The roll call was demanded on the motion to lay on the table, and resulted in the overwheiming defeat of the Ive men, the vote being 96 yeas and 26 noes. The entire opposition to Lieut. Gov. Ives voted against the Costello amend-

Promptly upon the announcement of this vote Mr. Costello offered an amend-ment to the effect that after all honorable means have been exhausted to se-cure the nomination of Gov. McGill the Ramsey county delegates shall vote for Gov. Ives. This was declared out by order and Mr. Costello appealed from the decision of the chair. The chair was sustained and the original motion, instructing first, last and all the time for McGill. Dr. Smith again came forward with a resolution indorsing Sena-tor C. K. Davis for re-election to the United States senate and moved its adoption by a rising vote. The resolu-tion is given with the McGill expression above. The only enthusiasm of the convention came out here and there was little of it.

The committee to select the delegates to the state convention next reported the following list, which was at once

At Large—H. B. Willis, A. G. Wedge, Louis Johnson, B. G. Griswold, George Gerlich, Samuel G. Smith. First Ward—Charles Wallblom, Christ Brandt, John Concloud Brandt, John Copeland.
Second Ward-T. F. Conroy, Frank H. Dayten. Third Ward-Charles G. Johnson, L. Low

Enstein.

Fourth Ward—Henry Johns, E. D. Libbey,
C. L. Horst.

Fitth Ward—C. B. McBride, Charles Parker.

sixth Ward—Neis J. Ness, V. J. Hawkins.

Seventh Ward — E. S. Warner, Judge schoonmaker choonmaker. Eighth Ward-C. F. Pusch, W. J. Freancy Ninth Ward-Ralph O'Hara, Thomas How

u. Tenth Ward-D. F. Polk. Eleventh Ward-A. C. Clausen. County-William Cunningham, H. W. Mc

The Cloven Hoof. Gen. Flower offered a resolution of sympathy for H. S. Williams over the sad death of his estimable wife, which was adopted, with the dissenting vote of "Tim" Reardon. Cries of "Shame! shame!" came from all parts of the hall, all recognizing the propriety of such a resolution, inasmuch as Mr. Williams had been elected a delegate to the convention. The indignation brought Mr. Reardon to his feet.

brought Mr. Reardon to his feet.

"I suppose those cries of shame refer to me," he said, "I voted no, and am not in favor of sympathizing with any man who sells out his party."

This speech disgusted every member of the convention, and had not Reardon's character been so well known to all, he would probably have been thrown out of a window.

This disgraceful episode ended the This disgraceful episode ended the

Closing Out Odd Lots Before Regardless of cost, at the "Plymouth" corner. 22d Red Figure Mark Down Sale. Stock Taking

#### A GENERAL JOB LOT.

The American Exchange bank, of Minne apolis, was incorporated with the bank examiner yesterday. The capital is \$50,000. The case of George Graf, charged with as Sault with a dangerous weapon on Adolph Novodtney, has been continued to August 1. The case of Jacob Anderson against Charles Lauer, et al was called for trial in the United States circuit court yesterday and dismissed. Maud Throm, a wayward miss of sixteen years, was yesterday sent to the House of the Good Shepherd for ninety days by Judge

The funeral of John, infant son of J. P. and Addie Buckley, took place from the resi-dence of his parents, 282 Maple street, Mon-Supt. D. C. Steward, formerly of Roches fer and now of Fargo, will conduct the state

summer school at Pipestone in place of Prof. G. T. McCleary, resigned. The personal injury case of A. H. McLary Railway Company is still on trial before

The faculty of the university training o'clock this morning to consider what changes may be made in the conduct of the

school for next year. Company H, and Eugene Cellontford and Charles Hardy as first and second lieutenants

of the same company. Michael Flynn was arraigned in the police court yesterday charged with an indecent assault on John Sternberg. The case was continued, Flynn being committed without bail and Sternberg held as a witness.

The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance company has begun an action against Samuel Wisnan and others to foreclose a mortgage for \$4,500 upon lot 20 in Litchfield's subdi-vision of block 1, of Medill's addition.

Elif Johnson was adjudged insane in the probate court yesterday. He is a carpenter thirty-four years old, and has a wife and two children. His residence is \$37 Wells street. His affliction was superinduced by rheuma-

The street railway company has arranged for three-minute service on the interurban line during the races. Commencing today trains on this line will connect with cars at Snelling and University, running direct to the fair grounds.

