

Mexican bank notes, state bills, 60¢; pesos, old, 84¢; new, 45¢; Mexican gold, 50¢; nacionales, 30¢; bar silver, 11¢; H. & H. quotation, 51.15; copper, 22.15; 24¢; trains, higher; livestock, higher; stocks, irregular.

WEATHER FORECAST. El Paso and west Texas, generally fair, warmer; New Mexico, fair, warmer in east and north; Arizona, fair, warmer in north, cooler in southwest.

LATEST NEWS BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.

SINGLE COPY, FIVE CENTS

EL PASO, TEXAS, TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 23, 1914.

DELIVERED ANNUALLY \$7.00 MONTHLY

16 PAGES TODAY

TROOPS HELD READY TO END STRIKE WAR IN DRUMRIGHT, OKLA.

Mayor, Councilman and Police Chief, Detained by Mob, Released Tuesday; Reports Say Riots, Started by Telephone Strike Backers, Beyond Control; Wire Lines Seized; Reckless Shooting in Streets.

DRUMRIGHT, Okla., Sept. 23.—Mayor W. E. Nicodemus, councilman John Baxter and chief of police Jack Ayres, detained by a mob last night, today were released and were back on their jobs.

Thirty or forty deputies and federal officers are patrolling the streets after a night of rioting. Immediate danger is considered past. Assistant police chief Carlos was shot last night.

ORDER TROOPS HELD READY. Tulsa, Okla., Sept. 23.—Orders were received here today by Maj. James A. Bell, commander of the Third Oklahoma regiment of state troops, to have his command ready to entrain for Drumright. Orders to entrain have not yet been received.

COMMUNICATION CUT. Oklahoma City, Okla., Sept. 23.—All efforts to reach Drumright, Okla., where rioting was reported last night in telephone messages to this city, failed early today through lack of telephone or telegraph facilities.

Telephone and telegraph companies assert their wires have been taken over by the mob, which is demanding the resignation of Drumright's city officials, according to last night's telephone report.

Telephone messages from Oklahoma, Tulsa, today stated that the office chief of police had started for Drumright with several deputies following a request from persons there who re-

EL PASO TO HAVE UNITED MINERS BIG TIRE PLANT

Fordtire and Rubber Company Enters Contract to Build Factory.

El Paso is to have a new \$200,000 tire and rubber plant. A contract was entered into recently between the Fordtire and Rubber company and J. H. Nathan, local packer, whereby the tire company agrees to erect a factory within three months and to begin the manufacture of tires within six months.

Under the contract, the plant is to be built on the site of the old El Paso tire plant, and is to be equipped with the latest machinery. The factory is to be located about one mile east of Loren Heights on Mr. Nathan's property.

Mr. Nathan said Tuesday all the details had not been completed yet. A. A. Davidson, secretary treasurer of the J. H. Nathan Meat and Supply company, is handling the deal for Mr. Nathan.

EFFORT IS MADE TO RESTORE CABLE SYSTEMS OF WORLD

London, Eng., Sept. 23.—Efforts to restore the cable systems of the world are being made in every possible effort to bring them back to their normal state.

The Anglo-German cables which were cut by the British fleet in the early days of the war are being repaired, and so are the cables connecting England with Belgium.

Cable communication with Iceland which was interrupted by the war has been restored. Messages now are being despatched to Australia in an hour as it required only 16 hours.

Communication with the European continent is steadily improving.



Terrors of "T. B.;" It Can Be Cured

AUSTIN, Tex., Sept. 22.—Tuberculosis is the most common and most dangerous disease in the United States each year.

More than 1,000,000 persons in the United States are suffering from tuberculosis in its various forms.

It costs the United States in economic waste alone, about \$300,000,000 a year.

Seventy percent of infection from this disease comes first to children under 15 years of age.

Tuberculosis may develop 20 years after infection.

And yet tuberculosis is curable and preventable and is spread largely by ignorance and neglect.

Tuberculosis is prevented by exercise, cleanliness, good food and fresh air.

