MAJORITY AND MINORITY REPORTS ON TARIFF LEGISLATION.

Mills' Bill, Embodying the Basis Suggested in the President's Message, and McKinley's Report, Reflecting the Views of the Republicans.

WASHINGTON, April 8. - Chairman Mills, of the ways and means committee. reported the Mills tariff bill to the house and it was referred to the committee of the whole, Mr. McKinley, of Ohio, submitted the minority report, which was ordered printed. Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, on behalf of the ways and means committee, announced that the committee would seek to have the house consider the tariff bill on Tuesday, April 17.

The minority report, after criticising the Mills bill as avowedly a political measure, believed to represent, so far as it goes, the views of the president and his party associates, and which is to constitute the issue and be the platform of the party, goes on to assail the bill as a radical reversal of the tariff policy of the government, which for the most part since its foundation has made industrial progress in the United States without a parallel in the world's history. If en-acted into law the Mills bill will disturb every branch of business, retard manufacturing and agricultural prosperity, and seriously impair our industrial independence. The whole bill, they say, seems framed to benefit other countries, rather than our own. Free wool proposed by the Mills bill, they say, means loss and ruin to the American wool grower. Plac-ing flax and hemp on the free list will injure the grower and manufacturer. Plac ing tin plates on the free list, in the Mills is making a public proclamation that this country does not want a tin-plate industry. Of the majority's proposed reduction of duty on steel rails, the minor-

ity say:
"If the majority desire to insure the handing over of our steel rail market to our English rivals, the proposed duty of \$11.00 will accomplish this purpose, unless the workingmen who are employed in producing the raw materials and fined products of our steel rail works are willing to accept still lower wages than they are now receiving, and the railroad companies, which transport the raw materials, are willing to greatly reduce their freight rates. Have the ma-jority any assurance that the workmen and railroad companies are willing to ac-cept these conditions? The supply of steel rails to the Pacific coast is now in the hands of foreigners, because of the cheap transportation by water from foreign ports, the existing duty of \$17 not being sufficient to enable our manufacturers to compete for that trade.

Scaling down duties, they say, as pro-

posed in the Mills bill, will not reduce the income and surplus of the govern-ment. Experience shows that a mere diminution of duties tends to stimulate foreign importations, and thus increase the revenue. The tariff reductions of 1883 on window glass, braids, laces, trimmings, tin plates, and wool, resulted in larger importations, and increased revenues—the increased importations and revenue growing out of the wool reduction being the most striking of any in the schedule, having increased from 63,000, 000 pounds, with about \$4,000,000 reve in 1882, to 114,000,000 pounds, with about \$6,000,000 revenue in 1887. absolute "peril" to the business of the country, described by the president in his the purchase of outstanding bonds with the surplus money in the treasury, a power which he possessed, clear and undoubted, under the act of March 3, 1881, that authorizes the secretary of the treasury at any time to apply the surplus money in the treasury, not otherwise appropriated, and so much of it as may be considered proper, to the purchase or re-demptiom of United States bonds. To thus have used the surplus, they say, would have been direct and businesslike—just what a prudent business man would have done with his idle money—called in his creditors and applied it to his debts. The president failed to do this, and when congress are supplied to the condition. assembled "the condition" confronted it. If the house had even then appreciated the situation how promptly and easily it could, in part at least, have relieved it by abolishing the entire tobacco tax, amounting to \$30,000,000 annually, and by releasing also from taxation alcohol used in the arts and manufactures, which it is estimated would amount to \$6,000, 000 more.

The minority close their report with the following criticism of the president, and the Democratic majority in the house, for non-action in the matter of utilizing the surplus and effecting rev-

enue reduction:

