A Manufacturing Line That Has Grown One Thousand Per Cent in a Decade and Is Now Preparing to Double Its Proportions.

Admirable Openings for Tanning and Other Adjuncts That Quick-Sighted Capitalists Are Already Taking Advantage of.

out of their hands.
"The St. Paul boot and shoe factories

regetting control of the Northwestern trade very fast," said Theodore A. Schulze, of Foot, Schulze & Co., yesterday, "The finest goods are now made here in competition with Eastern factories. Seven years ago it was considered unprofitable to manufacture anything but coarse goods but we now

thing but coarse goods, but we now find that we can make all lines of fine shoes to fully as good advantage as the

coarser grades."

Boots and shoes made in St. Paul have

gained a great reputation as good, solid, substantial and well-made goods, and

Can the boot and shoe manufactories of St. Paul compete with those of the

This is a question that will occur to the local merchant and to the observer

about as quickly as he is told that boot

quantities. It is an important question, and one that was answered by every

mechanics and operatives for less money than they will work for in New Eng-land. One of the reasons for this is that the St. Paul factories run the year

around. They are in their own territory and orders are coming in without

regard to season, whereas the New

England manufacturers send their men out twice a year to secure orders, running their factories only long

Growth of a Decade.

The magnificent boot and shoe-man ufacturing industry which has been built up in St. Paul did not rise in a day. It was built on solid foundations,

states, and no thought was given to the infant shoe industries of this far-away Northwestern metropolis. The shoe manufacturers of the East know that

St. Paul is a shoe manufacturing centre without glancing at the census. The fact that the Northwest has grown while the trade of the Eastern boot and

shoe men has not grown with it satisfies them on this point.

Tanneries in Demand.

There is an industry that stands very

close to the boot and shoe factories of

this city, that could be carried on more profitably in St. Paul than perhaps any

factory, and this but a small one

the total output:

The development of the boot and

and shoes are made in St. Paul in larg

East as to prices?

he remains

The fame of St. Paul as the commercial and distributing center of the Northwest has served in a measure to obscure the growth of her manufacturing interests and give to the outside world the impression that the large wholesale trade having its headquarters here is the principal reliance of the city. How incorrect this supposition is can best be seen by a visit to the numerous factories and workshops of the Samily City and an examination of the products they are turning out. Such a tour of inspection will open the eyes of the man in the whole country in 1900. Lowell, Lynn, Brockton, and other New England points that have heretofore been looked to by the whole country for boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as this section of the country grows the manufacture of boots and shoes at St. Paul will lead the van in the whole country in 1900. Lowell, Lynn, Brockton, and other New England points that have heretofore been looked to by the whole country for boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as this section of the country grows the manufacture of boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as this section of the country grows the manufacture of boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as this section of the country grows the manufacture of boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and a country for boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as the section of the country grows the manufacture of boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as the result of the Northwest is concerned, and a country for boots and shoes are already distanced so far as the trade of the Northwest is concerned, and as the result of the Northwest is concerned, and so far as the trade of the N inspection will open the eyes of the man to keep what they have won, but also who has formed the impression that to setze and retain business at present St. Paul has but few manufacturing industries, and depends for her prosperity and growth solely upon her magnificent wholesale, commercial and financial in-

terests.

While the part trade has played in the development and growth of St. Paul is not to be disparaged, it is only fair to state that during the past few years another interest has been forging to the front with the same resistless energy that marked the growth of trade in this city. This is the manufacturing intereity. This is the manufacturing interest. The growth in the way of new industries and the enlargement of those already established has been most rapid during the past few years, when business throughout the country was most depressed.

already established has been most rapid during the past few years, when business throughout the country was most depressed.

Causes of Growth.

The causes which have led to this remarkable growth are the same that will insure its constantine rasse year by year is carries a grayantee with it. insure its constant increase year by year until St. Paul becomes a great manufacturing city, producing a large proportion of the manufactured articles demanded by the trade of the Northwest. By this it is not meant that everything needed in the way of manufactured goods will be made here, for that could not be done profitably, but there are hundreds of things in the manufacture of which St. Paul can compete with the whole world. She has the raw manufacture of the way of the stern Montana, the miners of these states, as well as the insure its constant increase year by year until St. Paul becomes a great manuthe whole world. She has the raw materials in wood, iron, flax, and a hundred other lines at her door, and the facilities for their rapid, easy and cheap distribution. The people of an empire vaster than the whole United States, as well as the farmers here, have had their wants supplied by the St. Paul factories, as those of no Eastern city could possibly have done.

Mechanics Prefer St. Paul. states a century ago now look to her for their supplies. A half-century of un-tiring effort has given her this great trade, a large part of which in certain lines is supplied by articles manu-factured right here in St. Paul.

In manufacturing, as in commerce, St. Paul builds conservatively and well.
No blare of trumpets marks the addition of a new industry, and solidity is the first thing that is expected and may be looked for when a new manufactur-ing plant is started. The remarkable development of the boot and shoe, clothing, cigarmaking, wood-working and other industries during the past and other industries during the past few years shows that in spite of local and general depression every increase in population in the Northwest has created an additional demand for goods that are either made or jobbed by St. Paul houses. The fact that factories in all these lines have been obliged to increase their capacity every year in the past three shows that St. Paul has a territory as distinctively her own for her manufactured products as for the goods distributed by her wholesale mer-

In Boots and Shoes.

