

Mr. Mills, the representative free trader in Congress wants a tariff reduction of 25 per cent. above the revenue basis. This, he says, would increase our imports \$300,000,000. In other words, instead of making this \$300,000,000 worth of goods by American labor and in American factories we should be compelled to buy it of foreigners who pay no taxes in this country and have not the slightest interest in our welfare. What do patriotic Americans think of this?

A sleighing party of twenty men was run into by a Wabash train in St. Louis Tuesday night and eight of the party killed. The sleigh was a large band wagon on runners. The driver was so muffled up in wraps that he did not hear the approaching train and just as he drove on the railroad track his rig was struck by a train running at full speed. Only two of the occupants escaped uninjured.

Commander Evans, of the United States steamer Yorktown, at Valparaiso, when he told the Chilean Foreign Minister that he was responsible to his own government and not to Chile for his actions, uttered a patriotic declaration, which has rung throughout the land with almost the force of a war cry.

The resolution offered in Congress instructing the House Committee on the Judiciary to investigate a certain detective agency, to examine its charter, inquire into its methods and purposes, to ascertain the number of armed men it maintains, upon what terms these men are used or can be employed as militia, and to report whether such organization, either in its charter or its operations, violates the Constitution of the United States, is a subject that merits careful investigation. There is a very general sentiment among labor organizations that private detective agencies are sometimes used for purposes of oppression, and that men are endowed, through such agencies, with police powers, who are lacking both in character and discretion, and whose lawless acts escape punishment because, as they are brought from a distance, they are difficult to identify. It would be well to have the whole subject thoroughly investigated.

Several years ago the Rothschilds held a large quantity of cotton in New Orleans, which they instructed their agent in that city to sell when cotton should reach a certain price. The agent, believing that the price of cotton would go beyond the figure named by his employers, held on till he was able to sell it at a price which netted \$40,000 more than he would have got for it if he had obeyed his orders from London. He joyfully informed his employers of his success, supposing they would share his satisfaction at the result. Imagine his surprise and chagrin when he received a reply, saying in substance: "The \$40,000 you made by disobeying your instructions is not ours. It is yours. Take it. Mr. —, your successor, will start for New Orleans by the next steamer." This incident illustrates the inflexible discipline enforced by the Rothschilds.

Mr. Holman's unbecome economy resolution was debated in the House for four hours, and then, as Ex-Speaker Reed dryly remarked, "withdrawn for repairs." In other words, Mr. Holman, after moving the previous question, moved to reconsider, remarking that he would decide in a short time whether to press the question or not. If Mr. Holman's resolution really means anything its passage would cripple every department of the government, would prevent the passage of any river and harbor bill, any fortifications bill, any private bill, or any other bill except the regular appropriation bills, and those as small as possible. If his resolution does not mean this it means nothing. The debate gave the Republicans a chance to riddle Democratic pretensions to economy, and Democratic misstatements generally, and they availed themselves of the opportunity in fine style. Indeed, they had so much the better of the debate that Mr. Reed's inquiry raised a laugh even on the Democratic side.

This is what Lemon Chilli Tonic is. A complete blood purifier; a certain appetizer; a nerve and brain food, and while it is as pleasant as lemonade and children cry for it, it is so certain in action that every bottle is guaranteed by the proprietors, and who authorize their agents, whose names are below, to refund the money in any case where the medicine fails to do what is claimed for it. Can anything be fairer than this? Remember the merchant whose name is to this is authorized to act for us in the above guarantee. We do not claim to cure a whole family with one bottle but to break the worst case of chills. Manufactured only by the Lemon Chilli Tonic Co. For sale by Miller & Wilson, Cape Girardeau, and Isaac Schwab, Davenport, Mo.

