The parishes of St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption, Lafourche, St. Charles, Jefferson, St. Bernard, Piaquemines, St. John the Baptist, St. James and Ascension shall compose the Fifth Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The parish of Orleans shall compose the Sixth Appellate Court District from which one judge shall be elected.

The three judges elected from the First. Second and Third Appellate Court Districts shall compose the Court of Appeals of the First Circuit.

The three judges elected from the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Appellate Court Districts shall compose the Court of Appeals of the Second Circuit.

Be it further resolved, etc., That Article ninety-eight of the Constitution of the State of Louislana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 38. The judges of the Court of

the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as foliows:
Article 38. The judges of the Court of Appeals shall held two annual terms of court at such places in the circuit as may be fixed by law for the return of appeals.
Sec. 5. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article ninety-nine of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, be so amended as to read as follows:
Article 99. Until otherwise provided by law, the terms of the Court of Appeals shall be held as follows:

FIRST CIRCUIT

At Monroe first Mondays in May and January-For trial of appeals from the parishes of Ouachita, Richland, Frank-lin, Catahoula, Concordia, Tensas, Madi-son, East Carroll, West Carroll, More-house, Union and Jackson.

At Shreveport first Mondays in June and February.-For trial of appeals from the parishes of Caddo, Bossier, Webster, Blenville, Claiborne, Lincoln, Sabine, De Soto and Red River.
At Alexandria first Mondays in October and March--For trial of appeals from the parishes of Caldwell, Winn, Grant, Rapides, Vernon, Natchitoches and Avoyelles.

elles.
At Opelouses first Mondays in November and April--For trial of appeals from the parishes of St Landry, Calcasieu, Cameron, Vermillion, Lafayette, Acadia, Iberia and St. Martin.

SECOND CIRCUIT.

At Amite, first Monday in October, and the second Monday in May—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Livingston, Tangipahoa, St. Tammany, Washington and St. Helena.

At Baton Rouge third Monday in October and fourth Monday in June—For trial of appeals from the parishes of East Baton Rouge, West Baton Rouge, East Feliciana, West Feliciana, Pointe Coupee and Iberville.

At Thibodaux fourth Monday in November and third Monday in June—For the trial of appeals from the parishes of St. Mary, Terrebonne, Assumption and Lafourche.

fourche.
At New Orleans second Mondays in De-cember and March—For trial of appeals from the parishes of Orleans, St. Ber-nard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, St. James and As-

from the parishes of Orleans, St. Bernard, Plaquemines, Jefferson, St. Charles, St. John the Baptist, St. James and Ascension.

Sec. 6. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and one of the Constitution of the State of Louisina be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 10i: No judgment shall be rendered by the Courts of Appeal without the concurrence of two judges. Whenever two members cannot concur, in consequence of the recusation of any member, or members of the court, the judge not recused shall have authority to call upon any judge or judges of the District Court, whose duty it shall be, when so called upon, to sit in the place of the judge or judges recused, and to aid in the determination of the case.

The judges of the Courts of Appeal shall have power to certify to the Supreme Court any questions or propositions of law concerning which it desires the instructions of that court for its proper decision. And thereupon the Supreme Court may either give its instructions on the questions and propositions certified to it, which shall be binding upon the Courts of Appeal in such case or it may require that the whole record and cause may be sent up to it for its consideration, and thereupon shall decide the whole matter in controversy in the same manner as if it had been on appeal directly to the Supreme Court.

The Supreme Court may on the relation of any party in interest review by certiorari, judgments of the Courts of Appeal, which may conflict with each other or with the decision of the Supreme Court.

Sec. 7. Be it further resolved, etc., That article one hundred and two of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 102: All causes on appeal to the Courts of Appeal shall be tried on the original record, pleading and evidence in the District Court, with a certified copy of the minutes, the whole to serve in lieu of a transcript, and to be filed as one decument.

Immediately after the final decision of the cause, the original papers, together

document.

Immediately after the final decision of the cause, the original papers, together with a copy of the decree of the court, shall be returned to the court of the first instance.

Sec. 8. Be it further resolved, etc., That

shall be returned to the court of the first instance.

