VOL. XVIII.—PRICE TWO CENTS—| ON TRAINS

ST. PAUL, MINN.: FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 24, 1895.

PRICE TWO CENTS-{ ON TRAINS }-NO. 144.

#### **BULLETIN OF** THE DAILY GLOBE.

FRIDAY, May 24, Weather for Today-Fair, Variable Winds.

PAGE 1. Memphis Monetary Convention Mankato's Sensation Increases Travelers Meet Today. Great Bull Excitement in Wheat

PAGE 2. Close of Homeopathic Convention War on House of Good Shepherd. Grind of the Courts.

PAGE 3. Western Lines Near Agreement. Mill City Woman Ends Life.

PAGE 4. Colombia Claims Mosquito Lands Presbyterian Conventions.

PAGE 5. Apostles Keep Up Their Record. Results on the Diamond. Halma Wins the Latonia Derby. Kickapoo Reservation Opened. Double Tragedy in Chicago.

PAGE 6. Preparing for Kiel Naval Review. Washington News.

PAGE 7. Financial and Commercial PAGE S.

Sunday School Parade. Judge Buck Speaks Bluntly. TODAY'S EVENTS.

Metropolitan-Vaudevilles 2.30, Grand-"The Gallley Slave," 8.15.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS. NEW YORK-Arrived: Trave, Bre-

NEW YORK - Arrived: Germanic, from Liverpool. QUEENSTOWN-Arrived: Britan nic, New York for Liverpool. NEW YORK-The reported arrival last night of the steamer Sicila from Hamburg was a telegraphic error.

Are we going to have dollar wheat? Have the "open letter" writers gone to a summer resort?

One can tell a wheat bear anything these days and he will believe it.

In Brooklyn they call the killing of man by an electric car trolleycution.

Wheat hasn't much of an advansage over the thermometer in its rise. Isn't it about time the sound money

Tom Carter's mouth? A news item might be sent to the

Hennepin county jail to the effect that the frost did not injure the hemp crop. Philadelphia has a bureau of water, and South Carolina has a bureau of

whisky. Propositions to combine are Those "Trilby" feet are making

merry music for Du Maurier. The play made out of the story yields him \$1,000 a week.

The fact that Speaker Crisp was not born in this country need not worry him. His location kills his presidential prospects.

Chief Badenoch having issued an order prohibiting gambling in Chicago, it is presumed gambling will flourish in the Garden City.

Judge Otis is suggested as a good man to appoint as substitute umpire. The judge is getting lots of knowledge of the game these days.

Now that Observer Lyons has stopped worrying over his income tax, he has turned his attention to giving as a good article of weather.

Is it inapropos to suggest that the St. Paul team get into some smaller league, where its chances of winning a victory a week would be reasonably

If Gen. Campos' notion that newspaper reporters should be shot should ever become popular in this country, the Globe is of the opinion that it should be first tried in Duluth.

The oil fever has struck West Virginia with great severity, and farmers there are leasing their lands at prices which recall the early days of the Pennsylvania petroleum region.

The papers which published exclusive information from the inside to the effect that the supreme court would sustain the income tax are now of the opinion that life is not worth living.

It may or may not cheer up the people of this country, who have just passed through a long period of depression, to know that a dividend of 8 per cent has been declared at Monte

The account kept by the New York Times shows that wages have been | ratio of 16 to 1 would be disastrous to advanced, up to date, by 247 concerns, employing 160,000 men. A pretty good record for business improvement and

Mr. Harrison probably now wishes he hadn't sat for his photograph. The New York funny men have been using him for a target ever since, much to the detriment of his presidential chances.

Another of the meanest men on earth has been discovered at Des Moines, Io. He knows where Defaulting Treasurer Taylor is, but won't give a sign until he is sure of getting. Another of the meanest men on give a sign until he is sure of getting here and now place the lie upon that the \$20,000 reward offered.

There will be no Yale-Harvard footbail game this year. As long as the former rules remain unmodified and unimproved, there is an opinion abread that this will be no particular loss to our lips. Let us, when this convention collegiate morals or to athletics.

## NO SPURIOUS RING

TO THE DELIBERATIONS OF SOUTHERN BUSINESS MEN AT MEMPHIS,

#### SOUND MONEY PLATFORM.

SECRETARY CARLISLE AD-DRESSES THE CONVENTION ON THE GREAT QUESTION.

EXPOSE OF FREE SILVER FOLLY.

