BULLETS FOR BANDITS.

THE NOTORIOUS FLEMING BROTHERS ARE SHOT DOWN.

ONE OF THEM IS KILLED.

The Other Still Alive, but Has Three Mortal Wounds in His Left Breast—One Officer Fatally and Another Seriously Wounded — The Flemings Killed Five People.

WESTON, W. Va., Jan. 14.—Information was received here this afternoon of the apprehension of Calvert and Henry Fleming, two notorious outlaws for whom the state of Virginia offers a reward of $2,000, and the county of Wire $800. They are charged with having committed five different murders and several highway robberies are also alleged against them. The Fleming brothers have been fugitives from justice for a long time. They successfully evaded the officers of the law and made their way overland to Boggs, this state, in the mountains of West Virginia. They believed themselves to be safe. On Saturday evening about 4 p. m. they stopped at the store of John Boggs, about nine miles from Cowen, a station on the West Virginia & P. Railroad, in which store the postoffice for the village was kept. The outlaws had been traced to this neighborhood by four officers from Virginia, who were seeking their arrest. While the Flemings, who were going under different aliases, were engaged in making some purchases at the store, the officers came in and readily identified them. They demanded an immediate surrender, but the desperadoes resisted arrest and opened fire upon their pursuers. The shots were returned by the officers, and a fierce conflict then ensued. Calvert Fleming was killed outright and his brother Henry was mortally wounded with three shots in his left breast. He is still alive, but cannot recover. Two of the officers, John H. Branhan and "Doc" Swannell, were seriously wounded. The injuries of the former are considered fatal, he being shot through the left lung and right shoulder. "Doc" Swannell is shot through the neck below the ear. His condition is doubtful. A clerk in the store was also shot in the struggle, but is not thought to be dangerously hurt. Calvert Fleming is one of the men implicated in the murder of Mullins and others at Pound Gap, Va., in 1892. Before he died he requested that his remains be sent to Norton, Va., his home. All preparations, however, have been made to bury him at Boggs.

WHERE IS MISS BONESTEEL?

A Young Kansas City Girl Disappears.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 14.—The mysterious disappearance of Miss Belle Bonesteel, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Dr. William J. Bonesteel, a prominent local physician, which occurred last Thursday, has just been made public. On that evening, it appears, Miss Bonesteel, who is an extremely handsome girl, started for the opera, accompanied by two intimate friends. Before reaching the theater she changed her mind and decided to call upon a lady friend and to meet her two companions, a lady and a gentleman, both of whom are friends of the family, at 11 p. m., when they all should return home together. When the appointed time arrived Miss Bonesteel was not to be found. Mr. and Mrs. Bonesteel were loath to make the story public, and, with the aid of a couple of detectives, began a systematic search for her. Though all clues have been thoroughly worked, all theories upset and the city been traversed from end to end, no trace of the missing girl has been found, and now foul play is feared. When last seen Miss Bonesteel wore diamonds valued at $200. She was engaged to a Grand Island, Neb., business man.

Bloodshed Likely.

SHOALS, Ind., Jan. 14.—Sheriff Cannon received private information of the release of Sherman Wagoner, the wife murderer, and left immediately for the retreat of the criminal. He has organized a strong posse and will surround the place tonight. Wagoner has numerous relatives, who are shielding him from assault.

IN BURNING CINDERS.

Manner in Which a West Virginian Lost His Life.

POMEROY, O., Jan. 14.—The dead man found in a bed of cinders at Clifton, W. Va., yesterday is thought to be Henry W. Altonbrinck, of Coal Valley, Allegheny county, Pa. He was suffocated by gas, having fallen into the fire while going to the ferry. This bed of fire is on the site of the old Clifton Nail works, and is an acre in extent. It is sixteen feet thick, with a thin crust, through which the flames burst out and light up the town at night. The gases from it make life a misery to the inhabitants. It has been burning since last April, having been started by a great conflagration then, and at times has seriously impeded travel on the Ohio River railroad by undermining the track. A second stranger narrowly escaped death there last night. He was pulled out of this miniature infernal region in an unconscious condition. All efforts to extinguish the fire have been unavailing.

BULLET IN HIS BRAIN.