Sec. S. He it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and three of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 103. Until otherwise provided by law, the rules of practice regulating appeals to and proceedings in the Supreme Court shall apply to appeals to and proceedings in Courts of Appeal, so far as they may be applicable. The decisions of the Courts of Appeal, with syllabl prepared by the judges, shall be published and the General Assembly shall make provisions for the publication thereof.

Sec. 9. Be it further resolved, etc., That ene hundred and five of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 105. The judges of the Courts of Appeal shall each receive a salary of four thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly on their respective warrants.

Sec. 10. Be it further resolved, etc., That

able monthly on their respective warrants.

Sec. 10. Be it further resolved, etc., That
Article one hundred and six of the Conatitution of the State of Louisiana be so
amended as to read as follows:
Article 106: The clerks of the District
Courts of the parish in which the sessiona
of the Courts of Appeals are held, shall
serve as clerks of the Courts of Appeal,
and the clerks of the city of New Orleans
shall, remain as now fixed by law until
otherwise provided by the General Assembly. Their fees shall be fixed by law.
The sheriff of each parish in which the
court is held shall attend in person or
by deputy to execute the orders of the
court.

All cases appealed to or provides in the

court.

All cases appealed to or pending in the Courts of Appeal as organized under the constitution of 1879, before or on the first Morday in May, 1886, shall be trans-

ferred for decision to the Court or Appeals having territorial jurisdiction under the foregoing amendments.

G. W. BOLTON,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

H. R. LOTT,

President Pro Tempore of the Senate

A true copy:

A true copy: T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 194. JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an Amendment to the Consti-tution of the State of Louisiana, Relative to the Lease and Employ-ment of Penitentiary Convicts.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring. That the following amendment be adopted as a part of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana:

ana:
Bection 1. No penitentiary convict shall ever he leased or hired to any person or persons, or corporation, private or public, or quasi-public, or board, save as authorized in the next section, provided that this article shall take effect upon the extinguishment of the lease made pursuant to Act No. 114, approved July 19th, 1890.

2. The General Account

1890.

2. The General Assembly may authorize the employment under State supervision and the proper officers and employes of the State, of convicts, on public roads or other public works, or on convict farms or manufactories owned by or controlled by the State or any public levee board or on any public levee under such provisions and restrictions as may be imposed by law.

od by law. Speaker of the House of Representatives.

H. R. LOTT,

President Pro Tempore of the Senate

true copy: T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 195.

JOINT RESOLUTION Proposing Amendments to Articles 224, 225, 223 and 223 of the Constitution of the State of Louisians, Relative to Public Education.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana,

eral Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring. That Article two hundred and twenty-four of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:
Article 24. There shall be free public schools established by the General Assembly throughout the State for the education of all the children of the State; and the General Assembly shall provide fortheir establishment, maintenance and support by taxation or otherwise; and all moneys so raised except the poli tax shall be distributed to each parish in proportion to the number of children of proper age to attend public schools as fixed by law.

age to attend public schools as fixed by law.

Sec. 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article two hundred and twenty-five of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:
Article 255. There shall be elected by the qualified electors of the State a superintendent of public education, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, and until his successor is qualified.

His duties shall be prescribed by law, and he shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; the annual expenses of his office shall be fixed by law. Provided the salary and expenses of his office shall not exceed four thousand dollars.

Provided the salary and expenses of his office shall not exceed four thousand dollars.

The General Assembly shall provide for the appointment or election of Parish Boards of Public Education in the different parishes.

The Parish Boards may appoint a Parish Superintendent in their respective parishes, who shall be ex-officio secretary of the Parish Board and whose salary for his double functions shall be fixed according to the number of educable children in the parish and by law be paid out of the Public School fund accruing to each parish respectively.

Sec. 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That the last paragraph of Artishe two hundred and twenty-nine of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana shall be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 22. Par. 6. The Legislature may appropriate to the public school fund the proceeds, in whole or in part, of public lands not designated for any other purpose. And every parish, and every city or town not subject to parish taxation may levy an annual tax for the Public Schools therein, of not less than one and one-half mills on the dollar, provided that with such taxation the whole amount of parish or municipal taxation shall not exceed ten mile on the dollar of valuation, and that each school district or ward may levy a special tax not to exceed five mills per annum on the dollar of valuation of all the taxable property therein, in aid of public schools, on the approval of a majority vote in number and amount of the property taxayers, male or female over the age of twenty-one years, residing in said ward or district, and voting at the election.