The Object of Education. Those take a narrow view of the question who assume that a young man starts in life with a fixed and settled occupation, and that his whole discipline and education should be directed to secure success in that and in nothing else. In this country, it is peculiarly true, and in all countries it is true, to some extent, that all avenues and all doors are open before the boy who begins with a good education. The object of that education, very properly says a writer in the New York Tribune, is to call out what faculties he has, and thus to determine in what direction he can make himself most useful and most successful. If he starts with the expectation of succeeding a father in trade, it may yet happen that other and more desirable opportunities are brought within his grasp, which he never could have known if his education had been limited to the training of the counter. He finds in himself rare qualities for literary or scientific usefulness, or public career and honor, for control of great industries, for the leadership or splitting of men, and so there after-ward comes to him a career of which even the fond father never dreamed. The world gains something rarer and more precious than another money-making faculty, and not rarely the pecuniary rewards are higher than success in trade would have given. The first thing to do with a coming man is to find out what work he can do best. Without a broad and liberal education his best faculties may remain undeveloped and unsuspected.

Or all the lines of social separation between man and man in a civilized community, that of mere wealth is the most unfortunate, the most demoralizing, the most anti-social, the most dangerous to the state. It cannot be erased, but it should be the constant effort of every good citizen to ignore it or make little of it. The worship of wealth, simply as wealth, has already almost become a national disease. It has killed almost every other form of distinction. It has converted some of the most worthless men in the community into national heroes and surrounded their doings and sayings with a shameful fascination.

As an indication of the growth of our great republic the vote of the people at our presidential elections may be taken. The popular vote was about 10,000,000 in 1854, about 11,400,000 in 1858 and it will probably reach 13,000,000 in 1892. The total is forty times greater than that cast at the first presidential election, and larger than the electorate of any other country in ancient or modern times. For the first time it exceeds the total vote cast in the German empire or in the French republic. Great Britain's total was passed many years ago. In 1790 the total number of inhabitants of this republic, men, women and children, was 2,929,214.

It really seems that men are growing less chivalrous with each passing year, that they treat women more as they do their male friends, and are gradually coming to neglect those little gallantries so dear to the ladies. Particularly is this true of the younger generation of men. In those rosy-lined days, writes a shrewd observer, which white-haired grandfathers designate as "when I was young," the most exquisite and courtly politeness was the rule in addressing ladies. The half familiar camaraderie which society men adopt at present in language and bearing would then have been rudeness not to be tolerated.

According to the best information the southern states are enjoying a business boom. It is said the progress of the south is a constant occasion of surprise and just congratulation. Its cotton manufacturers have increased from a consumption of 180,000 bales in 1880—a performance which was then regarded as astonishing—to that of 600,000 bales in 1890. The production of coal in the south, which was about 2,000,000 tons per annum twenty years ago, is now nearly 18,000,000 tons. And the end is not yet, but apparently only the beginning.

A RARE CASE of surgery has been performed in western Massachusetts. It was the resetting of the dislocated neck of a young man, who, after a confinement of only three months, was able to be up and about the town. There are only two other cases upon record and neither of them was as successfully performed as the one above mentioned.

It is thought that in the course of a few years the production of beet sugar will rank next in importance to the crop of cereals in this country. The industry is now making rapid progress and is of great benefit to many people.

There is a club of rich men in Austria who are pledged to marry only poor girls. A fine of two thousand dollars is imposed for an infraction of the rules of the club. Such a club would be an ignominious failure in this country.

It is said that Madagascar celebrates both Christmas and New Year's day twice a year. If the post-holiday condition of the American pocketbook is any criterion the people of Madagascar may be perpetually broke.

It is said that hundreds of infants are sold each year in Chicago. The New York foundling asylum contributes to the supply, and any color, age, sex or quality may be procured on order. The traffic has been carried on for years.

SOME Maine parents have a great deal to answer for in the names with which they have burdened their children. A French-Canadian girl in Somerset county is struggling under the name "Carrie Annie Marie Louise Nellie Susie Poole." One man has named his four daughters Asia, Africa, America and Europe, respectively, while the members of an Oakland family are severally known as Faught, Orlando, Theopreander, Serpeta, Salonia and Serenda.

