

THE CHRONICLE.

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It is becoming more and more probable that the British invasion of the Soudan will open up a large and fertile region to the cultivation of Egyptian cotton, and this article is soon to be grown in India on a larger scale than ever before. Hence lower prices are looked for in England. How far such competition can go before it seriously affects the price of American cotton cannot easily be predicted.

The town of Pullman, Ill., as organized and established by its founder, whose name it bears, is soon to give up its distinctive character and become in fact as well as in name a part of the municipality of Chicago. Under the supreme court decision the company is reported to be preparing to give up its building other than those used strictly for the purposes of car-building, which means that it must give up its control over the town of Pullman.

Samoa shows signs of progressing toward civilization. The old method of electing kings by the club and spear seems to have been abandoned in favor of the more intricate and less bloody arbitrament of the ballot box and the courts. Certain chiefs, it is related, have elected Mataafa king of the islands, while other chiefs have elected Tamasese. The Matafaites appear to be in the possession of the election machinery, for the Tamasese crowd has protested and has filed a caveat before the chief justice, who will decide the dispute. The chief justice is an American citizen, and soon the unique spectacle will be presented of a representative of the greatest republic in the world umpiring a king contest.

A report on the work of the Agricultural Experiment stations for the fiscal year 1898, has been forwarded to Congress by the secretary of agriculture. According to the report the stations have, as a rule, steadily pursued their investigations, have accomplished much useful work and have increased their facilities for investigations. This has been partly owing to an increase in the number of officials competent to undertake such investigations. As a result, there has been a gain in the importance and thoroughness of the original inquiries pursued. Arrangements are being made to have in the future a more practical application of the results of investigations made so that farmers can be taught to make the best use of discoveries. Aid from the states is found to be necessary for this work, and, as a matter of fact, much encouragement has been afforded by the liberality displayed by the states.

United States Consul Boyle at Liverpool has communicated to the state department, Washington, some very interesting information respecting the great change that has taken place in England in the matter of street railways. He describes this movement as one feature of the remarkable "municipal socialism" which is taking possession of British cities, verifying the comment of Lord Rosebery that the London common council was conducting the greatest experiment in practical socialism the world had ever seen. Not content with municipal ownership of street railroads, electric and gas lighting plants, water supply and telephones in several cities, the municipal corporations build dwellings for workingmen, run hotels and operated magnificent baths. Recurring to the subject of electric street railways, Mr. Boyle says that the first line was started in Liverpool the other day, and describes the equipment. The Liverpool line is an overhead trolley, a committee of experts claiming to have discovered that the underground conduit system installed in New York, Washington, and Baltimore is a failure.

OUR ADVERTISING RATES ARE
EXTREMELY LOW, AND ARE A
GREAT INDUCEMENT FOR BUSINESS MEN TO PATRONIZE OUR COLUMNS. TRY US.

WHEELER KEEPS HIS SEAT.

HOUSE REFUSES TO CONSIDER THE
"VACATING" RESOLUTION.

VOTE WAS TRIBUTE TO GENERAL.

A Great Scramble in the House For
the Consideration of Unanimous
Consent Bills.

A Washington special says: At Thursday's session the house refused, by a large majority, to consider the report of the judiciary committee, unseating General Wheeler and his three colleagues. It was a striking tribute to the great little general, for it was his popularity that caused his associates in the house to refuse to take up the case.

Of course they had the best kind of excuse for declining, because of the shortness of time remaining; but in reality the reason they did it was because of their friendly feeling for Wheeler. The report of the committee, however, established as well as a report could the law in the case and it will be a precedent for the future.

The political division upon the vote was significant. The vote stood 77 ayes cast by 21 republicans, 43 democrats and 13 populists and 146 nays, cast by 101 republicans, 44 democrats and 1 populist.

A half a million dollars each was appropriated under suspension of the rules for the pan-American exposition at Buffalo and Ohio Centennial at Toledo.

The senate bill carrying \$1,000,000 for a new building for the department of justice was passed.

