BULLETIN OF

THURSDAY, FEB. 18, 1897.

Weather for Today. Westerly Winds, Warmer

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EVENTS TODAY,

Metropolitan-Evangeline, 8.15. Grand-Humanity, 8.15. Capitol-Legislature, 10.

MOVEMENTS OF STEAMSHIPS.

NEW YORK—Sailed: St. Louis, for South-ampton; Germany, for Liverpool; Western-land, for Antwerp; Zandam, for Rotterdam. MALTA—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, for Orient cruise. LIVERPOOL—Arrived: Majestic, from New York. SOUTHAMPTON-Arrived: Aller, from New York for Bremen; New York, from New ROFTERDAM—Sailed: Amsterdam, for New York. Arrived: Vendam, New York. NAPLES—Sailed: California, for New York. PHILADELPHIA—Sailed: Pennland, for

The rubber trust appears to "stretching" a point to save itself.

It may be stated in passing that Greece generally does yield under fire.

A new man with \$6,000,000 is going into the sugar business. Good-bye, sugar trust!

Abdul Hamid is cute. He has decided to leave the pacification of Crete to the powers.

Canea. the capital of Crete, over which are flying the flags of the great powers of Europe, is the second city on the island in point of population, although it is the seat of the government. Candia is larger, prettier and more desirable in many ways than Canea. The fortifications surrounding the little city were built by the Venetians when they controlled the island, and are in a good by the Turks for the results.

So many big war ships are gathering near Crete that they may swamp

If Chandler remains in the senate, probably a company of militia ought to be stationed there.

Here is a direct attack on the mince able to read and write who is over pie. A company has been organized to fifty years of age and is the parent control the entire raisin industry of or grand parent of a qualified immithe country.

Secretary Herbert has started for or grand parent may accompany such Charleston He is going to see if the immigrant, or such a parent or grand little Vesuvius can pass him without his seeing it.

Two big biscuit companies are in a fight to the death. While they are at wife or minor child not so able to read it the public can make wry faces and and write may accompany or be sent eat rye bread.

The people of this country wouldn't care if the Greeks got Abdul Hamid out and used him for a football a whole afternoon.

It is rule or ruin with the Mitchell men in Oregon. They have announced that they will elect Mitchell or prevent the election of anybody.

Tom Platt and "Little Billie" Mason are both in Florida. The former will no doubt improve the opportunity to get the latter on his staff.

tions won several signal victories in the Philadelphia election. This should be a hint to Matthew Stanley Quay.

Trcuble looms on the horizon for Chauncey M. Depew. Populist senators say they will resist his appointment as ambassador to Great Britain.

This is a good time for seaside young people to begin to study up. A camera is being developed which will take photographs as far as the

Fitzsimmons is surely trying to impress Corbett. The Kangaroo stopped off at Leadville yesterday and made half a dozen horseshoes just to show that he had a great right arm.

There is fear that Tom Sharkey will develop into a talking pugilist. He says he will be in the front row at the Carson fight and challenge the winner to a mill for anything up to \$20,000.

The collapse of the steel trust means work for thousands of men, and thousands of miles of new track. Does it also mean that we are on the verge of the good times which all are hoping

has been introduced in the legislature of the former state legalizing glove contests. Who knows but bull fights may be given a legal status in these commonwcalths.

THE ST. PRUL GLOBE IMMIGRATION UP TO GROVER

Last Necessary Step in the Legislative Routine Taken By the Senate.

REPORT OF THE CONFEREES ADOPTED To Reporting the Wolcott Confer-

Senator Palmer Opposed to the | Classed With the Force Bill by Law's Restrictions. Senator Gibson.