Sixteen-to-One Would Destroy Our Credit, Unsettle Values and Reduce Wages.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., May 23.-The sound money convention which met at the auditorium today adjourned sine die after two sessions, and was a magnificent demonstration in support of the financial policy of the administration. Six hundred delegates, representing nearly every Southern state, made up the gathering which today listened to an able argument by Secretary of the Treasury John G. Carlisle against the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1; heard speeches by Congressmen Patterson, of Tennessee, Catchings, of Mississippi, and other sound money leaders of the South, and adopted a platform setting forth their views upon the question now uppermost in the public mind. The absence of political reference in the addresses of the speakers was noticeable. The audiences were made up largely of business men who liberally applauded the calm, business like arguments of the secretary of the treasury and the utterances of the other speakers. But once or twice during the afternoon or evening was the name of President Cleveland

mentioned, but on these occasions the crowd went wild with enthusiasm. Upwards of 3,000 people were present at the auditorium at 2:15 o'clock when Chairman W. J. Crawford called the convention to order. While the gathering was effecting an organization and getting down to business the crowd gradually filled up the vacant seats, and by the time Secretary Carlisle began his address the large hall was comfortably filled. Mr. Crawford, in his capacity of chairman of the committee of fifteen appointed by the associated mercantile bodies of Mem-phis, under whose auspices the convention is held, called the meeting to order. In a few appropriate words the delegates and visitors were welmed to Memphis, the purposes of convention were stated and the work of organization begun. Richard Republicans secured an injunction on | H. Clarke, of Alabama, presented the name of Congressman Catchings for permanent chairman in a neat and highly complimentary speech. This convention, said Mr. Clarke, was an ce that the people do not believe in debased money, and do not want to be dragged down to the level of Mexico

Populists in recent years, and their

fallacies, he declared, would soon be

buried in the Ocala warehouses. He

had great confidence in the judgment

that section must be sold in foreign countries and paid for in money of the

were fixed in the markets of the

world, where no American legislation

can put a fictitious value on silver. Mr. Clarke eulogized President Cleve-

for permanent chairman of the conven-

the honor in a graceful speech.

MARKS.

shall have adopted these resolutions,

CHAIRMAN CATCHINGS'

world.

said:

The prices of their products

and China. The people represented in this convention believed in the almost entirely dispensed with. The PERCENTAGE OF COIN just and equitable use of silver as a money metal, but they would not de-liver the country to a syndicate of mine owners or place in jeopardy the business interests of the country because of a craze, a condition of public sentiment which he likened to a prairie fire, which would feed upon chaff and soon burn out. The leaders in the silver movement were the men who had they have no very small notes taken up in succession all the political and economic heresies that had been Although we have the gold standard before the people in the past decade The present outcry he likened to the extreme doctrines advocated by the

our actual stock of gold bullion and coin amounts to only about one-third of our actual currency-a condition of affairs which would have been incomceivable a few centuries ago. We have about \$625,000,000 in gold, \$397,652,873 in full legal-tender silver, \$346,681,000 in and good sense of the Southern peo-ple. Two-thirds of the product of old United States notes, \$149,584,471 in treasury notes issued in the purchase of silver bullion, \$209,719,850 in national bank notes and \$76,169,569 in subsidiary silver coin, making in all \$1,804,707,763, exclusive of the minor coins, and every dollar in this vast volume of currency is kept equal in value to the standard established by law, so that every man land and Secretary Carlisle, his re-marks arousing the first outburst of who receives a silver dollar or paper dollar in exchange for his products, or enthusiasm seen in the convention.
The cheering at the mention of the in satisfaction of a debt, gets just as president's name was particularly hearty. In conclusion he presented the name of Congressman Catchings good a dollar as the man who receives gold. This is the monetary system and this is the financial condition which the advocates of free coinage at lauding that gentleman's record the ratio of 16 to 1 now propose revolutionize at once by a change in on the money question, and assuring the convention of his eminent fitness the standard of value, so that the for the position of the presiding office. whole mass of circulation left for the

