

MANY ARE KILLED IN AWFUL WRECK AT COLTON, CAL.

Passenger Train No. 9 on the Southern Pacific Goes in the Ditch Yesterday Afternoon.

AT LEAST THIRTY ARE ON THE LIST OF DEAD

Most of the Fatalities Were Among Italians and Only Two Americans Are Thought to Have Died in the Wreck.

COACHES ARE SMASHED INTO MASS OF DEBRIS

Narrow Escape for Florence Roberts Theatrical Company—Horrible Fate of Italians—Hundred Injured.

By Associated Press.

COLTON, Cal., March 28.—One of the most disastrous wrecks in the history of the Southern Pacific occurred one and one-half miles east of town shortly after 4 o'clock this afternoon when west-bound passenger train No. 9, New Orleans to San Francisco, ran into an open switch while going at a rate of forty miles an hour. Ten of the four coaches were derailed with frightful results. Twenty-six people are known to have been killed and the final death toll will be much higher. The injured number about a hundred, many of whom are seriously injured and will die.

Four Coaches Smashed

The wrecked coaches were hurled in every direction. Four were smashed to smithereens. Most of the dead were Italians from New Orleans, going to San Francisco. They occupied the smoker and day coach. The dead were terribly mangled and mangled. Eighteen were taken to the D. C. Schwartz undertaking establishment at Colton by 8 o'clock and eight additional bodies could be seen underneath one of the overturned demolished cars. This car could not be raised until a derrick was brought from Los Angeles, sixty miles away. The injured were carried to the city in vehicles of all sorts and the Colton hospital was quickly filled to its capacity. Many were taken to the Presbyterian church and private residences.

But two Americans are known to have been killed, although several among the injured will undoubtedly die within the next few hours.

George L. Sharpe of Muncie, Ind., was instantly killed. The baggage man of the train, whose name was not ascertained, was also killed.

Engine Crew Jumps

Engineer Clarence E. Wormington and Fireman Victor Orlob jumped, but failed to get clear and were caught in the wreckage. They were both terribly mangled and burned. John Golden, the train conductor, was in the Pullman section of the train and escaped unhurt.

Out of the eighty Pullman passengers there are but two who sustained serious injuries. Three Pullman coaches and the diner, which was on the rear of the train, did not leave the track. The occupants of these cars were practically unharmed. The Florence Roberts theatrical company occupied one coach which was hurled from the track and both ends of the coach were crushed in by the impact against the others. But two members of the company out of a total of twenty-two people were injured.

Actress Escapes

Miss Roberts herself escaped entirely unharmed. The escape from death of the occupants of the car was miraculous, considering the manner in which the coach was splintered and torn to pieces. Men and women were hurled from one end of the car to the other, but all escaped with the exception of the two mentioned.

Four of the ten coaches derailed were smashed out of all resemblance to passenger cars. There were three tracks where the accident occurred, which is in open country.

The people of Colton were the first to be notified of the catastrophe. Immediately hundreds of people hurried to the scene of the wreck. Physicians and nurses were brought from San Bernardino and Colton and ministered to the injured.

Fireman Left Open Switch

The derailment of the train was caused by the crew of a switch engine leaving the switch open. It is stated that the engine passed through the switch a few moments before the wrecked train appeared. A switchman named Morrison was in the yard. After the switch engine passed onto another track the engineer asked the fireman if he had left the switch open. The fireman replied that he had neglected to do so and the engineer whistled frantically for Morrison to close it. The signal

Had no Warning

The train, due in Los Angeles at 7:30 a. m., was nearly twelve hours late and at the time of the disaster was running at a high rate of speed in an attempt to make up the lost time. There was absolutely no warning of the impending catastrophe. The engineer saw the signal of the open switch when but a few rods distant from it and had no time to sound even a whistle of warning, much less reverse the throttle or set the brakes. He called to the fireman to jump and they both leaped wildly from opposite sides of the train.

The engine left the track, turned over on its side and ploughed a great distance along the right of way. Broken wreckage of the day coach and smoker, filled with bodies of the dead and injured, was hurled all around. The sound of escaping steam was mingled with the cries of the dying. Helpless passengers, imprisoned in the wreckage, called frantically for help.

