

THE ARGUS.

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J. W. POTTER, Publisher

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MONDAY, MAY 31, 1897.

Democratic Ticket.

For Judge of the Supreme Court, Sixth District.

R. N. BOTSFOED, ELGIN

For Judges of the Circuit Court, Fourteenth District.

GUY C. SCOTT, MERCE COUNTY

N. F. ANDERSON, HENRY COUNTY

CALEB C. JOHNSON, WHITEHIDE COUNTY

JUDICIAL election one week from today.

This is Woodmen week, and all eyes in Rock Island are turned toward Dubuque.

Ex-President Harrison is said to be Mr. McKinley's choice for the Madrid mission, and it may be that Spain would take kindly to Ben if the Infanta Harrison accompanied him.

It should be borne in mind that the tariff bill which has been undergoing the process of incubation at Washington for three months or more, has not been delayed by the democrats, but by differences among the republicans.

A PENNSYLVANIA paper has discovered the gender of the newspaper, speaking of a contemporary as a "she." This discovery makes clear the reason why it is useless to fight the newspaper—"she" always has the last word.

STEPHEN MALLORY, the new senator from Florida, is something of an accident, but nevertheless his name is familiar in politics. It was his father who was expelled from the United States senate along with Jeff Davis and other secession leaders. Now the whirligig of time restores the name to the senate roster.

The tariff extremists in the senate are feeling cheerful over the first test vote involving the new bill. They feel that they will be able to carry their point in spite of the fact that Florida has broken a deadlock and elected a senator opposed to them. But wait till they hear the voice of the people.—Quincy Herald.

"EVERYBODY" observes the Yarmouth (Mass.) Register, "knows how to run a newspaper, and what to put in it to make it valuable and interesting. An exception may possibly be made in the case of the man who owns the plant and pays the bills." It is noticeable, also, that the man who is the most profuse in advice either borrows his neighbor's paper or forgets to pay his subscription.

REV. T. DE WITT TALMAGE sagely observes that "a newspaper whose columns overflow with advertisements of business men has more influence in attracting attention to and building up a city or town than any other agency that can be employed. People go where there is business. Capital and labor will locate where there is an enterprising community. No power on earth is so strong to build up a town as a newspaper well patronized, and its power should be appreciated."

Heroic Treatment of Patients.

The hospital physician should be a man of the most thorough methods and the most extreme conservatism. He should be chosen as much for his practical good sense as for his skill in diagnosing disease. He should be a man with intuition and ought to be able to decide almost at a glance whether a patient is suffering from brain trouble or alcoholism.

There have been of late a great many instances where this mistake has been made, and it is by no means creditable to the hospital authorities when such blunders are made.

One of the latest exploits of a hospital doctor was to order a cold bath for a consumptive patient who showed some symptoms of hysteria. Shortly after the bath the woman died. Just why a doctor should order such treatment com-

mon sense as well as the medical profession would like very much to know.

Hospitals are in the main supported by the people, and the people have a right to good treatment and courtesy at the hands of those who are put in charge of such institutions. Failing to receive this, the public has also the right to demand an investigation of the situation and to demand the punishment of those who are guilty of such unprofessional and inhuman conduct and that their places be filled by those who are more intelligent and better fitted for the duties and responsibilities of such a place.—New York Ledger.

Birthday of the Locomotive.

What has been regarded by some as the birthday of the railway locomotive occurred on Sept. 27, 1825, with Stephenson as the father of the event. The Stockton and Darlington railway had been built, and, through his persistent importunities, laid with iron, instead of wooden rails. It had been intended merely for horse draft, but the inventor prevailed upon the owners to allow him a trial of his steam locomotive.

Stephenson himself was the driver on that occasion, and, before a tremendous crowd of curious and for the most part incredulous people, he drew a train of nearly 30 wagons, loaded with passengers and coal, at a speed of 12 to 15 miles per hour. Thus the first train that ever carried passengers made its journey in safety, and the enthusiasm of the multitude was indescribable.

But, notwithstanding this demonstration, the locomotive was still unmercifully ridiculed by the majority. Nor was this ridicule confined to the ignorant classes. The ablest engineers contended that it was ridiculous to suppose that steam could ever be practically employed in competition with horse power for transportation. Almost incredible as it may now seem, it is a fact that political economists inveighed against the railway and the engine as constituting an imaginary reform, which, even if successful—which was very doubtful—would deprive stage drivers, teamsters and innkeepers of their livelihood. It was in the face of an almost universal opposition, of the wild, unreasonable kind, that a few men, led by the great Stephenson, labored steadily onward and finally established the railroad and the locomotive as institutions of the land.—North American Review.

