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#### WORLD'S FAIR VISITORS.

The St. Paul Daily and SUNDAY GLOBE can be found on sale at the following places

in Chicago SHERMAN HOUSE. GRAND PACIFIC.

M'COY'S HOTEL

PALMER HOUSE. POSTOFFICE NEWS STAND. AUDITORIUM HOTEL. GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL.

### TODAY'S WEATHER.

Washington, Sept. 20. — For Minnesota: Fair, followed by showers in northern por-tion; warmer in eastern portion; cooler Fri-day morning in western portion; southwest-For Wisconsin: Fair; warmer; southerly

For North Dakota: Showers; much colder;

northwesterly gales.
For South Dakota: Generally fair, followed by showers Thursday afternoon in ex-treme northern portion; winds becoming northwesterly; decidedly colder. For Iowa: Generally fair; warmer in east-

ern portion; much colder Friday morning in western portion; southeasterly winds, becoming northwesterly.
For Montana: Showers: clearing and slightly warmer Thursday in western portion; southwesterly winds.

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULT-URE, WEATHER BUREAU, WASHINGTON, SEPL. 20,6:18 p.m. Local Time, 8 p.m. 75th Meridian Time.—Observations taken at the same moment of time at all stations.

Place of Observation.	Height of Barometer	mometer	Place of Observation.	Barometer	mometer
	29.76	68		29.84	36
Duluth	29.82	56	Miles City		50
	29.92	68		29.88	40
Huron	29.44	74	Calgary	29.84	3- 55 36
	29.42		Minnedosa .	29.44	55
Moorhead	20.	74		29.80	30
	29.46	65	Qu'Appelle.	29.58	4
	29.28	80	Sw't Cur'ent	29.78	3
Ft. Buford	29.58	54	Winnipeg	29.50	5

Local Forecast Official.

Does not the Scripture say: "The horn of the righteous shall be exalted?" Then why not elevate the Hornblower?

SENATOR VOORHEES should be informed that bad precedents are more honored in the breach than the observ-

Courts of old in Europe had an official herald or trumpeter. The United States supreme court can now boast a

STREET CAR tickets made of aluminum are used as currency in Kalamazoo. Here, then, is a place in which Senator Peffer would be supremely happy. A HORSE JOCKEY has mysteriously dis-

appeared from Chicago. Are the jockeys becoming infected with the fever that has so long affected the bank cash-"This is a Republican year," shout the organs. True enough. The general

prostration of business, the suspension of industries, and the tens of thousands of men out of employment, all proclaim the fact. These conditions are the result of Republican misrule.

1F PAID in gold, President Cleveland would have to carry away from the treasury a trifle over sixteen pounds every month, and he therefore prefers greenbacks. Besides, greenbacks are the money of the people, and Cleveland is one of the people-the right sort of

SENATOR MILLS, of Texas, who was thought to be wavering on the silver issue, has placed himself squarely upon the platform of unconditional repeal of the Sherman act. Mr. Mills has acted wisely, and his fellow senators from the South could not do better than to take their stand alongside of the Texas

THE congress of religions having ended, Chicago is preparing to entertain the pan-American congress of physicians. The doctors of medicine, it is expected, will be more peaceably disposed than the doctors of divinity, for it is contrary to the ethics of the medical fraternity to dispute about anything

None but American citixens are hereafter to be given employment in the iron mills at McKeesport, Pa. Those foreigners, therefore, who think so much of their native country as to refuse to vow allegiance to the country of their adoption will be left out in the cold. And this is right. We want no transient visitors here, taking bread out of the mouths of our own people.

abusing President Cleveland because he has declined the invitation to attend the fair on Chicago day. But, however desirable it might be for Mr. Cleveland to visit the Windy City, it should be borne in mind that he has an exceedingly cyclonic senate to look after in Washington, and it would be dangerous to leave the capital, lest some damage might ensue.

IT LOOKS as if those who are clamoring for more money would be accommo dated, in a degree, at least. The reports of the national banks show that their circulation has been gradually increasing since January, 1891, when the amount outstanding was \$125,660,361. At the date of the last report, in July of this year, the circulation amounted to \$157,901,099. This is an increase of about 30 cents per capita of the population-not a large amount, truly; but the man who always has 30 cents in his pocket will never be "dead broke."

SECRETARY LAMONT is the most active and aggressive member of the cabinet, and is said to practically "rule the roost" at the cabinet meetings. He ac- that the silver debate will close by the

quired a knowledge of Mr. Cleveland's disposition during his service as private secretary to the president during his first term, and uses that knowledge to good advantage. Dan is certainly a capable man, and the people have con fidence in him.