Saved from Fire

By a miracle, the train was not set on fire. The passengers who escaped set at once about the work of rescue. Dozens were pulled and lifted from the wreckage and lain beside the track until vehicles arrived to convey them to the hospital. Members of the theatrical company aided nobly in the work of rescue. Men and women alike cared for the injured.

Plush seats were taken from the coaches and with bedding from the Pullmans the roadside was converted into a temporary hospital. Several there taken from the wreckage expired before conveyances could be had to carry them to Colton. It was a half hour before medical aid could be secured.

Italians Torn to Pieces

The Italians in the day coach and smoker met a horrible fate. Wholly without warning the impact came and three cars were almost completely telescoped and hurled far to one side. The helpless passengers were terribly torn and cut to pieces. Death came to a score of them instantly. Many were dismembered and impaled upon pieces of wreckage from the cars.

Southern Pacific headquarters in Los Angeles were notified immediately after the wreck, but it was some time before a relief train left this city for Colton. In the meantime, assistance had come from San Bernardino and Riverside, a few miles away.

The wrecked train is the regular Sunset express, leaving New Orleans daily. The train left the latter city at 11:55 a. m. Monday.

Coroner Takes Charge

Coroner Van Wie was at the scene of the wreck within an hour and immediately took charge of all the dead. The coroner swore in a number of special officers to prevent pillage.

All the dead are men, with the exception of one, an Italian woman. Sharpe, who was instantly killed, was on his way to Los Angeles to join his wife. Only one of the theatrical scenery of the Roberts company, valued at \$10,000, was completely wrecked. The company was en route for Bakersfield from El Paso.

Many of the injured passengers were in the three tourist sleepers, which were almost entirely demolished in the crash. These, with the express and baggage cars, formed an unrecognizable mass of wreckage.

NOTED ACTRESS MAY PLAY HERE

Mrs. Fiske Will Come Here if Big Enough Guarantee Can Be Raised

Manager Jones of the Dreamland theater received a telegram last night from Harrison Grey Fiske, husband and manager of Mrs. Fiske, the foremost emotional actress in America today, asking for an engagement at the local theater on May 31, when Mrs. Fiske's company will be on its way to the coast from New York.

Mrs. Fiske and her company, so the telegram reads, are willing to come to Globe if guaranteed the sum of \$2,000. This clause rather stunned the Dreamland manager and he started out to find out if Mrs. Fiske was really worth the money. After a few inquiries he learned that Mrs. Fiske had never been threatened by an El Paso mob and started to wire her hubby that it was all off so far as Globe was concerned, but he ran across a man who has read the papers and was told that Mrs. Fiske could deliver the goods to even a critical Globe audience, also that she was not to blame for never having been mobbed in El Paso, because she had never tried to play there.

Two thousand big round iron dollars is lots of coin to give for the performance of a play with even the poetical name of Hedda Gabler—if that's the role Mrs. Fiske will essay here—but Manager Jones is game and says he will canvass the town today and see if he can secure enough subscriptions to guarantee that amount. It would certainly be a treat for Globe theatergoers if Mrs. Fiske could be secured and it is believed that there are enough in this city who would cough up the required amount by subscribing to seats at several simoleons each. At any rate the telegram shows that in New York they know where Globe is.

The Weather

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, March 28.—Forecast for Arizona: Fair Friday; fair and warmer Saturday.

ONE SUPERVISOR ONLY KEEPS MUM

Seventeen Out of Eighteen Have Confessed on Heney's Promise of Immunity.

NO NEW INDICTMENTS RETURNED YESTERDAY

Detweiler Hiding Near Toledo, but Burns Says He Can't Get Away—Boss Ruef Is Moved to His New Prison.

By Associated Press.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 28.—No indictments were returned today by the grand jury and only six witnesses were examined. They were: A. B. Cass, president of the Home company of Los Angeles, was subjected to further inquiries as to the accounts of the corporation and a fund of \$300,000, said to have been sent to San Francisco for use to bring the supervisors to grant the Home company a competitive telephone franchise; J. N. Martin of the Adams-Phillips company of Los Angeles, who with J. S. Torrance brought to San Francisco in an automobile \$100,000, which also was paid by the Home company for the franchise; George Beanson of the bookkeeping department of the Pacific States company, who was further questioned as to his familiarity with the accounts of that corporation in so far as they were affected by the bribe; alleged to have been paid; John A. Mallon, statistician of the Pacific States company; J. S. Torrance of Los Angeles, one of the brokers who handled the bonds and securities of the Home company of that city; Percy C. Morgan of the California Wine Producers' association, who was a member of the executive committee of the Pacific States company at the time the supervisory bribes are alleged to have been paid.