THERE are so many tall girls nowadays that the average height of men must be raised. This is accomplished by the aid of the shoemaker and the hatter. An extra lift or two to the heel and an additional half inch to the last does the business.

The Nation's Defense. There is a growing sentiment in favor of a navy for the great lakes. It is announced that Secretary Tracy in his forthcoming annual report will advise the abrogation of the treaty with Great Britain that restricts the naval force of the United States on the great lakes to one warship of one thousand tons. Public opinion will strongly support the administration in securing the repeal of the treaty. In its present form this international agreement is grossly unjust to the United States. By means of the St. Lawrence river and the canals Great Britain could place a formidable fleet of gunboats on the lakes at any time. All the great lake cities would be at their mercy, for the United States would be unable to project them with a single warship. War between England and the United States is impossible. But it is most wise for a great nation to have an extensive portion of its richest frontier in an absolutely defenseless state.

The Uncommon Man. In the opinion of a philosopher writer in the Detroit Free Press there are few among us who are anything more than commonplace in setting forth his views he very truly says: "It takes a little courage for a chap to make a start from just where he happens to be when a project presents itself to him. A majority of us not only desire to wait until things shape themselves to our wishes, but we insist upon making that wait. The man who says, 'I'll do it,' and keeps his word, is phenomenal; the one who makes the promise and tries to keep it, sometimes failing and sometimes succeeding, is exceptional; and the one who says he will achieve the result and lets both project and promise stop with the making of the speech, is commonplace to the last degree. Accordingly, a very large majority of us are commonplace."

A Leaving Faculty. The qualities which make up what we call genius are in part physical, a certain degree of animal spirits, of cheerfulness, depending upon well-ordered nerve-centers, but beyond this are the cerebral matters, which are supposed to indicate warmth of heart and love of one's fellowmen, and, usually, some measure of the humorous gifts. Appreciation of the comic element in life, is indeed a safeguard and a balance-wheel of great intellect. It is not simply an additional perceptive faculty; it is a token of the power of judging values, and of that ability to recognize the frailty of human nature, which enables us to resist the temptation to pass harsh and uncharitable verdicts upon the characters and acts of others.

Skilful Surgery. A Centerville (Mo.) physician lately performed a delicate surgical operation. He removed a cancerous tumor of the right ear of a patient by a new process called "ligation." There was no pain on removal of the growth, and no cutting and no blood, thereby avoiding all danger of erysipelas, which is so fatal in many operations with the knife. This was a double cancerous tumor that had been growing for several years, and of late it had been growing very rapidly and had become so large it weighed the ear down and disfigured his face very much, as well as being a great inconvenience. The surface has healed up nicely, and there is hardly a scar to be seen.

The embezzlement record of 1891 shows a good many fat takes. The embezzlers stole about twenty million dollars more than twice as much as they took in 1890. The process called "embezzlement," however, often runs through a series of years and sometimes a good many lines of embezzlement heap up together. Of course there were many cases of embezzlement suppressed all over the country by business firms who are adverse to having such losses made public. Private settlements with embezzlers are quite numerous. Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts lead in the business. Pennsylvania showing thirty-six per cent. of the aggregate. The highest was a comparatively recent record.

RECENT reports convey the deplorable intelligence that the present price for cotton does not pay the planters for raising it. The crop last year was one of the largest ever raised and nearly or quite nine-tenths of it has already been sent to market. There are large stocks at all of the interior markets, and also at New York and Liverpool. The season was the best ever known for gathering the crop as no rain fell for three months. This state of the market cripples one of our largest industries.

In addition to being Leap Year, the year 1892 will be remarkable for the fact that its holidays, with two exceptions, will be celebrated on Monday. Thanksgiving day, of course, falls on Thursday, and the state and presidential elections will take place on Tuesday. Christmas falling on Sunday, will be celebrated on Monday; as will Memorial day, Fourth of July, Washington's Birthday, etc. We shall have no end of lively Mondays and blue Tuesdays.

