To Make the Education of the Public School Children More Practical

By MARY KING SHERMAN, General Federation of Women's Clubs



Applied Education, as a General Federation department title, is so new that a definition from our viewpoint is justified and is found in one of the purposes of the department. This purpose is, in brief, to make the education of public school children more practical.

In this 1921 civilization "practical" cannot be comprehensively defined. Nevertheless, "Applied Education" includes certain essentials. It must be real education, of practical value as contrasted with aca-

demic teaching by schedule. It must give the pupil facts and training that will be always useful. It must deal with the realities of the environment of the individual. It must make clear the homely truths of everyday life. It must concern itself with the nature and working of the physical world around us. It must give full value to the educational, economic and spiritual worth of nature's methods and processes. And it must be education that results in a tangible, vital force in the consciousness of the individual.

The department is working for open county conferences in every county of every state. The purpose is to bring together the women of each county, to show them their community needs and how they may co-operate through community groups and to point out the ways in which the General Federation of Women's Clubs may be of service. These conferences are devoted to the consideration of the work of the three divisions of the applied education department-education, home economics and conservation of natural resources.

The beneficial effects of these open county conferences, followed by community group co-operation, cannot be overestimated. This program makes the women see for themselves their own home and community needs and shows them how these may be met. It is based upon action-instead of theory and actually functions in the lives of women. It stimulates initiative, inspires and develops leadership and increases the sense of individual responsibility to the community. It results in the development of better American citizens.

United States' Foreign Trade Policy Should Be Live and Let Live

By FRANK A. VANDERLIP, New York Financier

The very necessity of her situation will compel Germany to organize her industries on the most efficient possible basis, which means low production costs. It is up to us to meet German efficiency with equal or greater efficiency, not for the purpose of killing off German foreign trade, but simply to maintain our position.

Our foreign trade policy should be live and let live, recognizing that in the case of both England and Germany, their existence as great nations depends upon their ability to export great quantities of goods. Their export trade is vital to them. With us foreign trade is important but not

There had been developed over a period of many years a machine of the greatest intricacy and delicacy for the exchange of goods among nations. The war smashed this machine into bits. It will require time, great intelligence and much patience to put it together again.

With No Revolvers, the Holdup Man's Victims Would Have a Chance

By JOHN R. THOMPSON, Chicago Restaurant Man

Citizen disarmament! Aside from world disarmament there is nothing so important to civilization.

This is my opinion and incidentally explains why I have inserted in

several newspapers an advertisement reading thus: "I will pay \$1,000 to anyone who will give one good reason why the revolver manufacturing industry should be allowed to exist in America face any peril if she thinks that her

and enjoy the facilities of the mails." The revolver always has been and still is a menace to any community. It is merely a weapon for the thug, the holdup man and the murderer. It is impossible to turn to any useful purpose, as one uses the rifle or shotgun. Where would our holdup man, doing such a thriving business in Chicago today, be, if he could not get hold of a revolver? He couldn't very well go round packing a shotgun or rifle, and if he carried only a

piece of lead pipe or club the victim would at least have a fighting chance. I have long been convinced the revolver should go and the advertisement is the first of a series to arouse public sentiment against it as the initial step toward a bill in congress banning the making of small fire-

Matrimonial Happiness Wrecked by Helpmeets Who Wouldn't Talk

By JUDGE JOSEPH SABATH, Chicago

Novelists have devoted carlods of paper and barrels of ink in making people believe the most unfortunate of husbands is the one who has a talkative wife. But they're all wrong. Fifty per cent of the men who come to my court seeking a divorce have had their chances for matrimonial happiness wrecked by wives who wouldn't talk. The most dangerous sort of a helpmate is the woman who sulks. I believe the majority of unhappy She can do the average thing, and that husbands are tired of their wives because the latter sulk and refuse to talk when they are displeased with something the husband has or has not done.

When a man says, "Dear, did you have a good time at the movie, this afternoon?" and the wife answers by tilting her chin in the air and calmly ignoring the fact that her husband has addressed her, there's going to be and works for it. She puts in an extra trouble.

