is Thomas' Eclectric Oil. It is thorough and safe in its effects, producing the most wondrous cures of rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises and wounds of every kind. Paul G. Schuh, Agent.

BOILS, pimples on the face, salt Rheum, old sores, and all cutaneous eruptions disappear like magic when Dr. Lindsey's Blood Searcher is used.

Certificate.

"I have used Burdock Blood Bitters with great benefit for indigestion and constipation of the bowels." C. L. EASTON, "Hamilton, Ont."

Price $1.00, trial size 10 cents.

Enterprising Druggist.

Mr. George E. O'Hara, the live druggist of the town, is always up to the times and ready to meet the demands of his many customers. He has just received a supply of that wonderful remedy that is astonishing the world by its marvelous cures. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs, colds, asthma, bronchitis, hay fever, phthisic, croup, whooping cough, tickling in the throat, loss of voice, hoarseness or any affection of the throat and lungs. This remedy positively cures, as thousands can testify. If you do not believe it call at his drug store and get a trial bottle free of cost or a regular size bottle for one dollar. As you value your life, give it a trial and be convinced, as thousands already have been (4)

THE very best family medicine is Wright's Indian Vegetable Pills, which cleanse the bowels, purify the blood, and establish healthy action in the liver. (6)

ONE peculiar characteristic of Fellow's Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites is its power of decomposing the food in the stomach, rendering digestion and assimulation more perfect.

A Twenty Years Conflict.

The keeper of the Gross Point light, Mr. C. Boynton, was cured of rheumatim of twenty years standing by the use of St. Jacobs Oil says the Chicago News.

Druggist's Testimony.

H. F. McCarthy, druggist, Ottawa, Ont., states that he was afflicted with chronic bronchitis for many years and was completely cured by the use of Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Paul G. Schuh, Agent.

A Liberal Reward Will be Given.

To the writer for the press who never said that his contribution was dashed off.

To the young man who doesn't think the girls are all dying after him.

To the young woman who wouldn't choose an ice cream to a substantial meal.

To the woman over thirty who never had an offer.

To the young lady graduate who would not rather have a white satin dress than high honors at the graduation exercises.

To the married man who never considered the possibilities of a second marriage.

To the married woman who does not sometimes wonder how she ever came to say "Yes."

To a clergyman who doesn't feel just a little proud of the tears he calls up at a funeral.

To the car conductor who does not take peculiar pleasure in helping the ladies off his car.

To the man who ever exchanged umbrellas and went off with a worse one than he left behind.

To the small boy who never whistled.

To the doctor who has the hardihood to tell a wealthy patient that nothing ails him.

To the boy of 18 who does not know more than his parents.

To the amateur farmer who never drew the long bow when dilating upon his agricultural achievements.

To the widow who does not like to have her mourning becoming.

To the school teacher who can talk without seeming to watch every word she utters.

To the politician who never sought the place that seemed to seek him.

A Terrible Night's Experience.

Noticing that the sides of the summit were strewn with boards, beams, and debris, my guide explained that what I saw was the result of the great January gale. He added:

"Late in the afternoon my comrade, Sergt. M——, came to where I was lying abed sick, and said: 'There is going to be the devil to pay, so I guess I'll make everything snug.'

"By 9 in the evening the wind had increased to 100 miles an hour, with heavy sleet. At midnight the velocity of the storm was 120 miles, and the exposed thermometer recorded 24 degrees below zero. With the stove red, we could hardly get it above freezing inside the house. Water froze within three feet of the fire—in fact, where you are now sitting.

"At this time the noise outside was deafening. About 1 o'clock the wind rose to 150 miles. It was blowing a hurricane. The wind gathering up all the loose ice of the mountain, dashed it against the house with one continued roar. I lay wondering how long the building would stand this, when all at once came a crash. M—— shouted to me to get up; but I had tumbled out in a hurry on hearing the glass go. You see, I was dressed to keep myself warm in bed.

"Our united efforts were hardly equal to closing the storm shutters from the inside, but we finally succeeded, though the lights went out when the wind came in, and we worked in the dark."

He rose to show me how the shutters of thick oak were first secured by an iron bar, and secondly by strong wooden buttons firmly screwed into the window-frames.

"We had scarcely done this," resumed Doyle, "and were shivering over the fire, when a heavy gust of wind again burst open the shutters as easily as if they had never been fastened at all. We sprang to our feet. After a hard tussle we again secured the windows by nailing a cleat to the floor, against which one end of a board was fixed, using the other end as a lever. You understand?" I nodded. "Well, even then it was all we could do to force the shutters back into place. But we did it. We had to do it.

"The rest of the night was passed in momentary expectation that the building would be blown into Tuckerman's ravine, and we with it. At 4 o'clock in the morning the wind registered 186 miles. It had shifted then from east to northeast. From this time it steadily fell to 10 miles, at 9 o'clock. This was the biggest blow ever experienced on the mountain."

"Suppose the house had gone, and the hotel stood fast, could you have effected an entrance into the hotel?" I asked.

"We could not have faced the gale."

"Not for a hundred feet? not in a matter of life and death?"

"Impossible. The wind would have lifted us from our feet like bags of wool. We would have been dashed against the rocks, and smashed like egg shells," was the quiet reply.

"And so for many hours expected to be swept into eternity?"

"We did what we could. Each wrapped himself in blankets and quilts, to which were attached bars of iron, so that if the house went by the board we might stand a chance—a slim one—of anchoring somewhere, somehow."—*Mount Washington Letter in Harper's.*

Buttermilk for Burns.

Joe and Commodore Rogers were brothers and blacksmiths. They had a great reputation for being practical jokers. One day Joe bought an old-fashioned churn for the purpose of manufacturing their own butter; and as the commodore was a widower, and lived with Joe, all such work as churning naturally fell to him. One day, after supper, the first churning was got ready, and the commodore was invited to churn.

"Hold on," said he, "till I go down and get some tobacco."

He went, and while he was gone Joe did the churning, took out the butter, and left the buttermilk in the churn. The commodore returned, looked at the churn, took off his coat and remarked:

"Wa'al, old churn, it's you and I, and here is for ye!"

After churning a couple of hours, he remarked that he "guessed it would be cheaper to buy butter than to make it."

"I think so," said Joe, "if you are going to churn it out of buttermilk."

The commodore's remarks were unfit for publication.

A few days after the churning process, Joe put one end of a small bar of iron into his forge-fire, gave the bellows three or four pumps, and stepped into the back shop. While gone, the commodore heated the iron to a black heat, then changed ends with it, and stepped out the front door to watch the progress. In came Joe, took up the iron, but dropped it instantly, holding up his burned hand, and roaring with pain.

"Put on buttermilk, Joe. It's good for a burn!" said the commodore, as he made a masterly retreat, amid a shower of bouquets, composed of hammers, coal, and horse-shoes.

Astheticism in Business.

A London firm that deals in neck ties combines astheticism and business in a remarkable manner. To every purchaser of a half guinea box of neckties they present a pretty little water-color sketch tastefully framed. They engage, it appears, a number of skilful artists of respectable, though of course not eminent, rank in their profession to execute for them a large number of drawings—little birds, trees, children, and what not. The frames they contract for at wholesale prices, and so they are able to make the scheme profitable. Neither is it an unprofitable transaction to the artists employed, for the latter have, it is stated, six or eight of the sketches upon the easel at the same time, working them all up together with the greatest economy of time and labor.