

THE DAILY SILVER BELT

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PRICE FIVE CENTS

WAVES CLAIM NEARLY TWO HUNDRED

But One Raving Survivor Outlives Terrible Wreck

PALMA ISLAND, MAJORCA, February 11.—After being driven helplessly from her course, in one of the wildest storms that has swept the Mediterranean in forty years, the French Trans-Atlantic Steamship company's steamer General Chanzy crashed full speed in the dead of night onto treacherous reefs near the Island of Minorca and all except one of the 157 persons on board perished.

The sole survivor is an Algerian customs official, Marcel Rodet, who was rescued by a fisherman, and who lies tonight in a hospital at Ciuda-Dela, raving, as the result of the tortures through which he passed, and unable to give an account of the disaster. In the ship's company were eighty-seven passengers, of whom thirty were first cabin. The crew numbered seventy. It is not thought any Americans were aboard.

The Chanzy is a total wreck. Steamers have been dispatched from Spain to points on the Balearic Islands, the scene of the catastrophe.

Among the victims was the celebrated Parisian music hall singer, Francis Dufor, as well as other prominent music hall favorites.

NEWS CAUSES CONSTERNATION

MARSEILLES, February 11.—News of the wreck of the General Chanzy has caused consternation in this city. The vessel sailed Wednesday for Algiers. Relatives and friends of the passengers and crew rushed to the steamship office, imploring for details of the accident. They were informed that, with the exception of one passenger, all on board perished. The government is arranging to assist the families of the crew, who were members of the merchant marine.

KNOX SCORED BY ENRAGED NEW YORK MAN

Secretary of State Held Up to Ridicule for Unsuccessful Policies

CUBAN FIASCO CITED AS EXAMPLE

Foreign Stations Given to Man Who Can Donate Biggest Amount

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11.

Secretary of State Knox was subjected to a severe rebuke in the house today by Representative Francis Burton of New York, during consideration of a diplomatic and consular bill. Burton's attack was a scathing one, and he scored Knox on many points. He pointed out the numerous failures of the secretary's policy of "dollar diplomacy," and cited the case of the Venezuelan message as a particularly glaring example. He also pointed out the numerous failures of the secretary's policy of "dollar diplomacy," and cited the case of the Venezuelan message as a particularly glaring example.

COSTS MILLIONS FOR DIPLOMATS

White Slave Bill Passes Upper House Amended

WASHINGTON, February 11.—The diplomatic and consular appropriation bill was passed by the house today. It carried an appropriation of more than \$3,700,000. The senate today passed the Bennett "white slave" bill, which previously passed the house. The measure was so amended as to eliminate the interstate regulations originally contained in the bill, the object of the senate being to divorce the immigration feature of the question from all others. Neither house will meet on Saturday.

New York newspaper to Paul Morton and Morton was appointed, that act was an award to a self-confessed violator of the law, and it will become patent to all the world that the path of the rebater leads to the foot of the throne. "Into the atmosphere of decadence Knox has injected a breath of fresh air by suggestion of a 'dollar diplomacy' or the policy of valuing foreign representatives by the amount of cash they turn into the channels of American trade.

MINERS AFRAID TO GIVE RELIEF

Call for Protection While Distributing Help to Primero Victims

DENVER, February 11.—State Labor Commissioner Brake left today for Primero in response to a telegram from three officers of the United Mine Workers of America, who said they feared harm would be done to them while they were distributing cash for the relief of families of miners killed in the recent disaster.

The national organization of miners donated \$1,000 for relief of bereaved families and sent three of its officials to Primero to make the distribution. It is alleged that the trio encountered the all-time opposition of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company to the appearance of organizers or officers of unions in their camp, and that they feared violence at the hands of the company's agents.

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MINISTERS AGREED AS TO COURSE OF EVENTS

King's Speech and Budget Settled in Meeting of English Cabinet

LONDON, February 11.—The terms of the king's speech, with which the new parliament will be opened, were finally agreed upon at today's adjournment of the cabinet meeting. Subsequently the ministers dispersed, several going to the country for the week end, so there will be no further conferences before Monday.

The cabinet had before it today a sort of ultimatum from the National Directory of the United Irish League, modelled on the lines of John Redmond's speech last night. The communication pointed out the pledges which would be required regarding the lords' power to veto and some rule for Ireland as a condition of Nationalist support on the budget and general work of the parliamentary session.