Welsh Rabbit.

Welsh rabbit is not a corruption of any rare-bit. It is simply a colloquial name for a dish and has numerous kindred names. Here is a tolerably complete list, the first four being of American, the others of British origin: "Jersey lightning," meaning whiskey; "Cape Cod turkey," meaning codfish; "Albany beef," meaning sturgeon; "Maryland chicken," meaning lobster; "New-haven broth," meaning boiled mussels; "Digby chickens," "Glasgow magistrates," "Gourock hams," "Dunbar wethers," "Norfolk capons," all meaning red herrings; "Field Lane ducks," meaning boiled sheephead and onions; "Bomby ducks," meaning dried fish; "Bristol milk," meaning sherry; "Irish apricots," "Irish fruit," "Munster plums," meaning potatoes. Then an "Emex stie" is a ditch; an "Emex lion," a calf; a "Jerusalem pony," a donkey. So Welsh rabbit is one of many territorial slang names of articles of food.—New York Sun.

A Culinary Item.

Cannibal King (approvingly)—Yarum, you cooked this last touring bicyclist perfectly.

Cannibal Cook (complacently)—Well, your highness, when I began operations, he attempted to scorch, but I put a stop to anything of that sort.—Brooklyn Eagle.

Something to Depend On.

James Jones, of the drug firm of Jones & Son, Cowden, Ill., in speaking of Dr. King's New Discovery, says that last winter his wife was attacked with la grippe, and her case grew so serious that physicians at Cowden and Pana could do nothing for her. It seemed to develop into heavy consumption. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in store, and selling lots of it, he took a bottle home, and to the surprise of all she began to get better from the first dose, and a half dozen dollar bottles cured her sound and well. Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, is guaranteed to do this good work. Try it. Free trial bottles at Hartz & Ulmeyer's drug store.

A Household Necessity.

Casorets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, set gently and positively on the bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. today; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

First First Place.

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure blind, bleeding, ulcerated and itching piles. It absorbs the tumors, always the itching at once, acts as a poultice, giving instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for piles, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists or sent by mail for 50 cents and \$1 per box. WILLIAMS' MED. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio. For sale by all druggists.

Have You Kidney Trouble?

A 50 cent trial bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent serious results from this fatal disease. Sold by M. F. Mahan and T. H. Thomas, druggists.

Casorets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never clogs, weakens or grips; 10 cents.

DR. CON-NAUGHTON, Specialist.

400 Brady Street, Davenport, Iowa.

Correspondence. Send 3 Stamps for Medical Journal.

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HEAVY DUTIES ON LINENS.

Will Deprive the People of a Useful Fabric.

The following are some of the comments of a man well acquainted with linens and the linen industry upon the senate doctored Dingley bill:

The proposed duties on linen goods under the amended Dingley bill are heavier than ever, although it has been claimed that the senate had reduced rates. These goods paid for many years 25 per cent, and yielded a steady revenue to the government. The rates now proposed vary from 50 to 100 per cent, and the burden falls heaviest on low and medium goods, which are chiefly used in the homes of the poorer people. A cheap tablecloth now selling at retail at 25 cents per yard will have to be sold at 37½ cents to 40 cents if the quality be kept up.

Medium linens for children's summer blouses will be assessed 90½ per cent, and the retail price will have to go up accordingly.

Linen forms the raw material for many American industries, as linings for clothing and other purposes where strength and durability are required. Such goods will be advanced 20 to 30 per cent.

It is claimed that this advance is not necessary for revenue, but the effect will be that the people will in many cases substitute something cheaper, and thus be deprived of this useful fabric, and the revenue will be correspondingly diminished. It is said that linen goods can be made here, but this has been tried again and again, and except in the case of a few low cravats has been a failure, owing to the climate and other difficulties, but even if they could be made here the rates are unnecessarily oppressive. The entire cost of weaving linen goods in Europe is about 7½ to 10 per cent, the selling price of the article here, and in America the cost should not be at the very outside more than double this percentage, so that, even if republican theories be true, a protection of 35 per cent. should be ample to allow for higher wages and extra profits for our manufacturers.