The selection of Mr. Catchings was made by an unanimous viva voce vote, and the congressman accepted He RE-"Gentlemen of the Convention: There come in the life of a man times when words fail him, when he wishes to express the emotions by which he is moved. Such a time has now crossed my path. Could I live forever, I could not sufficiently express to my friend from Alabama the impression which his warm words have left within me. In my judgment, no convention that ever assembled met for a nobler, higher purpose than this. Brought together from almost every Southern state, coming from every walk in life, representing, as you do, all vocations, industries and conditions in life. I speak the truth in saying not a man has come here to advance a personal end or a selfish purpose. Believing that the free and unrestricted coinage of silver at the all private and public interests, we have laid aside our private affairs for the time to counsel together now how best to prevent it. The character of the delegates to this convention is beyond the reach of captious criticism and adverse comment. This body is composed of a great mass of honest, in-telligent, patriotic citizens. If we are right, we are not only right now, but we are eternally right. We have as-sembled to give expression to the faith that is in us. We have been misrepresented from one end of the land to the come indebted are to have the privileg charge. (Applause.) It has been said

adjourn and go to our homes with the determination to stand by them. Let us organize ourselves into a move ment militant, and not quiescent; for believing as we do, we would be re-creant to our duty if we failed at all times to let our views be known. Let us nail our colors to the masthead and let the old ship go on her course re gardless of the obstacles that we may encounter having faith that with the truth as our guide we will reach our destination safely. We should take heart at the fact that our views are sanctioned by all the great people of this country outside of political life. Suppose we adopted the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. It will

SILVER MONOMETALLISM pure and simple. When the simple is ue is put before the people, I do not believe that they will be willing to put this country on a silver basis." se remarks were frequently interrupted by applause. After the select tion of G. C. Matthews, associate editor of the Commercial Appeal, as sec retary, a committee on resolutions was appointed, and on motion of G. M. Rose, of Arkansas, a delegate from each of the states represented was ap-pointed without debate. The committee was made as follows: Alabama Richard H. Clarke; Arkansas, U. M. Rose; Mississippi, Leroy Percy; Louis-iana, J. C. Morris; Texas, Rufus Hardy: Maryland, Daniel Miller: Kentucky, John M. Atherton; Georgia, F. H. Richardson; Florida, S. C. Cox; South Carolina, George M. Trenholm; Missouri, George E. Leighton; Tennes-

see, Josiah Patterse Secretary of the Treasurer John G. Carlisle was then introduced by Chairman Catchings, and as the distinguished Kentuckian appeared on the front of the stage the audience rose and cheered enthusiastically for sev-

MR. CARLISLY SAID: Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Convention: I congratulate myself upon my good fortune in having the opportunity to appear before this large assemblage of Southern business men, and I congratulate the people of the South upon their good fortune in being able to send here so many real representatives of their great industrial and commercial interests. I am sure that nothing less than a full appreciation of the vast importance of the questions to be considered could have secured the attendance of so large a number of active business men upon this oc-casion, and the fact that they have voluntarily abandoned their usual avocations to participate in the proceedings of this convention encourages me to believe their efforts in behalf of a sound financial policy will not cease

when it has adjourned.

After complimenting the people of the South upon the splendid energy with which they have repaired the dis-asters of the war, Mr. Carlisle said: For a long time, during the early history of the world, and even during the mediaeval ages, gold and silver, in bullion or in form of coins, consti-tuted almost the entire circulation among the people, even in the nations most advanced in trade and civilization, and, consequently, the quantity of these metals that could be procured and kept in use was a question of far greater importance then than it is now or ever can be in the future. The use or ever can be in the future. The use of credit in the form of bank notes, checks, bills, and other evidences of of debt has so increased in modern times that in all highly organized committees that in all highly organized commitmes that it is all highly org mercial communities the use of coin, except in making change, has been

actively employed in conducting business in this country is so small that it is almost inappreciable; so small, in fact, that its disuse in our transactions would not be felt if we had a substitute for, or a paper representative of the subsidiary pieces. In England, France, and some other countries, larger amount of coin is used, because

