

5 U. S. WARSHIPS GET PUSH ORDERS TO LATIN STATES

Rumor of Wilson Policy Fans Revolutionary Flame.

UNCLE SAM, TAKING NO CHANCES, ACTS RAPIDLY

Naval Force to Protect American Interests on Atlantic and Pacific Sides.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Preparations for rushing five United States warships to both coasts of Central America, to meet any emergency which may arise from the brewing unrest there, went forward rapidly today.

Belief by the professional revolutionists that President Wilson will not adhere to the Taft policy of interfering in affairs of Central American republics is today declared by many to be the reason for the unrest prevailing there. Many rumors of incipient revolts and uprisings are being received here. The fact that four American warships have been ordered to Central American ports is taken as significant.

The gunboat Annapolis, with her crew of 100, augmented from the South Dakota and Colorado, started last night from San Diego, Cal., for Amapala, Honduras, to stand guard on the Pacific coast.

The Nashville at New Orleans is making ready for sea and is expected to put out for Puerto Cortes, Honduras, on the Atlantic side, early Monday morning.

The cruiser Des Moines, now at Guantanamo, the Cuban naval station, is being ordered to be at Bluefields, Nicaragua, not later than February 15.

The Denver, which has been standing by distressed Americans threatened by attack from Mexican rebels at Acapulco, will put out from there in a day or two and drop down to Acapulco, Salvador.

It is practically decided that these four ships whose movements were decided upon late yesterday, after Washington had received reports of possible trouble in the Latin Republics, will be augmented by the gunboat Tacoma, now at Boston. Final orders for her movement have not been issued, but are expected probably today.

From its confidential sources, in Central America, this government, especially interested in preserving the peace among the little republics, has been receiving ominous and speculative reports of rumors of deposed dictators and revolutionists hatching here and there, plotting to stir up trouble. While the presence of American warships would be principally intended to provide refuge for Americans and other foreign citizens, there is no doubt that marine and biplane squadrons might be used in the interior if a situation should arise paralleling that in Nicaragua in the recent revolution, when American troops were called upon to open a railroad and openly engage the rebels in battle.

There has been a slight criticism in Congress of this government's interference in the Nicaraguan revolution, but it is said President Taft and Secretary Knox are firmly convinced of their right to use American forces for the protection of United States citizens and property whenever a state of anarchy exists in Central America or the established governments fail to do so.

DENIES GUATEMALAN HEAD PLOTTED ARAUJO'S DEATH

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 8.—Charges that the recent attempted assassination of President Araujo, of Salvador, was the work of paid assassins sent from Guatemala City, where the plot to kill the Salvador executive was alleged to have been hatched, were denied today by Angel Pena, Guatemalan consul at New Orleans.

"Attempts to place the blame for this crime upon President Estrada Cabrera, of Guatemala, came from his enemies in the city," declared Senator Pena. "Enemies in New Orleans of President Cabrera are working incessantly in their efforts to do him harm."

Boy Struck by Train; May Die

Betrayed by his crippled leg, 8-year-old Morris Wilson, 32 Main street, East Orange, was struck by a passenger train of the Lackawanna railroad near the Halstead street crossing, East Orange, today.

He was walking home from the East Orange public library, where he had gone to look at some of the children's books.

Instead of keeping on Main street, he went along the tracks. A west-bound train thundered up behind him and he could not escape quick enough from its path.

He was struck and hurled to one side. Unconscious when he was picked up, he was rushed in an automobile to the Orange Memorial Hospital. The physicians think he may have a fractured skull and internal injuries.

This is the second accident on the Morris and Essex branch within twenty-four hours. Thomas J. Ryan, of East Orange, was killed last night in Orange.

WOMEN OPEN WAR ON COMMERCIALIZED VICE AT BIG MEETING

Conference Will Be Held at Central M. E. Church Tomorrow.

"Commercialized Vice" will be the subject of a mass-meeting for women in the Central Methodist Episcopal Church, Market street, near Mulberry, at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

The conference will be held under the auspices of the civic committee of the Contemporary Club. It will be followed by twenty other meetings for women in the public schools on the subject of "Social Hygiene."