While every manufacture that has been started in St. Paul in recent years, with few if any exceptions, has been successful, there is one line in which the spacess has been really marvelous. the success has been really marvelous. This is the boot and shoe manufacture. Five years ago there were hardly 300 people engaged in that industry: to-day e three principal factories employ out 1,600 people, and what is more to the point and speaks volumes for the city and country, all these people are given employment every working day in the year. There are no dull seasons In the year. There are no dull seasons in the boot and shoe industry of St. and for that reason is capable of almost

aul.

Thirty years ago the making of boots and shoes in this city was commenced the very bottom of the ladder, the bunder of one of the great factories of beday himself working at the bench. It is the one that the very bottom of the ladder, the bunder of one of the great factories of beday himself working at the bench. They could manufactured more cheaply than even the cities of the Middle states and appropriate the states and appropriate that reven that cities of the Middle states and appropriate the states and appropriate the states and appropriate the states and appropriate that reason is capacie of almost any amount of expansion. It is the one line of manufacturing in which New England cities were only a few years ago deemed to be solidly intrenched. and shoes in this city was commenced at the very bottom of the ladder, the founder of one of the great factories of to-day himself working at the bench. His goods gained a reputation that grew and spread as the Northwest developed. The trade was educated to goods of St. Paul manufacture, and year by year all the goods the little factory could turn out found a ready sale. The first factory was enlarged and re-enlarged until the present time, and now gives employment to nearly 900 hands, and year will have an output of nearly

Another factory pext in point of age to the one named above is comparatively young, but has met with success be-yond the most sanguine hopes of its founders. Five years ago the total outfactory, and this but a small one, confined almost entirely to the making of coarser grades of goods demanded by this section of the country. The following table shows the number of men employed in 1881 and at present, the total wages paid in each of those years and the total output: founders. Five years ago the total output of this company was under \$200,000, and employment was given to between fifty and seventy-five people. At the present time 500 hands are employed present time 500 hands are employed and the output for the current year will exceed \$1,500,000. And this is not enough to supply the demand for goods enough to supply the demand for goods of St. Paul manufacture, and next year this factory will be enlarged at least 50 per cent and its capacity may be

The third large factory, although it has not been in the business so long as the two previously mentioned, already employs over 200 people, and is unable to supply the demand for goods of St. Paul manufacture, and in less than a year the proprietors confidently predict that they will be giving employment to over 500 hands, and turning out nearly \$1,500,000 worth of manufactured goods.

rosupply the demand for goods of St. Paul manufacture, and in less than a year the proprietors confidently predict that they will be giving employment to over 500 hands, and turning out nearly \$1,500,000 worth of manufactured goods.

An Unlimited Field.

St. Paul now ranks as the tenth city in the manufacture of boots and shoes in the United States, and is rapidly advancing to the first place. This may seem surprising to those unaquainted with the remarabble advances made by this industry in the past five years, but it is a fact nevertheless, and if the same in the profitably in St. Paul than perhaps any other city in the west. It is the tanning and finishing of leather. At the present time there is not a tannery in the city, although a strong company has just been organized to construct and operate one. That this will be a financial success goes without saying, but the good work should not stop when it is in operation. There is foom for a dozen more larger than the tenth city, although a strong company has just been organized to construct and operation. There is foom for a dozen more larger than the tenth city, although a strong company has just been organized to construct and operation. There is foom for a dozen more larger than the tenth city, although a strong company has just been organized to construct and operation. There is foom for a dozen more larger than the remarkable advances made by this industry in the present time there is not a tannery in the city, although a strong company has just been organized to construct and operation. There is foom for a dozen more larger than this one is designed to be.

The Center of the fact that the raw product, the hides are produced in greater quantities here than in Milwaukee, and the additional fact that the bark needed in the business can be laid down in St. Paul St. Paul Is Not Only the Commercial and Distributing Point of the Northwest, But the Great Producing Center of the State as Well.

Its Importance as a Manufacturing City Impressing Itself More and More Upon the Vast Territory Tributary to St. Paul.

The Boot and Shoe Industry Taken as a Fair Example of What the City Has Quietly Been Accomplishing in the Past Ten Years.

Milwaukee and Chicago for it in spite of the fact that the raw product, the hides additional fact that the bark needed in the business can be laid down in St. Paul cheaper than it can in either Milwaukee or Chicago. Milwaukee has no less than eleven large tanneries, and is the greatest tanning center in the West. The bark used there is obtained from the almost merkinaustible forests of Northern Wisconsin. This bark country is tapped by roads leading directly to St. Paul, thus making it possible to carry on not only the tanning of hides produced at the slaughter houses in this section, but also the hides imported from other places. Here is a great demand for leather in manufactures—a demand far greater than exists in Milwaukee. The cheap bark so near at hand would make tanning an exceedingly profitable industry in St. Paul it would be doubly profitable when they as well as a market for the finished product are right at hand.

All Industries Profitable.

This outling content miles and cheaper than it can in either Milwaukee or Chicago. Milwaukee and Chicago for it in spite of the finise additional feat that the read product and it had the bark needed in the business can be laid down in St. Paul the business can be laid down in St. Paul the business can be laid down in St. Paul the business can be laid to will water than in the business can be laid additional feat that the raw product the business can be laid to will water than in the business can

product are right at hand.

