

# The Pioneer Express

VOL. XXVIII.

PEMBINA, N. D., FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1906.

NUMBER 8

## The Bank of Ottawa

Head Office, Ottawa, Ontario

CAPITAL (paid up) \$2,925,000.  
Reserve and Undivided Profits \$3,072,000.

A General Banking Business  
Your business is invited

Emerson Branch. A. H. LOGAN  
MANAGER.

### OFFICIAL PAPER OF CITY AND COUNTY.

TERMS, \$2.00 PER ANNUM

F. A. Wardwell. G. G. Thompson.  
WARDWELL & THOMPSON.

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The rate of subscription is \$2.00 per  
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not be continued except upon request.  
The PIONEER EXPRESS is the best advertising  
medium in the county, having a more general  
circulation than any other paper. Card of rates  
sent on application.

### OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

U. S. Representatives, Thos. F. Marshall,  
A. J. Gronna.  
Senators, H. C. Hansbrough, P. McCumber.  
Governor, E. Y. Bailey.  
Lieut. Governor, David Bartlett.  
Secretary of State, E. F. Porter.  
State Treasurer, J. F. Peterson.  
State Auditor, H. L. Holmes.  
Attorney General, C. N. Frick.  
Railroad Commissioners, C. S. Deisem, J.  
Christianson, E. Stagne.  
Superintendent of Public Instruction, W.  
L. Stockwell.  
Commissioner of Insurance, E. C. Cooper.  
Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor,  
W. C. Gibleau.  
Judge Supreme Court, N. C. Young, D.  
E. Morgan, Edward Englund.  
First District, J. D. LaMoore, Pembina.  
Second District, Albert Garnett, St. Thomas.  
Third District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Fourth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Fifth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Sixth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Seventh District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Eighth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Ninth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Tenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Eleventh District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twelfth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Thirteenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Fourteenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Fifteenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Sixteenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Seventeenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Eighteenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Nineteenth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twentieth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-first District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-second District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-third District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-fourth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-fifth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-sixth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-seventh District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-eighth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Twenty-ninth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.  
Thirtieth District, J. T. Briden, Walhalla.

### THE CONVENTION.

Well, the convention is over. As we  
remarked last week, owing to the in-  
surgent movement there were not many  
changes from the former state officials.  
The fight of the malcontents made it al-  
most necessary to renominate the pre-  
sent administration, as the fight had  
been made so directly upon these officials.  
In all probability there would have been  
some changes if the party nominations  
had been made in the usual manner.

Not because any of the candidates  
nominated are particularly objectionable  
but because that is the usual way of the  
North Dakota republican conventions.  
Many of the "regulars" who would have  
been willing to have made changes,  
could not do so in this instance except  
by joining the insurgents, who had made  
such a union impossible by the vituperative  
campaign they saw fit to carry on  
before the primaries. It is another ill-  
ustration of the pretty workings of the  
primary law system.

As to the candidates the Pioneer Ex-  
press is satisfied with the selections.  
Even if changes had been made, these  
might easily have been for the worse.  
The men selected have mostly been in  
office long enough to prove ability and  
honesty and the new ones come with  
good recommendations.

In only one case does there appear  
to be a chance for criticism, that of the  
choice for supreme judge. In this office  
there was a strong sentiment for the  
selection of Judge Fisk of the Grand  
Forks district court, or Attorney Tracy  
Bangs, both Democrats. To our minds  
either of these would not only have been  
a good selection personally, but would  
also have been a good policy. By  
selecting a man who is not a lawyer, as  
was the case with Judge Knapp, the  
people are not only losing a good man  
for the bench, but are also losing a  
good man for the bar.

a stranger to us and his nomination was  
urged and accomplished by the "slope"  
delegates who know him best. If the  
Valley delegates had had their choice  
one of the eastern men would have been  
nominated. It is proof however that  
the majority is not west instead of east  
of the James river.

The regulars got the candidates and  
the insurgents the platform. A plank  
was put in favoring the doing away with  
state conventions and the selection of  
candidates for state and congressional  
offices, including preference for senator,  
to be made by direct vote of the people.  
It will be easy to pass this as a law,  
but the people will be up against it  
when they come to make the selections.  
For governor, for congress and for sena-  
tor it will not be hard for the average  
voter to express his preference, for  
these are mostly fairly well known to  
everybody, at least those who have held  
office, but when it comes to minor offices  
the voter will only be able to vote in-  
telligently on one or two candidates  
from his own locality.