Mrs. Rose Livingston, a social worker in Chinatown, New York city, will be one of the speakers tomorrow. She will deal with the commercial aspect of vice.

Dr. Henry J. F. Walhaus, chairman of the committee on social hygiene of the Board of Health, will discuss the "Commercialized Vice" in regard to the health of the community. The Board of Health has been studying this question for a year.

Moral Aspect.

The moral aspect of the subject will be treated by the Rev. George P. Dougherty, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church.

While Mayor Haussling will be unable to attend the mass-meeting, he will be represented by his secretary, Wilson J. Vance.

In its announcement of the meeting the Contemporary Club says: "As every community is now considering questions of social hygiene in order to improve them, the Contemporary plans a large mass-meeting for the consideration of this subject, hoping that all business women, teachers, industrial, social, church and philanthropic workers, housewives and mothers will take this opportunity of hearing the subject presented in a sane and thoughtful way."

Work along civic lines has occupied an important place in the Contemporary program for 1912-13. Mrs. Henry Hollister Dawson is assisted by a corps of capable sub-chairmen, including Mrs.

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

REPORT OF GREAT BATTLE DOUBTED

Berlin Heard Turks Were Routed, With a Loss of 15,000 Killed.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—A sensational report that the Turks suffered a crushing defeat at the hands of the Bulgarian troops in the Peninsula of Gallipoli and lost 15,000 killed and 10,000 prisoners, which was published in Berlin this morning, received no confirmation or support from any other source today.

It is doubted here whether such a battle could have been fought and such a victory won without Bulgarian headquarters hastening officially to notify the world.

A telegram received from the Bulgarian capital this afternoon made no reference to any fighting. It merely mentioned the departure of King Ferdinand for the field.

Montenegro, like all the rest of the belligerents in the Balkan war, is badly in need of funds. The government at Cetinje is now trying to place a small short-term issue here, but the financiers have barred their doors and resolutely refuse to give any assistance which might prolong the fighting.

Murder Charge Follows Autopsy

A charge of murder was preferred by Captain Christie, of the Third precinct, against Charles Hanriot, 24 years old, of 146 Oliver street, following the autopsy of County Physician McKenize on the body of Hugh Duffy, which showed that the latter died of a fractured skull. Hanriot was held by Judge Hahn in the Third Precinct Court without bail to await the action of the grand jury. He will probably be represented by United States Senator-elect William Hughes.

Duffy died as he was being removed from the Third precinct to St. James's Hospital. He had been locked up following a saloon brawl. At first the man's injuries were thought to be slight, but when he was put in a cell he was later found unconscious.

STABLEMAN FALLS HEIR TO ESTATE OF \$300,000

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., Feb. 8.—George Todd, a stableman of this place, has fallen heir to \$300,000 by the death of his grandfather, who went West years ago. Todd was summoned to Wilmington, Del., yesterday and told of the fortune.

When asked what he would do when he got his money, Todd said he would try to repay his friends for their kindness and would be governed by the advice of his business friends.

LAST MESSAGE OF TAFT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—President Taft today called a special meeting of the cabinet for next Monday to discuss his forthcoming message to Congress on the budget system. The President will lay a draft of the message before his advisers.

CANAL COMMITTEE ASKS MORE TIME TO MAKE REPORT

1913 Legislature Will Not Hear of Morris Abandonment.

\$5,000 APPROPRIATION HAS ALL BEEN SPENT

And So Commission Must Now Ask for More Money to Carry on Its Work.

That a full report by the special committee appointed to investigate the project of abandoning the Morris canal will not be made at this session of the Legislature was the decision reached at a meeting of the committee members today. The members agreed to present a preliminary report in which they would ask for the revival of the appropriation granted them last year.

Chairman Carlton Godfrey announced that an immense amount of work had been completed, but before a full report could be submitted, he said, there still remains much to be investigated. He added that he is informed that Governor Wilson wishes to complete this year's legislative session before March 4, but other members were of the opinion that the present session would extend several weeks beyond inauguration day. The members agreed that a full report could not be rendered in that time.