A number of conference reports on minor bills were adopted.

There was a great scramble for unanimous consent legislation when the house met at 11 o'clock. With the end of the congress only forty-eight hours off almost every member had some local measure he was trying to secure from death on the calendar and they stood in the area in front of the speaker's rostrum ten deep clamoring for recognition.

A number of bills were passed, among them a series authorizing various officers of the government to accept decorations from foreign governments.

WOMEN NOT ALLOWED TO LAND.

Transport Morgan City Reaches Manila.
Rebels Again Heard From.

The United States transport Morgan City arrived at Manila Thursday. The wives of the officers and other women passengers were not allowed to land, the authorities considering the condition ashore to be too unsettled.

Thursday was the hottest day of the season, but fortunately all was quiet inside and outside our lines investing the city, and the majority of the men were kept in the shade.

The outposts beyond San Pedro Macati were fired upon by the rebels from the walls of the Guadalupe church. A gunboat advanced 300 yards beyond the lines and cleared away the enemy with gatlings. No casualties are reported.

General Miller has been ordered to quarter his troops in Iloilo in the custom house or other public buildings and authorized to make the necessary changes at a cost not to exceed \$40,000, the same to be met from the public revenues collected in Iloilo.

LICENSE TOO HEAVY.

Trading Stamp People in Chattanooga
Silently Steal Away.

The two trading stamp companies doing business in Chattanooga, Tenn., folded their tents and silently stole away Thursday, going nobody knows where, and about \$1,000 worth of their stamps now in the hands of the people and as many more in the hands of merchants are unredeemed.

This action of the companies grows out of the law passed a few days ago by the state legislature in which these companies are heavily taxed for doing business in this state. It is stated that their books now out will not be redeemed and there seems to be no way to force their redemption.

COURT AWARDS PRIZE MONEY.

Checks Forwarded to Members of Crew
Which Captured Spanish Ship Rita.

In the United States district court at Charleston Thursday Clerk O. J. C. Hutson made out and Judge Brawley signed 295 checks to the officers and men of the cruiser Yale for their share of the money accruing from the sale of the Spanish prize Rita.

After the Rita had been captured by the Yale and had been sent to Charleston the government bought her for \$125,000. The prize money to be divided amounted to \$59,000.

Captain Wise, of the Yale, was sent a check for \$8,991, and the smallest amount received by a seaman was \$76.

A Microbe Proof House.
The oddest domicile on earth is that recently erected at Yokohama by an eminent German bacteriologist. It is a microbe-proof house, built of glass blocks. There are no window sashes, and the doors, when closed, are airtight. The air supply is forced into the room through a pipe and filtered through cotton wool to cleanse it of bacteria. To insure further sterilization the air is driven against a glycerine-coated plate glass, which captures all the microbes the wool spares. The few microbes brought into the house in the clothes of visitors soon die in the warm sunlight with which the house is flooded.

"Out of Sight Out of Mind."

In other months we forget
the harsh winds of Spring.
But they have their use, as
some say, to blow out the
bad air accumulated after
Winter storms and Spring
thaws. There is far more
important accumulation of
badness in the veins and ar-
teries of humanity, which
needs Hood's Sarsaparilla.

This great Spring Medicine clarifies
the blood as nothing else can. It cures
scrofula, kidney disease, liver troubles,
rheumatism and kindred ailments. Thus
it gives perfect health, strength and ap-
petite for months to come.

Kidneys—"My kidneys troubled me,
and on advice took Hood's Sarsaparilla
which gave prompt relief, better appetite.
My sleep is refreshing. It cured my wife
also." MICHAEL BOYLE, 8473 Denny Street,
Pittsburg, Pa.

Dyspepsia—"Complicated with liver
and kidney trouble, I suffered for years
with dyspepsia, with severe pains. Hood's
Sarsaparilla made me strong and hearty."
J. B. EMMERTON, Main Street, Auburn, Me.