It is cured and arrested by rest, fresh air, wholesome food, and sunlight.

No medicine will cure tuberculosis.

STEEL WORKERS CLAIM 327,000 ARE OUT SENATE PROBE OF TIEUP BEGINS AT ONCE MANY HURT AS STRIKE CLASHES GO ON

STRAW VOTER TO SECOND DAY OF WALKOUT ENDS DIRECT ITALY DISORDERS ADDING TO MENACE IN \$240,000 THEFT CASE

11 Wounded When Violence Breaks Out Anew at Farrell, Pa.; 3 of 11 Injured in Pitched Battle at Newcastle, Pa.; May Die; Possibility of Strike Spreading Threatens; Leaders' Claims Still Conflict.

Part of Money Shipment From Chicago Bank to Whiting, Ind., Missing. THREE ARRESTED; \$93,620 LOCATED

Robbery Plotted by John Wejda, Chicago P. O. Employee, Story Told.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 22.—Three men, one of them John Wejda, a clerk in the Chicago postoffice, who is said to have planned the robbery, were arrested early here today charged with stealing \$240,000 of a shipment of \$415,000 last Thursday from the Federal Reserve bank here to the Standard Oil company of Indiana, at Whiting, Ind. Of the stolen funds, \$93,620 was recovered.

The remainder, according to an affidavit filed in court today, is an alleged confession of two of the men, was abandoned at the outskirts of Chicago when the automobile in which they were returning from Whiting broke down.

Place of Police Lock. A "place of police lock" is pointed to as responsible for the arrest of the men. Leo and Walter Phillips, brothers, 25 and 23 years respectively, were arrested in connection with the robbery of a saloon in which approximately \$100 was obtained.

Prior to the arrests, an announcement of the big robbery had been made. Informed by a "good phony" that the Phillips brothers were involved in the robbery, the Chicago police department later in the day at the hospital at Whiting, the officers at first believed that the phony was a big phony, but later they learned that he was \$23,000 in the older Phillips' pocket.

Questionnaire developed, according to the officers, details of the entire program.

Fourth Man Sought. A fourth man, said to be the owner of a small farm near Chicago, was being sought early today. Police say they believe most of the missing money was buried on his property. He is said to have been in Whiting with the Phillips brothers.

The automobile containing the missing amount of the robbery fund was abandoned at the edge of Chicago on the return from Whiting when a "good phony" advised the men under arrest.

The officers say they do not believe the phony was a phony, but are continuing the search here for more than \$100,000 unaccounted for. Wejda, who is charged with the robbery, is said to have been in Chicago at the time the officers say the man told him that he had a "good phony" who had \$23,000 in the older Phillips' pocket.

Then the search was directed to the Phillips brothers to bring about the abandonment of the funds. The older Phillips was charged with the robbery, and the younger Phillips was charged with the robbery of the saloon.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

There has been a strike with the railroad men, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion. The railroad men are said to be in a state of confusion, and the industry is said to be in a state of confusion.

BRIDGES ON ROADS LEADING TO CORPUS CHRISTI WIPED OUT

SITUATION GRAVE AT ROCKPORT AND PT. ARANSA S, WITHOUT FOOD

20,000 Rations Shipped For Relief of People of Those Towns Fail to Reach Destination; 10,000 Rations May Reach Pt. Aransas During Day; Bridges In-tact On But One Railway Entering Corpus.

AUSTIN, Texas, Sept. 23.—Bridges on all railroads leading into Corpus Christi, except the Texas Mexican railway from Laredo, have been wiped out by flood waters, according to information received by the adjutant general's department here today from acting adjutant general W. D. Cope, who is at Corpus Christi. This will seriously hamper relief measures.

Rations Delayed by Routes. Although 25,000 rations were shipped by express for the relief of the people of Port Aransas and Rockport, it has been impossible to get the food to destination as yet, and the situation at these points is reported to be critical. These rations were sent to Corpus Christi, and from there are to be sent by boat to Port Aransas and Rockport. Ten thousand of these rations have reached Aransas Pass and are expected to reach Port Aransas during the day, according to information received today at headquarters.