All Industries Profitable.

This outline contains the main features in the rise and growth of the boot and shoe manufacture in St. Paul. How it has grown from the time when one of the present great factories contained but one or two cobblers down to the present time, when this factory alone demands a building covering half a block and filled with 900 employes. These industries have been covering half a block and filled with 900 employes. These industries have been successful to a wonderful degree, but their success is largely due to the exceptionally favorable location of St. Paul, although it must be conceded that business tact and ability of the highest order have been at the helm in all these factories. When they started it must be remembered that they had to pay more for their labor, fight for a show to demonstrate the value of their goods, and besides meet the low prices of the New England manufacturers. It was done, and to-day the St. Paul man was done, and to-day the St. Paul man who can visit the great shoe factories of the city and not feel a glow of pride that such an industry is here to stay de-

serves banishment.
But the success that has been achieved in the manufacture of boots and shoes in St. Paul is not an isolated case by any means. There are other manufactories just as large and just as successful in operation, and their number will supprise many results and what is cessful in operation, and their number will surprise many people, and what is more to the point, there are hundreds of opportunities for small factories and workshops open in St. Paul. The shoe manufacturing industry was commenced—very humbly in this city, but the man who started it went to the top of the ladder and made his fortune. The same opportunities are open to-day without one-half of the hardships or the difficulties that surrounded the founding of the first shoe factory in St. Paul. The fact is, St. Paul is the distributing center of an empire so vast that most of its inhabitants do not appreciate it. St. Paul jobbers prefer to sell goods of St. Paul manufacture, and they generally do so whenever they can, and this helps to create a demand. This tendency to help one another that is being displayed by the wholesalers of St. Paul cannot be eulogized too highly.

the Globe. Investors, artisans, bargain hunters, buysans, bargain hunters, buyers and sellers closely scan its Classified Advertising Columns. Largest circulation, among a wide-awake

HERE'S A MESS. Chicago Park Commissioners Give

and hustling class of readers.

and one that was answered by every manufacturer in the city in the affirmative. The living expenses of a man in St. Paul are less than they are in Chicago, and the low cost of comfortable life combined with other conditions, make it possible for the St. Paul factories to obtain the finest expert mechanics and operatives for less money. Cause for Fretting. CHICAGO, Oct. 6 .- The Inter Ocean this morning says that a petition was filed by the West side park commissioners in the circuit court of Cook county late last evening, the object of which is to restore the record burned in the great fire of 1871. by which the park commissioners acquired the lands for boulevards and parks in the West division, and which also gives them jurisdiction to exclude for a distance of 400 feet outside of boulevards and parks all horse racing, enough to fill them. The New England shop runs in two seasons; the St. Paul factories know no difference and afford gambling, etc.

The restoration of this record would affect the grounds now occupied by the Garfield Park Racing association, and would also affect the abstract firms of Cook county very se-riously, for the reason that they have certified titles to property amounting to millions abut-ting upon the boulevards without any reference to the rights and duty of the we never get a good workman West who wants to go back. There is some-thing in the country that he likes, and reference to the rights and duty of the park commissioners to exclude buildings for a distance of fifty feet from any of the boulevards.

MRS. FAIR'S MILLIONS.

Two Wills May Make Matters In-

teresting. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6 .- The matter of admitting to probate the will of the late Mrs. Theresa Fair came up yesterday before Judge Coffee. Attorney W. S. Goodfellow created considerable surprise by stating that he represented Charles Fair, who had informed him that he believed that there was in existence a later will than the one offered for probate. He asked for an order to allow him, in conjunction with the executors of the estate, to examine the box in a safe denosit where Mrs the box in a safe deposit where Mrs. Fair kept her papers. The order was made as requested. The will was admitted to probate, in spite of the statement made by Mr. Goodfellow. R. V. Day, who managed the estate for Mrs. Fair, said that the whole estate in the city was worth about \$4,000,000. shoe manufacture in this city during the past ten years is the best evidence of its success. In 1881 St. Paul had but one city was worth about \$4,000,000.

A CURT DECISION.

California Supreme Court Stands on its Dignity. SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 6.—Attorney General Hart to-day filed in the supreme court a lengthy petition for a writ of review to test the validity of the present grand jury. This is in connection with the Chute case.

The court ruled that the province of the supreme court was to decide cases and not answer questions, and that a person under indictment was the only one to question the legality of the grand jury. Such person could apply for a writ of prohibition. The attorney general's application was dismissed. He thinks this establishes the legality of the grand jury. the grand jury.

Steamship Arrivals.
London-Sighted: Dania, Lahn and City of New York, from New York.

PHILADELPHIA—Arrived: Lord Gough.

ANTWERP-Arrived: Rhynland, from New York. New York-Arrived: Friesland, from Aut

THE BATTLING KINGS.

Hal Pointer and Direct Are Credited With One Heat Each.

The Great Trotters Booked to Make Sensational Time To-Day.

