

OPENS FIGHT UPON  
LEAGUE OF NATIONS

OPPOSITION RESOLUTION PRESENTED BY SENATOR FROM PENNSYLVANIA.

Declares for Immediate Conclusion of Treaty Dealing With Direct Issues of War Only, Without Adoption of League of Nations Plan.

Washington.—The senate fight over the league of nations was brought to a more direct issue on June 10, with the introduction of a resolution by Senator Knox, Republican, of Pennsylvania, proposing that the senate give formal notice to the peace conference of opposition to the peace conference should the peace treaty be submitted for ratification in its present form.

Senator Knox, a member of the foreign relations committee and a former secretary of state, drafted the resolution after conference with other league opponents and presented it with the apparent support of those who have led in criticism of the league covenant. He expected to crystallize opposition sentiment as did Senator Lodge with the circulation of the round robin in the closing hours of the last senate.

While declaring for immediate conclusion of a treaty dealing with direct issues of the war only, the resolution contains a far-reaching proposal which would lay it down as a policy of the American government that whenever the freedom and peace of Europe is threatened, the United States will consider it obligatory to again co-operate in the removal of that menace.

Decision as to acceptance of membership in the league of nations should be left without prejudice to each nation, the resolution declares, for future separate consideration. It also asserts that the lack of authority by the treaty-making power of the government to make a treaty which in effect amends the American constitution.

The resolution is sure to open a new chapter in the league of nations fight and to develop a debate which may be even more bitter than that over publication of the treaty text.

## STRIKERS BEAT WAR HERO.

Man Who Wears Victoria Cross Mal-treated by Mob.

Winnipeg.—Corporal Frederick George Coppins, winner of the Victoria Cross in the war, one of the special mounted constables, during the demonstrations Tuesday afternoon was pulled from his horse and so maltreated that he is not expected to recover. Besides two ribs being broken from severe kicks and serious injuries to his head, he is believed to be suffering from internal injuries.

## SIGN TREATY BY JULY 1.

Now Expected That Germans Will Ratify Pact Soon.

Paris.—The signing of the peace treaty by Germany before July 1 and its ratification by the various parliaments before August 1 is predicted by the Echo de Paris. The course of the Germans, it thinks, will be to replace the Scheidemann government by another in case the present government determines not to sign the terms as the allies finally present them.

## Use Hair Tonic for Booze.

San Juan.—Hair tonic has leaped in favor as a drink in Ponce. In one week more than 4350 bottles of a kind manufactured by a local firm under a formula registered with the insular government, was sold in that city. The tonic, said to contain more than sixty per cent alcohol, is reported to have been selling at fifteen cents a drink.

## Demand Public Rail Ownership.

Atlantic City, N. J.—A proposal that organized labor insist upon public ownership of the railroads of the country was submitted to the delegates attending the reconstruction convention of the American Federation of Labor by Glenn E. Plumb, counsel for the railroad brotherhoods.

## Anarchists to be Deported.

New York.—Federal Judge Hand has dismissed writs of habeas corpus sworn out in an attempt to prevent deportation of seven members of the I. W. W. found guilty by the department of labor of inciting industrial unrest in the northwest.

## Former Senator Spooner Dead.

New York.—John Colt Spooner, former United States senator from Wisconsin, died at his home here June 10, after an illness of several weeks. He suffered a relapse Monday, after having partially recovered from a nervous breakdown.

SENATORS WRANGLE  
OVER TREATY 'LEAK'

FINANCIERS ASKED TO EXPLAIN HOW COPIES REACHED PRIVATE HANDS IN NEW YORK.

Text of Document Brought to This Country by Reporter Ordered Into the Congressional Record After a Warm Debate.

Washington.—Out of a whirlwind of developments the senate today got a copy of the peace treaty; and, after a five-hour fight, ordered it printed in the public record.

At the same time it got under way the investigation of how copies have reached private hands in New York by summoning to testify a half-dozen of the country's leading financiers.

The copy, which went into the record, was brought to this country by a newspaper man, and was presented by Senator Borah, Republican, of Idaho, just after the reading of a cablegram from President Wilson saying he could not, without breaking faith, send to the senate the text of the treaty.

The effect of the day's history-making developments was to clear the air on the much-debated subject of publicity for the treaty text, to widen the breach between the president and the senate majority, and to forecast a sensational turn for the inquiry into the manner by which copies of the document have become available to unauthorized persons.

Starting in its investigation with an unexpected vigor, the foreign relations committee, within a half hour after it convened, voted to call before it J. P. Morgan, H. P. Davison and Thomas F. Lamont, all of the Morgan banking house; Jacob Schiff, of Kuhn, Loeb & company; and Paul Warburg, formerly connected with the same concern, and Frank A. Vanderlip, former president of the National City bank. It then examined Frank L. Polk, acting secretary of state, about the official copies in the state department vaults.