A large audience witnessed "The Merry War" by the Winston Opera company at the Metropolitan last night. Only two more per-formances of this opera will be given, tonight

and tomorrow night. Thursday night "The Chimes of Normandy." The four lads, John Corcoran, Thomas Cekanek, John J. Hale and Thomas Corcoran, charged with assaulting Joe Klemish about a mouth ago on West Seventh, were arraigned in the police court yesterday. The examina-tion was continued to July 29th and the de-

fendants admitted to bail. The charge of larceny against Herman Bayer was dismissed in the police court yes-terday. Bayer was charged with stealing \$1 from a tailor shop on West Seventh street. As Bayer was congratulating himself on his discharge he was rearrested on a warrant for failure to support his family. He will determine the best he can toward supporting himself by kintting socks at the workhouse for the next

Secretary Beebe issued his usual ten-day report of the soldiers' home yesterday. There are 216 members of the institution, and of these sixty-seven are absent on leave. John Lunis, a private of Company E, Fourth Wis-consin cavairy, has been discharged. Cyrus C. Swan, of Company E, 112th Illinois; Peter Biren, of Company I, Ninth Minnesota, and Roger Fenton, of Company K, Fifth Minne-sota, have all been admitted.

Will Close.

The Boston, on Third street, will close at noon today. Everybody goes to the races.

#### BATCH OF BIDS

Awarded by the Water Commissions for Improvements.

A regular meeting of the board of water commissioners was held yesterday. The contracts of Robinson, Cary & Co. for an engine at Westside pumping station was approved. W. B. Fox was granted a plumber's license. Kenneth Bryan was awarded the contract for twenty-five tons of pig lead and twenty-five tons of lead pipe. The bid accepted agreed to furnish the pig lead for \$4.07½ per hundred, and the lead pipe for \$4.45 per hundred. Six bids were opened for the erection of an engine house at the West side pumping station. The successful bidders was Andrew Toomey, who was awarded A regular meeting of the board of Andrew Toomey, who was awarded the contract at \$3,297. The contract for erecting a frame house, to be used as a gatekeeper's residence at Lake Vadnais, was secured by G. W. Dorrance, his bid being \$1,400. Plans and specifications for a tank at the West side station, to hold 100 000 gallops were submitted by

the city engineer.

Tennis and Outing Suits

At the "Plymouth." Made of the best French twilled fiannel; will wear well, and while we don't promise that they'll keep clean, will come back from the cleaner in much better shape than the filmsy stuff that sells for very little less,

#### ARE AFRAID TO CUT.

Councilmen Have a Great Deal to Say About School Expenditure,

But Are Tardy in Coming to Any Definite Conclusion Thereon.

Col. Davidson Stirs Up the Members of the Chamber of Commerce.

He Roasts the Government for the Postoffice Appropriation.

The retrenchment and reform counci is still engaged in a spasmodic effort to cut down the estimate made by the school board to meet the current expenses for the year. The joint special committee that has the matter of the mayor's recommendation, making a sweeping cut in the same, met yesterday, and, after a protracted discussion of the problem, adjourned until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock without effecting anything.

Ald. Johnson is the most zealous spirit in the movement, save possibly Assemblyman Reardon. The first is determined to make a big cut in the item of teachers' salaries, while the other keeps constantly in sight the pay of the janitors and engineers. The other members of the committee seem to be agreed that it is expedient to economize, but they care less for specific items. Hence it is quite likely that the school board will ultimately be forced to take the back track, and the thought is very aggravating to them, it is said. Indeed, there are rumors that there will be several resignations from the board if the council takes such peremptory steps as have been threatened. This will doubtless be an incentive to the new administration to show no quarter, for it will give an opportunity to give just so many more positions to the faithful.

Hickman's Legal Lore. Chairman Hickman is a stickler for legal phases, and he began the proceedings by recounting the provis-ions, clothing the council with the powions, clothing the council with the powers that have actuated the movement to cut down the estimate. The law specifies that the board shall report to the mayor an estimate in detail of the moveys needed for the conduct of the schools for the ensuing year by the first day of June of each year. Then, in turn, the mayor shall have ten days in which to report the matter to the council with such recommendations as he may see fit, while the council shall-fix the final estimate by the 15th. The council may make reductions from the estimate in the aggregate, but cannot estimate in the aggregate, but cannot tamper with matters of itemized ac-counts. The council, in other words, may reduce the aggregate amount asked for for teacher's salaties and also the aggregate asked for for other em-ployes of the boord. Then it is provid-ed that the school tay levy shall be not ed that the school tax levy shall be not less than 2 mills on the assessed valuation of the property in the city and not more than 2½ mills. The idea is to keep within these limits.