You see, a man is vain. He thinks every statement he makes should be carefully heeded. When his wife attempts to chastise him by refusing to talk, his pride is hurt. Frequently he tries the same plan. Then it is not very long until the home is as quiet as a tomb and the air is charged with divorce electricity.

Saburo Shimada, Japanese orator-The nations of the world are staggering under the pressure of the evergrowing burdens of naval and military expenditures, so that the limitation of armaments will meet with an enthusiastic reception from all peoples. A restriction of armaments can be realized if an understanding is arrived at between the United States, Great Britain and Japan.

ames E. Watson of Indiana-We should make definite arth our debtors to pay a fixed amount each year, whatever will be at a premium. Don't be com we may have definite assurances of just how much we may

OUR FEATURE SECTION

Department Devoted to Attractive Magazine Material

So fidelity and gratitude are not con-

But there is no reason to believe

On the other hand, from the dawn

So he invented language to convey

his questions to his neighbors and

alphabets to write them down for his

will always clude him.

he will be man, as God made him.

SOMETHING TO THINK ABOUT

fore of things.

By F. A. WALKER

THE QUESTIONER.

WHEN Shakespeare wanted to exfood from a stranger. press the tragedy involved in the snuffing out of the life of his most fined to the lords of creation. intellectual character, he did it by that the beasts of the jungle that these words, "The rest is silence." He might have put it in another have their hunting laws, or the ants way, by saying that Hamlet would ask that lay up their store for winter, or the bees that know practical geometo more questions. For that was his try, or the eagle that mourns his dead most disconcerting habit.

Keeping silence before a puzzling wife forever, or the hen that protects world, and a puzzling universe, is something that man has never done. less of rifles, or the raccoon that is The human being who just asked falthful to his master, ever asked any the reason for the first nightfall and questions about the why and where-

the first appearance of the stars stood on the threshold of all modern scientific investigation. So, if it were necessary to find a efinition of man which would differ- in spite of the fact that, even in the But never simultan'ously, entiate him from all the rest of creatures, it would be sufficient to say of would never be able to solve it."

him: "He is the animal that asks

questions." Rudyard Kipling in a striking line talked of "the law of the jungle." The writers of fables have not pulled the long bow in attributing to the beasts the sense of justice, even if they were making fun of society in doing so. So the lion stands for

for him who evades them. So law is not peculiar to the children of Adam.

the maker of rules, and the monkey

The animals know political econ-"Go to the ant thou sluggard,"

said King Solomo This little creature shows what can be done through the organized efforts of thousands of insects, whose operations could be stopped in a moment by the foot of a passing glant in the

shape of a mischievous boy. So business organization is clusively human.

It is impossible to look at the combe of a beehive without realizing that the creatures who made it know geo etry and architecture.

The cells are so constructed as to give the maximum of strength with the minimum of expenditure in the way of material.

So the Brooklyn bridge, or the dome of St. Peter's, is not a proof of human superiority.

There is a solitary eagle to be seen every day, soaring over a lake in western Ontario. Once he had a mate. But she disappeared one winter. Since then the widower has never married. The natives say that it is the habit of these birds to be perpetually true to their first and only love.

So constancy is not the exclusive virtue of our race.

When Christ wanted to express his affection for Jerusalem, he could think of nothing better to say than that he would have gathered its people about him, as a hen gathers her chickens under her wings. This timld bird will young are in danger.

In the same way the bear of the North woods, which will fly before man under ordinary circumstances, will fight to the death if she thinks

her cubs are threatened. So family affection and devotion do not set mankind apart from the rest of the animal kingdom.

Only the other day a raccoon at the Bronx zoological gardens in New York, was in danger of starving to death because the gatekeeper who had tamed

THE GIRL ON THE JOB How to Succeed—How to Get Ahead—How to Make Good By JESSIE ROBERTS

AN AVERAGE JOB.

any girl, or do you want a career? If very palatable luncheon dish. Cook the latter, you must recognize the importance of sound training.