"If disaster results from the failure of the president to use the surplus now in the treasury as the law authorizes him to use it, in payment of our existing debts, and if the majority in the house, which alone can originate a bill to reduce the revenue, fails to send to the senate a bill of that character, the responsibility will rest with them. The minority are pow-erless; they are neither in control in the house nor in the committees; they are in no parliamentary position to report a bill, or give direction to legis. lation which shall surely accomplish re-sults so much desired. They sought by ndments in the committee on ways and means to make this bill reasonable just, and practical; failing there, the will seek to amend and modify it in the committee of the whole house, and if their efforts there are unavailing, they their efforts there are unavailing, they will seek a last result in opportunity to offer a substitute which will assuredly diminish the revenues without any impairment of the American system of protection. It is, therefore, manifest that the is, therefore, manifest that the is, therefore, manifest monetary is an officer has returned to Battle Creek, Mich., with Joseph Whipple, the embezzier, arrested in New York. use, but with the president and the

does not rest with the minority party in majority in congress. They cannot escape is The president has for three ists now enjoying a refuge in Switzer-years failed, while having the power to avoid the financial condition he now comnesty decree and circulated 15,000 copies plains of. The majority in the house for six years has signally failed to provide reduction of the revenue. They cannot avoid responsibility for the evils which are now upon us, and while these are beyond their pow-er to retrieve, they can, by courage and wisdom, and, governed by business principles, provide against like evils in the future. They must now act or make public confession of failure. The minority regards this bill, not as a revenue reduction measure, but as a direct attempt to fasten upon this country the British policy of free foreign trade. So viewing it, their sense of obligation to the pouple, and especially to the working people, employed in manufacturing and in all sections of our common country, imper them to resist it with all their power.

They will assist the majority in every effort to reduce the reducidant income of the government in a direct and practica-ble way, but every effort at fiscal legisla-tion which will destrey or enfeeble our industries, retaid material development.

Dully Eress and Dakothian or tend to reduce our moor to the scalar ard of other countries, will be met with the persistent and de include opposition the persistent and de include on the persistent a of the minority represented in the house.

THE SAMOAN ISLANDS.

The Official Correspondence Between the United States and Germany.

WASHINGTON, April 3 .- The president sent to the house yesterday afternoon the official correspondence between the state department and Germany, growing out of the recent troubles in the Samoan islands. The correspondence is voluminous, and all points of especial interest have already beer published unofficially. The last letter of the series, written by Secretary Bayard, to Minister Pendleton, on the 17th of January last, summarize the situation. The secretary says that a conference was held in Washington last summer by representatives of the United States, Great Britain and Germany, to endeavor to agree on a plan of government for Samoa. It was then practically agreed that a new king should be elected, ecording to the customs of the islands. The conference then adjourned to allow the representatives to report to the various governments interested, with the un derstanding that they should meet again in the autumn. One month after the ad-journment the German minister called at the state department and left a memo-randum, stating that the German government had declared war against Malietoa. The forcible installation of the king, the inal proposition by the Germans, which was that the power having the largest business interests in Samoa should appoint the king.

CROOK, WILL SUCCEED TERRY.

Gen. Miles Handicapped by a Somewhat Hasty Ambition.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-Now that Gen. Terry's retirement is a certainty, a strife is going on among the colonels of the army for promotion to the forthcoming vacancy in the ranks of the brigadiers. The ranking colonels of cavalry are Grierson, of the Tenth, and Edward Hatch, of the Ninth, both of whom have been twenty-two years in command of regiments. Col. Smith, of the Nineteenth infantry, leads in that arm of the service, and Col. Ayers in the artillery. It is not likely that a selection will be made from any of the staff corps. is a general impression that Col. John R. Brooks, of the Third infantry, has the inside track ir the race for promotion, al-though Gen. Hatch, of the Ninth cavalry, and Morrow, of the Twenty-first infantry, are favorably and prominently mentioned. Gen. Terry's successor will be Gen. George R. Crook. This is conceded. Gen. Crook's record, combined with his rank as senior among the brigadiers, makes his claims impregnable. In addition, since the president has had occasion to investigate Gen. Miles' performances in Arizona, and the method which he and his friends used in their endeavors to build themselves up at the expense of Gen. Crook, he has spoken very strongly in disapprobation of the

Nebraska and Iowa Pensions. WASHINGTON, April 3 .- Following is the representation of Nebraska and Iowa citizens in the last batch of pensions is sued:

Nebraska pensions — Original invalid: Gilford P. Richard, Eagle; Robert D. An-derson, De Witt; David R. Bradford, Barnestown; Simeon Dumas, Plum Creek Chauncey H. Allen, Nebraska City. Mexican survivors: George Bishop, Broken Bow. Mexican widows: Julia Ann, widow of Edvin Shepard, Pender; Fracountry, described by the president in his message last December, as resulting from an existing and increasing surplus, was imminent and well founded.