How a Crazy Hoosier Ended His Life.

SHOALS, Ind., Jan. 14.—Charley Ames, a prominent farmer residing four miles south of this city, took his revolver from a bureau drawer this morning and remarked to his wife that he intended to end his earthly career. She grabbed the revolver and endeavored to take it from him. He jerked it away from her with the remark that he held it with a death grip, and, jumping out of the door, went down a path about thirty feet, and, placing the revolver back of his ear, pulled the trigger and lodged a ball in his brain, killing himself instantly. He was jealous of his wife, and they had separated, but had gone to living together again upon his promise to do better, but he became insane brooding over the matter, until life became a burden, which he ended as above.

MUD AND BOWLDERS.

Cover a Section of Union Pacific Track.

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 14. — Early yesterday morning a heavy wind storm occurred in this city and vicinity, the wind reaching a velocity of fifty miles per hour. A number of chimneys were blown down and window glass broken through. No serious damage resulted. The Union Pacific track at Reed, about forty miles east of this city, is overflowed by a stream of mud and bowlders from the mountain above. Passengers were transferred today and a force of men set to work building the trestle over the slide.

WHISKY BEHIND IT.

A West Virginian Kills His Wife and Himself.

SISTERVILLE, W. Va., Jan. 14.—A horrible wife murder and suicide occurred on Water street, in this place, late last night. The murdered woman was Mrs. Howard Hoffman, and her husband, after firing several shots at her, took his own life by shooting himself through the head. The firing was heard by neighbors, who ran into the house. There they found husband and wife lying upon the floor, the wife dead and the husband dying. There was no explanation of the tragedy, and it is attributed to drink on the part of Hoffman.

WORKED BY SHARKS.

Southrons Regret the Purchase of Cherokee City Lots.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Jan. 14.—Within the past week a number of letters have been received from parties in Tennessee and Mississippi asking about lots they had purchased in Cherokee City, Oklahoma. Investigation reveals the fact that a couple of sharks have been victimizing hundreds of people all through the South by selling them lots in Cherokee City, which they represent to be the coming great city of Oklahoma. Cherokee City is, in fact, a city on paper alone, located on barren land and in the extreme western part of the territory. The lots are not worth the paper the deeds are written on.

Mangled by an Exposion.

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah., Jan. 14.—An explosion at the Mamanoth mine killed Charles Williams, his body being horribly mangled. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Nothing to Pay

On a two weeks' trip to Hot Springs, Ark., and return, after leaving St. Paul, Minneapolis or starting point. The rate covers the cost of round trip tickets, good for ninety days if desired, dining car meals, sleeping car berths and two weeks' board at the Eastman, Park or Arlington Hotels, at Hot Springs, and all of this for $100.00; that is, via the Minneapolis & St. Louis Railway excursion, which is to leave Minneapolis and St. Paul Jan. 23, 1894. The trip will be via the Albert Lea Route to St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Hot Springs railroads. Information cheerfully furnished upon application to any agent of the M. & St. L. Railway, or

C. M. PRATT, G. T. & P. A.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

STEAMSHIP CONFERENCE.

Big Guns Will Confer in the City of Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Jan. 14.—An important steamship conference will be held in Mexico this week. There will arrive at the port of Vera Cruz, Tuesday, by steamer Seguerna, James E. Ward, president of the Ward Steamship company; Joseph E. Ward, of the same corporation, and Vanderbilt, the well-known New York millionaire. Tomorrow Juan Ritter, Mexican manager of the Ward line, and C. F. Hagan, commercial agent of the company, leave this city for Vera Cruz in a special car to meet the party from New York, which will proceed to the City of Mexico. The special significance of the visit of these people to Mexico just now lies in the fact that the Ward company has large plans on foot in connection with the Mexican Central railway to make Tampo the chief port of entry on the east coast of Mexico for the freight and passenger business carried by that line. It is thought this visit is for the purpose of closing the deal of putting the plan into early operation.