Take two girls. Both determine that stenography is the opening they will seek. One takes the usual course and enters an office at the ordinary salary.

'The other girl isn't satisfied with such a future. She takes Spanish and French, and studies English, both commercial and cultivated. She studies the requirements of a big position, year of work before accepting a position and once at work she continues her studies

She will be one of the few thorough ly equipped women for the position she has in mind. She will get that position in time. And she will be making two or three times what her friend is at the end of ten years, and have, moreover, the assurance of a permanent position and real recognition. Be cause the thoroughly trained person is rare, and the firm who secures her won't let her go if it can help itself. A girl can specialize in bank work,

in technical work, secretarial work or for big business. And this is only in the one line of stenography. There are hundreds of other lines, and in each the trained and ambitious worker

LYRICS OF LIFE By DOUGLAS MALLOCH

GEE AND HAW.

A FELLAH had a pair of mules That knew no laws and knew I and petted him had been sent to the hospital. The animal would not take But geed for haw and hawed for go

And went contrary gener'ly.

The darnedest mules you ever see. If both had geed when it was haw, While that ain't just exactly law, It would of worked out purty good, If once the thing was understood

And they done what you thought they

her chickens, or the bear that is fear- But not these two. If old July, When you yelled "gee," to gee would

> Old January, 'tother one, Observin' what July had done, Would start to hawin' on the run.

of history, we find man worrying over the riddle of the universe. This too They went through life, and kicked beginning of things he felt that he more dirt

> And done less work and done more hurt Than two hyenles, I assert.

children. He invented mathematics in And I've seen folks just like them mules.

order to compute the motions of the Who wed, but never read the rules, By all his questioning he has suc-Who didn't know you had to wear ceeded in pushing back the curtain The marriage collar fair and square that hangs around his universe. Yet And pull together everywhere, he knows perfectly well that in spite

of all that his Newtons, Darwins, Ein- One can't have haw and one have gee steins and Curies may do, what Her- To gee or haw you must agree bert Spencer called "the unknowable" And then go forward, gee or haw, Accordingly, without no jaw-But as long as he follows the gleam | And that's good sense, and that's good

SCHOOL DAYS



Mother's Cook Book

Along the highway, hour by hou

Each song the thrush through vernal branches throws; Each marvel of the sunrise; each dusk

Of mystery and fragrant sacrament; Each star that in the heaven burns and

PALATABLE DISHES.

HANDFUL of green onlons, a A cupful of cooked rice, a cupful of A RE you going to be content with an thick white sauce, a cold hard-cooked egg and a little cheese may make a the tender young onlons until well done; drain. Butter a small baking dish and put in the rice, cover with the drained onlons, add a sprinkling of grated cheese the white sauce and bake until bubbling hot. Serve from the dish. The rice should be well seasoned with butter, or with a chicken broth while it is cooking.

Slice three ripe bananas, press through a sieve, add a small box of crushed strawberries, reserving part of the juice; beat together lightly and set on ice to cool. Serve in glass cups with whipped cream to which has been added the reserved strawberry juice. Serve very cold.

During the hot weather the simple and less expensive desserts appeal to the housewife. Frozen dishes, when prepared at home, are always acceptable and cost very little.

Take three lemons, two cupfuls of ugar and a quart of rich milk. Mix the sugar and lemon fulce, add a grated rind if desired, then stir in the The mixture will curdle but milk. when frozen will be smooth and very palatable. Serve in sherbet glasses.

THE ROMANCE OF WORDS

"BLIGHTY."

THE number of slang words and phrases which have slipped into the language by reason of the Babel which resulted when men of many nations gathered in the great melting pot of the allied army is a long one, but one of the most typical is "blighty"-the English colloquial equivalent for "home."