How easily he could have averted it by widow of Lavin Shepard, Fedder, Francisco, Francisc A. Tobey, Hampton; Godfrey Bowman, Cedar Falls; De Witt C. Crom, Dubuque; Lemuel K. Osgood, Elgin; Samuel C. Shorer, Montezuma; Robert Park, Hartford; Lucius L. Longworthy, Massena. Increase: Samuel F. Shields, Alberton. Original, widows, etc.: Maria D., mother of Arnold F. Horton, Delaware; Hannah mother of James H. Boon, Homer. Mexican widows: Sarah E., widow of Joseph L. Hutton, Moravia; Sarah, widow of William Robb, Hamburg.

Bill to Classify Postoffice Clerks. WASHINGTON, April 3 .- Senator Vest has introduced a bill providing for a classification of clerks employed in firstclass postoffices. With the exception of assistant postmasters, cashiers, superin-tendents and assistant superintendents. they are to be divided into six classes, numbered accordingly. Their salaries are to be as follows: To clerks of the first class, \$500; to clerks of the second class, \$800, to clerks of the third class, \$1,000; to clerks of the fourth class, \$1, \$1,000; to clerks of the fourth class, \$1,-200; to clerks of the fifth class, \$1,400; to clerks of the sixth class, \$1,600. This measure is understood to be in accordance with a suggestion of the new post-master general, and it is probable that its passage will be urged by the committee having postal affairs in charge. If passed the duty of making the classification will devolve upon the postmaster general.

Forfeiting Unearned Land. WASHINGTON, April 8 .- The public land committee of the house has decided to report bills forfeiting about forty million acres of Northern and Southern Pacific railroad land grants, and the Ontonogon grant.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRE.

Leonard Matres, a stove dealer in Springfield, Ill., has failed for \$5,000.

The North Atlantic squadron has been ordered to hold a naval drill in Pensacola bay, April 17.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union in Wausan, Wis., is prosecuting violators of the liquor law. Rebert Harmon shot and killed himself

Burlesqued the Amnesty Decree.

of their work in the principal towns of Germany. Twenty-five persons were ar-rested at Leipsic for distributing these pamphlets.

The Public Debt Statement. WASHINGTON, April 3.-The following is the public debt statement for the month of March: Interest on bearing debt-principal, \$1,041,764,052; interest; \$11,198,625; total, \$1,05z,692,677. Debt on which interest has ceased since ma turity, \$2,860,351; debt bearing no interest, \$646,074,411; total debtest, \$646,074,411; total debt—principal \$1,690,527,258; interest, \$11,370,182; total \$1,701,897,440; less reserve and cash items available for reduction of debt, \$406,455,355; total debt, less available cash items, \$295,442,085; net cash in treasury, \$10,457,300; debt, less cash in treas-ury April 1, 1888, \$1,190,868,155; debt, less cash in the treasury March 1, 1888, \$1,205,454,714; decrease during the month -\$11,586,559; decrease since June 8, 1887 -\$88,500,581; total cash in treasury-\$586,454,002. CONGRESS TAKES A HAND

A HOUSE COMMITTEE TO INVEST! GATE THE STRIKE,

And Determine What Measures Are Nec essary to Protect Inter-State Commerce -The Situation at Chicago-The Con

ductors' Report. WASHINGTON, April 3 .- The house committee on commerce has agreed to Mr. Anderson's substitute for Mr. White's resolution for investigation of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad strike, by a special committee of five, to be appointed by the speaker. The resolution declares that the locomotive engi neers now employed are incompetent and claims the public service by the C., B & Q., is a fraudulent pretense and gross imposition upon the public, placing in imminent peril both life and property. The committee is directed to go to the scene of the strike, call for witnesse and papers, and ascertain what is neces sary in the way of legislation to protect inter-state commerce

COMPLICATIONS AT CHICAGO.