Nelson and Davis of Minnesota Both Included in the Slender Majority Cast for the Measure—Its Provisions.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The immisought to relieve the great evil by which the ranks of the unemployed gration bill now goes to the president, the last legislative step having been taken in the senate today by an agreement to the conference report on the bill. Strong opposition was made, but on the final vote the friends of the

were being constantly swelled from and the conference report was agreed to, yeas, 34; nays, 31, as follows: Yeas-Republicans-Aldrich, Allison, Baker Brown, Burrows, Cullom, Chandler, Davis, Elkins, Frye, Gallinger, Gear, Hoar, Lodge,

REPUBLICANS OPPOSED

ence Bill to the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.-The international monetary conference bill which was passed by the senate, has developed into a more important issue than was expected. When the house committee on coinage took charge of the bill, there was thought to be no doubt that it would be reported favorably, but the opposition to the bill has been graying steadily with the control of the bill that the control of the bill the control of the bill that the control of the bill that the control of the bill the control of the bill the control of the bill that the control of the bill that the control of the bill the control of the bill that the control of the bill the monetary conference has been growing steadily, until it seems probable that if reported, the action will be taken against the wishes of a majority of Republican members of the committee. All of the Republicans who have speken on the measure be who have spoken on the measure be-fore the committee have argued that there would be an embarrassment to the incoming administration. On the other hand, some Republicans that Senator Carter, of Montana, who recently had an interview with recently had an interview with the president-elect, quotes Mr. McKinley as expressing a desire that the bill should pass. The Republican members of the committee have held a conference on the matter which left the policy undecided. Further hearing on the bill has been postponed until Friday, and it is now doubtful whether a vote on reporting it will be taken Saturday, as

CANEA, CRETE, THE SCENE OF THE PRESENT CONFLICT BETWEEN TURKEY AND GREECE.

McBride, Morrill, Nelson, Perkins, Platt, Pritchard, Proctor, Quay, Sowell, Sherman, Thurston, Wetmore—26. Democrats—Chilton, Faulkner, Hill, Martin—4. Populists—Butler, Peffer, Pettigrew—3. Silver Republican—testing against any further steps toward an international conference on the ground that one would tend to disturb business, are being received from business men in the East.

Nays—Republicans—Carter, Hansbrough, Hawley, Shoup—4. Democrats—Bacon, Bate, Berry, Blanchard, Caffery, Call, Cockrell, Gibson, Gorman, Gray, Lindsay, Mills, Mitchell (Wis.), Morgan, Murphy, Palmer, Pasco, Pugh, Roach, Tillman, Turpie, Vest, Vilas, Voorhees and White—25. Populist—Stewart—1. Silver Republican—Mantle—1.

Two Requests Urged by Him Adoptation of the ground that one would tend to disturb business men in the East.

INFORMATION FOR PETTIGREW.*

Two Requests Urged by Him Adopted by the Senate.

ed by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.-A resolution by Mr. Pettigrew was agreed to in the senate today requesting the secretary of state for a copy of any reply that may have been received to the letter of Secretary Gresham to Sir Julian Pauncefote, British ambassa-dor, in January, 1895, calling attention of the British government to the utter failure to protect the fur seals under the award of the Paris court of ar-bitration. Also a resolution by the same senator asking the secretary of the interior whether he had granted privileges to certain persons to operate a steam passenger appliance in the Yellowstone canyon, and if so to sus-

HANNA PLAYED HOST.

Received the Callers at McKinley's Home in Canton.

CANTON, O., Feb. 17. — National Chairman Hanna remained at the Mc-Kinley house all night and until 12:30 this afternoon, when he returned to his home in Cleveland. He had nothing to say as to his visit. He was in close communication with Maj. Mc-Kinley, and all visitors who wished interviews with the latter were taken care of by Mr. Hanna during the morn-

JOHN LIND NOT AN ATHEIST

Never Glaimed There was No God and Never Entertained That Belief,

SO HE TESTIFIES IN HIS LIBEL SUIT.

Joined the Turners When He But their Members Take No Was 20 Years Old, Vows on Religion.

Witnesses for the Defense, Including the Writer of the Article, tell the Basis for the Alleged Libelous Reports.