Sec. 4. Be it further received, etc., That the last paragraph of Article two hundred and thirty-three of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended

the last paragraph of Article two hun-dred and thirty-three of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

as to read as follows:
Article 325. Par. 4. The interest provided for by this article shall be paid out
of any taxes that may be levied or collected for the general purposes of govern-

ment.

G. W. BOLTON.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

H. R. LOTT.

President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

A true copy:

T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 188

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to the Consti-tution of the State of Louisiana, rela-tive to pensions for Confederate Sol-diers, Sailors and their widows.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each house concurring:

That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be submitted to the electors of the State at the next election for representatives in 1896:

The General Assembly 1997 and 1997 are the content of the state at the leavest a state of the state at the next election for representatives in 1896:

in 1896:
The General Assembly may provide by law pensions for indigent and disabled Soldiers and Saliors who enlisted in Louisiana companies or commands enganized in this State and who saved honorably through the war, in the Confederate army or navy, or were honorably discharged or honorably pareled.

and who are now resident in this state and are not able to earn a support by their own labor on account of wounds received in the Confederate Army or other physical disability caused by ser-vices in said army. Pensions may also be allowed to the indigent widows of such Soldiers and Sallors now dead, when from age or disease they cannot earn a support.

from age or disease toly calmot calculated by the support.

Pensions may also be allowed to the wives of such Boldiers and Boldiers upon the death of the husband, if disabled and indigent as aforesaid; upon proper proofs in all cases. Pensions granted to widews shall cease upon their re-marriage.

G. W. BOLTON, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

H. R. LOTT,

President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

A true copy:

A true copy: T. S. ADAMS,

No. 197.

JOINT RESOLUTION. Proposing amendments to Articles 7, 81, 168, 111, 116, 126, 128 and 127, and abro-gating Articles 128 and 129 of the Con-stitution of the State of Louisians.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisians, two thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, that Article seven of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Louisiana be so ameaded as to read as follows:

Article 7. In all criminal prosecutions the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy public trial, by an impartial jury of the parish wherein the offense shall have been committed, except in cases of change of venue; provided, that in cases where the penalty is not necessarily imprisonment at hard labor, or death, the Gerieral Assembly shall provide for trial thereof before a jury of six in number or by the court at any regular or special term.

thereof before a jury of six in number or by the court at any regular or special term.

Sec. 2. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article eighty-one of the Constitution of the State of Louisians shall be so amended as to read as follows:

Article Si. The Supreme Court, except in cases hereinafter provided, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which jurisdiction shall extend to all cases when the matter in dispute or the fund to be distributed, whatever may be the amount therein claimed, shall exceed two thousand dollars, exclusive of interest, to suits for divorce and separation from bed and board, to suits for the nullity of marriage, to suits involving the rights of homesteads, to suits for interdiction, and to all cases arising under the Constitution. Treaties and Laws of the United States, or under the Constitution of the State, and to all cases in which the constitutionality or legality of any tax, toll or impost whatever, or any fine, forfeiture or penalty imposed by a municipal corporation shall be in contestation, or in which the legality of costs, fees, charges or allowances shall be in dispute, whatsoever may be the amount thereof; and in such cases the appeal on the law and the facts shall be directly from the court in which the case originated to the Supreme Court; and to criminal cases on questions of law alone whenever the punishment of death or imprisonment at hard labor may be inflicted, or a fine exceeding three hundred.

prisonment at hard labor may be inflicted, or a fine exceeding three hundred dollars is actually imposed. The Supreme Court shall have original exclusive jurisdiction in all matters touching professional misconduct of members of the bar, with power to disbar, and inflict such other punishment as may be provided by law. The General Asembly shall enact laws to enforce the foregoing provisions.

other punishment as may be provided by law. The General Asembly shall enact laws to enforce the foregoing provisions.