The feeling at the convention was not  
nearly so bitter between the factions as  
might have been indicated by the vitu-  
perations of the primary election. In  
fact it appeared as though a large part  
of "insurgent" feeling was really on purely  
local county issues and not those of  
state and congressional matters.

Of the candidates the Pioneer Express  
will have more to say in the future.  
But the campaign will not really be on  
until the meeting of the Democrats at  
Minot on August 2nd—in the opinion of  
that party.

### STATE MEAT INSPECTION.

The laws affecting the inspection of  
the great packing houses by the govern-  
ment passed by the late congress, are  
just what are needed in theory and will  
be amended where needed when put in  
practice.

We really believe that there has been  
much exaggeration as to the dirt, filth  
and general unclean conditions of the  
packing houses. Certainly but a small  
part of the buildings, the operations,  
and the output have been subject to  
unsanitary conditions. Thousands of  
people go through the stock-yards in  
Chicago every day, and while they do  
not perhaps see everything, they do see  
the most of it, and so far as the public  
have seen, the utmost cleanliness is  
observed. Besides this the diseased and  
tainted meats must necessarily be but a  
small part of the output. But it is an  
old proverb that "everybody has to eat  
a peck of dirt."

On the other hand it is quite probable  
that there are abuses and unsanitary  
conditions in these great packing houses  
that need inspection and correction, but  
not to the extent that the recent talk  
would indicate. One would think that  
most of the animals shipped by our  
western farmers and breeders were  
nothing but the off-scurings of the earth  
and that a healthy fat beef was an ex-  
ception.

But we want to call attention to another  
fact, and that is, that it is not only the  
great city abattoirs that need supervision  
but the slaughter houses of the small  
cities and towns as well. Almost every  
small town has had in its history just  
such questions locally to deal with. We  
have had them in the past in this little  
city of Pembina, and it is not an easy  
thing to deal with by municipal ordinan-  
ces.

North Dakota has taken the lead in its  
efforts for pure food and legislation to  
enforce it and it seems to us that a logical  
sequence would be the inspection of  
local butcher-shops. Some sort of state  
inspection will in time certainly be the  
outcome, and we think very needful.

Such inspection, whether of the great  
packing houses or the country slaughter  
houses would really be of benefit to the  
people. No better advertisement could  
be given the farmer than to have his  
meat inspected by the government in-  
spector, and to have a stamp of approval  
on the side of the meat. It is a common  
saying that the best meat is the one that  
is not inspected, and it is a common  
saying that the best meat is the one that  
is not inspected.

### BANKS AND NEWSPAPERS.

The banking institutions of North  
Dakota have increased from 380 to 489  
during the last twelve months. Per-  
haps no other item is more significant  
of the rapid growth of the state.—Unless  
it be the similar statistics of the news-  
papers which are practically about the  
same.

Where there is a bank there is also a  
newspaper. They seem to be sort of  
mutually dependent on each other—  
particularly the newspapers. It is a poor  
town in North Dakota that hasn't both—  
and some towns have a double supply of  
each.

The resignation of Judge N. C. Young  
from the supreme bench is a matter of  
interest to many old friends in this coun-  
ty, who used to be his neighbors. Judge  
Young, since promotion to the supreme  
court has made an enviable record as to  
fairness and ability. He is to take a  
partnership with the well known Fargo  
firm, Ball & Wallin, and no doubt the  
change will be a benefit in a pecuniary  
way. His many friends in this county  
wish him continued success.

The bar meeting that was stated to be  
held in Fargo and that protested against  
the nomination of Attorney Knauft of  
Jamestown as a candidate for supreme  
judge, turns out to have been a meeting  
of a few lawyers many of whom were  
democrats, and in no way an official  
expression of the bar.

The State Bankers Association which  
met at Fargo this week took strong  
grounds against the Minnesota wheat  
inspection bureau and recommended  
either the Wisconsin bureau, or failing  
that the farmers build terminal terminal  
elevators of their own at Superior or  
Duluth.

### Court.

Friday, Goldstein vs. Atkinson.  
This was a suit for damages for \$5,000 in  
which the plaintiff charged the defendant  
with assaulting him and throwing him  
to the ground, and by this rough usage  
caused a rupture permanently disabling  
him from active labor.

The defendant claimed that armed  
with a writ of replevin he went to the  
store of the plaintiff and served the re-  
plevin papers on him.