John Lind's \$20,000 libel suit against | of the case for the plaintiff in a most the St. Paul Dispatch was continued in dramatic manner, characterizing those Judge Bunn's court yesterday, and although the entire day was devoted to it, the testimony is not all in yet. At-

torney Pierce concluded his opening

responsible for the alleged libel as "damnable, infamous and miserable

Mr. Pierce offered a paragraph said to have appeared in the issue of Aug. 28 which he wished to introduce for the purpose of showing aggravation and malice, and the attorneys argued at great length as to the propriety of its introduction. Mr. Munn contended that the subsequent publication could not be shown to prove malice, as Mr. Lind was a candidate for public office and nearly every issue of the paper contained his name. Mr. Munn declared that he should contend throughout this trial that calling a man an atheist was not libelous, and if there was any libel it lay in calling Mr. Lind a hypocrite. But that was an accusation drawn from conclusions and facts. To call him an atheist was no more than to call him a Methodist, a Presbyterian or a Catholic. The court overruled Mr. Munn's ob-

jection, stating that it was not necessary for him at this time to rule as to whether calling a man an atheist constituted libel or not.

Mr. Pierce read the paragraph dated Aug. 28, which purported to be a special telegram, and stated that no person in New Ulm pretended to deny that Mr. Lind had been an avowed agnostic for many years, and quoted an article said to have been previously printed in the New Ulm News. Mr. Pierce also read an editorial from the defendant newspaper stating that great care had been taken to ascertain Mr. Lind's views on religion. Mr. Lind himself was the first wit-

He said he was forty-two years of age and a lawyer by profession and had resided in New Ulm since 1873. had resided in New Ulm since 1873. Between 1881 and 1885 he was register of the land office at Tracy. His attention was called to the alleged libelous article and he said he had read it. An effort was made to introduce cor-

Continued on Second Page.

MARKET FOR BANK PAPER ing. It is possible Mr. Hanna may return to Canton later in the week. Col. W. W. Dudley, of Washington, who was in Canton Monday, came from Pittsburg on business as connect-

of the nouses and the rule of the original plan. Two a bazars run through the from the water gate to riding Canea into nearly of the Venetians, the citadel, on a rocky prominence, contained ninety-seven palaces,

and write the English language or Bill Drawn Rimed to Make an Important Change in some other language; but a person not the Insolvency Laws.

grant over twenty-one years of age and capable of supporting such parent Minnesota is aimed at in a bill soon to parent may be sent for and come to be introduced. The bill is in the hands join the family of a child of grandof a prominent senator, not from St. child over twenty-one years of age, Paul, however, who will probably similarly qualified and capable, and a offer it this week. In a general way it is an act to amend the various chapters of the assignment and insolvency for and come to join the husband or laws of this state. parents, similarly qualified and capa-In substance it provides for or permits the creditors and the debtors of

by the poorer class of the depositors.

The working of the law is best ex-

A owes an insolvent bank now in the

hands of an assignee or receiver, say

\$2,500. B has a certificate of deposit

showing that the bank owes him \$2 .-

500. In the course of the events the

receiver or assignee in the process of

collecting and marshalling the banks,

assets will begin suit against A on

his note to the bank for \$2,500. Per-

haps A has a small business plant that

a judgment for \$2,500 would completely

against him, A goes to B and offers

him say fifty cents on the dollar for

his certificate of deposit for \$2,500. B

is satisfied that that is more than he

would get if he waits for the receiver

to wind up the affairs. So he accepts

A's offer of \$1,260 for the certificate of

deposit. When the receiver of the

bank demands the payment of A's note

for \$2,500, A produces the certificate of

deposit assigned to him by B. and thus

offsets the claim and so protects him-

self and his business.

The passage of an act allowing the

debtors and creditors of an insolvent

bank to enter into an arrangement of

this character is necessary, Inasmuch as the supreme court of this state has in two years rendered decisions hold-

of the Hennepin county district court.

The facts as shown were these: The bank closed its doors June 15, 1893. The defendant Rogers then owed the

bank \$102. Two days before the bank closed, a depositor who had \$300 in

the said bank gave Rogers his check for \$105, money due Rogers from said

depositor. Rogers pleaded the check

was legally insufficient. Judge Russell.

begun

cripple. So before suit is

plained by the following illustration:

Aside from these extensions of the present law the bill inaugurates a new system of restricting immigration from border countries, designed to apply principally to immigation from Canada. The provisions are as follows: ada. The provisions are as follows:
That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any
male aliens who have not in good faith made
their declaration before the proper court of
intention to become citizens of the United
States to be employed on any public works
of the United States, or to come regularly
or habitually into the United States by land
or water for the purpose of engaging in any
mechanical trade or manual labor, for wages
or salary, returning from time to time to a
foreign country.

measure rallied a small majority, the

The bill as passed extends the immigration restrictions against "all per-

sons physically capable and over six-

teen years of age, who cannot read

vote being: Yeas, 34; nays, 31.

