

DEPORTATION OF SLACKERS OPPOSED

NORWEGIAN CONSUL OBJECTS TO JONES BILL THAT WOULD SEND THEM HOME

WASHINGTON.—At the instance of the Norwegian government the United States department of state has undertaken to defeat the legislation proposed by Senator Jones to deport alien slackers. Norway, fearful that some of her subjects in this country may be affected, opposes the bill, and with ready compliance the state department indorses Norway's views. It has called upon Senator Jones to cease his efforts to secure enactment of the bill. Senator Jones declines to quit.

On December 20 H. Bryan, Norwegian minister to this capital, wrote to Acting Secretary Frank L. Polk calling his attention to the Jones bill "to expel and exclude from the United States aliens who, to escape military service, have withdrawn their declarations of intention to become citizens."

Calls It Punishment.
"It would seem to establish a kind of punishment for aliens who availed themselves of the right guaranteed to them by American legislation to claim discharge from the American army," wrote Mr. Bryn, "and as it appears that no mention of such subsequent punishment is made either in the army appropriation act of July 9, 1918, or in general orders of October 16, 1918, aliens who acted in accordance with said regulations could not possibly expect that such drastic action should be taken against them merely because they availed themselves of their right to be discharged from the American army."

"In submitting the above to your kind consideration I venture to repeat the request made in my notes of November 25 last that no unwarranted hardships be made on Norwegian citizens who have preferred to withdraw their intention papers and to remain Norwegian citizens."

Letter Forwarded to Jones
This letter Mr. Polk forwarded to Senator Jones this week with a letter in which he said:
"In transmitting this enclosure I beg at the same time to state that the department feels that the enactment of a law of his character would be looked upon with disfavor by foreign governments whose citizens or subjects might be affected thereby and would doubtless prove embarrassing to this government in its relations with such foreign governments. I am, therefore, taking the liberty of expressing the hope that, in the light of this situation, you may feel disinclined to press the matter."
"A letter similar to this has been addressed to the chairman of the committee on immigration, to which it appears the bill was referred by the senate."

Regrets Attitude, Says Jones.
Discussing this correspondence, Senator Jones said:
"I regret very much the attitude of the state department regarding my bill for deporting aliens who withdrew their declarations to become citizens in order to escape service in the army. Such men are not desirable citizens anywhere. Their conduct shows that their native country can not depend upon them in case of trouble. The question as to who shall be allowed to stay in this country is purely a domestic one. We ought to settle it for our own interest, and no other country should be permitted to dictate our policy."
Thousands of men of the same nationality as those who cravenly withdrew their declarations of citizenship have proven their undivided loyalty to the country of their choice, and many of them waived all exemption, even in cases where they had not taken out their first papers. They were willing to fight for the country that meant protection, comfort and liberty to them. They will hold in contempt their countrymen who showed themselves so lacking in manhood and patriotism."

Will Work for Enactment.
"The wishes of the American people, rather than the representations of a foreign power that must itself hold these slackers in contempt, should determine our action in a matter of this kind, and especially so at a time like this, when so many of our people are mourning the death or maiming of their loved ones. Congress may not pass this measure over the objection of the state department, but I feel disposed to do all that I can toward its passage."

THE WOOL INDUSTRY IS TO BE SAFEGUARDED
Western wool men were encouraged by government solicitation and the inducement of war prices to increase their flocks and they are now seeking protection from a speculative movement to drive down prices, in which imports and government holdings are being used to try and accomplish disastrous result in the wool industry, that is vital to the whole nation.

With the beginning of the year the war industries board has gone out of existence and marks the end of government control but this does not mean the industry shall not get favorable consideration.
A bill has been introduced in congress to give the president power to fix rates of duty arbitrarily to prevent slumping markets against its own supply and incidentally protect western growers.

The work of the Boston Wool Trading association is to be broadened during the coming season and the warehousing system is to be continued for the protection of the growers.
Under that system the grower consigns his wool to where it is sorted, graded and baled, and then sold for him or guaranteed samples in some thirty varieties.

The grower gets all there is in his wool and has every incentive to grade up his flocks and permanently improve his holdings, while the evils of speculation are eliminated.

SURVEY IDAHO LANDS

Work of Seven Years Cost Half Million Dollars

Frank S. Spofford, assistant supervisor of surveys, announced Thursday that in the past seven years through the general land office 33,000 miles of public lands in Idaho have been surveyed at a cost of \$515,000. On an average, 15 surveying crews have been sent out each year. The general land office parties have surveyed in 500 different townships. Records of the work accomplished date to seven years ago, when the direct system of surveying by the government went into effect and all private contract surveys were discontinued.

Mr. Spofford said Thursday, "The greater portion of the agricultural land in Idaho has been surveyed. One-third of the total area of the state is in forest reserves, where there are 500 townships unsurveyed."