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A RESERVE move has been made by a number of society ladies of Tacoma, Wash. They have organized a rainy day club for the purpose of encouraging the wearing on wet days of dresses that do not trail in the mud. Cleanliness and economy are doubtless the prompting spirits of the organization.

The Ubiquitous Mongolian. America is not the only nation which thinks it has received its full share of the almost-eyed children of the Flowery Kingdom. South Africa is taking steps to prohibit Chinese immigration. The prohibition against Chinese in the almost world-wide. There may be a few South American countries where they are still admitted, but even these countries will soon be shut against them. China herself treats strangers in an inhospitable way. The gates of her cities are barred against them. The few ports where citizens of civilized countries reside for purposes of trade have their foreign quarters established quite distinct from the native district, and the apparatus therein is insufficient to set the rabble upon him, or to subject him to insult and injury. Whether at home or abroad the Chinaman is undesirable company.

A PHYSICIAN of Boston offers a suggestion which is well worth weighing. He thinks that lunatic people who are sent to foreign lands might more wisely do something for the consumptives of their own country. In New England there are at least fifteen thousand consumptives, half of whom might be benefited if they could afford to live in another climate. And the same thing is true of the whole region, which he calls the "consumptive belt." He thinks that all consumptives ought to go to New Mexico, where consumption, altogether unknown among the natives, and he calls on the churches to start a consumptive emigration movement to that territory.

WHEN once the young idea has learned how to shoot, it requires consumption of an effort to restrain it from keeping up a constant fire. As an evidence of this it is stated that a countryman in Tennessee, where forests and game are plenty, found that his boys, who all have a gun apiece, became short of percussion caps a few days ago, and the first thing he knew they were shooting with match heads as a substitute. How many boys of matches had lost in that way he did not say, but he found they fired as clear as the caps itself. It is said that necessity is the mother of invention. Here is a chance for some man to make a fortune by getting out a "new patent." All that is necessary is to adapt the gunlock to the "match head."

It has been found that saccharin is beneficial to dyspeptics. Dr. Heller, of Vienna, a German doctor of note, prescribes it and physicians in this country frequently order patients to eat saccharin and to drink the liquor squeezed from it. The vegetable acid extracted by the salt with which the saccharin preserver has been used with benefit in cases of dyspepsis caused by a lack of acid in the gastric secretions.

Probate Docket.

List of Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Curators who are required by law to exhibit and deliver accounts of their administration and of the estate of the decedent, to the court house in the city of Jackson, Cape Girardeau county, Missouri, commencing on Monday, February 8th, 1892.

Monday, First Day—Feb. 8th, 1892. ADMORSTRATOR'S OFFICE. ESTATE OF WARD. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased.

Tuesday, Second Day—Feb. 9, 1892. ADMORSTRATOR'S OFFICE. ESTATE OF WARD. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased.

Wednesday, Third Day—Feb. 10, 1892. ADMORSTRATOR'S OFFICE. ESTATE OF WARD. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased.

Thursday, Fourth Day—Feb. 11, 1892. ADMORSTRATOR'S OFFICE. ESTATE OF WARD. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased. Adm. of the estate of John A. Ward, deceased.

F. A. KAGE, Notary Public. Office at the Star Stable, 25 South Street, Cape Girardeau, Mo.

C. LINDEMANN, DEALER IN LUMBER OF ALL KINDS. White and Yellow Pine, Poplar, Cypress, Oak, Gum, Walnut, Ash and Cherry.

F. LIPP & SON, BUTCHERS. Cape Girardeau Meat Market. Independence Street, (First Lipp's Old Stand), CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO.

J. M. MORRISON, DEALER IN LUMBER OF ALL KINDS. Spanish Street, Cape Girardeau, Mo. I will furnish pine joists and all rough lumber for \$15 per 1000 any where in the city limits.