ART SUPPLEMENT GIFTS.

St. Paul merchants offer this morning a royal list of gifts for certain numbers of Art Spuplements which the SUNDAY GLOBE distributed on the 17th. Every supplement was numbered at the ton. and there will very certainly be a hunting up of numbers. There will be a much larger list of premiums offered next week for certain numbers in Sunday's issue, Sept. 24, and it behooves every one to make sure of receiving a GLOBE Art Supplement.

A QUICK RECOVERY. There are good grounds for the faith

of those who believe that the country will recover from the effects of this monetary depression more speedily than from any other which the country has experienced; not even excepting that short-lived panic of 1857. These grounds are not alone the evidences of improvement with which the daily press abounds, but are to be found in the overlooked fact that the depression did not begin this spring; that its culmination then was but the precipitation of effects which had been long accumu-

When the bubble of credit which speculative men have been expanding with the confidence that they were creating an enduring structure suddenly collapses without warning, as is usually the case, there is an instant and general paralysis, a general wreckage, of which the commercial field must first be cleared before the work of rebuilding can begin. But where the bubble has for some time been showing signs of collapse; when it has been actually shrinking, there runs along with this process a liquidation which sets the house in order for the coming storm.
The shrinkage of values—which is but

a definition for liquidation-began in this country in the summer of 1890. It has been a continuous, if irregular, movement ever since. It began with those values which have the greater element of speculation in them-the railroad stocks and bonds, which almost universally have been issued on "unborn assets," in anticipation more of future than of present values, and which are among the first to feel a diminution of confidence on the part of in-

The Banker's Magazine for January, 1891, tabulates the depreciation of railroal stocks for the six months preceding its issue. The aggregate shrinkage of stock values, or of prices, rather, in that time was over \$350,000,000. Taking the roads in the Northwest, the Chicago & Northwestern stocks decreased nearly \$6,000,000; Milwaukee, \$21,600,000; the Northern Pacific over \$20,000,000, and the Manitoba \$4,600,000. The failures of business ventures, as given in the reports of the commercial agencies, tell omewhat the same story, showing that a quiet but wide-spread liquidation was prevalent over the country.

A panic for which there has been

three years of preparation naturally finds and leaves business in a better ondition for recuperation than the one that comes without warning. A vessel may be dismasted or founder when struck under full sail by the unwarned squall, but it will ride out with little damage the harder gale of which the falling barometer has given warning and for which preparation is made.

CLOSE THE DEBATE.

When the GLOBE declared Senator Voorhees unfitted for the leadership of the militant Democracy, it did not expect such a unanimous indorsement as licly admit his weakness, as he did on Tuesday. He claims, however, that there is no means by which he can force the pending question to an inference of the pending question to a pending and that there is practically no limit to the debate upon it. It is true, as he claims, that the previous question cannot be ordered in the senate under its rules, yet there are other means that might be employed to stop the fillibustering tactics of the silver senators, and these he ought to enforce. It has been done in the past, when the Republican party was dominant-as, for in-stance, the closure of debate on the torce bill, when Mr. Voorhees himself was denied the privilege of expressing his views fully. Might in those days constituted right. The pleas for a hearing by the handful of Democrats who then composed the minority were ruthlessly and arbitrarily denied, and the end sought was accomplished.

The GLOBE does not counsel the com

ission of unlawful acts, even for the accomplishment of desirable ends. It is a deplorable fact that the senate has so hedged itself about with precedent, with false courtesy and with absurd rules that it may be powerless to give prompt and emphatic expression to the vill of a majority of its own members and of the people. Yet it should not be in the power of a minority of that body to block the wheels of legislation and jeopard the interests of the entire country. So hampered, it cannot fulfill the purpose of its being. It ceases to be a legislative body the moment it gives ein and license to obstructionists and is powerless to control them. Such a condition of things was not contemplated by the framers of our govern-mental system, and such a perversion of urpose threatens the very existence of opular government. A remedy could be found in an amendment to the rules governing the senate; a more effectual nedy would be the selection of senators by a direct vote of the people. But neither of these expedients could avail in the present emergency. The senators now sitting at Washington feel no sense of responsibility to the people. A maority occupy their seats by virtue of their wealth and their ability to corruptly influence the state legislatures They are unprincipled and plutocraticbound hand and foot by personal interest. They are representatives of monopolies and trusts, and acknowledge

no allegiance to the common people. If there ever was an occasion when violation of precedent or established ules was justifiable, the present is that occasion. But it need not be necessary o proceed to such extremeties. Closure may be brought about by less arbitrary neans, and it is time that such an expedient be employed, Complaint cannot justly be made that any senator on the minority side has been denied an opportunity of expressing his views on e pending measure. More than a month has been consumed by them in a seemingly endless round of iteration and reiteration. Senator Voorhees has twice extended the time for pressing his motion for a close of debate, and any further extension would be an

participants and prejudicial to the best interests of the country. SENATOR GORMAN is of the opinion

abuse of toleration. He should act de-

cisively and at once, and demand the close of a debate that is profitless to the

that the last ditch in which the oh structionists say they will die, is so near

at hand? FROM THE PEARY EXPEDI-TION.