When questioned at the close of the grand jury session as to the testimony adduced, Heney said:

Alibi for One Suspect

"Of my own knowledge Mr. Morgan was in the east from November, 1905, until April, 1906, his absence covering the bribe period.

"It is only fair to state that it was possible for the absent member of the Pacific States executive board to be absolutely ignorant of the paying of bribes to the board—not the board which admitted, but the board which discussed policies while such disbursements as bribe payments were approved and made by others."

Heney stated that subpoenas for six other officials of the Western National bank and the United States National bank of this city had been issued. He would not say what they are expected to testify.

He said he hoped to finish the Pacific States and Home bribery deals Saturday and to turn to the investigation of other felonies next week. It is impossible to even intimate at this time how long these investigations will last. He added that all five members of the Pacific States company's executive board had been subpoenaed to come before the jury.

All witnesses from Los Angeles were finally excused today and it is said they would start for home at once.

All Confess Save One

Thus far Supervisors Charles Bixton, M. W. Coffey, D. G. Coleman, Sam Davis, J. J. Furey, J. L. Gallagher, C. J. Harrigan, J. F. Kelly, T. F. Loneragan, Max Mamlock, P. M. McGushin, F. H. Nicholas, J. J. Phillips, L. A. Bea, W. W. Sanderson, E. L. Walsh and A. E. Wilson—seventeen of a total of eighteen comprising the supervisory board—have confessed to the grand jury of their acceptance of bribes.

The only supervisor who has not confessed in exchange for promises of immunity is George P. Duffey.

Indictments charging Glass of the Pacific States company with the bribery of nine supervisors have already been returned and a statement may be authoritatively made that the grand jury is now prepared to indict Glass for the bribery of Supervisors Duffey, Furey and Sanderson. These latter indictments, it is understood, will not be returned this week, as the prosecution desires to take up other acts of bribery.

Detweiler in Hiding

Detective Burns, who with Heney worked up practically all the evidence in the graft and bribery investigations, stated tonight that Abram K. Detweiler, who was indicted on thirteen counts of bribery, is secreted within a few miles of Toledo, Ohio, conferring with friends as to the advisability of giving himself up.

"My men," said Burns, "are prepared to produce him as soon as the prosecution is ready to attend to the case. That may be a week or ten days, but there is no chance for the indicted man to get away if he should desire to do so."

Judge Lawler today immediately after the arraignment of Glass on nine bribery counts issued thirteen fresh bench warrants for the arrest of Detweiler and fixed the bail at \$10,000 for each of them.

Judge Lawler continued the thirteen cases to April 4 and for the arraignment day set for Glass to plead.

RUEF'S NEW PRISON IS FAMILIAR TO HIM

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 28.—San Abraham Ruef was today removed from his prison chamber in the fashionable

St. Francis hotel to No. 2849 Fillmore street, which is the residence owned and occupied by Mayor Schmitz until he moved recently into his new home on Vallejo street.

The entire second floor of the Fillmore street dwelling has been leased by Elisor Biggy for the prisoner, himself and the guards employed to assist in the custody of the indicted boss. Biggy also rented a room on the ground floor which the mayor formerly used as his "den."

Speaking of the coincidence, Detective Burns said:

"When Ruef was escorted to his new quarters today this den was pointed out to him and smiling grimly, he remarked, 'Yes, that's the room; that's where the boys used to take orders.'"

Find Secret Chest

A somewhat sensational incident in connection with the former home of Schmitz came to light today through an announcement by Burns that while minutely examining the premises for possible loopholes of escape, found by turning back the carpet in the chamber once occupied by the mayor as a bedroom, a secret plush-lined chest, fitted securely with a lock. It was two and one-half by two feet and nearly one foot deep.

"It was unquestionably used by the mayor to conceal sums of money, stocks and valuable papers of a secret nature; we found the chest empty," said Burns. The grand jury adjourned until Saturday afternoon.

INQUIRY LOOKS GOOD FOR THAW

First Session of Commission in Lunacy Is Held Behind Closed Doors Yesterday.

