

## What Investment Compares With Furniture?

An automobile quickly depreciates, and is a constant expense to operate.

A trip is soon but a memory.

Jewels give only occasional pleasure to one individual, and entail anxiety for their security.

So with most indulgences and pleasures.

But Furniture—Furniture requires but the original investment. There is no upkeep.

It affords not joy to one, but many.

Its comfort is not occasional, but constant.

It yields daily dividends in the most desirable currency of the realm—comfort and enjoyment. Visit us for Furniture.

THE OLD RELIABLE

### B. W. Hooker & Co.

UNDERTAKERS—BEST UP-TO-DATE MOTOR AMBULANCE SERVICE  
City rates same as horse-driven ambulance; distance calls at reasonable terms.

## The N. D. Phelps Co. Inc.

### D & M Baseball and Lawn Tennis Goods

BASEBALLS, 15c to \$2.25

We have had the pleasure of making lots of youngsters happy with D & M Baseball and Gloves, and hope to please many more. A new supply of 1920 TENNIS BALLS and RACKETS is now in.

Phone 28 - Barre, Vt.

### CANDY SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY

Peach Blossoms, per lb. .... 29c  
Mixed Fudges, per lb. .... 39c  
Chocolate Peppermint Patties, per lb. .... 59c  
If you want delicious Ice Cream, just try ours. Four flavors: Strawberry, Chocolate, Vanilla and Caramel-Grapefruit.

BARRE CANDY KITCHEN  
The Home of Pure Candy



## All Hats Cleaned

By our process of Cleaning, Dyeing and Blocking, we can renew your old hat and save you money. New ribbons or bands attached. Bring them in now—any and all kinds—and be ready for the season.

New Panama Hats, genuine and imitation, from \$5 to \$18.

Our line of Polishers and Laces is most complete.

Barre Shoe Shining and Hat Cleaning Parlors  
STROUTSOS BROS.

## Money Saving Specials for Saturday

A good value Broom at ..... 75c  
Pickled Pigs' Feet, pint jars ..... 45c  
Krinkle Corn Flakes ..... 3 packages for 25c  
Tryphosa ..... 4 packages for 25c  
My-T-Fine Dessert ..... 2 for 25c  
Marshmallow Creme ..... 20c, 45c  
Everyday Evaporated Milk, per can ..... 15c  
S. S. Pierce Salad Dressing, large bottle ..... 45c  
Ace-High Cocoa, 1/2-lb. cans ..... 25c

FRESH, CRISP VEGETABLES  
Lettuce, Celery, Spinach, Dandelions, and Texas Onions.

DON'T FORGET FRUIT  
Nice, yellow Bananas, Navel Oranges, juicy Grapefruit.

### The Smith & Cumings Co., Inc.

### TALK OF THE TOWN

New supply of Victor records just arrived at Bailey's Music Rooms—adv. Trimmed hats at lowest discount from now on. Mrs. Shallow, 5 Forsythe place. Miss Winifred Hamel returned today from a week's visit at her home in Plainfield.

Nazimova in "Stronger Than Death" at the Bijou next Monday and Tuesday. Two days only. Special prices—adv.

Robert Stewart and William Kerr have returned to the Fore River shipyards after spending a week with Barre relatives.

Miss Irene Cardini, who completed work at the Hayes Dry Goods Shop on Elm street Thursday, began work at the Barre Candy Kitchen yesterday.

Long-distance and general trucking; truck is also equipped to carry parties; will seat between 15 and 20 people. All pneumatic tires. Granite City Bottling Works.

J. E. Maun of St. Albans, superintendent of the Central Vermont railway, and G. W. Groom, assistant superintendent, were in this city yesterday on business.

Special sale of two, three- and four-burner Korogas oil stoves, the best in Barre. Largest line of new and second-hand ranges in Barre. Get prices. E. A. Prindle, Worthen block.