Prior to the commencement

of the recent great World war the majority of the British army was stationed in India and much of their slang consisted of words and phrases adapted from the language of the natives. "Belait" is a common indian name for England, and, as if to add another parent to the ancestral tree of "blighty," the inhabitants of Hindustan speak of "home" as "bhilati." The similarity of the two expressions naturally impressed the British soldier, and it was not long before he corrupted them "blighty"-using it as a noun when he referred to his native soil and as an adjective when he wanted to express something connected with his return. A "blighty wound," therefore, meant an injury serious enough to necessitate being sent back home to England. While the word failed to gain great popularity among the American soldiers, it appeared with considerable frequency in stories and reports from the front and will doubtless be used far more widely than before.

**************** Potentially Genuine.

Vhat do you call this?" "That's it, sir-young chicken soup "Young chicker soup! What do you ean by that?".

O. THE O. AMERICAN

LEGION MEN LIKE HIS TYPE State Adjutant of Minnesota Made Numerous Efforts Before Ac-

cepted for War Service.

Horace G. Whitmore began serving under Pershing early. He was

holding down a pivot in the cade battalion at the University of Nebraska in 1895 when the future general was a commandant there. Incidentally Mr. Whitmore and General Pershing formed a friendship on the campus which en-

dures to the present day and which found expression after the armistice, when the C-in-C. inspecting the One Hundred and Fiftyfirst field artillery in Germany, left a crowd of generals, walked over to a stubby little first sergeant, thrust out his hand and said:

"Whitmore, I am glad to see you." Whitmore was born in Dayton, O. in 1873; was brought up on a farm in Nebraska, and graduated from the state university there in 1895.

He was a contractor in Minneapolis in 1917, when he presented himself for admission to the first series of of ficers' training camps. He was rejected as being overweight. Back to the farm went Whitmore. In four weeks he took off 20 pounds and asked to be admitted to the second series of training camps, but the surgeon said: "Too fat to fight." Another examiner said: "Too old."

Whitmore went from recruiting office to recruiting office until he became a private in Battery B, One Hundred and Fifty-first field artillery, Forty-second division. He went over seas with the outfit and served with it through the war, participating in every engagement in which the Rain bows took part.

When discharged he was induced to become state adjutant of the American Legion for Minnesota. He has done much for the development of the Legion in the Northwest, Mr. Whitmore recently resigned from that position to accept the directorship of a company formed for the manufacture of an automobile accessory device which he invented.

WAS BORN UNDER LUCKY STAR

Indianapolis Legion Man Sustaine Twenty-Six Wounds During His Service in War.

Wounded 26 times and wasn't 27, William N. Evans, Indianapolis, Ind., still believes he was born under a lucky star. He walked into national headquarters of the American Legion

seeking "just any kind of work that will keep my mind occupled." said he was an overseas veteran.

the other day

"I'm still a bit weak

When pressed for details he owned up to 26 wounds in four major offensives. A job was made for him, clerical work that would "keep his mind occupied" but which would be consistent with 26 wounds.

Evans was a private in the Twentyeighth infantry, First division, A machine gun got him at Cantigny, a bayonet came next at Soissons; he was struck by shrapnel in the St. Militel push and in the Argonne a one-pounder shell hit him a glancing blow on the chin before it exploded. When it went off almost under him 22 pieces of shrappel peppered his body. He remained on the battlefield 36 hours before he was picked up. "But I'm happy just the same,"

Evans says. "This job keeps me from being a loafer and pays just enough with my government compensation for me to get married. I guess I was born lucky."

Benefit Performance.

For some time the benign old gendeman sat watching the novice in his vain attempts to land a fish. Finally the angler was reduced to his last worm and still no catch.

tleman. "They're biting well for you at any rate." "No, they ain't," retorted the other aggrievedly. "They're bitin' for their own personal benefit, that's what they

"Cheer up, son," said the old gen-

The Boss-Well, what excuse this

are."-American Legion Weekly.

time? Grandmother dead again, I suppose? The O. B .- No str! Grandmother wants me to take her to the game and point out all the best-known play-

ers.-American Legion Weekly.