or measure of value, in this country, use of the people would be reduced to

HALF THE PURCHASING POWER it has now. In order to eliminate all irrelevant matter and simplify the argument, allow me to state exactly what the proposition now pending be-fore the people is: It is proposed that the United States, without the cooperation or assistance of any other government, shall provide by law that all the silver bullion, or foreign silver coins, that may be presented at the mints by individuals or corporations, foreign or domestic, shall be coined, at the public expense, into silver dollars, is, that sixteen pounds of silver shall be considered equal in value to one pound of gold, and the weights of the coins shall be adjusted accordinglyand that the coins so made at th public expense shall be delivered to the owners of the bullion, or foreign silver coins, as the case may be, and all the people of the United States, but nobody else, shall be compelled by law to receive them as dollars of full value in the payment of debts due to them from their own fellow citizens and from the citizens or subjects of other countries. It is not proposed that the citizens or subjects of other countries, with whom our people trade, shall be compelled to receive these silver dollars in their transactions with us, be cause that can be done only by international agreement, and our impatient free-coinage friends declare their determination to proceed at once independently of all other governments All who are indebted to us are, therefore, to have the privilege of paying in silver, while all to whom we shall beof requiring us to pay in gold. The attempt to coin the two metals with-out limit as to amount into full legalagain that we seek to so contract the currency that prices will fall. Let us stamp that also as a lie. Let us pass stamp that also as a lie. Let us pass in the world and has failed in every in the world and has failed because in

every instance it has been found im-

Continued on Sixth Page.

# WILSON AND WIFE.

THE MANKATO EDITOR APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN PREPAR-ING FOR

ANOTHER WEDDING TRIP.

MANKATO YOUNG LADY SAID TO HAVE BEEN HIS CHOSEN NO. 4.

WAS A MAN OF MANY ALIASES.

Damaging Facts Regarding His Former Career Brought to Light.

Special to the Globe. MANKATO, Minn., May 23.-New facts are daily coming to light regarding the life and escapades of W. C. Wilson, late local editor of the Mankato Morning News. It now appears that his arrest in Minneapolis Monday on the charge of bigamy has nipped in the bud a matrimonial tragedy which would have been put on the boards in Mankato soon. Although he has been in town but three months, he had become a great favorite in church circles, and 'tis said had won the affections of one of the fairest of the young Methodist sisters. His partner, J. E. Hall, is in possession of a letter from the general passenger agent of the Great Northern railroad which shows that the now famous bigamist was contemplating another of those delightful honeymoon trips which have brought him to grief. The

letter reads as follows: "Your favor of May 2 is duly re ceived, and we note your desire to make an advertising contract with us in exchange for transportation for yourself and wife from St. Paul to Spokane and return."

He now survives under the aliases Ball, Scott. Some of his linen underwear bears the name of "W. O. Harper," and broken-hearted and chagrined women who have been led to the marriage altar are living proofs to his deep-dyed villainy.

His young bride of two months whom he deserted at Anamosa, Io., last fall is nearly dead from grief, says a paper from that city, received by Mr. Hall, and the day he took his departure he borrowed \$2.50 from eight different individuals whose confidence he had gained through his pretensions to a religious life. The News says: "Another paper

(among his effects) states that in he was private secretary to a United States minister to Austria and traveled extensively through the Holy land, and when he returned took up worked on the susceptibilities of church people. He was next known alt Angola, Ind., as a reporter on the Herald. He married a young lady there under the name of Curtis: Afterwards he held a similar position on the Democrat at Huntington, Ind., skipping out from there, leaving his wife and baby and a score of debts. As B. F. Scott he next turned up at Lacon, Ill., in July, 1891, working on the Democrat, where he became an ardent worker in the M. E. church and moved in the highest society, and was superintendent of the Sunday school, He got financial support and started a temperance paper called The Owl. Aug. 1, 1891, he married Miss Mae Smith, who is described as a most estimable lady and highly connected After getting her to sign over her property to him he moved to Peoria. At a critical time in his wife's life he went after a physician and never re turned. His wife is still living with her parents, beloved and respected by

all her old friends." The late Mr. Wilson has won the favor of the best people in Mankato during his brief residence here and many of the ladies wonder 'how such a good Christian gentleman as Mr. Wilson seemed to be could have done such dreadful things." He has spoken at nearly every public gathering and banquet held since he has been here, and proved himself an interesting talker, but never failed to speak well of "Mr. Wilson," and gave lectures on Palestine, Jericho and many other cities in the Holy land.

## HOSKINS ACQUITTED.

Henning Editor Declared Not Guilty of Libel.