The Michigan Central Men Strike and

Return. CHICAGO, April 3 .- The regular union switchmen of the Michigan Central yards did not report for duty Tuesday morning. The engineers were at their posts, however, and took their machines out. When they saw the regular switch men were not at work they took the en gines back to the roundhouse, and left them. This move comprises the whole switching force of the yards. The officials immediately put a force of men to work, numbering sixty, gathered from points along the road outside the city. These men, it was asserted, are all experienced engineers, firemen, and switchmen, and would handle any freight they were asked to. The officers of the company say they expect to transact business without diffi

The new force of men counted on by the officials to fill the places of the strikers are from Jackson, Mich. They claim they were not told the real situation when they were brought here, an can not take the places of the strikers, being Brotherhood men themselves. As oon as they saw the situation in the Michigan Central yards they refused to man an engine, and up to a late hour not a car had been moved in the yards.

A number of the new men left the yards for the general headquarters of the Brotherhood, at the Grand Pacific, to consult with Chairman Hoge regarding

Michigan Central officials Monday night made application to the police au-thorities for protection, and Tuesday morning a hundred special police were sworn in and given in charge of the rail-road police. The Michigan Central has ssued notice to all connecting roads, and its principal shippers, that until further notice it cannot receive cars or freight Striking employes are now in consulta tion with Chairman Hoge, at the Grand

The Burlington officials decided not to send out any trains to connecting lines in consequence of the notification of the chief of police that none of his men car be spared, on account of the municipal

Will Return to Work. Later-The Michigan Central employes have decided to return to work, and han dle "Q." cars and freight.

TRUCKLING TO THE COMPANIES. Brotherhood Strike.

CHICAGO, April 3 .- Advance sheets of the grand secretary of the Order of Railway Conductors, to which allusion was made in these dispatches several days ago, are being sent by the executive committee to the general officers of the principal railroads of the country. The report is given to a scathing indictment of the Engineers' Brotherhood, the members of which are denounced as unprincipled, underhanded, and deceitful. There are numerous specifications in support of these charges, and the report declares that conductors want no alliance with

any other railroad men's organization The Floor Settled. BRIDGEPORT, Conn., April 3 .- While Gov. Lounsberry was delivering the opening address at the G. A. R. fair in the Masonic hall last evening, the floor settled several inches under the weight of the 1,500 persons present. A panic was averted by the presence of mind of the governor, who assured the audience that there was no danger. Many persons left the hall, however. The cause of the scare was the breaking of a top cap in one of the pillars supporting the floor.

Suicide of a Young Widow. BOWLING GREEN, Ky., April 8 .- Mrs. Sarah Bratton, twenty-six years of age, widow of less than a year, committed suicide by hanging herself. She was the daughter of W. W. Grinstead, one of the most prominent stockmen in Kentucky. She lost her husband a year ago, and since that her grief has been terrible After breakfast Monday Mrs. Bratton went into the stable. Not returning to the house, her sister went after her, and

found her hanging from a rafter. Alleged Insanity of a Mail Robber. MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 8 .- George W. Lasted, the government postal clerk waiting trial on a charge of robbing the mails, has been having crazy spells in the jail. His frieads attribute these to the injuries he received in the railroad accident at Pine Bluff a year ago, and a plea of insanity will probably be made when he is brought up for trial

Bank Wreckers' Burden TORONTO, Ont., April 3.-White and Ross, the Raleigh bank boodlers, are completely broken down over their trouble The latter, on being removed to the jail ainted. It is not considered unlikely that they will consent to return to Ra leigh, and forego extradition proceedings

The New Theater in Los Angeles. Los Angeles, Cal., April 3.-The thea ter that Thomas Nast, the caricaturist and C. M. Pyke, the opera manager, are arranging to erect here will embody the best features of the Eden theater, of Paris, and of the New York Casino

FOREIGN NEWS.

Fereign Views on French Politics. LONDON, April 3 .- The St. Petersburg Life, a weekly publication regarded as reflecting the opinions of the government, expresses fear that the French re-public may fall during the crisis which, it believes, has only just begun. The complexion of the cabinet selected by M. Floquet points to the almost absolute certainty that the new premier has stipulated as the price of the support of some of his colleagues that the French parlia-ment shall be dissolved, and it is equally certain that if the dissolution is not brought about the ministry will be overthrown by a combination of the Right, the Opportunists and the Moderates at the first opportunity that presents itself

The Frankfurter Zeitung says: M. Floquet is the last trump card of the chamber of deputies, in the playing of which Floquet himself wins nothing and the chamber forces its game to the worst element of French politics.