Judge Hickman reported that he thought the aggregate assessed valua-

hought the aggregate assessed valuation of both personal and real property will amount to \$23,000, and this will give, at 2½ mills levy, including the \$183.679 state tax, \$552.679, or more than Judge Thomas and a jury in the United the school board asks for. Their estimate is for \$456,070.

#### Down to Figures.

When these figures were announced, Ald. Cullen wanted to know the authority for declaring that the state tax will afford the \$186,679, and he was informed agr. Gen. Matther yesterday issues com-sistions to George H. Roedler, captain of mpany. H, and Eugene Cellontford and arles Hardy as first and second lieutenants. Assemblyman Reardon made the hat the figures had been supplied b proposition that he would give bonds to supply fall the janitors and engineers for 20 per cent less than the board's estimate, which would make a saving to the city of \$10,000, he as-serted, and he knew he would make money at that. He did not approve of

paying such exorbitant salaries.
Aid. Johnson took aturn at the wheel.
He produced an exhaustive compilation, showing, he asseried, that he had given the subject an understanding and searching consideration. The board asked for \$395,410 for teachers' board asked for coop, 410 for teachers salaries, and he moved to cut the item by \$43,900.

Mr. Reardon thought he should go

Mr. Reardon thought he should go further and cut off all appropriation for extra teachers provided for in the estimate, making a further saving of \$16,500, but Mr. Johnson was not ready to go so far. He feared extra teachers might be needed, but he are welling to leading the kinst but he was willing to lop off all the kin-dergartens. While he did not want it included in the motion he had made, Mr. Johnson explained that he wanted Mr. Johnson explained that he wanted the janifors provision cut \$4,160, the sec-retary's salary reduced \$600 and super-intendent's salary \$1,200, making a re-duction of \$5,960. He asserted that he was not much of a policy man, still he did not feel like making a sweeping reduction in janitors' wages.

So the discussion ran on, and finally Ald. Cullen cautioned the committee

against taking summary steps. He thought it well first to get the exact fig-ures allowed the city by the state, and therefore moved that an adjournment be had until tomorrow morning at 9 o'clock, when written statements would be procured from the comptroller and council deviates from it the members would be punishable by imprisonment.
"Then I second Ald. Cullen's motion," cried Ald. Johnson, and the motion prevailed.

#### NO MORE INSULTS.

Col. Davidson Would Have This City Assert Its Vigor.

There was a lively discussion yesterday morning at the chamber of commerce meeting over the postoffice appropriation. Several weeks ago Col. J. H. Davidson proposed a resolution pointing out the inadequacy of the appropriation and setting forth that unless the amount be raised to \$1,500,000 the government be called upon to reconvey the site given them for the building. The resolution was "referred," and the committee reported it back without recommendation. Gen. Bishop wanted stricken out of the resolution all reference to a reconveyance. True, the appropriation was inadequate, but the city had deeded the site in good faith and could not ask it to be returned. St. Paul, unfortunately, was not represented in Washington with sufficient influence to assist the city in getting what was needed. Col. Davidson supported his resolution with some warmth. St. Paul had never made a sturdy fight for what she needed. She fights in a spasmodic way and then humbly less the amount be raised to \$1,500,000 in a spasmodic way and then humbly accepts what she can get. Other cities like Detroit, Kansas City and Milwaukee act with more energy and get what they need. When we get a slap in the face, when we are insulted, let us re-

sary to erect such a building as St. Paul required. This course was adopted.

An appeal from Robert W. Barnes, on behalf of the people of St. John's N. S., was read. It set forth the distressing condition of the people, owing to the recent disastrous fire.

Will Close. The Boston, on Third street, will close at noon today. Everybody goes to the

CITY HALL CZAR.