Flag for Each Casket, The American flag is henceforth to be draped about the caskets of all exservice men dying in hospitals in this country, as a result of conferences be tween members of the American Legion's national legislative committee the surgeon general of the United States public health service and the

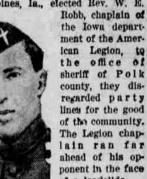
expenses defrayed by the government

director of the bureau of war risk insurance. A Treasury department ruling has now been obtained whereby the rchase of a flag for this purpose will "Well, it's the water we boiled the be permitted as a part of the funeral

LEGION CHAPLAIN SETS PACE

lowa Department Official, Elected Sheriff, With Ald of Buddies, Rounds Up Criminals.

When veterans of the World war in Des Moines, Ia., elected Rev. W. E.



nhead of his opponent in the face of a landslide. After he assumed his office, Sheriff Robb set a pace that woke up the county. He seized more illicit liquor and bootleggers in the first 60 days of his term than his predecessor obtained in two years. His 21 deputies were almost all members of the Amer-

ican Legion. Then he turned his attention to an alleged graft ring composed of Des Moines police officials. He caused the demotion of the chief of police, his as-

sistant and the chief of detectives. Chaplain Robb was a theological student at Drake university in Des Moines when war was declared. In some manner he succeeded in obtaining a commission as a chaplain in the army before he was ordained and went overseas with the One Hundred and Sixty-eighth infantry. He served 18 months in France, was decorated with a D. S. C. for bravery under fire and was idolized by the doughboys of his regiment.

Upon his return he wrote and published "The Price of Our Heritage," a book depicting the prominent part in the World war taken by men of Iowa.

MANY NURSES BEING SOUGHT

Three Hundred Graduates Are Needed to Serve in New Hospitals for Veterane.

A nation-wide canvass to obtain three hundred graduate nurses to care for sick and wounded veterans

of the World war is being made by Mrs. Mary Hickey, assistant superintendent of nurses, U. S. public health service, and a member o Springfield (Mass.) post of the American Legion.

"We are ready to open up two new hospitals for our wounded and disabled men at Chelsea, Mass., and Gulfport, Miss., as soon as we can recruit 300 nurses to take care of the

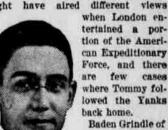
boys," said Mrs. Hickey. The record of Mrs. Hickey in the World war includes service as nurse with both the French and American armies. She was a member of Base Hospital unit No. 87 at Toul and later served as chief nurse at Fort Mc-

lenry. Baltimore, Md. Mrs. Hickey can be reached at the Polyclinic hospital, 345 West Fiftieth street, New York city, and will give full information upon request. Application blanks, however, for service may be obtained from the chief nurse, Polyclinic hospital, or direct from the surgeon general, U. S. public health service, Washington,

FOLLOWED YANKS BACK HOME

Member of London Rifle Brigade Likes American Boys and Is Anxious to Be Citizen.

Tommy Atkins and the doughboy might have aired different views



the London Rifle Brigade did, however. The Americans were his buddies up and down

Piccadilly Circus and he swapped yarns and magazines with them in London hospitals. He grew homesick for them last summer and caught the next boat out of Liverpool.

Although he will not be eligible for nembership in the American Legion until he becomes an American citizen, Grindle wanted to show the exservice men's organization where he stood. While in hospital he passed away his idle moments in making a large replica of the American Legion emblem on a brass plate. A buddy lent him a Legion button as a model He took the plate to national headquarters of the Legion recently as a token of friendship and asked if someone wouldn't have a law passed so he could become a citizen without

further ado. Grindle is now working in a photographic studio in Indianapolis, Ind., counting the days until he can be-come a full-fledged buddy.

Nipped in the Bud. A buddy stopped drinking Budwelser. His buddy said to him: "Bud, why, sir?" The first buddy said:

"I've a much clearer head And feel certain I'm a bud wiser." —American Legion Weekly,

Will Attend Convention A delegation of 150 American Legion nembers will attend the annual con vention at Kansas City from one Legion post at Blackwell, Okla. The post is already making arrangements for special Pullmans to be attached to the American Legion train which will carry delegates from the western part of the state. The train will start at Oklahoma City. Delegates from the