The GLOBE publishes this morning the entertaining diary of James W. Davidson, of Austin, Minn., who accompanies the Peary expedition to the Arctic regions. With the exception of reports from Lieut. Peary himself, no other newspaper letters are sent from the party, save by the GLOBE representative. While it will be some time before our correspondent is again heard from, the GLOBE will continue to have the first and exclusive news from the

THERE are no apologists in Louisiana for the recent lynching there. The act is as vigorously condemned by the press and the officials there as at the North, and the most vigorous efforts are being made to apprehend and punish the offenders. The occurrence might have taken place in any state at the Northindeed, such atrocities are constantly occurring-and it is manifest unjust to hold the entire community responsible simply because of sectional lines.

MR. GLADSTONE has finally deter. mined to give the house of lords an-other chance to pass the Irish home rule bill before the dissolution of parlia-ment. He has not announced his programme in case of refusal, but those who know the old man best do not doubt that he has a surprise in store for them which they will not relish. Glad-stone does not belong to that class which "dearly loves a lord."

THERE is no disposition among Democrats, as the Philadelphia Press fears there may be, to withhold from the Republicans in congress due credit for the support they have given to President Cleveland's policy. They are entitled to all the praise which is claimed for them. But after all, they could not have done otherwise and laid ciaim to patriotism, and true patriotism does not famish for lack of praise.

Speaking of "senatorial courtesy," are not the majority of the senators entitled to some courtesy from the minority? This jug-handle courtesy is getting exceedingly tiresome.

### WITH THE TRAVELERS.

Hon. Richard Lockey, a prominent capitalist of Helena and a member of the Montana legislature, was in St. Paul yesterday. He said: "Gov. Rickards, of Montana, has decided not to call an extra session of the legislature to elect a United States senator and to leave the state represented in congress by only one senator for two years. This action is due to the gen-eral sentiment of the state against eral sentiment of the state against calling an extra session. The people of Montana, regardless of party, are strongly in favor of silver legislation, and since one more man there would do us no good, the feeling is that it would be a needless expense to call a session. We are all silverites, but 1 am satisfied that we have placed too much dependence upon our mining interests. If congress declares against us, however, as it seems likely to do, Montana will not go to pieces by any means. Our stock ranches are an immense resource. Then we pieces by any means. Our stock ranches are an immense resource. Then we have great copper and gold mines. The defeat of our silver desires will result only in developing our other resources which have lain in the background because we feit that mining was good enough without attempting other things. Montana has vast agricultural resources, contrary to the opinion generally held. These will be developed. Our stockgrowing industries will reach greater These will be developed. Our stockgrowing industries will reach greater
proportions. The immense cattle
ranches will be cut into smaller parts,
and more people will find employment
in the business. Manufacturing will be
developed, and I predict that with all
our great water powers, coal mines,
minerals, woods, wool and flax productions, we shall before many years become a great manufacturing state. Montana is scarcely second to any state in

Mgr. Nugent, the great Catholic temperance follower of Cardinal Manning in England, is a guest of Archbishop Ireland, coming from Dubuque, where he attended the investment of Arch-America about five weeks, visiting the America about five weeks, visiting the world's fair, taking an important part in the congress of religions, and otherwise employing himself. He speaks as follows of the work in England, and of other matters of importance:

"Since the death of Cardinal Manning we have suffered from not having the influence of so important and so

the influence of so important and so true a leader. The work, however, is still progressing, and a strong public opinion is spreading on every side in favor of temperance. The work of the League of the Cross, of which Cardinal Manning was the chief promoter, has spread among Catholics, and taken root more or less in every country where the English language is spoken. The part which he took in this movement won for him the respect and confidence of all classes. He never refused any oppor-tunity of speaking in behalf of temper-ance, and by this means he broke down the barriers which ignorance and prejudice had raised between Catholics and

