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In Coal it's quality that makes heat, it's quality that retains it it's quality that makes possible consumption of 90 per cent of the combustible part of it. leaving a light, clean ash: lastly, it's quality that it seems your fuel bills—you re not paying for dirt, refuse or unburnables. The soal we handle both hard and soft deserves all the good things we and our patrons say for it. A ton will talk as loudly as a carload.

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DON'T BE FOOLED! Take the genuine, original ROCKY MOUNTAIN TEA Made only by Madison Medicine Co., Madison, Wis. 1t keeps you well. Our treds mark cut on each package. Price, 35 cents. Gever cold in bulk. Accept no subsetute. Ask our drug

T. H. Thomas, sole agent.

THE MARKETS.

"ticago Grain and Produce. Chicago, March 5, were the quotations on the Beard of Trade today: Wheat— Open. Hig Wheat Open High Low Close, March \$ 73% \$ 74 \$ 73% \$ 73% \$ 74% \$ 73 Mey14.15 14.15 14.10 14.121/2 May 7.47½ 7.47½ 7.42½ 7.45

July 7.52½ 7.52½ 7.47½ 7.50

September 7.60 7.60 7.55 7.57½

Short Ribs—

May 7.07½ 7.07½ 7.02½ 7.02

July 7.05 September .. 7.20 7.20 7.17½ 7.17½ Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 220 per 1b; extra dairy, 19@20c; packing stock, 12@12½c. Eggs—Fresh stock, 14½@15c. per doz. Dressed Pouitry—Choice turkeys, 9½@10 peh 1b; chickens, 8@9½c; ducks, 9@11c; geese, 7@8½c. Potatoes—Fair to choice, 36@46c per bu. Apples—Common to choice, \$1.50@4.50 per bbl. Cranberries—Cape Cod, \$8.00@8.25 per bbl; bell and bugle, \$8.50@9.00.

Chicago Live Stock.

\$8.50@9.00.

Chicago, March 5.

Hogs—Estimated receipts for the day,
33.000: sales ranged at \$5.00@5.35 for
pigs, \$5.35@5.50 for light, \$5.30@5.37½ for
rough packing, \$5.35@5.55 for mixed,
and \$5.40@5.57½ for heavy packing and
shipping lots, with the bulk of sales

Cattle-Estimated receipts for the day, 15,500; quotations ranged at \$5,600 6.00 choice to extra steers, \$5,1005,50 6.00 choice to extra steers, \$5.10@5.50 good to choice do., \$4.50@5.00 fair to good do., \$4.00@4.55 common to medium do., \$3.60@4.00 butchers' steers, \$4.25@5.60 fed western steers, \$2.70@4.50 stockers and feeders, \$1.75@4.40 cows, \$2.60@4.50 heifers, \$2.50@4.15 bulls and oxen, \$2.50@4.50 stags, \$3.50@4.50 Texas steers, and \$4.50@6.50 yeal calves.

Sheep and Lambs—Estimated receipts

and \$4.50@6.50 year calves.

Sheep and Lambs—Estimated receipts for the day, 18.000; quotations ranged at \$3.25@4.75 westerns. \$2.75@4.75 natives, \$4.25@5.35 western lambs, and \$4.25@5.35 native lambs.

East Buffalo Live Stock.

East Buffalo, N. Y., March 5. Dunning & Stevens, Live Stock Commission Merchants, East Buffalo, N. Y., quote as follows: Cattle-Receipts 4 cars; steady at yesterday's close; light to medium steers 4.25 @ 4.55. Hogs-Reto medium steers 4.204.35. Hogs-Re-ipts 25 cars; market slow; light york-ers, \$5.65; pigs, \$5.60@5.65; good weight yorkers, \$5.70; mixed and heavy, \$5.70@ 5.75; roughs, \$5.10@5.25. Sheep and Lambs-Receipts 6 cars; market steady at yesterday's prices.

St. Louis Grain. St. Louis, March 5.

St. Louis, March 5.
Wheat—No. 2 red cash elevator, 72%c;
track, 73¼@74¼c; May 73%c; July, 72¾c;
No. 2 hard, 71¼@71½c, Corn—Lower;
No. 2 cash, 38c; track, 39c; May, 38½@
38%c; July, 39%c, Oats—Lower; No. 2
cash, 26½c; track, 26½@25%c; May,
26½c; July, 25c; No. 2 white, 28½@29c.
Byo. Stoady, 52c. Rye-Steady: 52c.