Special to the Globe. FERGUS FALLS, Minn., May 23-The trial of Editor Frank Hoskins, of the Henning Advocate, for criminal libel created great interest in the district court today. Mr. Hoskins attacked Fergus Falls banks during the panic of the summer of 1893, accusing them of being rotten and other unpleasant things. The banks weathered the storm, but efforts have been making since to bring Hoskins to trial. Attorney Gen eral Childs came up to assist the county attorney, but their united efforts were not sufficient to prevent the jury bring-ing in a verdict of not guilty after hanging out two hours. The main question on trial was whether Hoskins' publications were of malicious intent or

#### THAT RUSH IS OVER. Only 181 Filings Yet Made on the Yankton Reservation.

Special to the Globe MITCHELL, S. D., May 23.-There is a decided decrease in filings at the land office here. The total number of enmade is 181. All applications before the county judge of Charles Mix county were thrown out The applicants were by this office. The applicants were given thirty days to appeal. Ninety dollars in each instance was retained by the government. Sooners are giving ne trouble, but will all get fired in

Frost Got After the Trust. GRAND FORKS, May 23 .- The se vere frost of Monday night entered the precincts of all the brick yards, whose owners had just completed an incorporation under the title of the Red River Valley Brick association, and destroyed between 125,000 and 150,000 brick, which had just been made, and which the proprietors had been

#### guarding against frost. The blocks of unburnt brick were damaged so as to unfit them for the purpose they were intended for. All the brick plants will resume as usual. There will be no ces-

Bridge Will Be Constructed. SIOUX CITY, May 23.-Private dis atches received here from Chicago announce that the directors of the Credits Commutation company, in session in that city, have directed the executive committee of the company to proceed at once with the construction of the unfinished Pacific Short Line bridge across the Missouri river at this point. The stockholders authorized the directors to levy a \$400,000 as sessment against the stockholders i

To Jail for Ten Days.

they saw fit, and today's action of the

board is the outcome of this permis

sion.

Special to the Globe. ST. CLOUD, Minn., May 23.—Deputy United States Marshal Sheehan today lodged George Pappenfuss, former postmaster at Gelmanton, in the Stearns county jail upon a commit-ment from the United States district court, where Pappenfuss was convicted on the charge of detaining a letter in his office with the intent of prevent whom it was addressed. As there were will only be required to serve ten days

#### Chippewa Falls Blaze.

Speciel to the Globe CHIPPEWA FALLS, Wis., May 23 .-The Raymond & Gore and J. R. Sharp block was damaged to the extent of \$3,000 last night by fire, water and smoke. The Current Publishing company and Raymond & Gore confec-tioneries were burned out. Both were fully insured. For a while it looked as though the new Stanley hotel adas though the new Stanley hotel ad-joining would burn, and a panic was ninent, as the hotel was crowded with guests.

Anoka Conference Ended. ANOKA, Minn., May 23.-A large number were in attendance at the woman's meetings of the Congrega

tional conference today. The regular sessions closed yesterday and Moderator S. J. Rogers says this has been the best attended of any yet held. The local interest has been exceptional, of Wilson, Curtis, Adamson, Harper, and all the delegates have been cared for without having to be sent to the Dives Again Closed.

> The gambling houses, which quietly again at midnight last night. There are about thirty very uncomfortable sports in town in consequence. They claim the customary arrangements had been made to entitle them to run. The local papers are roasting the reverend

WEST SUPERIOR, Wis., May 23 .-

mayor, and the gams have suddenly been shut off. Knows Taylor's Whereabouts. REDFIELD, S. D., May 23.-Fritz Arnold, formerly of Spink county, S. D., has written to a Redfield lawyer, from Des Moines, Io., to find out if the reward of \$20,000 for defaulting ex-State Treasurer Taylor is still open He says he can produce the missing man at any time providing he has as

surances that he would get the reward Dulany's Father Cashes Up. EAU CLAIRE, Wis., May 23 .- This afternoon the \$6,000 to cover the note signed by James G. Dulany's father and the amount due on the other note was paid to the bank, which has no further claim. The prosecution is ended.

She Sues the Bank.

DULUTH, Minn., May 23 .- Mrs. Mary E. Cameron, the Detroit woman who twice attempted suicide after having deserted and robbed by S. D. Smith, has forwarded through he cal attorneys to Eli R. Sutton, of Detroit, papers in a suit to recover Wayne County Savings bank the \$2,600 stolen on a forgery.

SAUK RAPIDS. Minn., May 23 .-Mrs. J. H. Coates, wife of ex-Representative Coates, died today of con sumption after a long and severe ill-

al to the Globe. RED LAKE FALLS, Minn., May 23. The funeral of Mrs. Thomas Bolair, who died yesterday, will occur tomor-row. She was a pioneer settler. Her husband is a prominent Populist. eight children, one girl two weeks old.