Mgr. Nugent spoke interestingly of the postal savings banks in England, which have worked for the best interests of poor people. "Attached to the various district postoffices," said he, "is a savings bank, for the convenience of people who wish to make small deposits. This is an immense advantage to servants and young people and those who wish to husband their earnings. who wish to husband their earnings. The lowest sum taken at one deposit is one shilling, and the sum received in a a year is limited to £30 to the person. The government pays the depositors 2½ per cent interest. The facilities have been a great advantage to the humbler classes. Recently the government has added to this department a branch of life insurance, which is much the same as an ordinary life insurance. The advantage to be gained by such an the same as an ordinary life insurance. The advantage to be gained by such an insurance, in which the government is the security, is plainly to be seen and needs no comment. The insurance is a certainty, and does not depend upon the fortunes of a private company. I believe that, were this country to adopt the postal savings bank and insurance system it would work great results among the laboring people of the nation."

Rev. Richard Kennedy, also of Liver-pool, accompanies Mgr. Nugent.

Death of Gilbert Rugg. Death of Gilbert Rugg.

[A more extended notice of Mr. Rugg's death is given on the eighth page.]

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Gilbert P. Rugg, a prominent business man of St. Paul, was found dead in his room at the Epworth hotel, Fifty-nunth street and Monroe avenue at 7 o'lock this evening. Mr. Rugg's death is supposed to have been caused by heart disease. The body was taken to Roiston's morgue. A business card of the firm of H. P. Rugg & Co., dealers in railway supplies, St. Paul, Minn., was found in his pocket.

W. Clifton, proprietor of the barber shop in the Pioneer Press building, and C. Curtis, proprietor of the Clarendon hotel barber shop, were in the police court yesterday charged with violating the ordinance relating to the closing of barber shops on Sundays. The complaints were made by J. Cleary, one of the officers of the barbers' union, and, as the evidence was sufficient to cause a conviction, the men pleaded willy the officers of the barbers' union, and, as the evidence was sufficient to cause a conviction, the men pleaded guilty and paid a tine of \$5 each.

from seeds sown by the plutocratic conspiracy which controls the wealth of the country and the government.—The Union.

LIBERATI.

His Famous Band to Appear To-Liberati and his famous band will arive in the city this morning. Mr. Mo-

city, and with him trunks containing over 5,000 different pieces of music, from which he daily selects a programme. Among the artists are M. Moeremans, saxophone soloist; M. Schuers, the famous solo clarionetist; Mr. Helleberg, the great basso; Sgr. di Salla, trombone soloist; Sgr. Ricci, also famous as a clarionetist, while at Other Litigation.

the head of the band is the great and only Liberati, who as a cornet soloist has no peer, and who occupies the sam position in the instrumental world that Patti does in the vocal. In connection with the great military band, consisting of over fifty pieces, are the well-known vocal soloists Mure. Amalia B. Rippi, soprano; Miss Abbie L. Laird, controlled the construction of the co

Miss Linuell Laird.
Saxophone Solo...... "Carnival of Venice"
M. Moeremans.
Festival Waltz—"Chinese Lantern" .Lascou

Night.

Cornet solo—"Serenade".

Sgr. Liberati.
Nach-Ceruhmten Mustern — "Humoriste Kommt ein Vogel Gefmoriste Kommt ein Vogel Gef-logen"....Scherz This biece is to illustrate how the same all would sound if written by the following com a) Moderato...
b) Anoante con moto...

d) Militaire March..... a) Milliage state

(e) Systemito—

Beethoven, Chopin,

Beethoven.

(f) Tempo di Waltz... Str

(g) Tempo di Cravoure. Webe (k) Andante..... (k) Allegro Con Fuoco.

(k) Allegro Con Fuoco... Wagner
(k) Allegro Con Fuoco... Wagner
Overture—"Athalia"... Mendelssohn
Soprano Solo—"Roberto"... Meyerbeer
Miss Amalia B. Rippi
Concert Mazurka—"La Czarine"... L. Gunne
Cornet Solo—"Der Freischutz"... Weber
Sgr. Liberati
Reminiscences of All the Nations... Godfrey
England—"The Hearts of Oak."
Germany — "Schubert Serenade" and
"Watch by the Rhine."
Ireland—"St. Patrick Was a Gentleman"
and "St. Patrick Was a Gentleman"
and "St. Patrick Sony."
Austria — "The Hymn," "Hungarian
March."
France—"The Marseillaise."
Russia—"Hymn."
America—"Yankee Doodle." with variations from all instruments.
Scotland—"The Garb of Old Gaul."
Spain—"The Cachuca."
Italy—"Garabald's Hymn."
Turkey—"March Imperiale,"
Concluded with "The Star-Spangled Banner."