McKiniey ought to give his doctor something good in the way of an office. He has forbidden any callers seeing the major until next week.

A year of two ago Robert G. Ingersoll wrote an article: "Is Suicide a Sin?" and yesterday his clerk tried to find out by taking prussic acid.

The anti-combine Republican factories of the salt of the seeding section of this act shall not apply to employment of sailors, deck hands or other employees of vessels, or railroad train hands, such as conductors, engineers, brakemen, fremen, or baggagemen, whose duties require them to pass over the frontier to reach the terminal of their runs, or to boatmen or guides on the lakes and rivers on the northern border of the United States.

A violation of these sections is made a misdemeanor punishable by fine up

a misdemeanor punishable by fine up to \$500 or imprisonment up to one year, or both. A special provision exempts from the operation of the law persons arriving from Cuba during the continuance of the present disorder there. The law is to take effect July 1 next. it was called up by Senator Lodge. He said he knew of no sentiment for which he had greater detestation than "nativism." He held the right of migration and expatriation to be essential to the liberty of individuals. This bill was an extention of the same sentiment of nativism. He pointed out defects in various sections. The test of illiteracy would operate against a worthy class and not against the dangerous men, the "brawling anarchists," who were able to read and write. restrictions on Canadian border migration was without a parallel in the legislation of the world. It was a markable movement to originate in the "land of the free and the home of the brave." With the adoption of the miserable narrow policy, our neigh-bors, north and south, would be invited to adopt a similar course. It was an outrage on the comity of nations and the civilization of the age.
Mr. Carter also opposed the report.

ticed today.

Mr. Gibson (Dem., Md.), in opposing the report, appealed to senators on the Democratic side of the chamber to vote against this measure, which, he declared, was as bitterly partisan as the force bill. Mr. Lodge, answering criticisms on the Corliss amendment, said it provided against alien labor on said it provid public works and also against those coming regularly and habitually to this

He said the border restrictions were

worse than any civilized country prac-

A change in the insolvency laws of | lawyers in St. Paul who are engaged in general practice. It is claimed on behalf of such a law, that it will create a market for these certificates of de-posit, owned in a large number of cases by poor people who cannot other-wise realize a cent on them. Further-more it is urged in support of the bill that it enables the debtor to protect himself, and in consequence will pre-vent a general spread of financial trouble and disaster, that would otherwise follow a prosecution of all the claims of the insolvent banks. It is urged too that such a law will greatthe insolvent banks to offset the debts of the debtor due the bank against the ly expedite and materially reduce the cost of closing up the affairs of the inindebtedness of the bank to the depositor. The purpose of the proposed law solvent banks is to create a market for the large Opposition to the bill is expected, and its champions are prepared to make a vigorous fight for it. number of certificates of deposit held

Rainy Lake Improvements. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—United States Consul Duffle, at Winnlegg, reports to the state department that the Dominion government has appropriated \$15,000 for the improvement of navigation in the international waters of Rainy river, at a point named Long Sault Rapids. The engineer in charge is now on the ground making surveys, and will soon begin to remove boulders and construct wing dams. All the steamers on the river are British owned and registered.

Bride and Groom Murdered.

Recount Favors Garfield.

TYNDALL, S. D., Feb. 17.—The bodies of Anton Sharp and wife were found this morning at their house on the Yankton reservation, fifteen miles west of Tyndall. The wife had her throat cut and was shot in the breast. The man was shot in the head. The couple had been married two months. They had \$300 in the house and this is supposed to have been the cause of the murder. There is no clue.