Trial of the Montgomery.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Jan. 14.—The light house tender Gardenia, at Staten Island, with Capt. Cooper and other members of the trial board, spent today in laying out the course for the trial trip of the new cruiser Montgomery. The dynamite cruiser Vesuvius, of the North Atlantic squadron, which, with the government tugs, is also to be present at the trial, arrived this afternoon and anchored alongside the Montgomery. The trial board will meet tomorrow and arrange a day for a trial. A preliminary trial of the Montgomery's speed was made over the course Tuesday.

CARLISLE IS CAUTIOUS.

THE SECRETARY HAS HIS EYE ON THE RESERVE.

WILL BEGIN ISSUING BONDS

Before the Reserve Drops to $50,000,000 — Senator Voorhees Says the Secretary Will Act Promptly and Effectively if an Emergency Should Arise—The Power of the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—Some decisive action to replenish the gold reserve in the treasury must be taken within the next few weeks. If congress does not take kindly to the suggestions offered by Secretary Carlisle in his annual report, and provide at once some means of relief, the only course left the officials of the treasury debt will be for the secretary to exercise the authority granted him by the law of 1875 and issue bonds for the purpose of maintaining the gold reserve. The position which confronts the administration is one which they have decided to handle with promptness. All the available money now in the treasury department consists of the so-called "gold reserve," which has now been invaded $26,000,000, and by the first of the month the treasury department believes that the total amount will have been reduced to $68,000,000. Such a situation, it is thought, would again start a movement of gold toward Europe, which would still further reduce the amount of gold held by the United States. Secretary Carlisle has twice appeared before the committee on finance, and his presentation of the case to the members of that committee has been

CLEAR AND EXPLICIT

in the statement of the situation. When he next appears before the committee, which may be tomorrow, it is probable that he will emphasize his argument by the presentation of a carefully prepared statement on the condition in which he finds the national finances, as well as the methods proposed by him to afford relief. Mr. Carlisle prefers that congress should deal with this matter, but, if the legislature fails within three or four weeks to show any indications that it intends to aid the secretary of the treasury, it is known that he will be forced to avail himself of the authority granted him by the act of '75 and issue bonds necessary to replenish the gold reserve. It is because Mr. Carlisle desires that congress should first act that he has thus far made no preparation for an issuance of bonds, and all statements to the effect that orders have been given the bureau of engraving and printing plates, etc., are pure fabrications. Absolutely no action has been taken and no plans decided upon. This much can be officially stated. The attitude of the New York banks, as expressed in recent publications in regard to the furnishing of gold for export, should such a necessity arise, has possibly had some effect in strengthening a feeling that the government

SHOULD ISSUE BONDS

to protect the gold reserve. It is denied, however, that any agreement ever existed by which the bonds were to furnish gold. A prominent Democratic senator said today that Secretary Carlisle would not allow the gold reserve to fall below $50,000,000, and, should the reserve be reduced to nearly that point before congress acted, Mr. Carlisle would immediately declare an issue of bonds. When this statement was shown to Senator Voorhees, the chairman of the finance committee, he declined to either verify or deny it, only saying: "The secretary of the treasury has the authority and the disposition to protect the credit of the government, and I have no doubt that he will act promptly and effectively if the emergency should arise." Senator Voorhees does not deny the report that he is preparing a bill to meet the emergency, but this statement would seem to indicate that he does not expect to be called upon to formulate a measure. With reference to the opinion that a bill for a bond issue cannot originate in the senate, it can be stated that the lawyers of the senate are generally of the opinion that it can originate there as well as in the house. Senator Gray says the house would probably make a row over such action on the part of the senate, but that, in his opinion, the issuance of bonds is not the raising of revenue as provided for in the constitution.

Personally Conducted.

Excursion to Hot Springs, Ark., will be run by the Minneapolis & St. Louis Ry. via St. Louis and the Iron Mountain Route January 23, 1894, on which all expenses of the party will be paid in advance, including tickets, sleeper, dining car and two weeks' sojourn at Hot Springs. This arrangement will afford the best accommodations and save tourists about $25. Inquire for rate of any agent of the M. & St. L Ry., or

C. M. PRATT, G. T. & P. A.,
Minneapolis, Minn.

STILLWATER NEWS.