Members of the cabinet appear to have reached an agreement as to the course of events during the debate on the king's speech. Premier Asquith will make a pronouncement of the government's scheme for dealing with the house of lords' veto, but as this measure still is in a nebulous form the subject will be given further discussion and nothing will be done to give effect to the scheme until the budget is out of the way. The budget is expected to occupy a week of ten days and debate on the speech from the throne probably will take longer than that, so it will be the middle of March at least before the first guns of the government will open on the upper house.

ARRANGING MINERAL SHOWS FOR LOCAL CHAMBER

Space Provided in New Offices for Showing of District's Ores

With the new home of the chamber of commerce ready for occupancy, an active campaign has been started to secure for the headquarters of this commercial body a mineral exhibit that will be unsurpassed anywhere in the territory.

The new chamber of commerce office contains ample space for the installation of a large mineral exhibit. Cases for mineral collections will be placed along the walls on both sides of the room and an effort will then be made to secure specimens from practically every developed mining property in the Globe district. E. F. Towle is making an effort to secure from Phoenix the mineral exhibit of the Gibson Copper company, which attracted so much attention at the last territorial fair. This collection of specimens is one of the finest in the territory and its addition to the chamber of commerce rooms will form a nucleus around which a big collection should be built.

E. F. Kellner has also promised another fine collection of specimens and this exhibit will probably be installed within a short time. While the larger mining companies of this district will probably contribute elaborate collections of mineral specimens, this collection is not intended to be exclusive, by any means. Every man in the district whose mining property shows good ore is asked to send in specimens, no matter if the property is only a prospect. The specimens will be arranged, classified and labeled, showing the property from which they came. This is practically the first attempt made in this city to secure a general collection of mineral specimens from the entire district and it should meet with favor from mining men and mining companies in the Globe district generally and prove a big advertising feature for this part of the country.

WEATHER BULLETIN WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11.—Forecast for Arizona: Fair Saturday and Sunday.

HAMILTON BEATS RECORDS FOR ONE MILE

Makes Beautiful Flight in Ten-Mile Race on Track With Automobile

MACHINE DAMAGED BY CATCHING FIRE

Larger Crowds Enthusiastic Over Second Day of Aviation at Phoenix

PHOENIX, Ariz., February 11.—The two best features of the aviation show today were Hamilton's spin three times around the mile course in 1:20, 1:30 and 1:15, and his ten-mile race with a Buick automobile.

In the first named event, the time of 1:15 beats all official world's records and comes within three seconds of his own unofficial record of 1:12 at Fresno. The ten-mile event was the most spectacular. His eight-cylinder Curtiss machine, set to the course above as evenly as did the automobile on the track below. He usually traveled about a hundred feet above, and on two or three of the laps, as he passed the grand stand, he dipped down to within twenty-five feet of the ground, showing beautifully the big machine in action.

The auto lost a water jacket plug, and finished only seven laps, retiring the next time around. Hamilton made nearly eleven circuits, alighting in front of the stand on the race track in fine style. The time for ten miles of the race was 13:31.35. The first and slowest lap was 1:26.25 and the fifth and fastest lay 1:18.15. The total time for the flight of about eleven miles was 14:40.12.

Preparing for a high flight, the gasoline below the engine ignited the silk covering the lower plane of his eight-cylinder machine. Before it was extinguished the silk covering five segments of the lower plane and one segment of the upper plane was burned. Hamilton burned his thumb, but not sufficient to interfere with his work. Later he made a flight minus these six feathers, circling the grounds three times and alighting in 6:33.14, bursting a tire in landing.

Willard made his first flight of the day in good style, but broke his machine in landing, which was repaired late in the afternoon, when he made his closing flight, a short cross-country run in 8:51, alighting neatly.

The crowd was double that of yesterday and very enthusiastic.

CLEVER BOY ROBBER ROBS BANK AT HIGHLAND

Escapes Posse by Joining in Search for Himself—Is Still at Large

SAN BERNARDINO, February 11.—A boy highwayman, flourishing two revolvers, robbed the First National bank of Highland of \$1,600 today, and after being surrounded in an orange grove by a posse, escaped his pursuers by joining the search for himself. He did this after exchanging shots with them. The robber is not twenty years of age. He entered the bank a short time before the closing hour, covering Vice President Johnson and the cashier and assistant cashier with revolvers and forced the three men to pass out all the cash in sight. He then dashed into an orange grove a few blocks away. With a moment's delay the alarm was given and a large crowd of men headed by Sheriff Ralphs. While they were searching in the trees the highwayman fired several times and then quietly came out of hiding and merged himself with the crowd. He lent one of his revolvers to a member of the posse, who never thought the stranger might be the man sought, until he had disappeared. The officers are still searching.