Ensign James Parker of the New York training station, who has been visiting relatives in Barre, went to Waterbury, in company with Philip Switzer, to pass the week end.

Stereopticon lecture on "The Land of Livingstone's Travels." Come and see what a great church is doing for the uplift of the African negro. Holding M. E. church, Sunday evening, May 23—adv.

Celeste Abbiatti of 90 Circle street left here Wednesday night for New York, where she is to begin a journey to Bremen, Usteria, Italy. Mr. Abbiatti, one of the South Barre Granite Co., plans to remain there for a few months with relatives.

George Troup, photographer, has just returned from a several days' fishing trip to Waterbury, Stowe and Burlington. At Burlington he saw one of the aeroplanes which made the Boston-Burlington flight in an hour and three-quarters last week, take-off for its return journey to Boston.

In the treatment of certain cases at the City hospital there is use for a great amount of compress material, such as old cotton cloth (clean), the demand for which is greater than the supply. Will anyone having material of this nature which they desire to put to a good use call the hospital or bring it to that institution?

Two highly valued horses of the Beane farm of Newington, N. H., arrived in this city yesterday and were taken immediately to the stables of Dr. Will S. Page of South Main street. One of these, Hilde Oak, a registered Holstein bull, was likewise shipped by express to Hyland B. Wadell in Barre. During the past year more than 20 head of pure bred stock have been shipped from the Smith farm to places in Vermont and Massachusetts.

Within the past week registered cattle valued at no less than \$800 have been shipped from the Smith & Son farm on Trow hill. The latest shipment consisted of a valuable Guernsey registered cow and a heifer, consigned to the M. W. Palmer farm in Lexington, Mass. And just prior to these shipments Mr. Palmer received two registered Guernsey calves. A registered Holstein bull was likewise shipped by express to Hyland B. Wadell in Barre. During the past year more than 20 head of pure bred stock have been shipped from the Smith farm to places in Vermont and Massachusetts.

Not until one hour had passed from the scheduled time for the Godard-Cushing baseball game was it finally decided that the teams would not meet yesterday afternoon. Nothing but a heavy downpour of rain, which began at noon and continued in torrents until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, deprived baseball fans here of another of Godard's contests. The Cushing team, numbering 15 players with Coach Baumgartner, were given the rain guarantee of \$35 and entertained at the seminary last night and this morning, until ready to begin the trip to Hanover, N. H., where this afternoon they meet the Dartmouth freshmen.

A large number of Vermont Dartmouth alumni from all parts of the state have already expressed their intentions to attend the reunion at Woodstock on June 4, by making the necessary response to Secretary A. B. Jan of this city. Not a few, but many, have expressed themselves as being anxious to hear what President Hopkins of Dartmouth has to say in regard to the policy likely to be pursued by the college in view of the large entering class, already pledged for entrance next September. More than 1,000 applications have been received from all parts of the globe, but of these only 600 could be accepted. Whether the college proposes to double its capacity or whether it will remain restricted is a question of vital importance, which will undoubtedly be answered by President Hopkins.

In the time that it would take a streak of lightning to travel down a greased water-pipe traveled the story that a large safe had been excavated in front of the Barre garage yesterday, and without even causing it to be opened, H. G. Bennett had ordered it cast away with other debris at the city dump. Why he hadn't even thought that some old miser had carefully dug a hole and dropped this little safe, weighing no more than three tons and filled with ancient gold and valuable documents, no one could imagine. Mr. Bennett ignored all these possibilities and didn't care if it was filled with gold and all those precious documents. As a matter of fact, this iron safe was nothing new to the Barre Cadillac man, for he remembered it had been utilized and dropped there as a cast away with other debris when the garage was being built, but it was the foundation of an excellent air-castle story that expanded with each relation. By the time this rumor had reached Depot square, Monsieur Bennett had changed his title to baron, and was about to start a little ball around the world in his runaway bi-plane.

Granite Cutters' International Association of America.