The heavy snows along the St. Croix and its tributaries is an indication that there will be an abundance of water with which to float the winter's log crop in the spring. A large number of logs were left over from last winter in the river, and these will probably be the first to arrive. Reports received from the various logging camps last week were very encouraging, full crews being employed at hauling and skidding. The roads are icy and sleighs slip well, consequently large loads have been hauled. Some of the concerns are employing large crews, and thus far there has been employment for all who have applied.

District court will be in session again this week, the trial of regular term cases beginning tomorrow morning.

Rev. J. A. Brown and wife attended the funeral of Rev. T. R. Peters at Minneapolis yesterday, and no services were held in the Baptist church here.

Yesterday was one of the most beautiful days of the winter, and the warm sun caused a good deal of snow to disappear. Sleighing is good in the country districts, however, and many took advantage of it yesterday.

If John S. Johnson and the other skaters who participated in the races here Saturday do not go East this evening, they return to race here again next Thursday. Johnson likes the rink here, and believes that he can lower some of his records on it.

D. W. Armstrong, one of the earliest residents of Stillwater, died Saturday night of consumption, aged seventy-five years. Funeral at 2 p. m. today.

Charge It Up to Grover.

Rock County News.

Gov. Nelson's elevator law, that was to remove all obstacles in the farmers' road to success—or at least lighten their burdens—has proven no good at all, is never heard of now, and is absolutely a dead letter. Republican papers are conveniently overlooking its very existence; but perhaps in the campaign next fall they will lay its failure to the fact that Grover Cleveland is president.

THE WORLD'S MIRROR.

SUPERB REPRODUCTIONS OF FAMOUS SCENES AND PLACES.

MANY MARVELS OF INTEREST.

Ancient and Modern History Epitomized and Presented in a Most Attractive Pictorial and Descriptive Form in "Sights and Scenes of the World."

The success of the GLOBE distribution of views, entitled "Sights and Scenes of the World," has been most flattering.

The series comprises a collection of 320 of the rarest gems of nature and art, gathered from the "World's Great Storehouse" as treasures by eminent travelers and distinguished scholars, who from long years of experience have learned exactly what is best calculated to instruct the mind and delight the eye.

These tourists have themselves stood in awe and admiration before the mighty pyramids, the lofty cathedrals, the awful cataracts, and other great sights of the world, and now in the splendid series of views they have presented the exact counterparts.

As a result, one may sit in comfort by the fireside and see pass before him in review a grand panorama, England, Scotland, Ireland, France, Germany, Austria, Turkey, Italy, Spain, Asia, Africa and South America, the Old World and the New; the whole forming an object lesson in history so simple that a child may understand, and so intensely interesting that the old are held spellbound while passing from scene to scene.

The scenes presented are surrounded by the romance and history of past ages.

Castles whose towering battlements for centuries looked down upon scenes of war, misery and barbaric splendor.

Cathedrals built by ambitious monarchs, every stone telling a story of ignorance and oppression.

The homes of kings and queens, pretentious but unhappy rulers of the past and present.

Mountain scenes rivaling in glory the splendor of the sun itself.

Tropics teeming with vegetable and animal life.

The home of the Esquimaux and the Land of the Midnight Sun.

The views take one in Bonnie Scotland to Burns' birthplace and the home of Walter Scott, and in England to Stratford-on-Avon, where dwelt the great Shakespeare and his fair Ann Hathaway.

To Stoke Pogis churchyard, the place in which was written Grey's "Elegy in a Country Churchyard," and the famous London bridge, and the tower of London, and the "Old Curiosity Shop," immortalized by Charles Dickens.

In France to Paris and Versailles, where the mighty Napoleon planned the conquest of nations, and to Monte Carlo's famous gambling den.

In Berlin to the very house where Bismarck, the Iron Chancellor, mourned for the return of past powers.

In Rome to the Coliseum, where gladiators and wild beasts fought for life to please Nero and his savage followers, and to the Orient, where Cleopatra lured kings to death, and in Jerusalem to Bethlehem, the birthplace of the Saviour.

They lead the way through the great galleries of Versailles, Luxembourg, Dresden, Florence, and ancient Rome, showing the world's masterpieces in painting and statuary.

In the New World they take one step by step, from Greenland and Alaska in the North to Patagonia in the South.

In the United States one sees all the principal sights, including the splendor of the Sierras.