Bullets at a Revival. Special to the Globe. DULUTH, May 23 .- At 8:30 tonight an unknown man fired a bullet from a revolver through the window of the crowded Bethel on West Superior

street. No one was struck by the bul-iet, which buried itself in the wall near the speaker. Mills Begin Work, Special to the Globe. ST. CLOUD, Minn., May 23.-The St

Cloud Lumber company started its mill in this city today with a full force men, and will cut an average of 125,000 feet a day the entire season. St. Cloud Mill Scorched.

ST. CLOUD, Minn., May 23.-The feed mill owned by J. P. Wilson, on the East side, and leased by W. P. Luircott, was badly damaged by fire last night. It will be rebuilt.

Special to the Globe.

Patriotie Hancock. Special to the Globe. HANCOCK, Minn., May 23.—Hancock will celebrate the Fourth of July. Two games of base ball in the afternoon, horse race and foot race. A big time is expected.

Anoka's Educator. ANOKA, Minn., May 23.-At a meeting of the school board last night Z. N. Vaughn was elected superintendent at city schools at an increased salary 2,600, and Mr. Casey principal.

Death in a Rain Barrel.

RED WING, Minn., May 23.—The ur-year-old daughter of Ole Land, enyon, fell in a rain barrel and was Shipwreck Discovered

DUNKIRK, N. Y., May 23.-A wreck a ship has been discovered five miles ff shore, nine miles west of here. It les in sixty-five feet of water. It is thought to be the steamship Dean Richmond, which foundered with all on board Oct. 14, 1893.

# TRAVELERS TODAY

CAPTAINS OF COMMERCE AND TRADE SKIRMISHERS WITH US IN FORCE.

ST. PAUL BRETHREN ALERT.

BUSINESS TODAY BUT SATURDAY WILL BE LARGELY DEVOTED TO PLEASURE.

THE WINDSOR IN GALA ATTIRE.

Sketch of Fenimore, the Founder and of Other Prominent Members.



The badge of the U. C. T. of America -a grip suspended from a crescentin many colored bunting has been "flung upon the outer wall" of the Windsor hotel, together with divers flags and vivid streamers, to hospita-

of the grand executive committee, is a native of Ohio and thirty-eight years old. He went to Fargo six years ago, TOUCHED 82 CENTS and established the Northwestern Gro cery company with his present partner, W. S. Marsh. During his super-vision of the Fargo council its membership increased from twenty-seven to eighty-eight members. Charles H. Dixon, of Minneapolis

grand sentinel, was born in Pennsylvania forty-eight years ago. He belongs to one of the oldest Scotch Presby-terian families in the eastern part of the Keystone state. When Mr. Dixon first came to Minnesota he taught school in this city for two years. He then was clerk and traveling man for a bookseller, and at length opened a book store of his own. Abandoning this venture, he was engaged by J. A Berkey & Co., the tea and coffee dealers, and has since been in constant need of a mileage book. He is now in the employ of the oldest wholesale grocery firm in the Northwest-Anthony Kelly & Co., of Minneapolis. He married the daughter of Capt T. D. Smith, of Chaska, and has two grown daugh-

### ST. LOUIS IN THE WHIRL.

PROMINENT MEMBERS OF THE U. C. T.

bly welcome the delegates to the grand

council for Minnesota and the Da-

The two days' session begins today.

As previously stated, over 300 delegates

will undoubtedly be present. The at-

tendance, in fact, is likely to far ex-

ceed original expectations. Two spe-

cial sleepers will arrive this morn-

ing over the Great Northern filled

with delegates from Fargo and Grand

Forks. Duluth will not only send

down a large delegation, but with the

enterprise characteristic of the head

of the lake, the Zenith City council

has arranged for the presence in the

parade on Saturday of the Duluth City

band, one of the best musical organiza-

Some minor changes have been made

in the programme first adopted and

which was published yesterday in the

Globe. Supreme Counselor A. J.

Dowd, of Chicago, cannot be pres-

ent to speak at the reception

this evening in the parlors of

the Windsor. H. D. Morton, of Du-

luth, grand past counselor, will appear

in place of Mr. Dowd. Additional

speeches will be made by J. A. Gregg,

for the Commercial club; Joseph Mc-

Kibben, for the Jobbers' union: J. H.

Broderick, president of the Travelers'

Protective Association of St. Paul; W.

F. Mitchell, president of the Iowa

State Traveling Men's association.