CROOKSTON, Minn., Feb. 17.—The recount in the Garfield county election contest case began here today. All the town clerks in Polk county are here with their ballot boxes. The count is progressing before three commissioners. Out of eighty towns recounted there is a change from three majority against to five for Garfield. Much interest is taken in the recount, which will occupy three days. Special to the Globe.

ed with the inaugural. He said the matter of the escorting train to Mc-Kinley's quarters was the principal ob-ject of his return to Canton. It was the original intention to have the Union Veteran legion head a military escort, Maj. McKinley, however, fully appreciates the honor of the escort, but desires as little display as cort, but desires as little display as possible preceding the inaugural. "He says", remarks Col. Dudley, "he is as much a private citizen on March 4 as he is today, and desires to maintain the dignity of the high office to which he has been elected." The inaugural and reception committee will therefore receive the precident elect therefore receive the president-elect and family, and escort them to their rooms at the Ebbitt house. Col. Dud-ley left at 12:30 for Washington. A gentleman who is in the city to see Maj. McKinley is Hon. W. C. Cox, of Morrillton, Ark. He says the object of his visit is to interest the president-elect in the ex-slave pension

movement, as proposed in Senator Thurston's bill. Mr. Cox says there are upwards of ten thousand ex-slaves in Arkansas, and he represents about 3,000 of them. He will probably not get to see the president-elect for a few Another visitor today was Hon. H.

S. Diesem. of North Dakota, an exmember of the state senate. Mr. Diesem would like an appointment as consul. He brings endorsements from Gov. Briggs. Lieut. Gov. Devihe, ex-Gov. Ally, and a number of members of the state senate and legislature and other prominent officials and citizens of North Dakota.

ROLOFF SKIPPED. His Bail Forfeited by a Member of

the Junta.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 17 .- Gen. Carlos Roloff, of the Cuban junta in New York, failed to appear this morning to plead to an indictment in the United States circuit court here charging him with fitting out a filibustering expedition to Cuba. His bond for \$2,-500 given before a United States commissioner in New York, was declared forefeited and he is now liable to arrest wherever found. His colleague, Dr. Jose J. Luis, was arraigned, pleaded not guilty, and was released on \$2,500 bail for trial at the next term of

PUT TO THE SWORP

in two years rendered decisions holding that such an offset cannot be allowed. Both decisions have been handed down within the past two years. One of the cases was that of the Northern Trust company as assignee of a certain bank, against Charles E. Rogers and others. The case was originally heard before Judge Russell, of the Hennenin county district court One Hundred Cubans Killed in Cold Blood by Spanish Guerillas.

Taso, of Gen. Perza's army, in Pinar for \$105 as an offset to his own note of \$102, held by the bank. The bank's assignee demurred to the answer, maintaining that Roger's counterclaim north of Paso Real De Santiago, putlooking at the equitable side of the transaction, overruled the assignee's The heights were partially fortified and a number of Cuban families were demurrer, but the supreme court re-versed Judge Russell and sustained there, the insurgents numbering about the demurrer. Consequently Rogers not only had to lose the \$105 paid to him, but still remained indebted to the

HAVANA, Feb. 17.-A band of Span- | and many women and children were ish guerrillas, commanded by Maj. captured. Drawing the prisoners up in line the Spanish troops shot them down del Rio province, is reported to have in cold blood and then put to death the captured the heights of Montevari, children, reserving the women and north of Paso Real De Santiago, put-ting over 100 prisoners to the sword. flung down the heights, completely choking up a small gorge.

An imperative order for reinforcements was received here today from 200. Taso had the aid of a deserter Gen. Weyler. It is reported that Gofrom the camp and making a night mez has outwitted the Spanish comattack, surprised the place, and after mander in some manner, and that his

MARK HAS THE LAST

Chairman Hanna Says He Will not Have a Place in the New Cabinet.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 17.—In view of Mr. Hanna's visit to Canton yesterday, a great deal of comment has been indulged in as to the possibility under the mulct law. The bill now goes to the governor. An attempt to amend so as to legalize sales to saloonkeepers who obeyed dealers may, therefore, have trouble collecting bills. of his entering McKinley's cabinet, in spite of the senatorial plans made for the national chairman. A representative of the Associated Press called his attention to the fact today and asked if there was any foundation for the talk:

"Immediately after the election," said Mr. Hanna emphatically, and in some annoyance, "I said I would not be a member of the cabinet. I know of no reason why I should change that statement, as I have not changed my mind on the subject."