Only one rail line, the Texas coast line, is reported to be in operation. The situation at these points is reported to be critical. These rations were sent to Corpus Christi, and from there are to be sent by boat to Port Aransas and Rockport.

Deliveries of rations will be allowed to start free of charge, according to the adjutant general's department. The situation at these points is reported to be critical. These rations were sent to Corpus Christi, and from there are to be sent by boat to Port Aransas and Rockport.

Minutes of Vienna Meeting July 7, 1914, Show Austrian Ministry Alone Responsible For Outbreak Of War

VIENNA, Austria, Sept. 22.—(By The Associated Press.)—There were made public Saturday from the archives of the former Austria-Hungarian government minutes of the meeting of the privy council on July 7, 1914, at which it was virtually decided to begin war on Serbia.

According to this publication, the ministry of Austria-Hungary, especially Count Leopold von Berchtold, foreign minister, was solely responsible for the outbreak of hostilities.

The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

Count von Berchtold's speech was met with a storm of protest from the other members of the privy council. The minutes show that count von Berchtold pleaded for an immediate attack on Serbia and Hungary, stating that Italy and Russia would not intervene.

U. S. Joins Allied Blockade for Sake of Applying "Economic Pressure."

LEAGUE COULD END THE TROUBLE President Is Kept Advised of Fume Incidents; His Campaign Is Winning.

By DAVID LAWRENCE. ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 22.—President Wilson has been kept constantly advised, while traveling, of events in Europe, and has, of course, been given an account of the seizure of Fiume by an Italian force under D'Annunzio.

Mr. Wilson has made no specific mention of the incident in his speeches but has in a general way warned his people against the disruption of affairs in northwestern Europe, under the league of nations were quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

It has been expressed the hope that a truce conference of his president would not result from the seizure of Fiume, and that the league of nations would be quickly brought into being.

Senate Labor Committee Will Conduct Strike Investigation

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22.—Investigation of the steel strike by the senate labor committee was ordered today by the senate. A resolution by senator Kenyon, Republican, Iowa, providing for the inquiry and authorizing a report as to whether any remedial federal action could be taken, was adopted without a roll call.

Senator Kenyon said it was proposed to call leaders representing both employers and employees to Washington in an effort to determine the cause of the strike.

Senator Kenyon announced later that the investigation would be begun Thursday and that the first witness would be chairman Gary of the United States Steel corporation, and John J. Fitzpatrick, chairman of the national committee organizing the steel workers.

(By The Associated Press.)

A Pittsburgh late today secretary of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

The Chicago district similar conditions prevailed. Nearly all of the plants in that region, including Gary and Hammond, either were closed today or operating at greatly reduced capacity. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Monongahela valley district, at which Youngstown is the head, all reports agreed that the workers had achieved their most marked success. The strike leaders claimed that 25 percent of the steel workers were out and that in Gary the percentage was 55. Steel company officials refused to concede a higher percentage than 25.

In the Pittsburgh district several of the Carnegie Steel company's plants were closed and the Bradford and Washburn plants of the American Steel and Wire company, both of which are engaged in extensive operations, were shut down today. These two concerns employ approximately 10,000 men.

LABOR STARTS FIGHT ON RAILROAD BILL'S ANTI-STRIKE PROVISIO

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 22.—Organized labor launched its fight against the anti-strike provisions of the Cummins railroad reorganization bill today before the senate interstate commerce committee. Glenn E. Plumb, general counsel for the railroad brotherhoods and author of the plan for tripartite control of the railroads, said he would not support a guarantee of "individual revolution."

"These provisions destroy the right of collective bargaining," he said. "They are directed solely against the wage earner. The right to strike is inherent and has been recognized by legislative decisions."

"Strikes are symptoms of social disorders, not causes. You propose to treat the symptoms and not the cause."