SATURDAY'S PLEASURES.

The amusement for Saturday after-

oon will be specially tendered to the

Windsor, where carriages will be in

has been designated as a theater party

at the Grand opera house, to witness

"The Galley Slave." It has been de-

cided that Supreme Chaplain Haines

will deliver his sermon Sunday morn-

John C. Fenimore, the father of

the order, arrived last night. Person-

ally, he is most delightful, and a worthy leader of the fifty thousand

knights who profit from his far seeing

FOUNDER FENIMORE.

John C. Fenimore, past suprem

counselor and founder of the U. C. T., is a resident of Columbus, O. He was

born in Wilmington, Ind., in 1848. From Indiana he went to Ohio seventeen

years ago, and has since been selling

tea for J. H. Larabee & Co., of Colum-

bus. Prior to leaving Indiana he sold

groceries for a Cincinnati firm, and is

just of age as a traveling man. He

says he has one wife, one son and one mother, and gives his personal

assurance that he is a "Jim dandy"

salesman. other
Thomas Kleinogel, past senior count to a perselor of Fargo Council No. 65, and one treat.

plans of beneficient intelligence

ing at the People's church.

waiting for a drive about the city.

ladies in attendance at the council. gests that amount is now absorbed They are invited to assemble at the by Bechuanaland, and might be lib-

The recreation for Saturday night to a chartered company.

tions in the Northwest.

kotas.

bottom of the boom. The best in

cents this morning. This is

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 23.-

PACIFIC SHORE OPENING.

of Great Importance.

scheme, says that if there is one feat-

ure by which the history of the twen-tieth century is likely to be distin-

guished beyond all others, it bids fair to be the development of the open shores of the Pacific by a movement

of civilization, which will add yet an-

other to the great civilizations of the

world alredy seen on the shores of

the Mediterranean and of the Atlantic.

The article considers that the gov-

ernment is justified in bestowing an annual subsidy of £100,000 on the Pa-

cific mail and cable service. It sug-

erated by giving Bechuanaland to Cape Colony and under a protectorate

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 23.-Seriou

trouble is expected on the Wheeling division of the Baltimore & Ohio road,

and at the Turtle Creek mines. A large number of miners assembled at

marched to the mines of F. L. Robbins in a body, remaining there all night. As a result the mine was

closed today, and the miners are out

for the 69-cent rate. The strikers to-

day moved on to Snowden, where the mines of the Pittsburg & Chicago Gas

Coal company are located. Sheriff Richards was notified, and at once

sent five deputy sheriffs there to pre-vent any rioting.

Anti-Treating Bill Passes

LANSING, Mich., May 23 .- The house

today passed by a vote of 75 to 17, and

'anti-treating" bill. It prohibits the

immediate effect to the Waite

Willock Station yesterday

it touched bottom at 471/4 cents.

with sales at \$1.061/2.

86 Cents. ST. LOUIS. Mo., May 23.-The unprecedented rise in the price of wheat on the St. Louis stock exchange, which began several days ago, continued to-day amid much excitement. No. 2 red July, which closed Wednesday at 78 opened this morning at 811/2 cents and jumped almost immediately to 83% cents. There was lots let go at that figure and the market sunk to 82% cents. The edge wore off after that and offerings were few, but snapped up as soon as uttered. Frost.

ment.

yesterday, at 78%c for July. in pork and lard, and 71/2c in ribs.

price

for an hour and a half, during all which time brokers with buying or selling orders took the wheat they had orders to buy at the price it was of-fered at or sold at what was being bid without waiting a single instant for a change, which might be from 1/4c to c per bushel against them. J. C. plunger in corn and wheat for a year, failed to respond to margin calls made upon him yesterday afternoon, and did not pay his debit balance in the clearing house. The buying in of wheat which he was short by the firms with whom he had trades caused a rise in July to 81%, from around 80%c, where it had dropped to, after the opening bulge and several other minor but yet considerable fluctuations. Before the excitement attending the covering in of Schwartz's line of 500,bushels or so subsided the price swelled to 82c. The cause principally contributory to the additional excitement and sensational advance today was the corroboration of the worst that was previously reported of the damage to the crop. It is now almost universally believed that the greatest part of the great central area of the damage from various causes, which will make this year's crop a very small one. In addition to that, the Liverpool market was excited, and from 3d to 4d per cental higher, which is the equivalent of about 3½ or 4½c per bushel. That advance, however, leaves the Liv erpool price still about 10c below the equivalent of the value here. Min-neapolis and Duluth received 163 cars, compared with 271 cars a year ago. Export clearances from the Atlantic seaboard in wheat and flour together did not amount to over 215,000 bushels, 184,000 bushels of which was in the form