A meeting was held in the office of the commission in the Prudential building. Commissioner Fred G. Stieckel, Jr., who is also secretary, read the resolution upon which the 1912 Legislature appointed the commission, and the other members agreed to carry out the work prescribed before the end of the present session of the Legislature.

Chairman Godfrey declared that, in addition to the work accomplished, it would be necessary for the commission to be asked to what use the land should be put in the event of the canal being abandoned. Other questions he expected should be answered were: What is the land worth? What should the State receive for its portion?

Commissioners John R. Kelly and Colonel William Libbey, coincided with the chairman. The appropriation granted by the Legislature was \$5,000, but this has been used up. Bills amounting to \$1,316.73 have been passed, but there still remains more than \$300 in debt to the chairman.

It was pointed out at the police headquarters today that the police graft investigation of police graft, and began the investigation of charges made by James Purcell, a veteran gambler, against four captains now on the force. On the strength of Purcell's unsupported story, said Waldo, he would do nothing, but if his investigation corroborated the gambler's charges he would suspend the accused officers.

The police captains Purcell charged with receiving tribute for protecting his gambling establishments are: Patrick J. Gray, brother-in-law of Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, and Captains Martens, Maude and Cochrane. Others he mentioned are no longer on the force.

HOTHOUSE RUINED BY SUFFRAGETTES

Militants Destroy Plants in Kew Gardens—Delay Telegrams by Cutting Wires.

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Militant suffragettes destroyed many valuable plants and did other damage, reaching a total of \$5,000, in the hothouses of the Kew Horticultural Gardens during the early hours of this morning. Thus they developed another part of their plan of campaign to force the government to give the vote to women.

The window-smashing raids continued in London today. Two immense windows in an establishment in Oxford street, which has heretofore been immune because of the proprietor's refusal to employ women, were broken during the early morning hours.

Tumulty Faces Camera Brigade

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—President-elect Wilson's secretary, Joseph P. Tumulty, today inspected the White House offices. He brought a personal message of greeting from the President-elect to Mr. Taft, and said he expected to keep the personnel of the White House office force intact for several months, at least.

Mr. Tumulty's tour of inspection closed with a march into the ranks of a battery of cameras and moving-picture machines.

U. S. MOVES TO KILL MONOPOLY IN SHOE MACHINERY

Third Suit to Break Trust Begun in Trenton.

SAY UNITED CO. FOUGHT COMPETITORS ILLEGALLY

Manufacturers Were Forced, It Is Charged, to Use Its Machines Exclusively.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 8.—The Federal government made its third suit under which the Keighley Shoe Machinery Company in a civil suit filed here today, charging the so-called trust with wielding an alleged monopolistic power and unfair trade tactics to force the Keighley Company—a competitor—into an unlawful contract for the leasing, sale and fixing the price of an "inseam trimming machine."

The United States District Court here was asked to terminate the contract under which the Keighley Company gave the United Company the exclusive right to lease to shoe manufacturers the "inseam trimming machine," the patent of which is held by the Keighley Company.

Following are the defendants to the suit: United Shoe Machinery Company, Boston; Keighley Company, Inc., Vineland, N. J.; Sidney W. Winslow, Orleans, Mass.; Edward P. Hurd, Newton, Mass.; Charles F. Keighley, William Bottemley Keighley and Charles Keighley, of Vineland, N. J.

The government's petition is a severe arraignment of the "trust's" alleged unfair practices. The vigorous enforcement of its methods is declared to have driven practically all competitors from the shoe machinery industry, giving the \$25,000,000 United Company control of more than 99 per cent. of the trade. The big corporation is described by the government as follows in the bill:

"By misrepresentation and threats it deprives its competitors of their customers. It has threatened its competitors that it will use its enormous resources and power to take away their customers. By threats it has coerced competing concerns from entering the business. It has given rebates to shoe manufacturers to induce them to use exclusively its machines. It has discontinued the sale to shoe manufacturers of all the most important machines and unlawfully obtained patents on the machines and put into leases and licenses unreasonable and oppressive provisions, which agreements shoe manufacturers are compelled to execute in order to obtain machinery with which to equip their factories."