## SENATOR BOB HART'S FALL

THE MINSTREL MINISTER FLIES BE-FORE A WARRANT.

A Scandal Connecting His Name with One of His Converts-Chaplain, Eleven Times Married, Attempts Suicide for Insanity Purposes--An Execution.

NEW YORK, April 3 .- Senator Bob Hart, the old-time minstrel, or the Rev. James M. Sutherland, as he is now known, having a few years ago become religious and taken up the expounding of the gospel, has recently been holding revival services at the Baptist church of Rockville, L. I. He aroused the whole community, and the people flocked to hear him from miles around. A few days ago it became noised about that a warrant had been issued for his arrest by Justice De Witt, upon a charge connecting his name with of that the daughter of one of the most prominent citizens of Rockville. The young girl in question had been a regular attendant upon the revival services, and professed to have experience religion. Her parents found concealed under the carpet of her room a letter from Sutherland beginning with "Dar-ling, how happy you have made me," and containing a request that the letter be burned. The warrant is based on an affi davit by the father, setting forth that on or about the 17th day of February, James M. Sutherland entered the ho committed an assault upon his daughter, forcibly and against her wish, and upon a statement made by the girl herself.

WOMAN DRUGGED AND ROBBED.

Mrs. Woodruff, of San Francisco, Los \$1,500 in Diamonds and Cash.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 3 .- Mrs. H. S. Woodruff, who conducts, a lodging house here, was robbed of nearly \$1,500 worth of diamonds and cash, under peculiar circumstances. Late in the afternoon Isaac Cohen, a peddler with whom she had before dealt, called at the house and sold her a quantity of goods. She had no change, and he went across the street to get a bill changed for her. He brought back the money, and also some wine, of which she drank part of a glass. She says she almost immediately dropped asleep, and when she awoke, after several hours, found missing from her purse a 316-carat diamond ring worth \$500, two single-stone diamond rings worth \$300, a pair of 2-carat solitaire diamond earrings worth \$500, and cash to the amount of \$170. Cohen has been arrested, but denies that he committed the deed. The police believe him guilty.

CHAPLAIN ATTEMPTS SUICIDE.

The Man Who Took Unto Himself Eleven Wives Tries to End His Life.

FINDLAY, O., April 3 .- J. M. Chaplain the bigamist, who has just been sentenced to a term in the penitentiary for marrying two women, attempted to commit suicide. It has been customary for the prisoners to be allowed a razor to shave themselves, and when Chaplain got hold of it he took it to his cell. Soon there were demoniacal yells from that quarter which aroused the neighborhood. A physician was called, and it was found that Chaplain had tried to cut the artery of his left arm, but had failed to end hi life. He is pretending to be crazy, and nowls constantly. He is perfectly sane, however, and is playing a part for a par-don. He is the champion fraud of the century.

Died of Strangulation. WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 8 .- Adam Volvavitch, the murderer, was hanged at 11:21 Tuesday morning. He died of strangulation, after hanging sixteen minutes.

AN EASTER RIOT.

The Huns and Poles Battle With the Po lice at Wilkesbarre. Pa. WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 3 .- A bij riot took place in the Hungarian and Polish quarter of the town Sunday. The foreigners celebrated Easter with large quantities of beer and whisky. Late at night the Poles and Huns commenced to fight, which was kept up all night, and far into Monday. The whole police force was called out. They made a raid on the fighters, when a hard-fought battle ensued, the police being victorious. Po liceman Nolan was dangerously injured. Three Poles and one Hungarian were terribly cut in the fight; the whole five may probably die. About twenty others were more or less hurt.

THE CASE OF MAXWELL.

Motion for a Rehearing Denied by Su

preme Court.

WASHINGTON, April 3 .- The suprem court, late Monday afternoon, dismissed the motion for a rehearing on the writ of error in the celebrated Maxwell-Preller trunk murder case, of St. Louis. This exhausts all legal procedure for Brooks, alias Maxwell, who must hang unless executive clemency is exercised Justice Miller announced an order in the United States supreme court assigning Associate Justice Harlan to the Fourth circuit-formerly the late Justice Waite's circuit—in addition to his duties as circuit justice of the Seventh district.