In Mexico a visit is paid to the homes of the Montezumas and scenes made famous by the luckless Maximilian, and one sees as today Brazil, Argentine Republic, and little but tempestuous Chili.

Who would not enjoy such a tour of the world?

Millions of dollars are annually spent by tourists in an endeavor to see treasures represented by these views.

Many they never see, and those beheld are not fully appreciated, since the history connected with them is not remembered.

In this series one not only views scenes true to life from every land, but also enjoys the descriptive history which accompanies each.

POWERFUL MEXICAN SHELL.

Invented by a Young Officer of Diaz's Army.

MEXICO CITY, Mex., Jan. 14.—An invention of an explosive which is attracting large attention in military circles is made by Lieut. Gomez, a young officer in the army. The new shell is intended to surmount the defects of the shells now in use, and adds a number of features increasing the range, accuracy and destructive power of projectiles. The shell, which has received the commendation of President Diaz, himself an expert in gunnery, and other high judges, is called the retarded percussion shell. It is divided into four chambers, communicating with each other, and which will not explode until coming in positive contact with the object of its flight, when it bursts with immense power. The shell is a metallic cylinder with a length of 71 milometres and a diameter of 25 milometres. Twelve models of the shell are now making in the Mexican national arms factory, and a public trial will shortly be made of the invention.

War Declared.

Duluth Commonwealth.

The bill to correct the error in the Duluth customs district is probably dead for the present because St. Paul doesn't like it. We'll remember that. One of these days St. Paul will be begging to be allowed to retain a deputy collector of the Duluth district. And we'll be magnanimous; we'll let them have it.

REBELS RECALCITRANT.

DE MELLO'S MEN SAID TO BE DESERTING HIM.

THEIR LEADER HIMSELF ILL.

Fever Thinning the Insurgent Army—Admiral da Gama Not Likely to Secure Any Aid From Santa Catharina—Peixoto Said to Be Pushing Things for a Decisive Battle.

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RIO DE JANEIRO, Jan. 14.—News was received in this city today from the south of a character most encouraging to the Brazilian government and disheartening to the insurgent admiral. It was to the effect that the long-expected and much-relied-upon reinforcements from Santa Catharina are unlikely to give anything like prompt assistance to their fellow insurgents who are now in Rio harbor. In fact it now looks as if the revolutionary leaders at Santa Catharina would be unable to lend any aid to Admiral da Gama. The serious illness of Admiral de Mello on board the Republica has had an apparent disastrous effect upon the insurgent forces in the southern part of the republic. In Rio Graude do Sul the insurgents have raised the siege of Bage and have left the city in triumphant possession of the government garrison. In a number of other engagements the revolutionists have suffered defeat, and many of De Mello's men have been wounded or killed. Unless De Mello recovers, and is able by his presence to reanimate his men, the outlook for the insurgents is very dark indeed. Discontent is said to prevail to a large extent in their ranks, and desertions are said to be numerous. Fever is also thinning the insurgent army. Unless something be quickly done De Mello will lose fully one-half of his entire force in the south. It is very probable that this news will lead to greater activity than ever on the part of Peixoto, and that a battle of a decisive character between his troops and the insurgent squadron and the forts will be fought within a very short time. The inhabitants of Rio are heartily tired of the war, and the epidemic now raging here makes the desire for peace all the stronger on the part of the citizens generally.

DIED.

HANDLOS—In St. Paul, Minn., Jan. 13, 1894, at 2 o'clock p. m., at No. 287 Ravoux street, Clara, wife of Mathies Handlos, aged seventy-six. Funeral Monday, the 15th inst., at 2 p. m. Friends invited.

BURBANK—At Thomasville, Ga., Jan. 12, 1894, Mrs. Evelyn S. Burbank, widow of the late J. C. Burbank, of St. Paul. Funeral services at chapel, Oakland cemetery, at 2:30 p. m. on Tuesday, Jan. 16, 1894. Friends invited.

WILLIAM J. SLEPPY, Funeral Director. Undertaking Rooms, 495 and 497 Selby, corner Mackubin. Residence, 515 Dayton avenue, next to Presbyterian church. Telephone call 527.