It is possible speculators may start mills on the strength of these excessive rates, sell the stock and then step out, leaving the unfortunate laborer and manufacturer to face the difficulties of the situation as best they can. The laborer probably, having been brought here from Europe (for labor is on the free list), with unreasonable expectations, will be left to join the army of disappointment and discontent. Why should these exorbitantly high rates be assessed on an article more or less in use in every household in the land, and the cost of living so much increased in these days of keen competition and small profits? Why should the plain people be taxed to put more money in the pockets of the rich? If the wealthy manufacturers want to make experiments, let them do so at their own cost, not tax the poor for that purpose.

Sugar Trust Profits Cited.

The trusts have a cinch on Dingley bill profits. Of course they will make many times more if the bill becomes law in anything like its present shape, but they are already engaged in taking part of their profits.

Sugar has risen considerably in anticipation of greatly increased duties, and merchants all over the country are laying in stores because still higher prices are expected. The sugar trust is consequently busy and rolling up profits. In April it imported 757,799,537 pounds of raw sugar, valued at \$14,747,139. An extra profit of one-half cent per pound on this amount—which is already realized or guaranteed—means nearly \$4,000,000 to the trust.

If the bill is two months longer in its passage, the trust will surely pocket \$10,000,000 extra profits before the bill becomes law. Who says protection is not a good thing? And why shouldn't Senator Aldrich push it along and in turn get his street railway syndicates pushed along by the sugar trust? Isn't this reciprocity? Wouldn't Aldrich be an ingrate if he should desert his friends and backers when he has an opportunity to help them.

Overgrown Infant.

I believe in protecting infant industries, but when the infants get to be six feet high and grow whiskers, and when they threaten to kick the end out of the cradle they don't get more pap, I think it's about time to take the bottle away from them.—Col. R. G. Ingersoll, (Rep.).

Prices Going Up.

Prices of sugar, lumber, tea and other articles have already risen since duties have been increased or new ones imposed. The foreigner appears to be somewhat backward in coming forward to pay these tariff duties, but perhaps he was taken by surprise by the senate's action, and will yet pay all duties assessed against him by republicans.

Commercial Consistency.

The three senators who are responsible for the present senate bill—Aldrich, Platt and Allison—strongly denounced ad valorem duties in 1894. They now go out of their way to give the sugar trust a gratuitous ad valorem duty.

Imperial Patterns

FREE!

Prices were 10c to 35c each.

Come help yourself. I free to anyone. You will have to wait on yourself at this busy counter.

The Klug-Hasler Stock

Removed to the

BOSTON - STORE

DAVENPORT.

Will be Opened and Placed on Sale WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, at 10 o'clock a. m.

The balance of this big stock bought at about one-third its wholesale cost, will be opened, marked down and displayed on counters, tables and piles in the Boston Store aisles, cloak room and basement at prices that will make a quick clearance and a decided saving to buyers.

HARNED & VON MAUR now stand the leading retailers of Dry Goods in the tri-cities as well as the "Leaders and Promoters of Low Prices." By carrying a large stock of reliable up-to-date merchandise, and with their method of selling at low prices, never misrepresenting, and offering "Your Money Back" if you wish it, the public have gradually learned that the Boston Store is the store at which it can do the best. To this Klug-Hasler Stock we will add many desirable offerings from the Boston Store Departments.

This will be a BIG TWO WEEKS SALE that will surpass all past records for BARGAIN GIVING. The sales people of the Klug-Hasler firm are transferred to the Boston Store, where they will be glad to serve their friends. German speaking sales people to serve you throughout the store if desired. Store will close Tuesday, at 5 p. m. until Wednesday at 10 a. m. to mark down and arrange the Klug-Hasler stock. Sale opens Wednesday, June 2, at 10 o'clock a. m., and continues Two Weeks.

HERE ARE A FEW OF THE QUOTATIONS:

Gents Furnishing.

Celluloid collars 30 each.
Linen collars 7c each, 4 for 25c.
\$1.15 laundered white shirts at 75c each.

Men's ties 50 and 150 each; worth three times this price.
Men's silk hose suspenders 15c each; worth 25c and 35c at regular price.

Embroideries.

5c quality in colored and white 2½ a yard.
8c quality in colored and white 4c a yard.

12c quality in white for 7c a yard.
25c quality for 12½ a yard.
37½ quality for 17c a yard.
42c quality for 22c a yard.

Braid Trimmings.

20 different colorings and different styles of Braid Trimmings for 1c a yard.

15c to 2c Braid Trimmings for 2c a yard.
25c Braid Trimmings and Passementerie 5c a yard.

35c to 60c Trimmings for 25c a yard.
\$1 to \$1.25 Dress Trimmings for 39c a yard.