Mr. McCardy and the Auditing

The committee on ways and means of the assembly called a meeting for yes terday. The city clerk informed Mr. Reardon and Mr. Johnson, members of the committee, that the comptroller had returned the batch of claims sent to him for auditing at the last meeting of the committee without comment. Mr. Lightner, chairman of the committee, was acquainted with this on his arrival and seemed somewhat surprised at the action of the comptroller. He studied a moment and then said, to avoid any hitch, the bills had better be laid over until he could see McCardy. If the comptroller wanted the committee to pass on bills before they reached him he was perfectly willing. The other he was perfectly willing. The other members agreed with Mr. Lightner, and McCardy's wishes will be followed to the letter. A member of the committee explained that McCardy had said the committee did not understand the law, but a glance from Mr. Lightner who is something of a tawer him. ner, who is something of a lawyer him-self, shut off any argument on this

Mr. Reardon said he had a letter from Comptroller McCardy, in which that official said the bill for board of prisoners at the House of Good Shepherd could not be allowed, as no authority could be found in the books for such payment. Mr. Reardon said he had looked up the mat-ter and found that by a resolution passed in 1869 the institution was made a city jail for female prisoners and was allowed to charge the same amount for board as the county jail. Mr. Reardon also said he voted for the resolution himself, he being at that time an alder-

A point was made on a bill sent in as approved by the board of control, the claim being for monthly salaries of Drs. Hanley and Coggswell, assistant city physicians.

Mr. Johnson said he thought the

board of control was independent of the council and the committee would not have any control of the bill. Mr. Lightner said if it was necessary for the com-mittee to audit the bill he thought they would have some control over it. Some minor matters were approved, but the larger portion of the business was laid over until Wednesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. In the meantime Mr. Lightner will confer with the comptroller and endeavor to arrange some definite plan by which the creditors of the city can get which the creditors of the city can get their claims allowed within three months after presentation.

#### A VETERAN PRINTER DEAD. Close of a Useful Career of Over Sixty-Four Years.

One of the veteran printers of the United States and one who was honored, espected and even venerated amongst the craft, died in this city yesterday morning-John E. Ingles. Mr. Ingles. was a man of remarkable intelligence, and in the many offices he worked throughout the country he was consid-ered the best authority on any questions of dispute in the offices. In his early youth he was employed in the New York Tribune when that paper was under the management of Horace Greeley, and many a leader that was written by the yeteran journalist was nut in cold type by the deceased ist was put in cold type by the deceased. Mr. Ingles had numerous specimens of Greeley's remarkable handwriting, as well as his autograph attached to letters of commendation. He was also one of the six men who for many years were the only printers on the Cincinnati Enquirer that could read the manuscript of Editor Bloss. The Enquirer had to educate and pay men extra price for all copy written by Bloss, and for years Mr. Ingles was considered one of the most expert in deciphering his peculiar handwriting, which was caused by a by a paralytic hand. He also had numerous were considered quite a curiosity among

printers.

The deceased was born in Wheeling, W. Va., and, had he lived, would have been sixty-five years old this month. He came to Minnesota in 1869, and worked for many years on the old Pioneer, and, after the consolidation with the Press held the position of advertising man on the consolidated paper for many years. As he grew older he tired of night work and took a position as proofreader with As he grew older he tired of hight work and took a position as proofreader with the West Publishing company, where he has been employed for nearly nine years. Here, as elsewhere, his superior intelligence soon gave him the entire charge of the proof reading department, and he was considered the best authorities of the proof reading department, and he was considered the best authorities. ity and most expert reader on legal work in the entire city as well as the Northwest.

Mr. Ingles was first of all a thorough gentleman, amiable, kind, and always willing to lend a helping hand to those in distress. He never refused information or knowledge to those seeking it, and his reward was the satisfaction of knowing that he had done his duty and his happiness consisted in the apprecia-tion shown by his questioner. He was a man as closely after the model that God made and intended, and of as near God made and intended, and of as near a perfect type as the ways of the world can show any man—a spotless character, a pure mind, and a true and loving heart. His whole life was spent in arduous duties, and seemed to be one grand sacrifice for those whom he loved.

Will Close. The Boston, on Third street, will close at noon today. Everybody goes to the

#### A WAITER'S BREAK.

Charged With Kicking a Deaf and

Dumb Girl. John Renfro is an ebony-hued individual who is first assistant head waiter at a Robert street restaurant. Saturday he kicked Dora Knettle, a deaf and dumb "slush cook," employed at the same place. According to Dora's story, same place. According to Dora's story, which was written out for Judge Twohy's information, Renfro's blow was so well aimed, and delivered with such force, that it caused her to have an attack of rheumatism. Her right eye was also badly discolored but that, she wrote, was from a push from Renfro's fist and not from the kick. Attorney McGhee demanded a jury trial, and the case was set for Friday next. Bonds in the sum of \$100 were given by his emthe sum of \$100 were given by his em-ployer and attorney for Renfro's ap-

Do You Want to Buy A good first mortgage upon St. Paul real estate? I have a number to sell in various sums, at 6, 7 and 8 per cent interest, payable semi-annually; title guaranteed. Address W. R. Wilmot, P. O. Box 2499, St. Paul, Minn.