At the Metropolitan. Hoyt's "A Texas Steer" pleased two large audiences at the Metropolitan opera house yesterday, and will be presented the balance of this week at this theater, including the usual matinee Saturday.

Theodore Bollman's German company will begin their second season at the Metropolitan opera house next Sunday night, presenting the great German play, "Grossstadtluft." Cleveland's All United Minstrels and the European Vaudeville company com-bined will begin an engagement of three nights and Wednesday matinee at the Metropolitan opera house next Monday, night. The sale of seats and boxes for this engagement begins at the law office.

this engagement begins at the box office this morning.

A slight change has been made in the A slight change has been made in the repertoire for the Irving and Terry engagement at the Metropolitan opera house next week. Thursday evening they will present Affred Lord Tennyson's "Becket," Friday evening "The Bells" and "Nance Oldfield," "The Merchant of Venice" at the Saturday matinee, and "Louis XI." Saturday night. The sale of seats for the Irving engagement begins at the box office at 9 engagement begins at the box office at 9

engagement begins at the box office at 9 a. m. Monday. At the Grand.

The many admirers of Irish plays will turn with relief from the stereotyped plays of that class to one with something new in its story and bright in the treatment of its plot. "The Irish Statesman," in which Carroll Johnson will be seen next week at the Grand, is said to be a happy realization of something new under the sun in Irish plays, and and is of Irish material, essentially Irish, it gets out of the beaten path that has been followed so long by construct-ors of Irish dramas; and not only this, but it presents its hero, the character played by Mr. Johnson as an Irish gen-tleman, and not he of the red wig and the yellow knee breeches. A feature of the performance is Mr. Johnson's sing-ing and dancing.

"Crazy Patch" still continues to at ford light and airy entertainment for those who go to the Grand this week, and Miss Mitchell's singing wins for her repeated recalls at each perform

Mr. McCulloch Corrects the Re-

To the Editor of the Globe I fear my Scotch accent and somewhat novel theories have disturbed the equanimity of your reporter. Allow me to make a few corrections: I said America had "mortgaged future possibilities and correspondingly burdened present potentialities." I said that since 1816 silver had only been a legal tender for 4 per cent; that Scotch bank notes were not a legal tender, and Bank of England notes everywhere but at the bank and its branches. I certainly did not say that paper has been a legal tender for some debts, which is absurd, nor that bank notes have not been a legal tender, which would have been inconsistent. I did not omit "of the inconsistent. I did not omit "of the unit" when speaking of doubling the amount of currency, and the result I predicated was halving, not doubling, the purchasing power of the dollar or unit. When I spoke of Britain using only 2½ per cent of currency it was not in relation to France or Germany, but to the £300,000,000 per week of clearing house transactions. The Scotch bank potes I said were currency but not

house transactions. The Scotch bank notes I said were currency, but not money or legal tender; so with the Bland-Allison silver certificates; but I certainly did not say that it was for some and inferentially not other debts. I also said that a circulating medium could as a commodity be voluntarily accepted in a community; but money as the instrument and creature. money as the instrument and creature of law must be accepted for all debts, public and private. I certainly never said that legal tender is the result of commercial being equal to the face value, neither that the face value comes by power of the government, nor yet that the Avstrian inconvertible note (the florin) was at par in Austria and a (the florin) was at par in Austria and a premium in London. Indeed, it was the Russian rouble by which I made the comparison. I said no government should issue interest-bearing bonds until the curreney had absorbed all it could as a floating debt, and which would not bear interest, also that the issue of notes is no part of the province of a bank. Instead of "it will oscillate" it should have been, one of the suetals will oscillate, the other become the scale of the standard unit. Paper should be regulated, issued and controlled by a curstandard unit. Paper should be regulated, issued and controlled by a currency commission amenable only to congress, and not to the executive government. The rapidity of circulation and the volume of trade is what I did say in that connection. I regret to have to trouble you, but any one who knows me, reading your version, would naturate me, reading your version, would naturally conclude that the hospitality of the

club had thrown me off my bearings. Yours truly, John McCulloch. · Most of the crop of suicides is grown THE LAWYERS' HARVEST.

THE UNITED STATES AND COUNT! DISTRICT COURTS relli, his librarian, is already in the

CALLED UPON VERY LIVELY.

The Great Northern, Northern Pacific and St. Paul & White Bear Railroads Asked for Damages -\$25,000 Wanted From Twin City Rapid Transit Company-

Julietta Philbrook asks for a decree of Ther eight-year-old daughter at the rate of \$5 per month, besides judgment for \$100 as her share of the household effects, and also \$100 for attorney fees. She is thirty-four, and he fifty-eight years old.