Hip Disease—"Five running sores on
my hip caused me to use crutches. Was
confined to bed every winter. Hood's Sar-
saparilla saved my life, as it cured me per-
fectly. Am strong and well." ANNIE
ROBERT, 49 Fourth St., Fall River, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver bile, the non-irritating and
the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Ice Explosions.

A traveler in Siberia relates an extraordinary occurrence among the frozen regions of that country. In the intensely cold nights, he writes in Good Works, the silence was sometimes broken by a loud report as of a cannon. This was the bursting of one of the ice bubbles on a river; a phenomenon I had neither heard nor read of before.

The streams coming down the hills were frozen on the surface some six to nine inches thick. The water beneath flowed faster than it could escape, and the pressure on the principle of hydraulic press became irresistible. First the elasticity of the ice was seen by the rising of circular mounds some six to eight feet in diameter, and from four to five feet high. The bursting point came at last with a report like an explosion. The water escaped, but soon froze again. I have seen scores of these ice hillocks in a few versts or the river.

A Temple of Serpents.

The small town of Werda, in the kingdom of Dahomey, is celebrated for its temple of serpents a long building in which the priests keep upward of 1,000 serpents of all sizes, which they feed with birds and frogs.

[LETTER TO MRS. PINKHAM NO. 46,970]

"I had female complaints so bad that it caused me to have hysterical fits; have had as many as nine in one day.

"Five bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me and it has been a year since I had an attack.

Mrs. Edna Jackson,
Pearl, La.

If Mrs. Pinkham's Compound will cure such severe cases as this surely it must be a great medicine—is there any sufferer foolish enough not to give it a trial?

AN EXTRA SESSION AVOIDED

SENATE ARMY BILL PASSED IN
HOUSE BY BIG MAJORITY.

ADMIRAL DEWEY GETS PROMOTION

South's War Claims Measure Is Accepted.
States Will Get Many Thou-
sands Thereby.

A Washington special says: The last lingering possibility of an extra session of congress disappeared Wednesday when the house passed the senate army reorganization bill.

Very considerable and vigorous opposition to the acceptance of the senate bill was voted on both sides of the hall and for a time it appeared possible that the bill would not secure the necessary two-thirds to pass it under suspension of the rules.

But the republican leaders, Messrs. Henderson, Grosvenor and Cannon, came to its support on the republican side and Mr. Bailey, the democratic leader, threw the weight of his influence in favor of the bill on the democratic side, arguing that it provided for only a temporary increase of the army which would be made permanent if congress were convened in extra session.

Another big element in the vote was Mr. Hull's recital of a statement made by the president to him that he would not construe section 12 as authority to conscript the minority in volunteer organizations which should elect to remain in the service.

The bill passed, 202 to 32, and it now goes to the president.

The decks were also cleared of many other important matters. The general deficiency bill, carrying \$21,000,000, was passed under suspension of rules without a word of criticism. This is the last of the appropriation bills. The senate amendments to the river and harbor bill were non-concurred in and it was sent to conference, the friends of the Nicaragua canal amendment having decided to postpone their fight until the conference report.

The conference report of the omnibus bill, the naval personnel and many other less important measures were agreed to.

Dewey Is Given Promotion.

The senate bill making Dewey a full admiral was passed. The bill now goes to the president for his signature.

There was considerable excitement on the floor before the assembling of the house at 11 o'clock in anticipation of a desperate fight upon the Nicaragua canal amendment to the river and harbor bill. Immediately after the reading of the journal the senate amendments to the sundry civil bill were non-concurred in and the bill was sent to conference.

Mr. Mahon, republican, of Pennsylvania, chairman of the committee on war claims, presented the conference report upon the bill to pay certain judgments of the court of claims, under the Bowman and Tucker acts. As it passed the house the bill carried \$1,180,000. The senate placed upon it what is known as the omnibus bill, increasing it to \$9,030,000. Over \$4,000,000 of the increase were Bowman and Tucker act claims, \$1,055,000 were French spoliation claims and \$482,000 were miscellaneous claims. The conference report reduced the total carried by the bill to \$3,100,000.