WANT NOTHING TO DO WITH ALIENISTS

Commission Rebuffs Jerome—Thaw's Attorneys Express Themselves as More than Satisfied with Proceedings.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, March 28.—Harry K. Thaw for two hours today submitted himself to a running fire of questions from the commission in lunacy to determine his present state of mind.

The examination was conducted behind closed doors. Thaw went willingly and confidently before his judges, and when the two hours of secret session concluded his attorneys appeared with smiling faces and declared that they were more than satisfied with the course of proceedings. Jerome hurried away, declining absolutely to say one word about the commission's work.

Limit Scope of Inquiry

The most important feature of the day's proceedings was the decision of the commission to limit the scope of inquiry to the exact language of the statute, to "determine whether Thaw is able today to understand the nature of the court proceedings against him and whether he is able to advise his counsel in a rational manner."

Jerome announced to the commission that all the legal experts he had employed advised him that Thaw is suffering from paranoia, a disease of the mind in which the recoveries are limited to 2 or 3 per cent. He offered to adduce testimony to support the statement, but the commission waived it, saying that the purpose of the inquiry was a very simple one and had to do, not with any classification of mental diseases, but with the prisoner's present state of mind as judged by laymen.

In the decision the commission confronted the district attorney with the very position he maintained in putting Thaw on trial for his life.

Jerome's Contentment

Jerome contends that Thaw was suffering from paranoia on the night of June 25, when he killed White, but he added that paranoiacs often had knowledge of what they were doing and that Thaw knew the nature and quality of his act and knew that the act was wrong.

The question to which the lunacy commission decided to confine itself is based solely on Thaw's knowledge as to the proceedings against him and his ability to advise his lawyers. It is said that during most of the two hours Thaw was before the commission the notes and letters he had written his counsel since the trial began were under consideration.

It is said that Thaw answered all questions calmly and went into lengthy explanations of some notes he had addressed to Delmas while the trial progressed. Thaw will appear before the commission Saturday morning. The Saturday session will be held behind closed doors. The commission did not decide whether or not a physical examination is necessary. Thaw appeared to be in excellent spirits.

Kuroki Coming

By Associated Press. TOKIO, March 28.—It was made public today that General Kuroki will represent the Japanese army at the Jamestown celebration this year.

Prosecution Closes

By Associated Press. WASHINGTON, March 28.—The case of the government against Binger Hermann for destroying public records was practically closed today. The defense will open Monday.

CRUSH RIOTERS WITH ARTILLERY

Conditions in Roumania Still Precarious and Stringent Measures Are Employed.

LIST OF CASUALTIES CANNOT BE ESTIMATED

Hundreds Have Been Killed in Various Districts and Eleven Army Officers Were Killed or Wounded in Battles.

By Associated Press.

BUCHAREST, March 28.—Efforts of the government to suppress the revolt of the peasants have met with only partial success. Troops are now acting with increased energy. Large numbers of rioters have been killed in numerous conflicts with soldiers, but as yet there is no sign of a permanent amelioration of conditions. On the contrary the rioters appear bolder and more determined and today the situation is undoubtedly aggravated.

At Tirgovistes, in the Argetsh district, a band of peasants yesterday attempted to raid the arsenal for a supply of rifles and ammunition. Upon being repulsed by troops the rioters set fire to many houses in the town.

Several roving bands of peasants in the district of Teleorman were brought to bay yesterday by a detachment of troops.

At Vlaschka a band of peasants refused to disperse and opened fire on the troops, whereupon the latter fired on them, killing seventy men and wounding many more. According to an unconfirmed version of the encounter, two hundred peasants were killed.

Train Looted by Peasants

A train running between Bucharest and Komona was stopped and looted by rioters. There is slight improvement in the situation at Jassy. The streets are empty and the shops closed. The peasants are apparently overawed by the concentration of troops. A serious encounter is reported to have taken place at Papanapabestie, in which many peasants were killed or wounded.

A bombardment of three villages in the Vlaschka district in which the rioters had taken refuge undoubtedly resulted in a very large casualty list, the exact number of which cannot be learned. It is known that several hundred peasants were arrested there. There have been sanguinary encounters in the districts of Dolja and Adauloj, and rumors place the number of killed and wounded in the encounters with troops at several hundred.