A regular meeting of the Barre branch of the G. C. I. A. of A. will be held in Chan Gordon hall on Monday evening, May 24, 1920, at 7 o'clock. Una riunione regolare dell'Unione degli Scalpellini (branch di Barre) avra' luogo nella sala di Chan Gordon on Monday evening, May 24, 1920, at 7 o'clock. J. McKernan, secretary.

### JOHN W. GORDON A CANDIDATE

(Continued from first page.)

confusion and lessen extravagance in our expenditures.

VIII. No one will question that we ought to treat the veterans of the last war with gratitude and liberality. As I had four sons in the war overseas, it might seem that I would look upon the matter in a prejudiced way. For that reason I have some diffidence in the matter. A large number of different plans have been presented to Congress, none of which seems to command a majority. A flat cash bonus of two billion dollars seems beyond our present capacity without great inconvenience. And does the need of our veterans require it? If so, we shall strive to meet it as a compensation for their services, but hundreds of thousands of the boys who enlisted are to-day in easy circumstances financially. The circumstances of all average well-perhaps with that of the great mass of the people. Their mental and physical condition is undoubtedly superior. This will be an advantage to them in future years. Their service will, if other things are equal, give them a preference in all walks of life. Taking these things into consideration, we should make such compensation to them as our circumstances will warrant, but in no event should we fail to adopt a liberal policy to all who have been maimed or broken in the service or to the dependents of those who died. Our treatment for such should be prompt and adequate. As the years go by and infirmities or misfortunes come to the veterans, we should care for them with a liberal hand.

They have one advantage that no law can bestow. A name on the roll of honor is a priceless heritage as compared with a name on the payroll of a munition plant; the contents of a pay envelope are paltry things as compared with the traditions of a loyal and heroic service.

IX. In the campaign of 1914 I put forward as one of my planks the restoration of our merchant marine. The accident of war has restored it to the position it held during the first half of the last century. We should maintain it in that position and pass such laws as may be required for that purpose.

X. The usual formula of candidates and parties is that capital and labor should have a square deal. To this general proposition everybody subscribes. But like all general principles, the difficulty comes in the application to specific instances. We can legislate as to the conditions under which labor should work and capital be employed. But labor and capital belong to the domain of economics. When we take to control the forces of production by legislation, we must necessarily operate in a limited area. We can set a sheriff with a stop watch at the gate of production, but we may thereby penalize ourselves by short supplies. If each individual is not permitted to contribute his just proportion to the common stock, we shall exploit ourselves as consumers. It is a serious question to interfere unduly with economic laws. A legislative hall is sterile seed ground. A law neither sows nor reaps. In the last few years our legislative mill has been working overtime, yet production (as measured by tons) in seven staple products had increased in 1919 only 3.3 points over 1913. The cost of all commodities had increased 114.5 points. Production has lagged far behind the increase of its cost. How much of this is to be attributed to legislation? If we attempt to legislate in matters that restrict production like hours of labor we should be guided by fatigue, opportunity for recreation, and rest. These should be the basis of all such legislation and not the greed of groups and classes.

XI. Agriculture should receive our first and careful attention. It is at the base of all other occupations. Legislation should be enacted with a view to as wide distribution of land as possible. It is a matter of serious consideration that during the three decades from 1890 to 1910 more than 440,000 tenant farmers were added to our agricultural roll. The tenant farmer robs the soil and reduces its productive capacity. Our farm loan establishments have done much and should be encouraged. But there is a tendency to loose and crude administration that ought to be corrected. The life of the country should be made as attractive as that of the city. Good roads should be built. The tendency of the population is now cityward. Back to the soil is a discarded phrase the world over. Denmark is the only country where the agricultural population is increasing and is one of the most contented. It was the small proprietors of France that saved her from bolshevism. Prussia it was the land question that worked disaster in Russia. Every man that owns a piece of land sufficient for the support of himself and his family is loyal to his government. The truth has been expressed in the familiar saying that a man will fight for his home but not for his boardinghouse.