A Change of Management. New York, April 3 .- At the annual meeting of the Pennsylvania Railroad company there was a complete change of management, only three of the old directors, C. W. Thompson, D. O. Mills and W. B. Dinsmore remaining. The members elected are: John Newton, J. W. Adams, S. R. Prohasco, Chas. Coudert, D. A. Dellma, L. De Beblon, G. A. Minch, F. J. Opposition, B. A. Minch, E. L. Oppenheim, R. A. Chese. brough and J. G. McCullough. The report for the year shows a surplus from sort for he year shows a surplus from earnings, of \$619,813, an increase of \$501,250 over the preceding year. The election was purely formal, all the stock being held by the Pennsylvania Canal

Slugged the Manager Twice. NEW YORK, April 3 .- James Gamble who has been seeking revenge on Man ager Henry F. Gillig, of the American exchange, for refusing to give him a letter of credit for \$5,000, slugged Gillig twice, and was arrested for the first as-

Senate Confirmations. WASHINGTON, April 3 .- The senate, in secret session, confirmed the following nominations: J. E. Adams, to be postmaster at Franklin, Pa.; John M. Browne, medical director, to be surgeon general and chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery, with the relative rank of commodore; M. C. Sanfley, of Kentucky, to be associate justice of the su preme court of Wyoming Territory.

Assaulted by a Notorious Pair. Fr. SMITH, Ark., April 3 .- On a boat at the mouth of Potean river, being a resort for low characters, Bill Grover and Mrs. Weeks, notorious people, assaulted Samuel Clifford with clubs, beating him to insensibility and throwing a lamp on him. Doctors state that it is impossible for him to recover Both parties were arrested and are nov in the United States iail.

A Pastor Expelled for Lying. BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 3 .- Rev At thur Chester, of the Brunswick Avenue church, this city, was convicted by the congregation, of lying, and expelled.

The New French Cabinet.

PARIS, April 3 .- The new cabinet was announced as follows: Floquet, premier and minister of the interier; Goblet, foreign affairs; Freycinet, war; Krautz, ma-Lockroy, education; Loubet, public works; Vietta, agriculture, and Legrand, com-merce. Loubet, Ricards, and Legrand subsequently withdrew, being unable to acquiesce in M. Floquet's programme. This may force M. Floquet to give place to some other aspirant to the premier-

League Leaders Warned. DUBLIN, April 3 .- The magistrates in the proclaimed districts where leagus neetings were announced for Sunday, but subsequently postponed until next Sunday, have ordered the officers of the eague in their respective jurisdictions to prevent the meetings, and warned them that if they persist in carrying out their

Peace Negotiations. ROME, April 3 .- King John's envoy remained in the Italian camp until Monday. It is understood that negotiations for a cessation of hostilities and settlement of all questions at issue between Abyssinia and Italy will be continued. King John has placed his own troops in the advance lines, and Ras Aloulas in the

plans the principal participants will be

An Orderly Meeting at Mitchellstown. DUBLIN, April 3 .- Mr. Wm. O'Brien, Mr. T. M. Healy and the other speakers announced to address a meeting at Mitchellstown were escorted by a large procession with banners and bands of music to the public square, and spoke without interruption. The meeting was in every respect orderly.

Municipal Elections in Dakota. The result of the city election at Aberdeen is regarded as a victory for the saloon element. A division among republicans resulted in the election of A. W. Pratt (democrat) for mayor. The council stand four to four. The republi-

tion so bond for sewers was carried. Canton quietly elected the following A M English, salary as alderticket: Mayor, J. P. Hawn; aldermen, I. P. Thompson, M. L. Syverad, Joel John Noonan, salary as alder-Hewitt, G. W. Martin, Dan Stock; attor ney, T. W. Miller; clerk, George Olson; treasurer, J. H. Gale; marshal, J. M. E M Coates, oil, etc, for March, North; police justice, O. N. Russell; assessor, W. M. uppett; street commissioner, W. H. Miller.