Troops Use Artillery

Troops are beginning to use artillery to bombard the villages where rioters take refuge. The peasants have committed terrible atrocities in the Buzeo district. Troops were sent there with orders to suppress the disturbances at any cost. It is still impossible to give even an approximate estimate of the number killed and wounded since the beginning of the disorders, but there is good reason to believe that recent reports are not exaggerated. Eleven army officers have been killed or wounded.

It is reported that in northern Moldavia the peasants intend to recommence the pillage during the Jewish passover if promises made to them by the government are not fulfilled. Some measures being adopted by the authorities are most severe. Premier Sturdza today secured the unanimous adoption of a bill by both houses of parliament authorizing the government to declare a state of siege wherever it may be necessary. This step can be taken, however, only by royal decree.

EMPEROR DOES ANNUAL FOOTWASHING STUNT

By Associated Press.

VIENNA, March 28.—Emperor Francis Joseph today performed his usual Maundy Thursday footwashing ceremony in the large hall of Hofberg before a gathering of archbishops, diplomats and state officials. Before washing the feet of twelve aged men, the emperor, assisted by archbishops, personally served them with a repast of several courses. The ceremony concluded with the bestowal of silk purses, containing thirty pieces of silver, which the emperor hung about the neck of each of the old men.

U.S. AND MEXICO CANNOT STOP WAR

Time for Interference Has not Yet Arrived—No Definite Information

By Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The moment has not yet arrived when the United States and Mexico can intervene to stop the spread of war in Central America. This decision was arrived at as the result of a conference between Secretary Root and Ambassador Creel at the state department today.

The secretary also had the benefit of advice received by the diplomatic rep-

resentatives of Central American governments from their own republics. The absence of definite information from the scene of the trouble is embarrassing to the officials who are desirous of bringing about peace.

It is feared that the collapse of the Bonilla government in Honduras and the consequent installation of a provisional government in accord with that of Nicaragua will result in a combined attack by them on other Central American republics. Apprehension of such a movement has greatly alarmed all the other states. It is said that there is no disposition on the part of this government to take the part of policeman toward those sister republics at the present, but it would welcome any proper opportunity to restore peace.

Bombarding Amapala

WASHINGTON, March 28.—The state department received a dispatch today from United States Minister Merry at San Jose, Costa Rica, announcing that it is announced that Amapala, Honduras, is being bombarded. Amapala is the chief Honduran port upon the Pacific side and President Bonilla of Honduras is reported to have fled to that port, which was formerly one of his strongholds. Some time ago it was reported that Nicaragua had sent a gunboat to storm Amapala.

CITY COUNCIL IN WEEKLY SESSION

Passes Curfew and Anti-Gambling Ordinances—Moving the Tenderloin

The city council passed an ordinance last night repealing the ordinance licensing gambling games and prohibiting them within the city limits. For violation of this ordinance a fine of \$300 for each offense is provided. This act is in accordance with the territorial law enacted by the last legislature against gambling.

Notwithstanding the fact that Kils have been chased home every evening after 8:30 by the ringing of the fire bell, supplemented by the more active work of the city officers, the curfew ordinance was not passed until last night, owing to an oversight.

To Move Tenderloin

The council again took up the matter of removing the present red light district to another part of the city. At the preceding meeting a committee consisting of Aldermen Woods, Trojanovich and Murphy was appointed to investigate the conditions existing, as set forth in a petition signed by residents on Nofziger hill, praying for the removal of the redlighters. The committee reported that the removal should be effected, but presented no recommendation as to the place of removal. There was considerable discussion of the matter and on motion of Alderman Murphy it was decided that the council act as a committee of the whole in winding up the matter, Mr. Murphy setting forth in his motion that while in his capacity of meat dealer he was familiar with the tenderloin, this kind was not within his province and more assistance from other members of the council was desired.

The matter of a concrete culvert on Broad street north of the Dominion hotel also came up and City Engineer Wayne presented plans for the same. The matter will be settled at the meeting next week.

Must Have Exits

An important ordinance affecting public places of amusement and office buildings was also passed. It requires all buildings over two stories in height to install fire escapes and exits, which shall be at least six feet high and five feet wide, and signs must be placed on the exits and in the vicinity of the fire escapes. All of these must be arranged under the supervision of the city council or an authorized agent of the council.