They were married in 1873 at New Richmond, Wis. The bushes of the household effects appellants. absolute divorce from Amaziah F. Phil-brook. She also wants alimony at the mond, Wis. The husband now lives at Stillwater. He is accused of being inti-mate with a St. Paul woman. The wife is now a cook in the Protestant Orphans'

now a cook in the Protestant Orphans' home, of St. Paul.
Ella L. Holterhoff has made a voluntary assignment to Stiles W. Burr for the benefit of general creditors.
Lorenzo Sitzen has begun an action against the Life Indemnity and Investment company to recover \$1,000 on an insurance certificate issued on the endowment plan, and payable in ten years. The defendant was originally incorporated as the Union Mutual Aid association.

Henry F. Lange asks judgment against

association.

Henry F. Lange asks judgment against the city of St. Paul for \$2,000 as damage to his property on South Robert street, done by surface water overflowing from a defective sewer.

Samuel Drinkwine had an arm broken on East Third street in July last by falling on a defective sidewalk and asks damages against the city for \$1,500.

Prindle Partridge asks judgment against the St. Paul & White Bear Railroad company for \$2,000 because of personal injuries to his wife Lucinda. She was alighting from a car at Wildwood, July 29, and stepped off upon a box which slid down an embankment, precipitating her to the ground. She sustained a rupture in addition to bodily bruises. Another action was begun in the name of the wife to recover \$8,000 damages for the same accident.

Sarah L. Bridgeman and Coleman Bridgeman have begun an action against William H. Grant to recover \$865. 22 as damages to the title of real estate, accruing by reason of taxes not having been paid when sold by Grant to the plaintiffs.

Edmund S. Durment has attached and garnished the affects of David L. Ham

plaintiffs.
Edmund S. Durment has attached and garnisheed the effects of David J. Hennessy to satisfy a claim of \$1,359.25 for attorney fees and expenses in conducting the litigation by Hennessy against the City of St. Paul.

John Hickey has begun an action in replevin against Cora A. Griffin and W. H. Griffin to recover possession of a lot of household goods valued at \$500.

The Walter A. Wood Harvester company has added another to its long list of suits for subscription to capital stock. In this case Charles Steele is asked to hand over \$2.500. hand over \$2,500. Theodore Hamm has added another

Theodore Hamm has added another to the suits against the city of St. Paul for damages to property by the bursting of Page street in August of last year. He wants \$4,800 as his share of damage. William Hamm makes a similar complaint, and places his loss at \$1,971.

Augusta A. Hinds, as guardian of Henry Hinds, has sued James H. Sehommaker to recover a balance of \$871.39 for money loaned.

Asaac Works asks judgment against John W. Orth and F. W. Shaw for \$5,000 due on a promissory note.

John W. Orth and F. W. Shaw for \$5,000 due on a prommissory note.

Rebecca L. Converse has made a demand in legal verbage against the Chicago Great Western Railway company for \$15,100 for injuries sustained while alighting from "The Motor" at South Park. The train started as she was stepping to the platform and had hold of the rail. She was dragged some distance, fracturing her collarhone, strain.

broke, allowing the elevator on which for thirty days each. francowski was standing to that to the floor below, a distance of twenty-five feet, breaking the left leg near the hip and otherwise bruising him.

Lawrence Hickey has begun an action for damages, against the Twin City for damages, against the Twin City for the commission appointed to for damages against the Twin City Rapid Transit company, demanding Chickamauga.

the other \$1,000 are alleged as the damages.

Wenzel A. Neubauer has begun an action against the Northern Pacific Railroad company to recover \$5,000. He was handling ice May 28, 1892, when the tongs gave way, causing him to lose his balance and fall from a platform that was not protected by any railing, and causing permanent injuries.

John Haney wants a judgment against the Arcade Investment company for \$25,000. He was working at tearing down the building on St. Peter street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, on June 13 last when part of the roof fell down the building on St. Peter street, between Fourth and Fifth streets, on June 13 last when part of the roof fell upon him, injuring his head, neck, back and spinal cord and nervous system.

John Hanson asks judgment against Josiah J. Squires for \$112.50 converted to his use.

slander suit against the St. Paul & White Bear Italiway company and Seward B. Livermore for being called names by Livermore. Tracy was a conductor, and says that on April 16 last Livermore, as agent of the road, said to him in the presence of diverse citizens and persons: "You undertook to do the company up last night. The only reason you didn't do it is because you got caught at it. You have been knocking down." Tracy asserts that his reputation has oeen injered by such remarks, and asks for compensation in the sum of \$5,000.