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.
Before using this preparation for a cough or cold you may wish to know what it has done for others. Mrs. O. Cook, Macon, Ill., writes, "I have found it gives the quickest relief of any cough remedy I have ever used." Mrs. James A. Knott, Chillicothe, Mo., says, "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cannot be beat for coughs and colds." H. J. Moore, Oval, Pa., says "I have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy on several occasions when I was suffering with a settled cold upon the chest and it has always brought about a cure." J

I. W. W. AGITATORS ARE HELD FOR TRIAL

BENEWAH COUNTY JUDGE HOLDS WOBBLES FOR TRIAL IN HIGHER COURT

Lieutenant Williams and Sheriff E. Noland arrested two men at Fernwood Friday, who have been spreading I. W. W. propaganda lately. The accused were taken before G. J. McFadden, United States commissioner, for examination at Plummer Saturday, and were bound over to the federal court.

One of the men is held in the county jail and the other gave bond to appear when wanted.
The prisoners are accused of organizing I. W. W.'s and of receiving and distributing I. W. W. literature. One of the two has been a resident of the county for 17 years but has no use for the government.

A third man was placed under arrest Sunday at Treffry, and brought to town for examination before U. S. Commissioner McFadden and was bound over. He has been a resident of the county for nine years. He also is opposed to the government, calling it a "government of gun men" and similar disloyal expressions.—St. Maries Gazette-Record.

House Members Ill.
George L. McGowan, Custer county, and C. O. Greenwood, Minidoka county, members of the house of representatives of the state legislature, are both sick with Spanish influenza, and have been excused indefinitely from attendance at the house sessions. Mr. McGowan took sick soon after his arrival in the city the first of the week. Mr. Greenwood sent word from his home at Hazelton of his illness. H. A. Pugh, Gem county, has sent word that because of sickness in his family he will be unable to attend the legislature for some time.

SPANISH INFLUENZA MORE DEADLY THAN WAR

Said That Epidemic Cost More Lives Than American Loss in Battle. Danger Not Over. Great Care Necessary to Prevent Further Outbreak.

The appalling ravages of Spanish Influenza in this country are perhaps best realized by the statement recently made, that more deaths have resulted in little more than a month from this disease than through our whole eighteen months participation in the battles of the European War.
Our greatest danger now, declare authorities, is the great American tendency to forget easily and to believe the peril is over. Competent authorities claim the coming of cold weather is very apt to bring a return of this disease and there should be no let-up throughout the winter months of the following easily observed precautions, remembering that influenza is far easier to prevent than a cure.

Influenza is a crowd disease. Influenza germs spread when ignorant or careless persons sneeze or cough without using a handkerchief. Cover up each cough or sneeze. Do not spit on the floor, sidewalk, in street cars or public places. Avoid the use of common drinking cups and roller towels in public places. Breathe some reliable germicidal and antiseptic air to destroy the germs that do find lodgement in your nose and throat.

Remember, no safer precaution against influenza could be employed in this manner than to get from the nearest drug store a complete Hyomei Outfit consisting of a bottle of the Pure Oil of Hyomei and a little vest-pocket hard rubber inhaling device, into which a few drops of the oil are poured. You should carry this inhaler about with you during the day and each half hour or so put it in your mouth and draw deep breaths of its pure, healing germ killing air into the passages of your nose, throat and lungs.

By destroying germs before they actually begin work in your blood, you may make yourself practically immune to infection.

All these suggestions about Spanish Influenza are equally true in the prevention of colds, catarrh of nose and throat, bronchitis and even pneumonia. Don't become careless. Do your part. Keep the germs away. You may save yourself a serious illness and the loss of several weeks work.
For sale by R. Hodgins.



In the Name of Pity—Give!

Oh, America of the great heart, the cry of the stricken peoples of the Near East is heard at your door.

You have been so close to us through all the years of our struggles toward the light. Your hands outstretched to us have never been empty.

AND now we cry to you from the depths of a greater need than even our torn souls have ever known. In the name of pity—do not fail us!

There has been cruel suffering in our lands, massacre, famine, death. But the spirit of our people still lives, and calls to you across the sea to send help lest we perish.

Our God is your God, and we bare our souls for your searching eyes that you may see how we have never denied Him, nor

shamed Him. When our world rocked in misery about us, in our torn and tortured bodies our hearts still cradled and sheltered the crucified Christ. We held true in our allegiance to God and humanity.

The people of the Near East are old in suffering. The way we have traveled has been Via Dolorosa, the way of tears and blood. And now—we are so low in the dust that only your young, unshattered strength can raise us.

'Around the world the news has gone, is ringing today clarion-clear, that America's men and America's women have never yet been called upon in vain to right a wrong, to protect the weak, to succor the defenseless. We cry to you, help us—America! We are Armenian, Syrian, Greek, Jew, and we speak strange tongues, but our need of you is so great. What is left of our children are starving. What is left of our men and women, young men and maidens, are without work, without shelter, without clothing, racked with disease. Open your great hearts and give, and our people will pay. In the years to come, how they will pay in return! You, who are so safe and strong beyond the reach of such misery as ours, open your heart to our cry.

17c a day—\$5 a month—\$60 a year will buy life for one of us.

In the name of pity—give!

Campaign for \$30,000,000

January 12th to 19th

Make contributions payable to

American Committee for Relief in the Near East

(Formerly American Committee Armenian-Syrian Relief)

Every dollar subscribed goes to the Relief Work
All expenses are privately met
All funds are cabled through the Department of State
All funds are distributed through U. S. Consuls or American Agencies
Our Government is prevented from giving aid
The Red Cross is not organized for Relief Work in these sections

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