Sec. 3. Be it further resolved, etc., That Article one hundred and nine of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 108. The District Courts shall have original jurisdiction in all matters civil, probate and criminal not vested in the Supreme Court or exclusively in some other court by the Constitution and laws made in pursuance thereof. They shall have unlimited original jurisdiction in all criminal, probate and succession is a party defendant. The district judges shall be elected by a plurality of the qualified voters of their respective districts, in which they shall have been actual residents for two years next preceding their election. They shall be learned in the law, and shall have been actual residents for two years next preceding their election. They shall be elected for the term of four years. All elections to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or removal, shall be for the enexpired term, and the Governor shall fill the vacancy until an election can be held. The judges of the district court shall each receive a salary of three thousand dollars per annum, payable monthly on their respective warrants:

Sec. 4. Be it further resolved, etc., That article one hundred and eleven of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 118. In each parish, the Parism of Orleans excepted, there shall be as

Article 125. In each parish, the Parish of Orleans excepted, there shall be as many justices of the peace as may be provided by law. The present number of justices of the peace shall remain as now fixed until otherwise provided. They shall be elected for the term of four years by the qualified voters within the territorial limits of their jurisdiction, and their qualifications shall be fixed by law. They shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in all civil matters when the amount in dispute shall not exceed fifty dollars, exclusive of interest, and original jurisdiction concurrent with the District Court, when the amount in dispute shall exceed fifty dollars, exclusive of interest, and shall not exceed one hundred dollars, exclusive of interest. They shall have no jurisdiction in succession or probate matters, or when a succession is a defendant, or when the State or any parish is a party. They shall receive such fees in civil matters as may be fixed by law.

Sec. 5. Be it further resolved, etc., That article one hundred and twenty-six of the Constitution of the State of Louishans be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 125. They shall have criminal jurisdiction as committing magistrates and shall have power to ball or discharge in cases not capital or necessarily punishable at hard labor. They shall receive no fees is criminal matters including peace bond cases, but in lieu thereof such salary as may be fixed annually by the police jury to be paid by the parish. Sec. 7. Be it further received, etc. That Article one hundred and twenty-seven of the Constitution of the State of Louisians be so amended as to read as follows:

Article in the fixed of the state of Louisians be so amended as to read as follows:

Article one hundred and twenty-seven of the Constitution of the State of Louisians be so amended as to read as follows:

Article in the fixed of the state of Louisians be so amended as to read as follows: Article 125. In each parish, the Parish of Orleans excepted, there shall be as

for each justice of the peace, in the several parishes of the State, the Parish of Orioans excepted, who shall be elected for a term of four years by the qualified voters within the territorial limits of the justicition of the several justices of the peace. They shall receive such fees in civil matters as may be fixed by law. In criminal matters they shall receive no fees or mileage, but in ficu thereof a salary to be fixed annually and paid by the police jury of each parish.

Section 8. Be it further resolved, etc., That articles one hundred and twenty-eight and one the State of Louisiana be and the same are hereby abrogated and repealed.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

President Pro Tempore of the Senate.

A true copy:

T. S. ADAMS,

A true copy: T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 198.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Proposing an amendment to Article 113 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, relative to the trial of recused cases in district courts, and interchange of judges.

of recused cases in district courts, and interchange of judges.

Bection 1. Be it resolved by the General. Assembly of the State of Louislans, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring. That Article one hundred and twelve of the Constitution of the State of Louislans be so amended as to read as follows:

Article 113. The General Assembly, shall provide by law for the interchange of district judges and for the trial of recused cases in the district courts, by the selection of licensed attorneys at law, by an interchange of judges and otherwise. When any district judge is prevented by any disability, or any other cause whatever, from holding any stated or appointed term of his court, and that fact is made to appear by the certificate of the clerk, under the seal of the court, to the supreme court, or any associate justice thereof, if in the judgment of the court, or any associate justice, the public interest so requires, he shall designate and appoint any district judge of any other district to hold said court and to discharge all the judicial duties of the judge so disabled during said disability. Such appointment shall be filed in the clerk's office and entered on the minutes of said district court and a certified copy thereof under the seal of the court, shall be transmitted by the clerk of the district court to the district court of the cert, of the district court and a certified copy thereof under the seal of the court, shall be transmitted by the clerk of the district court to the district court of the Senate.

Beach Bollton, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

C. W. BOLTON, Speaker of the House of Representatives.

No. 199.

JOINT RESOLUTION.

oposing amendments to Article 67 of the Constitution of the State of Louis-

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring. That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, be submitted to the electors of the State, at the next election for Representatives in 1884.