Statements also were made to the committee by Senator Lodge, Republican, of Massachusetts, and Senator Borah similar to their declarations in the senate that they knew of copies in New York, but could not divulge the names of their informants.

When the senate met it listened in silence to President Wilson's cablegram, which was taken as forecasting a refusal to comply with the request for the treaty text embodied in a resolution adopted Friday. The reading of this message concluded, Senator Borah immediately presented his copy of the treaty, which was ordered printed by a vote of 47 to 24.

President Wilson in a cablegram received by Senator Hitchcock of Nebraska, Democrat, said he hoped the investigation by the senate foreign relations committee of how copies of the peace treaty reached private interests in New York would be "most thoroughly prosecuted."

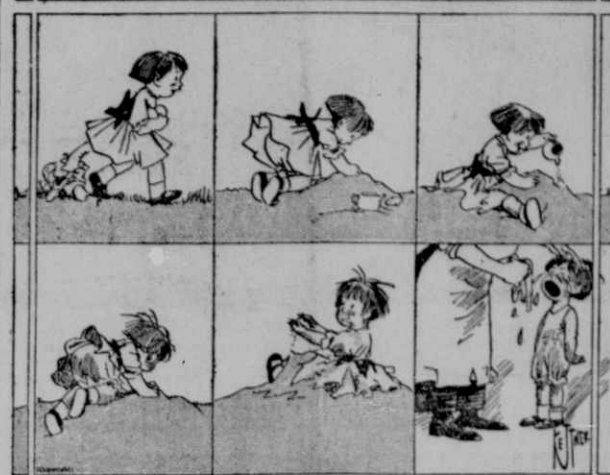
The president said he had felt it "was highly undesirable officially to communicate the text of a document which is still in negotiation and subject to change," and that anyone who had possession of the official English text "has what he is clearly not entitled to have or to communicate."

## MME. PADEREWSKA



This portrait of Mme. Paderewska, wife of the premier of Poland, was taken in Paris when she accompanied M. Paderewski there to present to the peace conference Poland's claims to Danzig.

## The End of a Perfect Day

NICARAGUANS ASK  
HELP OF AMERICANS

THREATENED WITH INVASION BY TROOPS FROM COSTA RICA, APPEAL FOR ASSISTANCE.

Armed Forces from the United States Desired to Cope with Danger to Territorial Integrity.—State Department Investigating.

Washington.—Nicaragua has asked the United States to lend forces there to cope with a threatened invasion from Costa Rica. The state department is investigating the situation.

The Nicaraguan legation here in a statement on Sunday declares that following the collapse of the revolution in Costa Rica President Tinoco has massed large forces on the frontier.

Tinoco, whose brother as minister of war is at the head of the Costa Rican army in the field, has charged that the Nicaraguans aided the revolutionists. The Nicaraguans have denied the charge and cited that it was the liberal party in Nicaragua, members of the old Zelaya regime, that went over to Tinoco.

"Nicaragua, in accord with the financial plan suggested by the United States government, is on her reconstruction period, after seventeen years of the Zelaya regime," according to the legation's statement. "It has adopted a strictly economic budget by which the government can have under arms only 500 men, and has no war budget. The people of Nicaragua have no complaint at having followed the friendly suggestion of the United States, as at the end of the last economic year there was a surplus of \$500,000, and it is expected that at the end of the present year there will be a surplus of \$1,000,000.

"We believe that the time has arrived when the United States, in view of the friendly attitude that Nicaragua has maintained with the United States in giving this country the option for building the canal through Nicaragua and for the cession of the two naval bases, one on the Gulf of Fonseca and the other on the islands of the Atlantic, and also bearing in mind that Nicaragua entered the war against Germany in harmony with the United States and to aid the allies in every way in its power, should take a hand to protect Nicaragua against her foreign foes."

## ONLY REGULARS NOW IN FRANCE

All National Guard and Draft Men Have Been Returned Home.

Washington.—Return of the National Guard and national army divisions from France has been completed, the war department announced on June 7, and the homeward movement of the regular divisions began last week with embarkation of the principal units of the Sixth division. The Fourth and Fifth divisions also are scheduled for return this month.

Demobilization has returned 2,391,639 officers and men to civil life; and, on June 3, had reduced the American forces in Europe to less than 700,000.

Record Wheat Crop Forecast. Washington.—A wheat production of 1,236,000,000 bushels this year, combining the winter and spring wheat crops, was forecast by the department of agriculture from the condition of the crop June 1.