H. C. Hansbrough was re-elected mayor of Devil's Lake. There was no other candidate in the field.

At the Pierre city election the following officers were elected: Mayor A. W. Johnson; aldermen, H. E. Outting, J. H. Christenger, S. M. Laird, H. R. Horner, John J, Kleiner, Louis Kehr; treasurer. Ira Drew. This is a decided victory for the license faction. At Groton Maj. G. L. Erwin was elect-

ed mayor. Casselton's city election resulted in the election of W. H. Best mayor by a majority of twenty. W. W. Ratledge was re-elected treasurer; A. E. Wood. J. U. Higgins, J. C. Hanter, E. F. Gilbert, R. D Glasgow and A. M. Crawford aldermen. O E. Foster was elected

city justice.

In Bismarck no party lines were drawn and the following were elected: Mayor, Dr. William A. Bentley; city treasurer, William M. Touhy; city clerk, Edward H. Barrett; city justice, Joseph Hare; aldermen, Joseph Dietrich, Edward S. Allen, Charles R. Williams, W. H. Webb, W. T. Perkins, J. D. McDonald, William McCrory, Amos Bodidou, At Valley City the high license party

came out winners with sweeping ma-At Mandan the knight of labor ticket was carried. Heary W. Coe, a member of that organization, was elected, and

the entire ticket won, two to one. Of the fourteen officers elected, nine are republican. Capt. Alexander Griggs swept Grand Forks Monday for mayor followed closely by his whole ticket. It was the hottest fought and clearest political contest ever witnessed in Grand Forks The city is strongly republican and was made doubly strong in this election by the combination with the prohibition

party. Almost every political element heretofore known in the politics of the city were supporting the republican nominees. The surprising feature of he election is that notwithstanding the combination stuck to the end it met defeat. The total vote polled was 1,100 votes, breaking all previous records by 200 votes. No democratic nominations had been made. Griggs headed an independent movement. His majority is In Fargo Seth Newman was elected

mayer by a majority of only twenty over Dr. Capehart. A. T. Shortwell had no opposition for treasurer, while Judge Barnett was re-elected police judge by about 200 majority. In most of the wards there were no contests for aldermen. The bolters elected their mayor, but the balance of the straight republican ticket won.

Watches, diamonds, silver goods and spectacles, at the jewelry store of H. G. CLARK & CO... Yankton, D. T.

Wanted-Two first class dress makers at MISS LINDSAY'S. Broadway, opposite Max's store.

CITY COUNCIL

Official Proceedings of Monday Even ing's Meeting. Council Chamber, Yankton, Dak, Monday April 2nd, 1888-7:30 o'clock p. m. Council convened in regular session and called to order by his Hor? Mayor Teller. Roll called. All members present. Minutes of last meeting

read and approved

The committee on grades, streets and alleys reported adverse to accepting the plat of Kountz's addition until the cwner of such addition should recognize the territorial road laid out across said land, said road being established by act of legislature at the session of 1868 9, Same committee reported adverse to accepting the plat of Van Tassel & Livingston adds.

On motion of Ald. Obliman the reports

of the committee were adopted. The executive committee reported back the request of C. T. Campbell to have council procure copper plate of city hall, without recommendation. On central part of the city. Inquire of MRS. M. OLSON. back the request of C. P. Campbell to

The committee on finance and taxati .n presented the following report which was on motion adopted,

Yankton, Dakota, April 2nd, 1888-To the Hon. Mayor and Council, City of Yankton, Dakota. Gentlemen: We your committee on finance and taxation beg leave to report that we have examined the report of James Kingsbury, city clerk, for month or March, 1888, of J. L Penaington city justice, month of 'ebruary, 1888, H. B. & urphy, weighmaster for February, 1888, C. H. Bates, city treasurer, for February and March, 1888 find them correct and recommend

they be placed on file. Have also examined the following bills find them correct and recommend they be allowed and paid: Telier hose Co. No. 1 subsidy for

No. 1, subsidy for March 1888 L. Karr, salary Sup't water works, for March 1888..... Wm P. Dewey, salary sity at-torney, for March 1888..... O. H. Bates, salarv, city treasurer, for March 1888. James Kingsbury, selary city elers, for March 1888.....

Rob't Black, salary city police for March 1888..... David Finnegan, salary city police for March 1888..... Patrick Brennan, salary city marshal for March 1888. ames H. Teiler, salary as mayor 1st ward for 1887 8.