Rey del Rey and Pessara Run a Dead Heat at

Louisville Event Won by Curt Gunn--Good Races at Chicago.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Oct. 6.-Nature showed up a rare autumn, a little too cool, however, for harness horses to beat their best. All night and morning were busy men and teams working on the track, which by noon was in good shape, not lightning fast, but safe and of the footing that horses revel in Early in the morning rumors were current that there was a hitch in the Direct-Hal Pointer match; that Monroe Salisbury, owner of the black stallion would not start his horse and had not worked him out yesterday, having in view a race for to-day. The rumors found little credence with the people, and by 1 p. m. fully 12,000 were on the grounds

The two-year-old trot and the 2:16 association had offered the money in good faith, and was prepared to pay it Hamline was ready to start his horse, and rather than disappoint the people in attendance would send him a mile against his record of 2:0934. Salisbury Consents

appeared on the track, but before he had finished warming up, Preident Ijams announced that Mr. Salisbury had changed his mind and would start

most of its inhabitants do not appreciate it. St. Paul jobbers prefer to sell goods of St. Paul manufacture, and they generally do so whenever they can, and this helps to create a demand. This tendency to help one another that is being displayed by the wholesalers of St. Paul cannot be eulogized too highly. It is a good plan for all St. Paul merchants to help push the products made here. There is no surer road to a common prosperity.

WANTS of all kinds are quickly answered through the CLORE Investors artises.

A Heartbreaking Gait. The word was given to a splendid start, and locked they went to the quar-ter in 34 seconds, Pointer making Direct

In the two-year-old race Triumph won as he liked, losing the first heat through swerving into the fence on the

Wabash stakes, two-year-olds, value \$1,605-Triumph, by Richwood... Valse, by Onward.... Time, 2:44, 2:394, 2:38. Frank Dortch ..... Special pace (unfinished)— Hai Pointer.... Time, 2:13, 2:11.

JEROME PARK, Oct. 6.-A programme

## Cook. 122, 6 to 1: Early Blossom, 104, 40 to 1; Redfellow, 112, 12 to 1: Seymour, 98, 50 to 1. At the last sixteenth post the pace began to tell on Cook, and he dropped out. Raceland had no difficulty in shaking off Chesapeake, and won by two lengths, Chesapeake second, G W Cook third. Time, 1:214.

Livonia, 101.
Selling, mile and a sixteenth—Esquimau,
115; Long Knight, 198; Hoodium, 107; Glen
lochy, 195; Lady Pulsifer, 103; Kimberly, Gettysburg, 102; Miss Bell, 49; Perlid, 97.

LONG SHOTS WON THREE.

Curt Gunn Lands the Blue Grass

Stakes. LOUISVILLE, Oct. 16 .- The fall meet-

ing of the Louisville Jockey club was

opened to-day with about two thousand

First race, half a mile, maiden two-year-olds—Irish Chief, 89, 6 to 5: Empress Fred-erick, 76, 5 to 1: Critic, 90, 15 to 1: Gavoso, 103, 20 to 1: Ten to One, 100, 20 to 1: Becky Sharp, 105, 20 to 1; Rook Laidloaw, 90, 8 to 1; Greechma, 90, 6 to 1; F. G. Murphy, 88, 10 to 1: Silverstope, 75 to 15 to 1

front to a good start, was never headed, and won, Empress Frederick second, Critic third. Time, 0:50.

Second race, for all ages, mile—Starters: Col Wheatly, 107, even; Carter B. 113, 3 to 1; Jugurtha, 105, 5 to 1; John G, 94, 6 to 1; Longbrocck, 103, 8 to 1; Ed Eshelby, 77, 7 to 1.

Wheatly led till within a furlong, when Ed Eshelby came through, and in a fighting fluish beat the favorite a head.

In the stretch Curt Gunn came away

Mile—Great Hopes, Fillide, 79 each; Content, Ed Eshelby, 82 each; Ell Kindig, 108; Fred Taral, 117; Princess Limo, 119.

SOME NOTED RACERS.

Rimini, Nellie Pearl and Race

Among Chicago Winners.

ruled off the Garfield track to-day for

Second race, three-quarters of a mile-Pramp won, Iowa second, Lela third. Time,

Two-year-old maidens, five furlongs—Jennie B, 108; Bess McDuff, 108; San Pablo, 108; Angeree, 115; White Seal, 115; Forest Belle,

pulling Louis M in the second race.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6 .- Jockey Fox was

pleasant.

off Chesapeake, and won by two lengths, Chesapeake second, G W Cook third. Time, 1:21½.

Second race, mile and a quarter—Starters: Banquet, 143, 7 to 1; Masterlode, 99, 5 to 1; My Feilow, 99, 8 to 1; Judge Morrow was in hopeless trouble at the sixteenth pole, and Banquet and Masterlode fought it out, Banquet gradually forged to the front and won by a neck, Masterlode beating My Fellow three lengths for the place. Time, 2:12½.

Third race, for two-year-olds, three-quarters of a mile—Starters: Dr. Wilcox, 95, 20 to 1; Fagos, 100, 10 to 1; Refraction filly, 115, 7 to 2; Charade, 119, 5 to 2; Thiers L, 92, 25 to 1; Hamilton, 102, 11 to 5; Alliquippa, 100.

After a rousing finish Dr. Wilcox won by a length, Fagot second, Refraction filly third. Time, 1:18¼.

Fourth race, Mosholu stakes, for three-year-olds, mile and a furlong—Starters: Reydel Rey, 129, 3 to 1; Pessarra, 125, 5 to 2; Picknicker, 125, 6 to 5; Kildeer, 118, 9 to 1; Mimi filly, 101, 10 to 1.