The company is accused of acquiring patents for valuable inventions and not using them for long periods. Persons assigning patents to the "trust" are alleged to have been required to agree to transfer for a specified time all their future patents or inventions to the shoe machinery industry. To destroy the competition of the Keighley concern, the United Company is charged with employing alleged unfair methods to make it difficult for its competitor to conduct its business successfully.

Exclusive Rights to Lease

The petition points out that the contract gives the United Company exclusive right to put out on lease all the "inseam trimming machines" owned or controlled or hereafter made or acquired by the Keighley company. The two corporations agree not to encourage any other person or corporation to enter into business in connection with "inseam trimming machines" except in accordance with the terms of the contract. While the Keighley company retains the right to sell the machines, the contract prohibits it from accepting a price less than \$650. The Keighley company is required under the agreement to pay \$200 to the United company for every rapid inseam trimming machine it sells.

Boss Kills Three Negro Laborers

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 8.—Allen Von Behren, 23 years old, assistant superintendent of a wood working plant owned by his father, B. F. Von Behren, shot and killed three negro laborers early today.

He had had trouble with them earlier and said they threatened to kill him. The dead are Walter Washington, John and Henry Gordon. Von Behren was arrested.

Pays Million, at 58, for Freedom to Wed Girl, 21



Miss Mabel Moredock.

MISS MABEL MOREDOCK, of Jefferson, Pa., is to become the bride of Josiah Van Kirk Thompson, a wealthy coal mine owner and banker of Johnstown, who is nearly three times her age, and has been married twice before. It cost Mr. Thompson \$1,000,000 to divorce his second wife. He obtained his final decree on January 20 and made a cash settlement of that amount.

Mr. Thompson is 58 years old; his bride-to-be is 21.

FEAR FOR LIFE OF GIRL HIT BY TRAIN EAST ORANGE P. O. STATION IS CLOSED

Miss Bubar Probably Won't Survive Accident That Killed Lover and Sister.

[From a Staff Correspondent.]

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 8.—Sarah Bubar, the young woman who was seriously injured last night at Roloofs, Pa., in the accident that cost the life of her sister Anna and Bernard Sagenbaum, still remains in an unconscious condition at Mercer Hospital. Physicians at the hospital are apprehensive that the injuries to the girl will prove fatal.

The injured girl immediately upon arriving at the hospital last night was placed under the operating table and the surgeon's hasty action is thought to have prolonged her life.

Sagenbaum and Anna were sweethearts. He met the two girls by appointment at the station, having received a message that they would arrive from Philadelphia on a train reaching Roloofs at 7 o'clock. After their arrival the girls stood chatting with the youth on the station platform. Then they started to cross the tracks, this being necessary to reach Stony Hill, two miles distant, where the Misses Bubar lived.

The three were so much interested in their conversation that they did not hear the roar of the Royal Blue until too late to get out of its way.

The train was halted after the accident and the unconscious Sarah was lifted aboard and brought to the Mercer Hospital.

The Royal Blue express two weeks ago sidetracked a freight train at Roloofs, Pa., near the scene of last night's tragedy, and several persons were injured.

Sneeze Wave Sweeps Crowd Last Minute News

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—This year of grace may pass into history as the year of the Big Sneeze, taking rank with the "year of the Big Wind." Precisely at 10:30 o'clock this forenoon there was a chorus of sneezes on the first floor of the wholesale drug house of Peter Van Schaack & Company, at 116-118 West Lake street. At 10:32 the wave of sneezes spread over the second floor, until presently 125 employees, hatless, coatless and kerchieved explosively reached the street.

Two hundred and twenty-five bags of sulphur were on fire in the basement. Crowds rushed to the scene, but retreated, sneezing. The fumes spread to adjoining buildings, and their occupants emerged on the street, red-nosed, red-eyed and sneezing.

Firemen rushed into the basement, but quickly retreated sneezing and dragging out twelve of their number who had been overcome by the fumes.

CALL PLUMBER BANKRUPT

[From a Staff Correspondent.]