Article 67. The Governor shall receive a salary of Five Thousand dollars per an-

num, payable monthly on his own war-rant.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

H. R. LOTT,

President Pro Tempore of the Senate. A true copy: T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 200.

JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing Amendments to Article 125 of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana Relative to Suffrage.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House concurring, that an amendment to Article one hundred and eighty-five of the Constitution of the State of Louisiana, be submitted to the electors of the State at the next election for reprepentatives in 1836, to read as follows: Article 185. Every male citizen of the United States by birth or naturalization, who is twenty-one years of age of upwards, possessing the following qualifications shall be an elector to vote at any election by the people, except as herein provided.

First. He shall be an actual resident of the State for one year next preceding the election at which he offers to rote.

Second. He shall be an actual resident of the parish in which he offers to vets at least six months next preceding the election.

Third. He shall be an actual resident.

Third. He shall be an actual resident of the ward or precinct in which he offers to vote at least thirty days next preceding the election.

the election.
Fourth. He shall be a registered voter.
Fifth. He shall be able to read the
Constitution of the State in his mother
tongue or shall be a bona fide owner of
property, real or personal located in the
State and assessed to him at a cash valuation of not less than two hundred dellars.
Sixth. The General Assembly at its
regular session in 1886, shall have power
by vote of two-thirds of all the members
exected to each House, and approved by
the Governor, to modify, change or amend
this article of the Constitution, and a
modifications, changes or amendments

modifications, changes or amendments when so adopted and approved shall become a part of the Constitution without the publication and submission to the popular vote as required in Article 28 of the Constitution.

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

President Pro Tempore of the Senata.

A true copy: T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State.

No. 201. JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an Amendment to the Consti-tution of the State, Authorising Cities and Towns and Parishes to Levy, Assess and Collect Special Taxes for the Furnese of Construction Public

roads, streets and raras Under the Conditions.
Section 1. Be it resolved by the deeral Assembly of the State of Louisian, two-thirds of all the members elected to each House consurring therein. That there shall be submitted to the election of the State for their approval of the feet in a coordance with a ticle E6 of the Constitution, the following additional article to the Constitution additional article to the Constitution additional article to the Constitution the State: The General Assembly an authorise and empower parishes and the corporated towns and cities of this shad to contract debts and issue evidences thereof from time to time, for the purpose of constructing such public parks, street roads and bridges, and for appurpose may suspensed and for the purpose may authorise and empower deproper authorities, to levy and assembly and the collect the same and apply its proceeds, provided, that such tax, allowing, assessed and collected, shall assessed or collected will on the delar, in any one year; provided further, that no evidence of indebtedness shall hissued without full provision being may for the payment of both the principal of the shall have been submitted to the tax payers of the parish or corporation of approval or rejection at an election be held for that purpose, and approve by a majority vote of the tax payers, be in number and value, voting at seelection.

G. W. BOLTOR, Special or the content of the submitted to the collection.

d. W. BOLTOR, Speaker of the House of Represents
H. R. LOTT,
President Pro Tempore of the Se

A true copy: T. S. ADAMS, Secretary of State

No. 202. JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an Amendment to the Contuin of the State Authorising Contuin and Towns to Aid Manufact

and Towns to Aid Manufacture
Companies.

Be it resolved by the General Asset of the State of Louisiana, two-think all the members elected to each improve the state of Louisiana, two-think all the members elected to each improve the state of the state o

Speaker of the House of Represent
H. R. LOTT,
President Pro Tempore of the Sund
A true copy:
T. S. ADAMS,
Secretay of State.

In testimony whereof I have f affixed my signature and attach seal of the State of Louisiana, city of Baton Rouge, this 25d December, 1895. T. S. ADA



Women are the real herow world. Thousands on thousands endure the dragging torture of peculiar to womankind in the home. They suffer on and omouths, years. The story of and torture is written in the features, in the sallow skin, in less eyes, in the lines of ears on the face.

Inborn modesty seals their prefer pain to humiliation. On the face.

Inborn modesty seals their prefer pain to humiliation. On the face.

Take ten cases of "female and in nine of them "local treatment."

Take ten cases of "female and in nine of them "local is unnecessary, There is no

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WINE OF CAR

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euring the peculiar weak
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body—it effects cures.

WINE OF CARDUI is said
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