Abont half a furlong from home the race settled down into a match between Rey del Rey and Pessarra, and a desperate struggle ensued. It looked as if Rey del Rey won by a short head, but the judges declared the result a dead heat. Picknicker was third. Time, 1:58%.

Fifth race, selling, allowances, mile—

Jerome.

pace were about through, and the crowd was becoming impatient for the appearance of the champions, when President ljams mounted the starter's stand and announced that Mr. Salisbury had declined to start Direct; that the to the winner of the race; that Mr.

At 4:30 Geers, behind Hal Pointer,

Direct with a terrific burst of speed onto him, carrying him off his feet and Direct passed him, the last quarter having been done in 31 seconds, the last eighth in 16½ seconds. Pools now sold Direct \$50, Pointer \$40.

In the second heat Geers, knowing that he could not win the battle in the last quarter against the phenomenal speed burst held by Direct, changed his tactics, and in scoring brought Pointer down to the wire at

attend strictly to business; to the half in 1:07, and then the fight began. With every nerve drawn to its utmost

With every herve drawn to its utmost tension the game horses fought it out. Down the third quarter the pace was killing, and victory could only be to the one that could live it through. No endeavor was made to save the horses for the final brush. The battle was on, and was to be fought out—endurance and gameness would tell the tale, at all hazards.

In 32 seconds they were to the third quarter. The lash then began to fall upon the stallion, and the two drivers, using every endeavor and art known to the profession, urged on the fiying steeds. Slowly but surely Hal Pointer closed up on the stallion. At the dis-tance stand he is at his neck, half way home he is even, and so they remain to within fifty feet of the wire, when Geers rallies Pointer, and he goes under

the wire winner by a nose.

Pandemonium broke loose. Cheer after cheer greeted the victor. Darkness came and the race goes over till to-morrow, when sensational time will be certain. This evening the inward-ness of Mr. Salisbury's action comes to light. Direct was short of work for a bruising race. By delaying the start, the race could not be completed to-day, and the two heats would serve to pur Direct in shape for to-morrow. The Minor Events.

In the 2:16 pace pools sold: Lee H \$50; field, \$50. In the first heat Frank Dortch and Lee H fought it out, Grant's Abdallah being laid up. Dortch outfinished Lee H. In the three last heats Grant's Abdallah, Lee H and Frank Dortch had it from wire to wire, but each ended in Grant's Abdallah having the most speed.

Pools sold this evening on the race of to-morrow: Hal Pointer, \$50; Direct, \$27. Three-year-old race: Cleo, \$25; Stamina, \$15 and field \$15. In the 2:10 trot: Vic H, \$115; Honest George, \$20; McDoel, \$15; Walter E or Grant's Abdallah, \$10; Geer's entry, \$10; field, \$10. In the 2:23 pace: Bob Taylor, \$50; Kissel's Dallas, \$40; Walter Wilton, \$30;

A GREAT CARD.

Rey Del Rey and Pessara Make a Dead Heat.

JEROME PARK, Oct. 6.—A programme of unusual brilliancy and perfect autumn weather brought another large crowd to the track. The track was again dry and dusty.

First race, 1,400 yards—Starters: Raceland, 122, 6 to 5; Chesapeake, 122, 7 to 5; G. W.

## DYING IN THOUSANDS

Starving Russian Peasants, in Desperation Make War on Each Other.

Fire and Pillage the Method Adopted--The Stamp of Humanity.

Death of Hon. W. H. Smith, the Conservative Leader in the Commons.

Karl I. of Wurtemberg Dies and Wilhelm II. Ascends the Throne.

Boston, Mass., Oct. 6 .- Cable adices from Russia received at the Jewish colony in the North end say that entire states are being deserted on ac-Fifth race, selling, allowances, mile—Starters: Milt Young, 100, 8 to 1; Carroll, 104, 7 to 1; Luella B, 102, 16 to 5; Long Dance, 118, 5 to 2; Frontenac, 113, 10 to 1; Rover, 102, 20 to 1; Margherita, 98, 20 to 1; Lady Pulsifer, 105, 6 to 1. that a new law has been made forbid-ding the sowing of seed this fall, so that the acreage next year will not be sufficient for the home supply, still less for export. So great is the distress that Mitt Young made all the running, and won without having been headed by a length and a half, Carrolt second, Luella B third. Time, 1:46.

Sixth race, five-eighths of a mile—Starters: Delusion, 111, 25 to 1; Padre, 111, 20 to 1; Monopolist, 111, 10 to 1; Vernon, 111, 20 to 1; Moonpaker, 111, 40 to 1; Perfume, 108, 15 to 1; Batsman, 118, 60 to 1; Beile of Elban colt, 108, 12 to 1; All Ablaze, 111, 40 to 1; Lady Wemlock colt, 111, 15 to 1; English Lass colt, 111, 15 to 1; The Shark, 111, 15 to 1; Lady Superior, 108, 4 to 1; Faux Pass colt, 111, 40 to 1; Alcina colt, 111, 50 to 1; Melita colt, 111, 20 to 1; Tarantella, 108, 30 to 1; Glamor, 116, 12 to 1. people have been driven to pillaging each other, first setting fire to villages and then robbing the inhabitants. By the united charities of the government and people a biscuit day is allowed every individual in the famine district. The distress is a greater menace to the government than all the efforts of the nihilists. The famine may cause a revolution where love of liberty has failed. Aid is being sent in by the Holland Jews and nihilist societies of America. The latter have sent \$5,300. Delusion won, with Belle of Elban filly second and Vernon third. The dust was so thick that the starting post could not be seen, and no time was

The Stamp of Humanity.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 6.—The Grashdanin announces that the officers of the imperial guard have decided not to drink champagne at any of the regiment. taken.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

Handicap, three-quarters of a mile—Lord Harry, 125; Autocrat, 121; Bradford, Dalsyrian, 118; Kitty T,117; Leveller, Sir George, Bellevue, 116; Wrestler, 114.