James Crowe, salary alderman 1st word for 1887-8... M P Ohlman, salary as alderman council stand four to four. The republi-cans charge that the McCoy influence is responsible for the defeat. The proposi-tion so bond for sewers was carried.

Jacob Brauch, salary as alder-man of second ward 1887-8....

John Max, salary as alderman of third ward 1887-8..... man of third ward.

Adler & Ohlman, demijohn R Seilinger, rent of jail six months at \$4.00 per month, amount of bill \$25.00, amount

allowed.... Dudley, Richey & Gross, sur-O H Bates, treasurer city treasnrer's office for the month of 2095 77

March, 1888..... M J Walker, lamps, etc., for city hall..... Martin & Anderson, iron rail in H B Wynn, cuspidors for city 

ment and water works......

O Mormann, jail looks......

H Queel & Oo., lumber for cit; hall and street commissioner ... O H Bates, treasurer pay roll of street commissioner for March,

First National bank, cash paid on estimate of building committee and interest on same... 1593 12 A M English, superintendent of construction of city hall ...... Ed Palmer, work on sewerage

Respectfully Submitted, M. P. OHLMAN, J. O. McVAY, Approved: Finance Committee.

The committee on finance and taxation introduced a resolution entitled a resolu tion providing for the payment of the liabilities of the city of Yankton incurred during the month of March, 1888, and prior thereto, which was read first time-On motion the rules were suspended and resolution read second and third times by its title and put upon its final pas age; ayes 8, nays none as follows: Those voting in the affirmative were Aldermen Balmat, Brauch, Crowe, En-

glish, Max, McVay, Noonan and Ohlman , negative none. On motion of Alderman English the matter of levying special tax for cleaning off snow from the sidewalks of the city was referred to committee on grades, streets and alleys with instructions to report a resolution to that effect at the

next meeting of the council. On motion of Alderman Brauch coun cil adjourned.

JAMES H. TELLER, Mayor. Attest: JAMES KINGSBURY, City Clerk. Something Worth Reading.

The best place to buy goods

for yourself and presents for your friends is at Ralph M. Ward's, 217 west Third street,

Yankton, Dak, There you will find a fine assertment of lamps. dinner and tea sets, glassware,

fancy cups and sancers, vases

and a large line of toys.

or sale. Apply to

CPPUT M. NOTICE

CABD—The undersigned wishes to et ter into correspondence with some perty who makes boring of artesian wells a brainess, in regard to price, conditions, and other arrangement, with the view of having a well bored near this place. The work to be paid for in cash or real property here.

Sturgis, Dakota, Feb. 15th, 1888,

H. C. ASH. Wants

LAUNDRE SS WAN'ET A good competent woman to work in the laundry at Santes Agency Training School, Nebrasks, Good wages. Traveling expenses paid to that place wages. WILCOX LUMBER CO.

WANTED-A girl to do general housework Enquire at Z. Biebey's corner Fourt and Cedar streets. WANTED—A girl to do general house work.

MRS. C J. B. Halfills.

Corner Douglas / ve. and 5th St.

For Rent

FOR RENT-Three comfortable rooms of Third street. Apply to H W ARE TO RENT—An elegant furnished room in a private family. Apply at Purdy & Brecht's drug store on Third street

OFFICE rooms to rent, as finely finished as any in the city and centrally located; slac a furnished room in residence part of the city at reasonable rates. Apply to DUDLEY, HIGHEY & GROSS.

For Sala

GOOD WORK HORSE For sale cheap. War. ranted sound and gentle. Enquire of WALITER H. CARB.

FOR SALE—One twenty horse power boiler and engine all in good order. Call on or address KABR & RICHEY Yankton. PLANING MILL PROPERTY FOR BENT. or for sale, and the machiner, planer, matcher and sticker machine circular saw, belts, pulleys, shafting, etc., for sale, sitcar p wer accessible at moderate ost. This pen

Delte, pulleys, shatting, etc., for sale. Steam p wer accessible at moderate ost. This prop-e-ty is well adapted for manufacturing, build-ers and contract work. Apply to WILOOX LUMBER CO. J. H. TELLER.

10 00 Attorney at Law.

Office in Poxtoffice bloos

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