Questioned regarding his conference with Mr. McKinley the day before, he said it was of a nature which he could not publicly discuss. He expressed the belief that Mr. McKinley will not visit Cleveland before the in-

Cincinnati, O., Feb., 17.—Considerable stir in political circles was caused here today by the public declaration of George B. Cox in favor of the appointment of Chairman Hanna as Sherman's successor in the senate. There has been much published about factional differences between the old partisans of McKinley and Sherman on the one hand and those of Bushnell and For-aker on the other hand. The latter were said to oppose the appointment of Hanna. As Mr. Cox is generally considered as one of the most promiconsidered as one of the most promi-nent leaders of the Bushnell-Foraker element, the positive statement of Mr. Cox is regarded as reflecting an agreement among Republican leaders in Ohio on Chairman Hanna for the sen-ate. Mr. Cox said he regretted that Senator Sherman had not made his resignation take effect at once, instead of March 5, so that the appointment could have been made at once and no opportunity been given for the publica-tions about alleged factional fights in McKinley's state.

Mr. Cox insists that he has not deserted either Gov. Bushnell or Senator Foraker, but he is as good a friend to them as ever, although he is now emphatically for Hanna and harmony. He says that Ohio has not had two Republicans in the senate at the same ne for twenty-five years, but that the party will soon have the dent, premier and two senators. GARY IS SLATED.

Maryland Man to Be McKinley's Postmaster General.

LYNN, Mass., Feb. 17.—A personal friend of President-elect McKinley who

resides at Washington, and who is staying in this city for a few days stated today that it is positively decided that Hon. James I. Gary, of Ellicott City, Md., will be the Southern member of McKinley's cabinet. The position assigned him is that of postmaster general.

Brant Bill Passed.

Dispensary Law Passed. OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 17.—Washington is on the verge of wiping out all of her saloons and wholesale liquor houses by adopting a prohibitory law, similar to that governing the sale of liquors in South Carolina. The dispensary law, known as the Cline bill, passed the house by a vote of 47 ayes to 30 nays, much to the surprise of the house itself.

Gage Resting. WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Hon. Lyman J. Gage and wife, who has been selected for secretary of the treasury in President-elect McKinley's cabinet, arrived at Virginia, Hot Springs, on the C. & O. railroad this morning. They will make a brief sojourn at the springs before coming on to Washington.

DALZELL REEKS GORE

In a Reply to the Criticisms of Mr. Sovereign.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 17.-Private Dalzell has issued a reply to the attack of General Masterworkman Sovereign upon his statements about the condition of the masses. He says: "There are greater evils than wardishonor, oppression, rebellion, for example. I would 'incarnadine the sea' rather than again behold men sold into bendage; deluge every nation in war rather than witness another rebellion in our own country. That is all I meant in my former letter. I would strike to death the man who would counsel another fratricidal war like that of 1861. That is all I meant. Insurrection will never right prevailing wrongs—social, industrial or political. He is a traitor who counsels it. He deserves the fate of a deg who addeserves the fate of a dog who advises the poor to murder their employes for any cause. But when our congested and impoverished populations must find a way to relieve the strain which comes at last upon all nations, in the order of nature, let old glory unfold its terrors over an American corresponding against the world. This can army solid against the world. This is my prayer, a war for humanity and self protection-a foreign war or noneand this only when honor or necessity demands it."

TRUE TO HER RECORD.

Battle Ship Texas Hung Up on a Galveston Mud Bar.

GALVESTON, Tex., Feb. 17.-The battleship Texas got stuck hard and fast in the mud in Bolivar roads yesterday just after crossing the bar and remained in that condition until 4:30this afternoon. This explains the reason why she anchored so far from the city. A lightening crew worked all day and night to get her affoat and in the accomplishment of the work it is reported that a dredge boat played! an important part. It is thought that. Brant Bill Passed.

DES MOINES, Io., Feb. 17.—The senate, without amendment, has passed the Brant house bill, bringing special charter cities effort is being made to guard it.