FOR A HAND. A Brakeman Wants \$20,000 From

the N. P. Road. Judge Edgerton and a jury in the United States circuit court are in the midst of the trial of the case of John Kangley against the Northern Pacific

Kangley against the Northern Pacific Railroad company. Kangley was a brakeman on a freight train, and while his train was waiting the approach of another train he was kept on the lookout. He sat down on the ends of the ties beside the tender and had his hand resting on the rail. The engine moved without warning and his hand was cut off. This happened fifteen miles west of Presser, Washington, July 29, 1890, and he asks for \$20,000 as damages.

### IT IS EVER WITH US.

The Eternal Garbage Question Again Discussed by Councilmen.

Contract System Preferred to the Licensed Scavenger's Scheme.

Assessor Smith Publishes His Realty Assessment for the County.

U. S. Circuit Appellate Court

Upholds the Trial

Judges.

The special committee on garbage held another meeting yesterday. There were present: Assemblymen Johnson, Reardon and Daly and Ald. Montgom ery. At the last meeting of the committee it was unanimously decided to recommend the adoption of the contract system for collecting and disposing of garbage, and a resolution was drawn directing the city clerk to advertise for bids under specifications which had been prepared by the health commissioner and corporation attorney, at the request of the committee. The first branch of the council to meet after this decision was arrived at was the assembly and to a man time assembly and to the assembly, and to a man the mem bers of the committee and others of the assembly voted against the adoption of the report. A resolution offered by Assemblyman Lightner, ordering the garbage committee to report back an ordinance for the collection of garbage by the licensed scavenger system, was adopted. This resolution passed the board of aldermen at their last meeting,

and, in consequence, the committee con-vened yesterday as directed.

There was an informal discussion before the meeting was called to order. Mr. Johnson said the city ought to do the work. The best thing outside of that was a contract under specification submitted to the assembly by the committee.

mittee:
Ald. Cullen, who was present, doubted if five tons of garbage could be collected today in the city. Mr. Grant, representing the St. Paul Sanitation company, said his company were collecting from about 150 houses. His experience had been that the garbage out very little figure askes tip coar out very little figure, ashes, tin cans and other refuse being the greater part of the stuff collected. He was of the opinion that nearly all the garbage was burned by families, instead of being removed by scavengers.

When the meeting was called to order Mr. Johnson, explained, that under

Mr. Johnson explained that under the instructions of the council the committee had

No Other Alternative but to report an ordinance providing for the collection of garbage by the licensed scavenger system. The ordinance which had been prepared and submitted at a previous meeting, but not adopted, was dug up and will go to the assembly at the next meeting of that body. Accompanying the ordinance will also be a series of objections to the licensed scavenger system passed by the committee yesterday. The objections had been all prepared by Assemblyman Johnson, and were as follows: for the collection of garbage by the licensed scavenger system. The ordi-

Your committee on garbage desires to protest against the adoption of the liceused scavenger system. It was thoroughly tested some years ago, and not more than one-twentieth of the population availed themselves of this kind of service. The remaining nine-teen-twentieths used their back yards, alleys, vacant lots and neighbors' premises, according to the place most available. If it were possible for the enforcement of the proposed ordinance it would be far more expensive than any proposed. The proposed ordinance allows the scaveuger 15 cents a call. Allowing 20,0% houses, the cost for one-quarter of city daily service and the remaining three-quarters every-other-day service, the cost under the specifications will amount to \$562,500. At 10 cents a call, \$375,000; to 5 cents a call, \$185,500. Your committee on garbage desires to pro-

the population at 150,000, there are 15,000 tons of garbage to be collected each year, 50 tons of garoage to be consected each year, 30 tons each working day.

It is impossible to provide in an ordinance or system like the one the commutue has been asked to report any system of disposal (and this is one of the most important points)

(and this is one of the most important points in the whole garbage system) that will meet the demands of a lot of different scavengers, each one independent of the other. It will be difficult to locate the responsible party when any complaint or trouble between scavengers and patrons occur, which will be frequent finder the license system. The bresent force of the health department or even a much larger one would be inadequate to enforce the provisions of the proposed ordinance. For the above reasons the committee

recommend the ordinance be rejected, and the city clerk instructed to advertise at once for bids for the collection, removal and disposal of refuse matter according to the specifications submitted by the balth corporations. by the health commissioner. Is This Reform?