This ordinance, it is believed, will only affect one building in the city at present, that of the Dreamland theater, which is somewhat shy on exits. The two largest buildings in the city, the Dominion hotel and the Trust building, have already been provided with fire escapes.

An interesting matter will come before the council at the next meeting. On the first of the month City Marshal Carico refused to renew the liquor license of C. J. Arnold & Co., conducting the Metropole cafe and saloon, owing, it is alleged, to the many complaints which have been received regarding the character of the place. Mr. Arnold has been granted a hearing by the council, which will occur next Thursday evening.

MURDERESS FOUND MENTALLY UNBALANCED

By Associated Press. CARMEL, N. Y., March 28.—The jury today found Jennie Burch not guilty on account of her being insane. It is believed that this verdict will result in a commitment to the Matteawan asylum for the criminal insane.

Jennie Burch, who is 15 years old, was tried for the murder by poisoning of a child named Winship. It was shown that Miss Burch is suffering from a mental malady which dulled her understanding.

Must Go to Prison

By Associated Press. ST. PAUL, March 28.—The state supreme court today decided that Dr. Jacob F. Force of Minneapolis must serve three and a half years in prison, having been convicted of wrongfully appropriating funds of the Northwestern National Life Insurance company while its vice president.

NO ARBITRATION FOR RAILROADERS

Must Make Terms With Men Is Only Way Says Ultimatum Issued by the Unions.

CHIEF OF TRAINMEN ISSUES STATEMENT

Government Influence on Railroads to Grant Demands Is Only Way in Which Strike Can Be Averted, He Says.

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, March 28.—The controversy over the wage scale between general managers of western railroads and employees in the train service cannot be arbitrated. The only way in which the strike can be averted is for the officials to make terms with the men.

This is the ultimatum issued by representatives of the two unions involved in the difficulty after a meeting tonight to consider the decision of the railroads asking the federal government to try to bring about a settlement by mediation along the lines provided by the Erdmann act.

Labor Leaders Meet

CHICAGO, March 28.—The labor leaders in the conference which was interrupted yesterday by the refusal of the men to accept the offers of the general managers of the western roads met today to consider measures threatened by the managers to avoid a strike. The managers announced that they will invoke the aid of the Erdmann act of congress, which provides for arbitration of such questions.

The leaders of the labor interests would not discuss this part of the situation today and declared that they are as yet unable to say what they will do in regard to it.

The Erdmann law provides for a board of arbitration, to consist of three members, of which the railroads are to choose one, the men the second and the two the third. If no third arbitrator is selected within four days the chairman of the interstate commerce commission is to name him with the approval of the labor commissioner. The men have repeatedly declared that they will not arbitrate the question at issue in the present controversy. The meeting of representatives of the conductors and trainmen, which commenced early today, is expected to continue until this evening.

Morrissey Talks

P. H. Morrissey, grand master of the Brotherhood of Trainmen, said: "The committee representing the men will hear and consider suggestions from government sources, but still action will not be delayed unreasonably while waiting for intervention. We are not unmindful of the public's right in the matter and we are not going to do anything hastily. One thing is certain, however, and that is the men will not accept the last proposal of the general managers. If the government officials can prevail upon the railway officials to grant our demands, everything will be amicably adjusted, but unless this is done I don't see what can prevent a strike."

Waiting on Government

Secretary Thompson of the general managers' association, said tonight: "We are waiting to see what the government will do. We do not expect to hear directly in answer to our request that the whole difficulty should be arbitrated along the lines suggested by the Erdmann act, but we believe when the labor leaders receive word from Washington that the government has been asked to take a hand they will look at the matter in a different light and will be willing to submit the question to arbitration. We are not looking for trouble, but have made all the concessions we can afford under present conditions and the sooner the men become reconciled to this the better it will be for everyone concerned."

BAD ACCIDENT AT ROOSEVELT

Phoenix Man Receives the Full Contents of Shotgun in His Face—Will Recover

Word was received here yesterday from Roosevelt that Peter Mohn of the undertaking firm of Mohn & Driscoll of Phoenix was severely wounded by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. A message was sent to Globe for medical attendance for the wounded man.

Details of the accident were not received, but it is understood that Mr. Mohn was on their way to Roosevelt and that the accident occurred while several miles the other side of that town. It is understood that Mr. Mohn received the full contents of the shotgun in the fact, but that it was not thought that his injuries will prove fatal.