Plaintiff became very angry and ex-  
cited, scattered the papers on the floor and  
the defendant took him by the shoulders  
and walked him to the door. Here the  
plaintiff took hold of the door frame and  
attempted to stop, but the sheriff took  
his hands away from the door and then  
pushed him by the shoulders into the  
street. Here the plaintiff continued to  
dance around and struggle, the sheriff  
still holding him by the shoulders. In  
this fracas, the plaintiff fell to his knees  
and was lifted up again by the sheriff.  
While here the plaintiff took out the  
store keys from his pocket and Atkinson  
grabbed his wrist and they fell to the  
ground and Atkinson picked them up.  
The plaintiff's story does not differ  
materially from that of the sheriff as  
stated, except that he alleged far  
greater violence, and that he was thrown  
instead of falling in the street, and that  
Atkinson reached in his pockets when  
down and took out the keys. Of course  
he also alleges that he was ruptured at  
this time. There was some medical  
testimony on this subject, but the most  
effective was some testimony that the  
plaintiff's attorneys refused to allow be-  
ing heard, taking advantage of a statute  
that treats such communications from  
patient to a doctor as privileged and  
sacred.

Several witnesses from Hamilton in-  
cluding O. H. Johnson, R. A. Thacker  
and Duncan McArthur testified that Goldstein  
had told them at times several months  
or a year previous to the assault that he  
was then ruptured. The jury brought in  
a verdict after a very short deliberation  
in favor of the defendant, Bangs &  
Colley for plaintiff, Brynjolfson for de-  
fendant.

Saturday. The cases of Horgan vs.  
Thompson and Thompson vs. Horgan  
growing out of the settlement of the  
estate of Francis Aymond deceased were  
settled out of court by agreement.

McFadden vs. Thorp. Elv. Co. was  
started and continued, to allow plaintiff  
to amend pleadings.

Peterson vs. Conlan. was a suit for dam-  
ages in \$5,000 for injuries sustained by  
Peterson from a bull owned by the de-  
fendant. The parties live near Hengel.  
The bull came on the premises of the  
plaintiff on a Friday in the fall of 1904  
and the plaintiff went to the house of the  
Conlans and asked that they come and  
take the bull as he thought it dangerous.  
They did not come for it and on Friday  
afternoon the plaintiff's own cattle were  
killed by the bull. The plaintiff then  
sued the defendant for the value of the  
cattle.

he was confined and joined the herd  
and later assaulted Peterson knocking  
him down and continued after that in  
twice returning to assault the fallen and  
helpless man. The injuries received  
were a broken leg, a stab in the groin  
with a horn, a blow in the back and  
several other bad bruises. The leg was  
improperly set as no physician was  
summoned and in consequence Peterson  
has a crippled leg. The assault by the  
bull was not disputed, but the defense  
claimed that when Peterson complained  
of the trespass of the bull on Friday,  
that they asked him to let bull remain in  
the pasture where he was until Sunday  
when they would come for him and that  
Peterson agreed to it. Peterson and  
son deny this. There was some testi-  
mony as to the alleged viciousness of  
the bull by plaintiff's witnesses. The  
case was given to the jury after eloquent  
arguments by Messrs Brynjolfson for the  
plaintiff and Bangs for defendant.

The jury spent several hours in consid-  
eration, and then returned a verdict for  
the plaintiff for \$1,200. The case is like-  
ly to be appealed.

### CRIMINAL CASES.

Of the two St. Thomas men, Mike  
O'Donnel and Sam Hopper, accused of  
bootlegging, the former pleaded guilty  
and was awarded the usual 90 days and  
fine. Hopper pleaded not guilty and  
stood trial. John Conmy was appointed  
by the court for the defense and won his  
first case.

Hopper proved that while he went  
with O'Donnel to Auburn to get a keg of  
beer, the beer came C. O. D. to O'Don-  
nel and the latter paid for it. Also ac-  
knowledgeed that he had invited some  
friends to join the crowd that drank the  
beer, and had "taken up the collection"  
to pay for the same, that he had added  
his own contribution, and handed the  
money over to O'Donnel. The jury were  
out but a short time and brought in a  
verdict of not guilty. Mr. Hopper was  
however, immediately rearrested on the  
charge of giving away liquor to minors  
and was remanded to jail in default of  
bail for trial at the next term of court.