The southern war claims, which carry in them from \$200,000 to \$300,000 for each of the southern states, was passed.

TEACHERS BEING PAID.

One-fifth of Georgia's Available School
Fund Being Disbursed.

The distribution of Georgia's school money for the first month of this year began Wednesday. One-fifth of the total school fund for the year became available, the amount being a little more than \$280,000.

Before the checks are sent out the school commissioners of the several counties must render itemized expense accounts, audited and approved by their county boards of education, to the department of education. After these accounts have been approved by the state school commissioner he makes requisitions for warrants for the amounts asked for by the several counties, or so much thereof as may be to the credit of the county.

DISSATISFACTION IN SANTIAGO.

Many Men are Thrown Out of Employ-
ment and Effect Is Paralyzing.

A dispatch from Santiago says: Between 2,000 and 3,000 men have been suddenly thrown out of work in the province of Santiago and over 700 in the immediate neighborhood of the city. Although Governor General Brooke has wired \$30,000, required for the February payrolls, there is still a deficit of nearly \$20,000, and the orders from Havana still hold good limiting the expenditure during the month of March for the entire province to \$10,000. The effect of this order is simply paralyzing.

The Cape Bustards.

Two of the most beautiful of the lesser Cape bustards of South Africa are the Van and the Blue koorhaans, birds of splendid form and coloring, good equally for sport or for the table. Another very beautiful bustard is the Bush koorhaan, a denizen of bush and forest country, with its notable pinkish crest, its intense black underplumage, and its handsomely speckled black and rufous back. This bird gets up most silently before the gunner, wavers through the trees with a flight not unlike that of a woodcock, and affords not only pretty shooting, but excellent eating.

The paauw itself may well be termed the king of all the bustards. It attains a length of more than four feet, a wing spread of eight feet four inches, and a weight of as much as fifty pounds. The weight depends, of course, greatly upon the bird's feeding. Average well-fed specimens will scale from twenty-five to thirty pounds. But at certain seasons this magnificent bird feeds greedily upon the gum exuding from the thorny acacia, and puts on flesh and fat in a quite amazing manner. In big locust years, too, the paauw gains flesh with great rapidity. At such seasons well-fed male specimens will attain enormous bulk and fatness, and are to be found ranging between thirty and forty pounds—many colonists say even as much as fifty or sixty pounds—in weight. The flesh of this splendid game bird is delicious eating, and a paauw is one of the greatest luxuries of the hunter's camp fire or the colonist's table.—Saturday Review.

Our Naval Station at San Juan.

The new United States naval station to be located at San Juan, Porto Rico, will be of the utmost importance to this country as the key to the situation when the Nicaragua canal is constructed. The key to good health is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It guards the digestive organs from attacks of indigestion, biliousness and constipation, just the same as the new naval station at San Juan will ward off attacks upon this country by foreign foes.

Religion not only saves the soul, it sweetens the body.—Sam's Horn.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or \$1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address: Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

It is sometimes a sign of cowardice to keep silent.

CONSTIPATION

"I have gone 14 days at a time without a movement of the bowels, not being able to move them except by using hot water injections. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; during that time I did everything I heard of but never found any relief; such was my case until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give \$100.00 for each movement; it is such a relief."

1639 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

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TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, I
Good, Never Sickens, Weakens, or Grips, No, etc., etc.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York.

The Potash Question

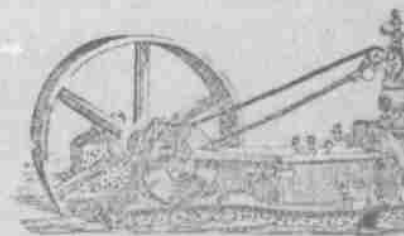
A thorough study of the subject has proven that crop failures can be prevented by using fertilizers containing a 1 percentage of Potash; plant can grow without Potash.

We have a little book on the subject of Potash, written by authorities, that would like to send to every farmer, free of cost, if he will only write and ask for it.

GERTMAN KALI WORKS,
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