XII. The people have agreed that this is a country where the majority should rule. The country is overwhelmingly committed to the 18th amendment. The amendment should be honestly and reasonably enforced. Legislation for its enforcement should be adequate. The Volstead act is open to criticism. It excludes many innocent beverages. The per cent of alcohol allowed by it is one-half of that in our state law. It is too much of a red-tape measure. It provides so many impediments that even hospitals cannot with in a reasonable time get alcohol for their uses. The amendment was not adopted to prohibit or hamper the use of alcoholic liquors for medicinal purposes. This fact has been somewhat ignored by the Volstead act. That act

should be revised, but no beverage should be allowed to contain an intoxicating per cent. We should keep within the safe limit of sobriety. Everybody sober, the jailer idle, and asylums caring for unfortunates only, is a "consummation devoutly to be wished." XIII. There are many other planks to which I would subscribe, such as economic administration, private ownership as opposed to government ownership, a more careful recognition of the reserved rights of the states, a suitable form of military training, development of our water powers, protection of the public against profiteering and all measures that would promote the general welfare.

John W. Gordon.

### PROMOTING PLANT EFFICIENCY.

Experts Say Eight-Hour Day is More Efficient Than Ten-Hour Day.

The eight-hour day is not only more efficient than the ten-hour day in industrial plants, but is more economical. This is the conclusion reached by experts of the United States public health service after a careful detailed study of conditions and production in standard factories of both classes, which has been under way since 1917.

The plants surveyed were selected after a great deal of care. Each is a modern factory, employing such a large number of workers as to make any conclusions reached apply to industry in general. The other consideration was that the machinery, manufactured product and processes in the ten-hour plant should be sufficiently similar to the eight-hour plant to make a fair comparison.

The advantages are all in favor of eight-hour days, or shifts, as compared with the ten-hour day, and relate to maintenance of output, to lost time and to industrial accidents.

Here are the main conclusions summarized:

Maintenance of output: The outstanding feature of the eight-hour day is steady maintenance of output. The outstanding feature of the ten-hour system is the decline of output.

Lost time: Under the eight-hour system work with almost full power begins and ends approximately on schedule, and lost time is reduced to a minimum. Under the ten-hour system work ceases regularly before the end of the spell and lost time is frequent.

Stereotyped output: Under the ten-hour system the laborers seem to artificially restrict their efforts and to keep pace with the less efficient workers. Under the eight-hour day the output varies more nearly according to the individual capacity of the laborer. That is, each is more likely to do his utmost, rather than an "average day's work," regulated by a low standard.

Industrial accidents: This phase of the study is of particular interest. Ordinarily accidents may be expected to vary directly with speed of production, owing to increased exposure to risk. But when fatigue is taken into consideration there is a marked modification of this rule. When there is a reduction of output due to fatigue, there is a rise in the number of accidents; that is, in the last hours of the 10 or 12-hour day, in spite of employees slowing up in work, more accidents occur. If for any reason production is speeded up in the last hours, when the laborers are fatigued, the rise in the number of accidents rises so rapidly as to leave no room to doubt that the higher accident risk accompanies the decline in working capacity of the employee.

These conclusions are based on so careful a study by officers of the U. S. public health service and on so large a number of employees that they may undoubtedly be applied by industrial engineers generally.

The full report is contained in public health bulletin No. 106, which is the first of a series to be published by the U. S. public health service on the problems of industrial working capacity. In the 200 pages making up the present report is presented a wealth of information which no industrial engineer can afford to neglect. Certainly if American industry is to maintain its present leadership it will only be as the result of the application of sound physiological principles.

Rockland Reading Framingham Leominster Hyde Park Wakefield

Good Goods **Adams Company** Good Service

## Friday and Saturday Specials in All Departments

### READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

Ladies' and Misses' **SHORT COATS**

Browns, Tans, Mixtures; Regular Prices up to \$32.50.