Mile—Ocypete, 123; Sir John, Madstone, 117; Castaway II., 107; Mabel Glenn, 104; Kingstock, Pagan, Glehmound, 102; Belle of Orange, 90.

Selling, three-fourths of a mile—Cottonade, 169; Panhandle, Schuylkill, 106; Foreigner, Splendoline, 104; Furnish, 98; Bengal, 94; Hyacinthe, 92; Knapsack, 90; Joe Kelly, St. Pancras, Notus, Candelabra, Temple, 88; Lalla, 88; Dago, 102.
Fashion stakes, three-fourths of a mile—Yorkville Bell, 120; Ignite, 118; Crochet, 116; Recess, 108; Umilta, 110; Bonnie Burk, 103, Mile—Abl, 107; Bellwood, Seymour, 104; Llyonia, 101. drink champagne at any of the regimental banquets, and to contribute the money which would, in the usual course of events, have been so spent, to the peasants of the famine-stricken districts of Russia. All classes of citizens here, following the example of the czar, who has decided that no court balls will be given during the coming season and that the money usually spent for this purpose shall be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the famine in this country, have resolved to abandon all entertainments during the winter and to contribute the money thus saved to to contribute the money thus saved to the fund for alleviating the distress of the familishing people. Most of the public officials announce their intentions

lic officials announce their intentions to devote a certain percentage of their salaries to the same purpose; workmen have decided to give a proportion of their humble wages, and even children will offer their little savings. Collections are to be taken up on every feast day in all the churches. The stream of relief is coming through wide channels, but the system of distribution, it is claimed, is very defective.

very defective.

The press of St. Petersburg denounce the merchants and members of the nobility for seeking profit from their people present. The track was in fair condition and the weather was cool and stores of corn, while the poor peasant are starving. They make a strong appeal to the government to remove the edict prohibiting the export of rye, and substitute therefor a heavy tax on the exportation of all cereals. Reports from the Barn district end clearly the rest. the Baku district and elsewhere are to The favorite, Irish Chief, got off in the effect that thousands of persons are dying of starvation.
St. Petersburg, Oct. 6.—The desti-

tute peasantry in the district of Sko-pino are subsisting almost wholly upon bread made of stitchwort, and even that s beginning to fail. In the province of samara, in the eastern part of Russia, the government relief for the starving people has been restricted to a pound and a half of bread daily to each person.

a lighting lithish deat the rayorite a head. John G third. Time, 1:45.

Third race, Blue Grass stakes, for two-year-olds, three-fourths of a mile--Starters; Curt Gunn, 122, 7 to 10; Lake Breeze, 115, 5 to 1; Chief Justice, 110, 5 to 1; Miss Dixie, 109, 4 to 1; Idzzie English, 112, 10 to 1; Minnie Cee, 102, 4 to 1; Orlie, 102, 5 to 1. DEATH OF W. H. SMITH. The Conservative Leader a Vic-

tim of Gout. London, Oct. 6.-Rt. Hon. William Henry Smith, first lord of the treasury, warden of the cinqueports and the gov

and won in the easiest manner possible, Chief Justice second, Lake Breeze third. Time, 1:17. ernment leader in the house of com-Fourth race, mile and an eighth—Starters: Eli Kindig, 113, 5to 1; Queenie Trowbridge, 110, 6 to 1; Prince of Darkness, 87, 3 to 1; Tom Rogers, 116, 6 to 5; Boro, 113, 10 to 1. mons, who has been ill for some time past, suddenly suffered a relapse this morning and died this afternoon. Mr. In the stretch Eli Kindig went away Smith made favorable progress toward from the bunch and won by four lengths, with Queenie Trowbridge second and Darkness third. Time, 2:00½. smin indue favorable progress toward recovery until yesterday, when he became worse and suffered a great deal of pain, owing to the reoccurrence of gout. This morning Mr. Smith's condition became critical and he died at 3 p. m. Mr. Fifth race, mile and a sixteenth—Starters: Hy Dy, 197, 10 to 1; Insolence, 111, 7 to 5; Bob Forsythe, 113, 2 to 1; First Lap, 101, 12 to 1; Hueneme, 102, 8 to 1; Fannie S, 108, 7 to 1; Outery, 104, 6 to 1. Smith, who was one of the representa-tive business men of England, is popu-larly reputed to have left a fortune of Hy Dy won easily. Bob Forsythe set the pace for the leaders in the stretch, but he could do no better than come in a bad third, four lengths behind Insolence. Time, 1:52. Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, member

Rt. Hon. Arthur J. Balfour, member of parliament for East Manchester and chief secretary for Ireland, will succeed the late Mr. Smith as Conservative leader in the house of commons, if the influence of the powerful Carlton club and the opinion of the Conservative party, as a whole, rules in the decision to be made by Lord Salisbury. On the solence. Time, 1:52,

Sixth raco, selling, mile—Starters: Mary C. 194, 5 to 2: Twilight, 109, 15 to 1: Bramblett, 102, 20 to 1: Clark, 103, 8 to 1; Joe Walton, 100, 6 to 1: Viola Guild, 82, 15 to 1: Portuguese, 94, 7 to 2: John Adams, 97, 7 to 1.