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 8.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy was filed in the Federal Court today against Carradog P. Morgan, a plumbing contractor, of Maland Park, Bergen county. The Thatcher Furpance Company and others are the petitioning creditors, who allege Morgan's three claims are upwards of \$500 and that Morgan is insolvent.

DEADLY WEAPONS MADE FROM SHOE BY SLAYER IN JAIL

Steels Sharpened to Razor Edge Taken from Loponio.

FOUND GUILTY, IS NOW KEPT IN SOLITARY CELL

First Time in Many Years Sex Murderer Has Been So Guarded.

Salvatore Loponio, convicted last night of the murder of Policeman John J. McGovern, is today confined in a separate cell block at the county jail, having been placed there last night by Warden Richard McGuinness after he had been carefully searched for weapons with which he might harm himself or others.

This is the first time in many years that a murderer after conviction has been placed in what practically amounts to solitary confinement, and this method was taken because the jail officials regard Loponio as a highly dangerous man.

Made His Own Weapons

Less than two weeks ago, in a search of his cell, two dangerous weapons, which Loponio had constructed by tearing the steel pieces out of the arches of a pair of shoes and sharpening them on the stone of his cell floor to the keenness of razors, were discovered and taken away from him.

These weapons were about five inches in length and sufficiently heavy to have cut a person's throat at a single slash. They were found concealed in the mattress in Loponio's cell, and he would give no reason for constructing them. Since then he has been watched very closely.

Always a Trouble-Maker

Warden McGuinness said today that Loponio had been a trouble-maker ever since he has been in jail, and for several days preceding the discovery of the hand-made weapons had been particularly troublesome with the other prisoners in the jail where he was confined.

He seemed to be trying to pick quarrels with the warden stated, particularly with Rochefort and Overton, the two prisoners who gave such damaging testimony against him on his trial.

He had also made complaint to Frederick Richard F. Mattia, of the jail committee, saying that the food was not fit to eat. Warden McGuinness had Mr. Mattia talk with the other prisoners and found that the complaint was absolutely without foundation.

After Against Nephew

Loponio has at all times been very bitter against Crescenzo Lombardo, his nephew, and Raffaele Berlingieri, who first told of his shooting McGovern, and the two boys have always been separated from him at the jail. After last Tuesday, when it became known that Loponio had been particularly troublesome, and Rochefort would testify against him, Loponio was moved from the cell he had occupied on the tier with them and placed in one of the two cells originally designed for condemned murderers.

Last night, after returning to jail after his conviction, he was placed in another cell temporarily, and the mattresses, pillows and other furniture taken from his old cell, which was then searched in every nook and cranny for possible weapons. A new mattress and pillows were then given him and orders given the guard that he was to be watched continually. The other prisoners in nearby cells, who are separated from Loponio by iron gratings, were also ordered not to talk to him. This vigil will be kept up until Loponio is removed to Trenton to enter the death-house.

He Faces the Jury

It was just ten minutes after 9 o'clock when word came that the jury had agreed. Judge William F. Mattia was waiting for the verdict in his chambers and at once sent for Loponio, who was brought into the room between Court Attendants McManus and Schneider, who towered far over the short and thin, dark-faced little Italian.

The wait while his fate had been in the hands of the jury had told on Loponio and he was visibly nervous as he scanned the faces of the jurors.

"There Is No God," He Says

As Foreman Nolan, after the usual questions of the clerk, Thomas McLeland, pronounced the words "guilty of murder in the first degree," Loponio held his hands in appeal and cried in Italian, "There is no God."

Mr. Teeple, Loponio's counsel, said today that he would at once apply for a new trial for him.

WILSON ASKED TO TALK

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—The Groves Cleveland Association has invited Woodrow Wilson to speak at the meeting in the Chamber of Commerce building on March 15 to celebrate the 76th anniversary of Cleveland's birth. If Mr. Wilson can be present at the celebration it will probably be his first public address after his inauguration as President.

BLIND MEN COOL AT FIRE

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—While a fire was burning briskly in the cellar of their institution fifty blind men working on the upper floors of the five-story building occupied by the New York Association for the Blind at 338-340 East Thirty-fifth street marched to the street through dense smoke in the halls without a sign of panic.