Special 15.00

**GIRLS' COATS**

Short and Long, sizes 10, 12, 14, 16; Regular prices up to \$19.50.

Special 15.00

**LADIES' SUITS**

Serges, Tricotines, Mixtures

25% off

**Silk and Georgette DRESSES**

25% off

**Voile and Organdie WAISTS**

Regular prices, \$3.50 and \$2.98.

Special 2.49

### BARGAIN BASEMENT

DAINTY FLOWERED DIMITY

REGULAR PRICE, 49c; SPECIAL ..... 39c

Ladies' and Children's **Hose**

Regular Price, 29c; Special ..... 19c

Ladies' Summer Vests

Wing Sleeves

Regular Price, 35c; Special ..... 21c

### DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

55-in. Wool Jersey Cloth

in Brown and Blue Heather Mixture; Regular Price, \$5.25; Special ..... \$3.98

55-Inch Novelty **Silvertone**

Brown Check; Regular Price, \$8.25; Special at ..... \$6.98

56-in. Sport Stripe **Skirtings**

Beautiful colorings

Regular Price, \$9.75; Special ..... \$6.98

**Percales**

43c a yard, 10 yards for \$4.00

### CHILDREN'S HATS

REGULAR PRICE, \$2.50 and \$3.25; SPECIAL ..... \$2.39

188 N. Main St. **The Daylight Store** Barre, Vermont

Gardner Clinton Woburn Plymouth Keene, N. H. Barre, Vt.

### Insure your car in The TRAVELERS



### Smashed the Fence and the Piazza

Then the house owner brought a good-sized claim for damages and the automobilist had to pay. There was also a nice repair bill on the car—both of which the automobilist would have escaped if he had had **insurance**. Be wise in time. Telephone today.

**Paige & Campbell**

General Agents—Phone 268-W

### IDEAL GARAGE

OFF GRANITE STREET

FORMERLY TROW & HOLDEN TOOL SHOP  
**GENERAL AUTOMOBILE SERVICE**  
AND REPAIRING  
BATTERY SERVICE STATION  
ALL WORK GUARANTEED

### The Woman's Ready-to-Wear Shop

If you would save 20 cents on the dollar—Wire your friends and visit

**The Mrs. Shepard Co., Inc.**

### Jiffy Jell Special

Jiffy Jell, any flavor, this week, . . . 2 pkgs. for 25c  
Cleaned Currants in bulk, per lb. .... 20c  
Evaporated Apple in bulk, per lb. .... 25c  
2 cans Van Camp's Evaporated Milk at store 25c  
Fresh Eggs, cash and carry, per dozen ..... 50c

### BAKERY DEPARTMENT

Try our New Currant Buns, per dozen ..... 18c  
Molasses Cookies and Molasses Jumbles, doz. .... 18c  
Always good to have—Ladd's Cream Sponge Cakes, each ..... 18c  
Ladd's Cream Bread, at the store, per loaf ..... 14c

### MEAT DEPARTMENT

New Texas Bermuda Onions, per lb. .... 10c  
Fresh Native Rhubarb, per lb., 10c, 3 lbs. for 25c  
Native Roast Pork, per lb. .... 30c, 35c and 38c  
Pork Sausage, per lb. .... 30c  
Pork Liver ..... 2 lbs. for 25c  
Smoked Shoulder, per lb. .... 25c and 28c  
Beef Sausage, per lb. .... 28c  
Western Roast Beef, per lb. .... 35c  
Lettuce, Radishes, Cucumbers and Asparagus.

### FISH DEPARTMENT

500 lbs. of Mackerel, dressed any style, for Saturday, per lb. .... 20c  
Fresh Halibut for Saturday, per lb. .... 25c  
All kinds of Fresh Fish, including Lobsters and Clams and Bull Pouts.

**The F. D. Ladd Company**