CONGRESS TURNS DOWN PEARY HONOR

Will Not Be Given Rank of Rear Admiral and Big Salary for Life

EVEN ROBBED OF COMMANDER TITLE

Congressman Thinks Discovery of Pole of Little Value to Country

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11.—Peary will not be given the rank of rear admiral as recognition of his discovery of the Pole, if congress approves the action of the house sub-committee on naval affairs. The sub-committee voted unanimously today to report adversely on the bills offered by Senator Hale and Representative Allen.

A letter from Secretary Meyer was received giving Peary's naval record, stating that he should be designated "civil engineer" and not "commander." Meyer said Peary enlisted in the navy in 1881 and has had more than ten years on various leaves of absence. The secretary spoke of Peary's discovery of the pole as a "self-imposed, but most commendable task, having no military or naval significance," and recommended that Peary be retired as a civil engineer, with the pay of a rear admiral.

Roberts of Massachusetts, a member of the sub-committee, said he saw no reason whatever for conferring such an honor upon Peary. "The discovery of the pole," said Roberts, "has been absolutely of no benefit to the United States, civilization or the naval service. He has been absent from duty in the navy department most of the time he was connected with it and has done nothing to entitle him to this honor."

"I think probably congress might look with favor upon giving him some other kind of recognition. For instance, a gold medal. "But I am not in favor of giving Peary a pension for what he has done. I do not think he is entitled to it." The salary he would have received as a rear admiral for the rest of his life, would have been \$6,000 a year.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL IS REPORTED

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11.—Waterway projects throughout the country at a cost of \$42,355,276, of which \$7,296,430 is for continuing contracts, are provided for in the rivers and harbors bill, reported in the house today. It will be called up in the house Monday in an effort to press the measure to passage as expeditiously as possible.

MEXICAN SLAYERS BROUGHT BACK

Cananea Authorities Waive Extradition After Capture of Men

DOUGLAS, February 11.—Manuel Bustamante, Aisa Ignacio and Antonio and Jesus Bega, the Mexicans who killed Ernest Kaykendall and Owen Plumb at a wood chopping camp in the Chiricahua mountains and were traced to Cananea, arrived here on the stage, this morning, shackled. After the capture of the Mexicans, the president of Cananea agreed to turn over the fugitives without extradition papers. The prisoners were arraigned before Judge Ben Rice today and stated they had no money for an attorney. They waived hearing and were taken this afternoon to the jail at Tombstone. Hilburn and Undersheriff Hopkins were in custody of the prisoners enroute. All the prisoners are young. The fact that no extradition papers were issued may bring up again the borderland question of personal rights. The process of getting the prisoners across the line was not divulged.

DILLINGHAM BILL DENOUNCED BY DOUGLAS

Strong Resolutions Passed and Wired to Cameron at Washington

WANT UNQUALIFIED STATEHOOD AT ONCE

Republican Chances Endangered by Tactics of the Senate

DOUGLAS, February 11.—At a mass meeting of republicans tonight the following resolution was unanimously adopted and ordered wired to Delegate Cameron at Washington: Resolved, That we, members of the Republican Club of Douglas, note with exceeding regret the humiliating qualifications which are sought by the senate committee on territories to attach to the statehood bill for Arizona, and we call upon our member of congress, Ralph Cameron, to use all means at his command to defeat the so-called Dillingham bill, and have passed in its place the Hamilton bill, which was unanimously passed by the house, and grants statehood to Arizona unqualifiedly in accordance with the sacred pledge of the republican national platform.

Resolved, That the people of Arizona are a distinctly American type and public education is on a higher plane than any other territory ever admitted to the union; that the population and material resources of the territory of Arizona meets every requirement for statehood; more than any territory admitted in the past fifty years and therefore makes this appeal on the grounds of justice only.