Portuguese led all way around and won in a walk, Clark second, Viola Guild third. Time, 1:45%,

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.

Mile and twenty yards—Col. Wheatley, Grandpa, Van Zant, 108; Laura Doxey, 110; Nero, 113; Nina Archer, 119.

Selling, mile and seventy yards—Little Annie, Ora, 92; Warplot, 95; Melanie, 101; Patrick, 104; Laura Davidson, 110; Nero, Princess Limo. Bob Forsythe, 113.

St. Ledger stakes, mile and a quarter—Tarquin, Kingman, Rudolph, 122 each.

Maidens, five furlongs—Income, Allie W, Silver Stone, Empress Frederick, Builet, 110 each. to be made by Lord Salisbury. On the other hand, if the negotiations now pending for a reconstruction of the cabinet, based on the absorption of the Liberal-Unionists, are effected, Rt. Hon. George J. Goschen, chancellor of the exchequer, will claim the leadership.

An intimate friend of Mr. Goschen An intimate friend of Mr. Goschen states that Lord Salisbury, during a critical period in the history of the coalition between the Conservatives and the Liberal-Unionists, gave the written assurance that Mr. Goschen should have the leadership of the Conservative party In the house of commons in the event (then a possibility, owing to Mr. Smith's state of health and the rumor that he was about to be raised to the peerage) of the retirement of the first lord of the

of the retirement of the first lord of the treasury from that position.

Mr. Gladstone has wired the following message of condolence to the relatives of Mr. Smith: "I have received with grief the news of Mr. Smith's death. I shall long retain a recollection of his kindly nature fine gualities and of his kindly nature, fine qualities and distinguished devotion to the public service.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile—Roley Boley won, Louise M second, Tom Stevens third. Time, 1:1512.

Third race, mile and a sixteenth—Rimini won, Hindoo Lass second, Somerset third. Mr. Smith was born in 1825. He was educated at the Grammar school, Tavistock, and in due course of time became interested in the celebrated book selling and publishing house and news agency which bears his name. In July, 1865, he unsuccessfully contested Westminster in the Conservative interest, but in 1868 his candidature was renewed, and he defeated John Stuart Mill. He has continued to sit continuously for Westminster to the present time. Ha has held the following official appointments; Financial secretary to the treasury, 1874-7; first lord of admiralty, 1877-8; secretary of war, 1885. On the realgnation of Lord Randolph Churchill, Mr. Smith vacated the war office, and assumed the leadership of the house of commons as first lord of the treasury. As mark of her especial favor and as a reward for his services, her majesty conferred upon Mr. Smith the office of lord warden of the cinque ports. Third race, mile and a sixteenth-Rimini won, Hindoo Lass second, Somerset third. Time, 1:5034.
Fourth race, mile—Silverlake won, Santa Anna second, Silverado third. Time, 1:4234.
Fifth race, three-quarters of a mile—Nellie Pearl won, Carlsbad second, Waiter third. Time, 1:17.
Sixth race, mile—Earnest Race won; Lorenzo second, Guido third. Time, 1:43.

ENTRIES FOR TO-DAY.
Selling, mile—Mephisto, 91; Galbanum, 94; Flora R. 97; Willow, 97; Jack Brady, 100; Ireland, 100; Flyleaf, 103; Newcastle, 109; Gov Wheeler, 109.
Two-year-old maidens, five furlongs—Jenwarden of the cinque ports

## THE NEWS BULLETIN. MORMON MONKEYING

Weather --- Fair, warmer. Snow falls in the Northwest. Queen Liliuokalani is dying. The Briggs trial is continued. Methodist ministers appointed. Blaine will make three speeches. Gov. Campbell will sue for libel. St. Paul a Manufacturing center. Jordan challenged to band match. Northwestern Germans celebrate. Street cars wanted on West Third. The actors' fund reaches \$75,000. Farmers' Alliance attacks Porter. Chicago to have an American team. No change in Connecticut elections. Direct-Hal Pointer race unfinished. Young Blaine answers his wife's suit. Famine driving people out of Russia. W. H. Smith, the English leader, dead. Methodist council at Washington to-day.

### Wilhelm II. made king of Wurtemberg. M. P. stockholders would depose Gould.

Columbus Junction, Io., has a big fire.

RUN OF THE MARKETS. Bullish news and a favorable local sentialso helped the improvement. October, December and May each gained 4c at 9542c, 9842e and \$1.0434 respectively. In the corn pit October closed with 42c loss at 5134c, while November and May dropped 4c each at 473c and 413c. Oats unchanged at 264c October, 27c November and 3034c May.