\$1.50 to \$2 Dress Trimmings for 69c a yard.
\$2.50 to \$4 Dress Trimmings for 98c a yard.

Kid Gloves.

\$1 quality, soiled, at 19c pair.
35c Chamoi Gloves for 39c pair.
\$1 Misses Glove Gloves for 59c pair.
\$1.60 Suede Colored Gloves for 79c pair.

\$2 4-button Glove Gloves for 97c a pair.
\$1.50 Men's Motha and Glove Gloves for 79c a pair.

Ladies' Capes.

Ladies' Capes reduced to 39c, 98c, \$1.48, \$1.75, \$2.65, up to \$10 each.

Cloak Room Bargains.

1—Ladies' Jackets, Klug & Hasler's prices were \$4.50 to \$7.50, ours 39c each.

2—Ladies' Jackets, Klug & Hasler's price \$12.50, our price 97c each.

3—Elegant Broadcloth Jackets, Klug & Hasler's prices up to \$20, \$1.50 each.

4—Others at \$3.39 and \$3.37 each.

5—Children's Reaser Jackets, were three times the price we ask, 97c each.

6—Second choice of Reaser Jackets for children, for \$1.50 each.

Miscellaneous Goods at Special Prices.

Umbrellas, Art Goods, Drapery Silks, Jewelry, Knit Underwear, Muslin Underwear, Embroideries, Lace, Handkerchiefs, etc.

Mackintoshes.

Ladies' Mackintoshes, were \$2.25, 89c each.

Ladies' Mackintoshes, were \$3.50, \$1.07 each.

Ladies' Mackintoshes, were \$6.25, \$2.49 each.

Ladies' Mackintoshes, were \$10, \$4.89 each.

Children's Mackintoshes for 48c and 75c each.

Ladies' Suits and Skirts.

A large sample line of Skirts bought at this opportunity at about 50c on the dollar.

Suits at \$4.98, \$5.95, \$6.50, \$8.45 and \$9.95.

Skirts at \$1.38, \$1.95, \$2.50, \$2.92, \$3.39, \$3.72, \$4.19 and \$5.25 each.

Drab Moire Velour Skirts, worth \$14.50, for \$8.95 each.

Shirt Waists.

A lot made to sell at 50c, good patterns, correct styles for 39c.

20 patterns in Waists made to sell at 65c, 75c and 95c, your choice for 50c.

Splendid values in Waists at 65c, 75c, 98c and \$1.25.

Silk Waists in values unexcelled at \$3.75, \$3.98, \$4.98 and \$5.48.

Dress Goods.

1—25 pieces 30-inch bright plaids, made to imitate the 25c ones, at 6½ a yard.

2—22 pieces fancy Check Suitings, look like 50c wool goods, choice 3c a yard. Double fold and worth at least a half more.

3—About 20 pieces assorted Novelities, all pure wool, from the Klug-Hasler stock; regular prices up to 50 and 65c, your choice for 25c a yard.

4—75c Dress Goods for 37½ a yard.

\$1 Dress Goods for 49c a yard. \$1.25 Dress Goods for 63c a yard. Silk, wool and many others equally cheap.

5—3 pieces figured Mohair, 38-in wide, brown, navy, myrtle, tan, slate, red, very cheap at 25c, all go at 16½ a yard.

6—5 pieces all wool, black, fancy broadens, beautiful designs, 36-in wide, your pick for 29c a yard.

7—5 pieces double fold, black, fancy Worsteds, will be sold at 7½ a yard.

8—1 piece of elegant black Snake Cloth, made of pure Mohair, made to retail at \$2 a yard. We got a claim from the importer which will enable us to sell this piece for 98c a yard.

Ginghams Cheap.

Short lengths, from 10 to 30 yards, good Apron Checks. 3½ a yard.

10c fine Classic Dress Ginghams, stripes, checks and plaids, 5½ a yard.

1,000 yards 10 and 12½ fine Dress Ginghams, 7c a yard.

500 yards 25c fine Imported Zephyr Ginghams, 12½ a yard.

Klug's Corsets Away Down.

\$1 grade Alamode LaSprite, Dress Referee, Misses, "R. & G." "W. B." etc., 47c.

\$1.50 and \$1 Royal Worcester, a la Sprite and others for 75c.

\$1.50 and \$1.75 Thompson's Glove Fitting, Royal Worcester, "C. B.", and others for 99c.

Other Standard makes, were \$2 & \$2.25, now \$1.32.