the tendency was in the main downward, but there were numerous quick nervous rallies as it slowly sagged. In the last ten minutes of the session however, it was knocked clean off its stilts, making a tumble from around 814c to 784c, or a decline of about 3c per bushel in the time named. It recovered 4c to 78%c, which was the closing price. The corn market was weighted down by heavy receipts-569 cars today and 750 cars for tomorrow There was no shipping demand and the traders took comparatively little interest in what was being characterized as a dead deal. They went mostly into wheat. New York reported 150,000 bushels of corn taken for export. The opening prices for July were from 554d to 55%c, and it sold almost immediately at 56c. After that it dropped gradually to 55, which was also its closing price The market for oats was wild a cited at the opening. The only cause for such, however, was the influence of wheat and corn. No independent features were to be-found. A big business was transacted nevertheless. Commission houses consumed the greatest amount but almost everybody had orders to fill. The excitement was not of very long duration. Toward noon trade slacked up and was comparatively quiet. July opened %c higher at 30%c, sold from that price to 32 and closed at 30%c.

Provisions suffered from a plethora of hogs. Today's run was 43,000 and for tomorrow 29,000 are expected. 'The week's packing in the West, according to the Cincinnati Price Current, amounted to 315,000 head, compurchase of spirituous, malt, brewed, fermented of vinous liquors for another by the drink, and sale thereof other by the drink, and sale thereof

to a person to be given to another as a Continued on Seventh Page.

# DEFECTIVE PAGE

# CLIMB TO THE DOLLAR SUMMIT A DAY OF WILD TRADING.

CORROBORATION OF CROP DAM. AGE REPORTS DOES THE BUSINESS.

WHEAT CONTINUES ITS WILD

OATS TAKE ON A LITTLE SPURT.

Corn Quite Neglected, but Holds Strength in Sympathy With Wheat.

CHICAGO, May 23 .- One of the greatest crowds that has been seen for many a day was packed into the galleries of the board. The visitors were not disappointed; for a wild scene was participated in. The bell rang and its reverberations were drowned by a roar in the pit that filled the great room until it seemed that sound was coming from every side of the apart-The eyes of the visitors stood out and every man and woman leaned forward with gaze riveted on the wheat pit, where the wildest excitement prevailed. Bareheaded and with perspiring, excited faces, the crowd of traders pushed and struggled in the tangled mass, surging back and forth across the bottom of the pit and up on the steps like caged wild beasts. The untrained ear could not detect a single intelligible sound, but the "bears" heard all too plainly.

With foreign markets booming and domestic crop damage reports growing more and more numerous, wheat plunged wildly up and down a 4-cent range today, ending 11/2c higher than was comparatively neglected and apparently upheld by wheat. It only gained 4c. Oats rose 11/2c per bu on crop damage. · Provisions suffered from too many hogs, and lost 10c each

The opening in wheat was over a very wide range, and the scene in the pit transcended all recent efforts at sensationalism. July, which closed yesterday at 771/4c and sold as high as 791/2c on the curb the same afternoon, found hundreds clamorous for it at the start at from 80c up to 81%c. Trading was heavy at both prices at the same instant in different parts of the crowd, and the result was that two or three had to bid 81%c in that isolated spot before they tempted any one to sell. The extreme advance, therefore, over the closing price of the day before was 41/2c, and that added to yesterday's 3%c rise, made the gain from Tuesday afternoon to the opening this morning 81/3c per bu. The

SURGED UP AND DOWN

formed operators scout the idea of a speculative bulge. Cash wheat sold at markable advance, as ten months ago All was excitement on the call board this morning, and December wheat, which closed yesterday at \$1.06, shot up to \$1.08% on the news of the additional boom in Chicago. When the closing prices from Chicago were received there was a decline to \$1.06, but at noon it recovered to \$1.06% bid. No. 1 shipping wheat for spot use was quoted higher at 92½ cents today. At the local call board this afternoon December wheat was firmer again, London Times Considers Matter LONDON, May 24.—The Times this norning in a leader on the Pacific Mail

## BULGE TO 82 CENTS.