Resolved, That it is the sense of the club that passage of an unqualified statehood bill by the present session of congress means that Arizona will take place firmly in the republican column, while on the other hand, to deny statehood or postpone statehood until the president and congress have passed upon Arizona's constitution, which is the business of Arizona and Arizona alone, will alienate thousands of voters, and greatly endanger the success of the republican party in the initial state and territorial election in 1910.

SWOPE GRAND JURY WILL BE CALLED TOGETHER

Hyde Says He Is Glad That Investigation of Case Is to Be Made

KANSAS CITY, February 11.—Regardless that tomorrow is the last day of the week and Lincoln's birthday, the grand jury summoned to investigate the Swope mystery will begin the examination of witnesses.

While it is not the intention of the prosecutor to rush the inquiry, it will be conducted with dispatch. It is expected that the jury will be in session ten days. If an indictment is returned against anyone in connection with the deaths, the case against Dr. B. C. Hyde, now pending in the court of Justice Loar at Independence, will be dismissed. This set for February 17, but will be continued from time to time until the grand jury completes its investigation, provided the inquiry is not disposed of before the case is called the first time. Dr. Hyde was about the city as usual today, seemingly unperturbed by his arrest yesterday on a charge of murdering his wife's uncle, and says he is glad the grand jury has been called, as he believes the more the case is left to the investigation of disinterested parties, and the more publicity is given, the sooner he will be cleared of suspicion.

HAWAII MAY VOTE ON PROHIBITION

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 11.—The senate committee on Pacific islands reported in favor of submitting the Hawaiian prohibition question to popular vote of the people of the islands.

BINGER HERMANN SOON TO KNOW HIS FATE

Henry Closes Argument and Judge Will Charge Jury This Morning

IMMENSE THROGS AT LAST SESSION

In Closing Address Henry Attacks Evidence of Defendant

PORTLAND, February 11.—In an argument that held the attention of almost half a thousand spectators who had jammed into the federal courtroom, Francis J. Henry brought to a close today the trial of the case against former Congressman Binger Hermann, charged with conspiracy to defraud the government of part of the public domain. All that remains is the charge to the jury which Judge Charles Wolverton will make tomorrow.

Henry's rebuttal argument followed a conclusion of the analysis of the testimony, and the final plea for acquittal begun yesterday by Colonel Worthington.

Henry attacked the principal contentions of the defense. Taking up the testimony of Henry Meldrum, former surveyor of Oregon, which the defense yesterday assailed, the prosecutor contended that the defense placed the wrong construction on some of Meldrum's Washington testimony, and placed too much importance on that which they brought to combat it.

He read a letter from Mrs. Silverstein, Meldrum's stenographer, who swore that during this trial she had never talked to Meldrum nor written to Hermann about purchasing school lands. In her letter, Mrs. Silverstein reversed herself and admitted doing both of these acts. The aged witness, Baumhoer, who was employed in Meldrum's office and who testified that he recollected nothing of the alleged conspiracy meeting in Meldrum's office in 1901, Henry declared, had simply forgotten the alleged meeting, as he had other details of his office. This, Henry asserted, was proved by the testimony of Hermann himself, who testified that he had met many people that day in Meldrum's office, while Baumhoer had sworn he did not.

Every indication, Henry declared, showed that Meldrum was not perjuring himself when he said Hermann and Franklin Pierce Mays formed their conspiracy in his office on that day in September, 1901.

STEAMER MANAGUA FOUND DESERTED

MANAGUA, February 11.—The steamer Managua, which was taken at the wharf by a group of young men of the conservative party yesterday, was recaptured today at San Ramon, on the northern shore of Lake Managua, according to an announcement by the government tonight. She had been abandoned by her captors. The body of the commander, Captain Torano, was found aboard.

FRENCHMAN DID NOT COME BACK WITH SOUTH POLE

PUNTA ARENAS, Chile, February 11.—The French antarctic expedition steamer Porquoyas, with Dr. Jean M. Charcot, head of the expedition, on board, has arrived here.

The Frenchmen did not reach the South Pole. All members of the crew are well, but in the voyage there were some cases of scurvy. Porquoyas will remain here a fortnight. The expedition under Dr. Charcot was fitted out in France in the summer of 1908 and sailed for Punta Arenas on December 17 of the same year. His purpose was to make scientific observations in the south polar region, particularly in the almost unknown Alexandra Land, and get specimens of rare fossils. The south pole was not the objective of the explorers. Dr. Charcot frequently said this task should be reserved for the Englishman, Shackleton.