Ald. Montgomery was not favor of the

Ald. Montgomery was not favor of the licensed system.

Assemblyman Van Slyke said the present council was a reform body, or at least it was supposed to be a reform one, and his idea of reform was to save money. One of the softest snaps he knew of was to secure a contract for removing and disposing of garbage at \$25,000 to \$30,000 per year. Under the license system the people paid for just what work they had done, and no more, and for this reason he favored the license system. Mr. Reardon said that Mr. Van

Mr. Rearion said that Mr. Yan Slyke's talk reminded him of the argument made by the board of public works. When he went to that office to inquire about the hiring of so many inspectors he was told the inspectors were not paid from any fund raised by the tax levy, but by assessment. The same thing was shown here. The rear by the tax levy, but by assessment. The same thing was shown here. The people might not pay any direct taxes for the collection of garbage under the scavenger system, out it would cost money just the same, and he was in favor of saving the people's money.

Mr. Johnson said the poor people would not avail themselves of the privilege of having their garbage removed by scavengers, but would carry the refuse out in the would carry the refuse out in the night and dump it in the streets. Of course the law could punish them, but

the difficulty would be in catching them at it.

A bill for \$225 from the sanitation company for services in removing dead animals during the first three months of the year was approved and ordered to be paid. Mr. Grant, of the company, explained the contract with the city for this work had long since expired, but they had been doing the work and ought to be paid for it.

TAX UPON REALTY.

Assessor Smith Gives His Valuation of Real Estate. County assessor C. Smith has com pleted the valution of real estate for taxation purposes and has prepared the following recapitulation of the as-

sessment: Sessment:

Assessment District No. 1 in city... \$11,275,420
Assessment District No. 2 in city... 16,269,650
Assessment District No. 3 in city... 18,229,205
Assessment District No. 4 in city... 19,365,970
Assessment District No. 5 in city... 9,203,400
Assessment District No. 6 in city... 9,98,956
Assessment District No. 7 in city... 9,588,217
Assessment District No. 9 in city... 19,700,129
Assessment District No. 9 in city... 19,700,129
Assessment District No. 9 in city... 19,71,92
Assessment District No. 10 in city... 3,244,688 \$109,061,318 Exempt, in city.....

\$119,126,977 7,341,67 Total..... Townships and villages ..... This shows an increase over the previous assessed value of taxable real 92 and 94 East Third St., St. Paul.

\$737,124 in the real estate exempt from taxation. The total valuation of real and personal property this year is \$142, 657,072, and shows a total increase over last year of \$2,353,964.

UPHELD TRIAL JUDGES.

The U. S. Circuit Court Files Four Important Decisions. The United States circuit court of appeals handed down four important decisions yesterday, in all of which the ower courts were sustained. The cases, with a synopsis of the opinions of the court, are as follows:

with a sypopsis of the opinions of the court, are as follows:

Louis R. Lamoine, appellant, vs. Dinklin county, Missouri, appellee. Appeal from the circuit ceurt of the oUnited States for the eastern district of vMissouri. Opinion by Judge Henry C. oCaldwell, affirming the decision beblow. This was a suit to compel Dunklini county to convey to Louis R. oLemoine, 17,000 acres of land, alleged to be held in trust for him. The lands awere part of a swamp land grant by act rof congress in 1850 to the state of Mistouri, and granted by the state to the exounty in 1851. The receiver and register of the swamp lands of the county sold part of them in 1857 to several aparties at \$1 per acre, who transferred them to Lemoine. The act of the legislature of Feb. 27, 1857, vested in the county court the exclusive power to make deeds of conveyances for the swamp lands. The legislature also authorized the county to receive stock of the Dunklin & Penobscott Plank Road company at the rate of \$1 per acre for the swamp lands of the county lying within six miles of the proposed plank road. The road was surveyed and part of the lands granted to this company in the name of Clark and Richard. plank road. The road was surveyed and part of the lands granted to this company in the name of Clark and Richardson, who transferred their interests to the plaintiff. The plank road was never built. The county claims that the purchase of these lands by Lemoine was procured by fraud and never paid for, and the company never intended to build the plank road. A demurrer to the bill in the court below was overruled; but upon final hearing the lower court dismissed the bill for want of equity. In his opinion Judge Caldwell declares that the court below decided wisely in dismissing the bill because of laches—the appellant was barred by laches many years before this suit was instituted.

laches—the appellant was barred by laches many years before this suit was instituted.