THE U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.

Geo. P. Wescottet al., appellents vs. Joab Mulvane. Appeal from United States circuit court, district of Kansas, argued by Charles B. Smith and W. N. Rossinger for appellants and A.L. Williams for appellee. Cause submitted to Judges Sanborn and Thayer.

appellants.

Mrs. Harriett Littaner, plaintiff in error, vs. Jacob Rodecker et al., and Jacob Rodecker et al. vs. Lucius N. Littaner. Error to United States circust court, district of Kansas. Continued to December town.

ucd to December term.

The United States circuit court of ap-

peals was in session yesterday, with Judges Caldwell, Sanborn and Thayer on the bench. Causes were heard as follows:

DUnion Pacific Railway Company et al., appellants, vs. United States; appeal trom United States circuit court, district of Nebraska. Continued to December term by consent

district of Nebraska. Continued to December term by consent.
Pacific Mutual Life Insurnace Company, plaintiff in error, vs. Hudson Snowden. Error to United States circuit court, district of Nebraska. Submitted on printed briefs.
Nebraska & Kansas Farm Loan company, plaintiff in error, vs. Ortho C. Bell, receiver; error to United States circuit court, district of Nebraska; cause submitted.
Ortha C. Bell, receiver, plaintiff in er-

circuit court, district of Nebraska; cause submitted.

Ortha C. Bell, receiver, plaintiff in error, vs. National Bank of Commerce; error to United States circuit court, district of Nebraska; continued to December term.

George A. Eddy et al., receivers, plaintiffs in error vs. John R. Evans. Error to United States court, Indian Territory. Submitted as brief of plaintiffs in error.

Artemus Robert, plaintiff in error, vs. Walter F. Lewis; error to United States circuit court, district of Nebraska; passed and reset for argument on October 2.

Collett E. McCauley, plaintiff in error, vs. J. M. Hazelwood; error to United States court Indian territory. Continued to December term per stipulation.

Frank H. Clark et al., appel lants, vs. Albert E. Elder; appeal from United States circuit court, district of Minnesota. Continued to December term.

J. J. Schlawig, appellant, vs. Robert Purslow; appeal from United States circuit court, northern district of lowa; continued to December term.

circuit court, northern district of Iowa; continued to December term. BRIC-A-BRAC.

Six minor building permits, aggregating \$1,100, were issued yesterday. Hon. M. S. Wilkinson, of Wells, was in the city yesterday, en route to the old settlers' meeting at Stillwater. Fire at 1 o'clock this morning damaged the residence of S. Fitzpatrick at 180 East Fifteenth street to the extent of \$300.

F. H. Tenny, who, previous to som two years past, was employed at The Boston, has returned and has taken his old position. Bulletined at the health office vester

day: Diphtheria at 695 Thomas and membranous croup at 188 East Four-teenth street. The paperhaugers' union held a reg-ular session at labor headq uarters last night and discussed means to increase the power of their organization. Alvah Eastman, editor of the St. Cloud Journal-Press, was in town yesterday. He brought no country checks with him, for fear he might be able to

use them

of the rail. She was dragged some distance, fracturing her collarbone, straining the ligaments of back and shoulders and impairing her nerves.

John Grabowski has begun a personal injury action against the St. Paul Stove Works, asking for \$10,000 damages. The man was a laborer in the factory, and on Jan. 24 last the rope of a pulley used to hoist scrap iron to the second floor broke, allowing the elevator on which to for thirty days each. The tin, sheet-iron and cornice work

Mayor W. A. Hotchkiss, editor of the

interurban car while crossing the track
Jan. 7 last. His leg was broken.

Peter Tierney has begun two actions against the Bohn Manufacturing company to recover damages for injuries to his son Mark, who lost a finger, had any others. It is a contracting the second of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction of the contraction. other split and his hand cut by a saw while removing sawdust and sticks from a machine. In one case \$5,000 and the other \$1,000 are alleged as the damages. employed in the court house. The secretary stated that about twenty applications had been received for men to go out of the city and work on farms, but

> quently could not take the places of-Shattuck & Wood, of the Nicollet house, Minneapolis, have secured the restaurant privilege at the union depot in this city. Mehl & Son, formerly of the Ryan, had the privilege, but recent financial embarrassments caused the

the men had no money, and conse

Josian J. Squires for \$112.50 converted to his use.

Hanna Erickson and Carl E. Erickson have given notice of actions against Charles Armstrong.

Mary A. Creamer has sued Frank Herbert to recover \$500 as commissions on the sale of real estate.