GILBERT H. WILSON, (SUCCESSOR TO HAYES & SIBBAY.) CAPE GIRARDEAU, MISSOURI. KEEPS A FULL LINE OF STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.

LORIMIER ROLLER MILLS. CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO. W. H. HUTERS, Prop'r. Manufacture the following brands of flour. CROWN, ELEGANT, ANITA, DON LOUIS, FAULTLESS, LORIMIER MILLS.

WARREN & SON, Opposite Struivant Bank. S. S. HARRIS, Physician and Surgeon. Office in rear of Trovay's Drug Store, corner of Independence and Spanish Streets, Cape Girardeau, Mo.

N. L. COFER, Contractor and Builder. Would respectfully inform the public that he is prepared to do all kinds of brick, stone, and that in the future he will allow no competent workman to undertake him.

OTTO HO M, Harmony street near the Opera House. FINEST PAINTER, DECORATOR AND ORNAMENTAL PAPER HANGER, offers his services to the people of Cape Girardeau and vicinity.

AMERICA'S FINE WHISKEY. LYNCH & CO'S BOTTLING. QUANTS AND PINTS. Depots for the sale of the above: A. WINGREBER, L. W. MILLER, A. SHIVELBINE, CHAS. BOLEY, W. J. MEYER, JOS. JAGER, WOLFF & SACKMANN.

P. C. COOTER, ATTORNEY, Arcade Building, Main Street. CAPE GIRARDEAU, MISSOURI. Penalties, Increase Penalties, Bounties, Compensation of Nations, Land and Homestead and Free-Entire Claims, and all kinds of work CLAIMS GIVEN PROMPT ATTENTION.

MILLER'S SALOON. L. W. MILLER, Prop'r. Independence Street, Cape Girardeau, Missouri. Fine Wines, Whiskies, Brandy and Cigars. Miller's celebrated Whisky always on hand.

MRS. W. SCHRADF, MID-WIFE. A Graduate, with honors, of the St. Louis School of Midwifery, and the only graduate midwife in Cape Girardeau. Residence on Bellevue street, two doors east of Sprigg street.

JOHN ST. AVIT, Spanish Street, second door from Independence. Cheapest House in the city for COUNTRY PRODUCE. He solicits a share of public patronage.

H. STEINBACH, MANUFACTURER OF HATS, HOSIERY, AND COLLARS. BUGGIES, CARTS. I guarantee all my work first-class and prices as low as any house in the city.

L. P. RUFF, DENTIST. Office on Olive Gas for the patients extraction of all kinds of teeth and Harmony streets in the Rodery Building, second floor.

UNION MILLS, ROLLER PROCESS. CAPE GIRARDEAU, MO. P. W. POTT, Prop'r. PAYS, at all times, the highest market price for the best quality of Flour.

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BARGAINS! I am now offering my entire stock for sale at Cost for Cash. Consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Notions and EVERYTHING TO BE FOUND FIRST-CLASS STORE. I am determined to close out my business and everything I have in my store will go at actual COST. Now is your time to buy goods.

J. N. Whitelaw, Corner Main and Themis Sts. 1892. NOW IS THE TIME TO SUBSCRIBE FOR THE NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD. The Best and Cheapest Family Journal in the United States. One Dollar a Year.

YEARS OF VARIED AND SUCCESSFUL EXPERIENCE. In the Use of CURA-TIVE METHODS, that will cure all Diseases. MRS. ELIZABETH ROTH, MID-WIFE.

HOFFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS. WILL PURIFY THE BLOOD. CLEAR THE COMPLEXION, BRIGTHEN THE EYES, SWEETEN THE BREATH, TONE THE STOMACH, REGULATE THE LIVER AND BOWELS, AND HELP IN THE WHOLE SYSTEM TO PERFECT HEALTH.