No doctrine is so wholesome, when wisely administered, as that of laches. It prevents the resurrection of state titles and forbids the spying one from the records of ancient and abandoned rights. It requires every owner to care for his property and every claimant to make known his claims. It gives the actual levy, possesses security and induces and justifies him in all efforts to make valuable the property he holds. It is a doctrine received with favor because its proper application works out justice and equity, and often bars the holder of a mere technical right, which he has abandoned for years, from enforcing it when its enforcement will work large injury to many. The lapse of time which will induce the court to apply the doctrines may be longer or shorter, depending on the circumstances of the particular case. Among the circumstances which induce its application in a brief period are the changed condition of property, particularly as to value and the number of innocent particular case who have a proper to the property of the particular actions a property of the particular parties to be injuriously effected. These conditions exist in this case.

Gets Her Five Thousand.

Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis Railroad Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Eugenia Stoner, defendant in error; from the circuit court of the United from the circuit court of the United States for the eastern district of Arkansas. Opinion by Judge Oliver P. Shivas affirming the decision of the lower court.

Mrs. Stoner was injured in a collision between a passenger train and a freight train near Sibley; Ark., and recovered a verdict of \$5,000 in the court below.

Over a Mortgage. Henry C. Pyeatt and James C. Kirby, plaintiffs in error, vs. Warren C. Powell, defendant in error; in error to the United States court in the Indian Territory. Opinion by Judge Sanborn affirming decision below. A mortgage made in Kansas by a mortgagor residing in the Indian Territory of chattels situated in the Indian Territory is governed by the law of that territory, and is not affected by the statute of and is not affected by the statute of Kansas relative to the recording of chattel mortgages. The federal courts will apply the eules of the common law to the determination of the rights of parties to controversies arising in the Indian territory before any statute law brevailed in that territory, and in the absence of any proof of the prevailing law or customs of those residing therein at the time the controversy arose. At common law a chattel mortgage, unaccompanied with possession, is prima facie void as to creditors of the mortgagor, but the presumption of fraud arising from that circumstance may be

For that "out-o'-sorts feeling" Take Bromo-Seitzer—10c a bottle.

A Railroad's Liability. Northern Pacific Railroad Company. plaintiff in error, vs. Michael C. Cavanaugh, error from the circuit court of the district of Minnesota. Opinion of Judge Sanborn affirming the decision of the court below. A railroad corporation is liable for the negligence of a conductor ot a train causing an accident to a brakeman on his own train under the rule in Railroad Company vs. Ross, 112 U. S., 377.

The Out-of-Door Easy Rig. Full assortment at the "Plymouth." HAD THE GOLD FEVER.

A Runaway Boy Becomes Stranded in St. Paul. A sixteen-year-old lad named George Cushing was taken in custody by Detective Harris yesterday. Cushing ran away from his home at Springfield, Mass., about three weeks ago. He had intended to go to the gold mines in Idaho or harvesting in Dakota, but when he reached St. Paul had not a nickel left. He wired his father for money to return home, and on a dispatch from his parents he was picked up by the detective. The lad will be sent home as soon as provided with a ticket.

Caught by an Engine. William Madden has begun an action n the United States circuit court against the Northern Pacific Railroad company to recover \$3,000 for personal injuries. Madden was a section hand engaged in shoveling snow from the track Dec. 29, 1891, near Palouse City, Or., and an engine was run against him without warning while his back was towards it. He was injured in the back. shoulders and arm.

A ---AT A---

> THE **NEW-STYLE** VOSE!

Beautiful New Designs. Latest Improvements. Established 41 Years. 31.000 in Use. For sale by

& CO.

ONE-DOLLAR SILKS

There never was a handsomer lot of Silks shown anywhere than those now on our center tables. And our special price of 65 Cents

FOR 65 CENTS.

prices are \$1 and \$1.25.

They are not only handsome in appearance, but they are also the bestwearing Silks. Place one beside the best plain China Silk ever made and the choosing will be easy.

If you want one of these don't put off buying. Many ladies are buying them for fall wear.

#### GRENADINES.

Grenadines also were lively vesterday. The entire assortment of All-Silk Black Grenadines is on sale

98 Cents

a yard. Former prices, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2.

All sorts of styles will be found in the assortmentplain satin stripes, brocaded stripes and fancy brocades. They are the best sewing Silk Iron Frame goods in the market. They will not slip, will not pull in the seams, and the color will not wear rusty.