George E. Tracy is retaliating in a specific conduct, were dismissed in the police court yesterday on motion of the city attorney. At the time of the arrests man Gruber, but an understanding was reached between Galvin and Gruber and the charge withdrawn.

## **GLOBE** \*\* ART SUPPLEMENT CIFTS

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The Art Supplements supplied by the Sunday Globe are conspicuously numbered. Purchasers of the Sunday Globe Can Obtain Valuable Articles by saving their Art Supplements and

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NUMBER 13185.

THE FAMOUS BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE, A C. B. Bowlby & Co., Proprietors, Corner of Third and Robert Streets, will give a handsome Rogers, Peet & Co. Silk-Lined Vicuna Overcoat, worth \$25.00, to the party who will present or send them the Sunday Globe Art Supplement of Sept. 17th bearing the above number.

NUMBER 10100.

DANSOM & HORTON, dealers in Fine Furs at Nos. R 99 and 101 East Third Street, will present a lady's or gent's fine Sealskin Cap on the presentation of the above-numbered Art Supplement of the Sunday Globe of Sept. 17th.

NUMBER 9294.

THE above-numbered Art Supplement of the Sunday Globe of Sept. 17th, when presented to the

HANAN SHOE COMPANY at 92, 94 and 96 East Seventh Street, will secure a pair of the celebrated Hanan & Son's Shoes.

NUMBER 17208. **BROWN, FROST & CO.,** the well-known Seventh Street Dry Goods House, will give a Dress Pattern of any \$2.00 woolen goods in stock, or a lady's or child's cloak worth \$15.00, to any one bringing them the Art Supplement "Not Too Fast, Sir," numbered as above,

issued by the Sunday Globe on the 17th.

NUMBER 15177. CMITH & FARWELL, furniture dealers at 409 and 411 Jackson street, will give a beautiful Oak Flower Stand for the above-numbered Art Supplement of the Sunday Globe of Sept. 17th.

NUMBER 12197.

E. WHITNEY, of Whitney's Music Store, at 97 E. WHITNEY, of Whitney's Music Store, at 97
East Third Street, will present a very fine Italian Mandolin, thoroughly and perfectly fretted and tuned, in exchange for the Sunday Globe Art Supplement of Sept. 17th, numbered as above.

NUMBER 7592.

SCHLIEK & CO., Shoe Dealers at 103, 105 and 107 East Sixth Street, will give one pair of the best Shoes in the house for ladies or gentlemen for the Globe Art Supplement of Sept. 17th, No. 7592.

NUMBER 5550.

STRONGE THE MILLINER, at 380 Wabasha Street' will give any \$5.00 Hat in his house for the abovenumbered Art Supplement of the Sunday Globe of Sept.

NUMBER 18011.

TTENRY BOCKSTRUCK, Jeweler, at 11 East Seventh Street, will give a novelty in a Minnehaha Souvenir Spoon for the Art Supplement of the Sunday Globe of Sept. 17th, numbered 18011.

THADDEUS CLANCY, of the Ryan Hotel Hat Store, 133 East Sixth Street, offers a \$5.00 Derby Hat for the above-numbered Art Supplement of the Sunday Globe of Sept. 17th.

NUMBER 14000.

NUMBER 19001.

THE FURLONG GROCERY STORE, on the corner 1 of Eighth and Jackson Streets, wants Number 14000 of the Art Supplement issued by the Sunday Globe Sept. 17th, and will give a fifty-pound sack of the renowned Haxall Flour for it.

NUMBER 16005.

THE SHEPHERD PHOTO CO., 420 Wabasha Street, I offer one dozen of the best Mantello Cabinets for the above number of the Sunday Globe Art Supplement of Sept. 17th.

NUMBER 16419.

THE PALACE FURNITURE & CARPET CO., 419 1 and 421 Jackson street, will give a fine Parlor Rocker or a Reception Chair in return for the Globe Art Supplement of Sept. 17th bearing the above number.

NUMBER 19499.

THE STERLING STOVE & FURNITURE CO., J. J. Biebighauser, Proprietor, 318 and 320 East Seventh street, offer a handsome Palace Sleeper Carriage for No. 19499 of the Sunday Globe Art Supplement of Sept. 17th.

No person directly or indirectly connected with the GLOBE will be permitted to present any Art Supplement for the purpose of securing any of the above gifts.

Essession Secure the Premiums,

SALE

WILSON BROTHERS' WHITE SHIRTS,

75 CENTS EACH!

THE BOSTON CLOTHING HOUSE.

BOWLBY & CO.