Robert Flint of Drayton, informed  
against for rape on the person of his  
step daughter, who is about to be con-  
fined, pleaded guilty conditionally. Mr.  
Meyers, his attorney, having explained  
to the court that Flint had had no time  
since his arrest to get evidence, and that  
as his attorney he had been called into  
the case so late he had had no time to  
prepare, and asked the court to accept a  
plea of guilty with a stay of sentence for  
a time, with the privilege of changing the  
plea later. He stated that the accused  
acknowledged that at present the evidence  
was so much against him that he had no  
chance of acquittal, but that as he was an  
innocent man he did not desire that his  
present plea of guilty should be consid-  
ered as a confession of guilt. The court  
accepted the plea of guilty and suspended  
sentence and Flint was returned to jail.

Edward Collins, druggist of Hamilton,  
pleaded guilty to the charge  
of breaking the prohibition law. His  
sentence was suspended and he was al-  
lowed to go on his bond, as he is  
president of the fair association now  
holding its annual exhibition. It is said  
the offense was technical and the com-  
plaint laid for personal reason.

Court adjourned on Tuesday afternoon,  
the closing coming quite rapidly and the  
jurors were mostly excused in time to  
catch the four o'clock train. The calen-  
day is more nearly cleaned up than for  
many years, not more than three or four  
important cases being continued.

### Notice of Inspection of Northern Pacific Railway.

Notice is hereby given that the Board  
of Railroad Commissioners of North Da-  
kota will inspect the line of the Northern  
Pacific Railway through Pembina coun-  
ty, on the 24th day of July, 1906.

The hour of arrival of Commissioners'  
train can be learned of the Station  
Agent.

All persons having petitions or com-  
plaints are requested to submit same in  
duplicate.

C. S. DEISEM, President.  
J. CHRISTIANSEN,  
E. A. STAFNE, Commissioners.  
C. C. HAMMOND, Secretary.

For Biennial Sangerfest of the Sanger-  
bund of the Northwest at St. Paul, Minn.  
July 28th to 30th the Northern Pacific  
will sell tickets to St. Paul or Minnea-  
polis at one fare plus 50 cents for the  
round trip. Tickets on sale July 24th,  
25th and 26th good to return up to July  
31st.

When baby talks, it is time to give  
Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It is  
the greatest baby medicine known to  
solving mothers. It makes them eat,  
sleep and grow. 25 cents Tea or Tablets.  
T. R. Shaw.

## New One-Price Store

### A Few Specials.

We sold a good many Ladies Shirt Waists this  
this season and the reason is they were all new in  
style, and very cheap, and what we have left in these  
will be closed out at the following prices:

\$1.25 and \$1.35 waists at	\$ .75
2.25 waists at	1.35
1.50 waists at	.95
60 to 85 cts waists at	.50
2.25 shirt waists at	1.35
2.75 shirt waists at	1.85
2.25 Peter Pan waists,	1.65
1.60 Peter Pan waists at	1.15

### LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S LOW SHOES

\$3.25 patent leather Oxfords at	\$2.50
2.50 Bluchers	2.00
2.25 Bluchers	1.75

All the cheaper grades of shoes same discount.

Remember our groceries are always nice  
and fresh. Our coffees can't be beat—Gudrink  
at 20 cents and Dokomin at 30 cents—Nothing  
better for the money.

And the Primrose line of green tea,  
35, 40 and 50 cents, and Blue Ribbon and Lip-  
ton's black tea, at 50 and 60 cents give good  
satisfaction. Have you tried any of them?

## JOHN HENEMAN

## Hot Weather Requisites

But the prettiest Assortment of Summer Dress  
Goods is here now and open for inspection. You will  
find that new dress for the hot Summer weather  
right here, with all the necessary go-with its, such as  
laces, lingerie, slippers, parasols, wraps, etc. We keep  
the goods that clothe and adorn the summer girl—and  
have some for the summer man as well.

Save heat on hot days by selecting your meals from  
our groceries and canned goods. Fresh strawberries and  
other seasonable fruits by express every Saturday

## BRANCHAUD'S

## NOTHING TOO GOOD

### For Our Patrons

- ICE CREAM PARLORS. Nicest soda ice creams to order.
- All kinds of cool drinks.
- FRESH FRUIT every day. Strawberries, Bananas, Cherries,  
Plums, Pine Apples, Cocoanuts, and new Vegetables.
- REAL NORTH DAKOTA STRAWBERRIES, ripe and fresh  
picked. Leave your orders at \$3.90 per case.
- DON'T FORGET to call.

## A. D. CAVILEER'S NEW CORNER STORE.

## VERIBEST FLOOR

AT F. H. FELDMAN'S PEPPER AND SPICE