At 98 cents they are the Great Values in this Sale. See Window Display. best Grenadine values ever offered in Minnesota.

#### FOR DERBY DAY.

\$13.50 Parasols, \$8.50. \$22.50 Parasols, \$12.50. \$25.00 Parasols, \$15.00. \$30.00 Parasols, \$16.50. Coverings are Lace, Crepes and Chiffons, in white, cream, pink, heliotrope and black. Attention is also directed to the superior assortment of Paris and Vienna Fans, with or without carved sticks. Prices, \$1 and up-wards.

#### "ETON" SUITS. BLAZER SUITS.

Lots of them here, and more to come.

Both are the best of their kind. Strictly first-class materials; strictly first-class workmanship. They are the best-fitting garment we know of--the most stylish. And they are most reasonable in price.

Ladies' Shirt Waists, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50. More than four thousand Shirt Waists sold here this season. Does not that prove that the prices are right?

Children's Gingham Dresses, 1, 2 and 3 years sizes, low neck, short sleeves, sash, 75 cents.

With high neck, long sleeves, sash and embroidery trimming, 95 cents.

#### CLEARING SALE.

Quite a little lot of Dress \* Goods are thrown on the center tables to be carried away by shrewd buyers. 35 or 40 French Dress

\$5.00

Patterns will be closed out

each; worth all the way from \$7.50 to \$12.50.

Eight pieces of all-wool Camel's Hair Stripes, new and desirable colorings, 44 inches wide, at 50 cents a yard, formerly \$1.00. 40 pieces of Imported All-Wool Checks, Stripes and

fall wear, 75 cents a yard, from \$1.25. Probably a dozen high novelty Dress Patterns, imported to retail at \$35.00 and \$40.00, will be closed out at \$15.00 each.

Mixtures, including many dark colorings suitable for

Mail orders receive our prompt attention.

## FIELD, MAHLER READY FOR THE DERBY?

'Twill be a great event; an immense crowd; undoubtedly a very warm day; you'll go; better dress comfortable; a Straw Hat, Thin Coat, Negligee Shirt, Belt or Sash, Light Trousers; maybe a Wash Vest.

We Have Just What You'll Need.

### for Printed Twilled India Silks of best quality is certainly the lowest. Regular --- Half ---

STRAW HATS, 98 CENTS.

The choice of our entire stock-\$1.50, \$2 and \$2.50 Hats all go at 98 cents.

Regular 75c and \$1 Straw Hats now 48c.

#### SUMMER COATS AND VESTS

Of Serge, Mohair, Drap d'Ete Alpaca, etc. A Seersucker Coat and Vest for 75 cents. Summer Coats, 50c each, up to \$5.

#### WHITE AND FANCY VESTS

At one-fourth off the regular price. That means a \$4 Vest for \$3. A \$3 Vest for \$2.25. A \$1 Vest for 75 cents. All go, the latest styles, both single and double-

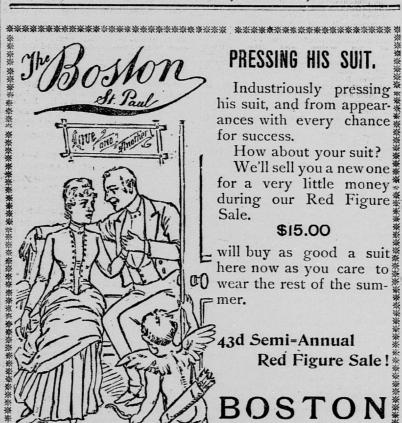
#### OUTING SHIRTS

In Flannel, Madras and Cheviot, from \$3 and \$2.50 to \$1.98; from \$2 to \$1.48; from \$1.50 to 98 cents.

\$12.50, \$15, \$18 and \$20 Suits now \$9.75

## There is still here a goodly assortment of Fancy Parasols, which are to be sold at half-price. \$13.50 Parasols, \$8.50.

Seventh and Robert Sts., St. Paul, Minn.



ST. PAUL PROVISION CO. Wabasha St., Between Sixth and Seventh Sts.

One-Price Clothing Louse,

Third Street,

St. Paul.

# PACKERS!

MEATS!

CHOICE CREAMERY AND DAIRY BUTTER, Eggs and Cheese!

PROMPT DELIVERY.

"WELL BRED, SOON WED." GIRLS WHO USE

ARE QUICKLY MARRIED. TRY IT IN YOUR NEXT HOUSE-CLEANING.