Edith Cavell's Betrayer Will Pay. Paris.—Gaston Quelen, also known as Luc, who, it is believed, played a prominent part in the betrayal of Miss Edith Cavell, English nurse, who was executed by the Germans at Brussels, in October, 1915, will be tried soon.

WIRE SYSTEMS ARE  
IN OWNERS' HANDS

IMMEDIATE RELINQUISHMENT IS ORDERED BY BURLINSON, WHO ABOLISHES WIRE BOARD.

Existing Rates to be Continued and Order Issued Prohibiting Discrimination Against Employees Because of Union Affiliations.

Washington.—Telegraph and telephone companies whose lines have been controlled and operated by the government since last August 1 were ordered on June 5 to resume immediate operation for their own account by Postmaster Burlinson. The postoffice department, however, under terms of Mr. Burlinson's order, retains a measure of control of the services pending final legislative action by congress.

Regulations prohibiting discrimination against wire employees because of union affiliations, maintaining existing rates and charges and instructing companies to keep special accounts to facilitate cost settlement between themselves and the government are retained in effect under the order issued by the postmaster general.

Mr. Burlinson accompanied the order with a statement giving the reasons which impelled him to take the action. He asserted the president having recommended the return of the properties, the senate interstate commerce committee having indicated that immediate return was advisable and the house committee having through hearings manifested a desire for action toward that end, he felt it his duty to return operative control to the various private owners.

Strikes threatened by telephone and telegraph employees' unions had no bearing on the department's action, officials said.

## To Deport Musician.

Boston.—Dr. Karl A. Much, former conductor of the Boston Symphony orchestra, who is under internment at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., as an enemy alien, is to be deported soon, Judge Dewey, assistant United States district attorney, has announced.

## SIR JAMES ERIC DRUMMOND



Sir James Eric Drummond has been selected as secretary general of the league of nations. Since 1910 he has been private secretary to Arthur J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary. He served other British foreign secretaries in a similar capacity for a number of years, and accompanied Balfour to the United States in 1917.

PURGE COUNTRY OF  
LAWLESS ELEMENT

UNITED STATES AND CANADA ARE WORKING IN UNISON TO SUPPRESS ANARCHY.

Government Aroused to Danger Fronting Continent and Decision Reached to Put an End to Bolshevism and I. W. W. Propaganda.

Winnipeg.—The United States and Canada are to join forces in the suppression of anarchy in the northwestern section of the continent, and it is predicted that when the loyal representatives of the two nations get through with the Bolsheviks, I. W. W. members and other enemies of law and order, the North American continent will have been cleansed of the anarchistic propagandists.

Information brought here on Saturday by high government officials is that a careful canvass of radical circles has been made with the aid of organized labor in the United States with a view of bringing revolutionaries under international surveillance.

## Agitators Congregate on Coast.

The survey has shown that the agitators for a long time have been congregating in the Pacific coast cities. New York is said to have lost many of the wildest leaders, who were thick with Trotsky in the days when he lived in the tenement districts of Manhattan, and they have appeared out west as promoters of the "one big union" idea and "proletarian dictatorship." Other cities of the east and the middle west have also had a migration of extremist leaders to the coast.

The section from Seattle to Vancouver was picked as where the soviet idea was first to be established, the plan being to get a foothold and then drive it eastward. The Seattle strike was to have been followed by a tieup at Vancouver, but the breaking of the I. W. W. at Seattle led the leaders to pick Winnipeg as the spot for starting their Canadian movement.

## Radicals Migrate to Canada.

The boundary line has been nothing of a barrier so far, but the authorities on both sides are now using it as an agency for checking up on the radicals. At present, according to word brought back from Washington by Canadian officials, most of the chief disturbers are now on the dominion side of the boundary. The United States is taking measures to keep them from crossing back.

## Revoke Charters for Cause.

Martin Ryan, president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Carmen, has revoked the charter of two local unions of that order at Winnipeg, and a third at Edmonton, Canada. It was announced at American Federation of Labor headquarters at Washington, on the ground that action of their members in appropriating money for organizing "the one big union" which has led to strikes now progressing in western Canada, is a disregard of union law. Other heads of international unions are said to be preparing similar orders affecting their crafts.

## SERGEANT YORK TAKES BRIDE.

Hero of Argonne Will Spend Honeymoon in Utah.

Nashville, Tenn.—On a green hillside in Fentress county, Tenn., beside the big springs from which the Yorks have drawn their water for a hundred years or more, Sergeant Alvin C. York, hero of the Argonne drive, wedded Miss Grace Williams, of Pall Mall, Tenn., on June 7. Governor Albert H. Roberts performed the ceremony.