Operators were surprised by the small volume of business in the New York stock market yesterday. The market closed, however, firm and quiet, at practically Monday's closing figures.

Saints and the attitude of its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in these resolutions, deny the assertion of the commission that the church dominates its members in relation to political affairs, etc. The general conference, in the assertion of the commission t

MINNESOTA

### The Smooth Apostles of the Latter Day Saints Have a

Scheme.

Which the Same Is to Get Into the Union and Try a New Plan.

Gov. Campbell Is Aroused and His Assailants Must Play or Pay.

The Vile Attacks Insure His Election--McKinley Loses the Toss.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 6 .- At to-day's Mormon conference a lengthy set of resolutions were adopted relative to the statement made by a majority of the Utah commission in a recent report to the secretery of the interior, which, the ment caused a better tone yesterday in the Chicago wheat pit. The improvement in domestic markets from New York to Duluth also helped the improvement. October, December, and Mary cache in the resolutions set forth, made many untruthful statements concerning the Church of Jesus Christ and Latter Day Saints and the attitude of its members. Saints and the attitude of its members

# YOU KNOW

Wherever you find a hustler in any part of the Northwest you will find him a reader of the GLOBE. Sure thing, every time.

the heir to the throne.

KING KARL IS DEAD.

New Ruler.

iug the night his condition became worse, and his physicians stated that he could live but a short time. Karl I, king of Wurtemberg, was born March 6, 1823, and ascended the throne at the death of his father, King Welhelm I, on June 25, 1864. On July 13, 1846, he married the Grand Duchess Olga, daughter of the late Emperor Nicholas I, of Russia. Prior to the year 1805, Wurtemberg was a grand duchy, but by the peace of Presburg it was erected into a kingdom.

king would have been forced to abdicate had not Queen Olga undertaken to tion of President Woodruff at the prevent a recurrence of the scandals.
The king, since that time, according to no plural marriages during the period The king, since that time, according to the Gazette, has been practically a prisoner in his apartments, as it was feared that he would escape from Stuttgart and go to Paris, which, the same pare concludes, would probably have resulted in a scandal or a catastrophe.

A proclamation signed by the new king and all the ministers has been issued. It announces the accession of Wilhelm II., nephew of King Karl I., to the throne of Wurtemberg. King Wilhelm promises to maintain intact the constitution of the country. He promises to preserve the constitution, protect helm promises to maintain intact the constitution of the country. He promises to preserve the constitution, protect religion and to be the friend and helper of the poor and weak and the zealous protector of the rights of all. In this proclamation the king also promises to fill his position as a German prince, with due regard to the treaties which have been the foundation of the German fatherland, and expresses a determination to make the presses a determination to make the promotion of his country's prosperity the highest aim of his life. Decrees have been promulgated summoning the diet of the kingdom to assemble on Oct. 22.

. Correspondents' Views.

London, Oct. 6 .- The Times' Paris correspondent says it learns that the government is only waiting for the assemblage of the chamber of deputies to ascertain the feeling in regard to the matter before pressing the negotiations, already far advanced, for a formal treaty of alliance with Russia. Love Conquers Ambition.

VIENNA, Oct. 6.—It is reported that the heir to the crown of Roumania has renounced the throne and insists upon

I treaty of affiance with Russia.

The Standard's dispatch from Vienna says the Roumanian army is strong enough to prevent the advance of any Russian force to the river Pruth until

marrying Mile. Vacaresco. The king has invited to the capital the youngest son of Leopold of Hohenzollern, with the idea, it is supposed, of making him tion for the statement that church and state are united in Utah, or that the leaders of the church dictate to members in political matters. No coercion or any other influence whatever of an ecclesiastical nature has been exercised Wurtemberg Will Take Up With a on us by our church leaders in reference to which political party STUTTGART, Oct. 6.—The king of we shall join, and we have been Wurtemberg died at 7 o'clock this morning. He had been ill for some time past, and yesterday his condition best party as we may individually elect. The People's party has been entirely and finally dissolved, and came so critical that the last rites of the church were administered to him. During the night his condition became in the night his condition became best suited to the perpetuity of a Republican government.

peace of Presburg it was erected into a kingdom.

The heir to the throne is Prince Wilhelm, who will be Wilhelm II. He is a nephew of the late king, being the son of his sister Catherine and his cousin Frederick. The new king presided at a cabinet council held here to-day. The landstande, or "estates," of the realm will shortly be called together to take action on certain matters. In all of the streets of the city the people have draped their houses with mourning emblems as a mark of sorrow for the death of the king.

LONDON, Oct. 6.—According to the St. James Gazette there has been danger recently that the Americans who gained such influence at the court of Wurtemberg some time ago would resume their sway, in which case the late king would have been forced to abdicate had not Queen Olga undertaken to prevent a recurrence of the seands!

CAMPBELL IS AROUSED.

Newspaper Slurs Must Be Retracted or Paid For.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 6 .- Gov. Campbell is indignant over an article copied by the Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette from the New York Recorder, relative to his financial condition, claiming among other things that he had lost half a million in Wall street speculations. The governor telegraphed his attorneys in New York to demand a full retraction from the Recorder, and if it is refused, to bring sut for liber. A retraction was also demanded from the Commercial-Gazette. Telegrams were also sent to a number of other na-

were also sent to a number of other pa-pers throughout different parts of the