For a honeymoon, the sergeant and his wife plan to go to Salt Lake City as guests respectively of the Chattanooga and Nashville Rotary clubs.

## Bandits Murder Americans.

Nogales, Ariz.—Two Americans and 38 Mexicans have been killed by Yaquis and bandits in the La Colorado district of Sonora, Mexico, during the last two weeks, according to the statement of nine American mining men who arrived from that neighborhood Saturday.

Portland Midshipman Drowns. Annapolis, Md.—Midshipman Philip G. McCarthy of Portland, Ore., a member of the new first class at the naval academy, was drowned late Saturday afternoon while bathing in the Chesapeake bay.

## Seitz is Rather Pessimistic.

Vienna.—The peace terms presented to Austria are impossible and mean the death of the country by starvation, President Seitz declared in his address opening the extraordinary session of the national assembly.

## IDAHO STATE NEWS

Gooding county has organized a branch of the Idaho reclamation work and has pledged a thousand members in this organization.

Caldwell will have two hours of the best pyrotechnical display ever given in Canyon county, as a portion of the big July Fourth celebration.

M. E. Anderson of Salt Lake has been awarded a contract to build a tabernacle for the Blackfoot stake of the L. D. S. church at a cost of approximately \$50,000.

That Idaho is threatened with a water shortage for irrigation purposes during the coming summer, is the declaration of W. G. Swenson, commissioner of reclamation for the state.

The people of Amonon, which is situated about four miles east of Idaho Falls, showed their patriotism on June 8, when they, for the second time, gave a rousing celebration in honor of the returned soldiers.

The sheriff's office has announced he discovery in unclaimed sagebrush land south of Buhl of a rude whiskey still, together with several gallons of raw corn whiskey and more than 150 gallons of sour corn mash.

Jackson lake reservoir still lacks more than 200,000 acre feet of being filled to its capacity, and it has been necessary to stop the flow of water into the reservoir, that it may pass down the regular channels.

Prizes aggregating not less than \$250 will be offered by the Twin Falls county fair association to boys' and girls' vocational club members, exhibiting at the county fair at Filer, September 30 to October 3.

Idaho crops this year are going to exceed all previous records, according to H. V. Platt, general manager of the Oregon Short Line railroad, who has just completed an inspection tour over the lines in Utah, Idaho and Wyoming.

Reports being circulated that certain mining companies of the Coeur d'Alenes are discharging union men in an attempt to keep miners from becoming organized are not borne out by inquiries here, says a Wallace dispatch.

Patients at the state's insane asylums at Blackfoot and Orofino must pay the cost of their keep if they possess property, Attorney General Black ruled in an opinion prepared for J. K. White, state commissioner of public welfare.

Plans have been completed for the addition to the Bannock hotel at Pocatello, which will be the first of a number of contemplated improvements which are destined to bring the capacity of the hostelry up to a 300-room building.

Returned service men have been invited to join with the veterans of the Civil war in a parade and joint meeting June 18, during the annual encampment of the Idaho department, G. A. R., to be held at Twin Falls, June 17, 18 and 19.

Ada county's new excavator recently ordered by the county commissioners has had its trial demonstration and is giving satisfactory service in everyday work, according to the county officials. The machine is now being used at the gravel bank at the foot of the fairgrounds grade.

Andrew Lounsbury of Albion, grand master of the Idaho grand lodge, F. & A. M., is a patient in a Twin Falls hospital, suffering from a serious attack of heart disease, with which he was stricken while on the train at Burley, on his way home from Long Beach, Cal., where he spent the winter.

Arrangements had been under way by the Red Cross of Bonneville to hold a celebration for the returned soldiers and sailors of the county on June 14, Flag day, but owing to the fact that Bonneville county has not quite half of her men home as yet, it was thought best to postpone the formal welcome home.

Soda Springs, like many other county seats in Idaho, is not large enough to justify the maintenance of a government employment office. However, the Bank of Soda Springs has come to the front and cheerfully offered its services to help discharged soldiers and sailors and others desiring employment.

The city of Idaho Falls has disposed of its \$25,000 municipal bond issue, which was voted for the improvement of the city water and light plant; and the \$175,000 issue voted for special improvements. The former bonds sold at a premium of \$175, with 5 1/2 per cent interest, and the latter drew 6 per cent, and sold at par.

Another big liquor haul was made at Idaho Falls last week when the sheriff intercepted a wagon en route from Wyoming to Idaho Falls. Fifty cases of whiskey were piled in the wagon, which was driven from Wyoming by a man named Warren. At prevailing prices the liquor would have brought bootleggers about \$7,200.