Milwaukee Grain.

Milwaukee, March 5.
Wheat—Steady: No. 1 northern, 7500
75½c: No. 2 northern, 72073c. Rye—
Steady: No. 1, 51½c. Barley—Quiet; No.
2, 57c: sample, 40054c. Oats—Steady;
No. 2 white, 274,028¼c.

Local Markets.

Corn—38@40c. Oats—25c. Hay—Timothy, \$10@\$12; prairie, \$1@\$16. Straw—86 Coal—\$3 per ton. Potators—40c. tter-Choice to fair, isc; fresh creamery,

Eggs—3/c.
Hens 6c per pound.
Hens 6c per pound.
Spring Chickens—6/4c per pound.
Turkeys-70@8c.
Duc-8-6/4c.
Cattle—Butchers pay for corn fed steers,
25c; cows and helfers, 3/4c@4c; calves,
25c.

the Line Kind You Have Always Bought

NOTABLE COINCIDENT

Move to Change the Senate Rules and Theodore Roosevelt in the Chair.

SOMETHING STRENUOUS MAY OCCUR

Mason's Exposition of His Position Put in a Question -- Cutting Off Debates.

Washington, March 6 .- Quite unexpectedly a lively debate was precipitated yesterday at the first business session of the senate of the Fifty-seventh congress. Platt of Connecticut offered an amendment to the rules to limit debate in the senate. Its proponent had no purpose to provoke discussion upon it, but several senators expressed their views in no uncertain terms. Mason of Illinois thought it did not go far enough, and gave notice of an amendment under which he said the majority would not be under the control of the minority. Wellington of Maryland and Bacon of Georgia denounced the effort to change the rules as unseemly, the former challenging the right of the senate to consider the proposition at this session.

Mason Questioned by Jones. The debate on the rules was continued in the executive session. Mason contended that under the rules as they at present stand it was in the power of the minority to prevent, and therefore negatively to control legislation. Jones and Teller contended that there never had been a failure to pass a bill which had the real and sincere support of a majority of the senate because of the absence of a cloture rule, Mason controverted this. Will the senator from Illimois name a bill that has been defeated by the minority?" asked

One That Jones Did Not Answer. the senate," responded Mason, ignor- he had lost all power of self criticism ing the question. "how many times he and could not tell good from bad or inwas consulted about the ship subsidy different. Once he was asked if he bill, and how many concessions he was asked to make in order to permit the consideration of the measure to proceed. I think a rely to this question will illustrate the least of my contention better than anything I can say." Teller said he saw in that movement which had been set on foot a determined effort to cut off debate in there was absolutely freedom of debate. This he considered a step in the subversion of liberty.

Coincident May Be Significant. Washington, March 6 .- The appearance of a move in the senate to shut off the "hot air" after a reasonable escape thereof has been permitted, and to inject a bit of "strenuous life" into the proceedings, which will be sure to arouse the resentment of the venerable senators who have already revealed antipathy for the youthful presiding officer.

Morgan's First Measure.

Washington, March 6 .- Morgan's first measure for the new congress was a resolution which he introduced in the senate yesterday declaring the Clayton-Bulwer treaty between the Uzited States and Great Britain abro-The Hay-Pauncefote treaty gated. lapsed March 4 by its own terms providing that it would so lapse if not mutually ratified.

One Remark of "Billy " Mason. Washington, March 6 .- While Masen of Illinois was talking of the rules of the senate yesterday, on the proposal to amend them, he said some of the senators would "set their mouths going and go off and leave them for nearly a week at a time without the slightest intellectual effort whatever."

OBTAINED A DISPENSATION.

Inhibited Marriage Takes Place with the Consent of Leo XIII.

Green Bay, Wis., March 6.- A groom of 70 years and a bride of 50 years figured in a quiet wedding ceremony at | height figured out I can come within a St. Willebrord's Roman Catholic church in this city. The parties, widower and widow, respectively, are pois proves. Of course there are ex-William Meulemans, a wealthy retired farmer of Wrightstown, Brown county, and Mrs. Rose Meulemans, who owns and personally conducts a general store in this city and is reputed to be quite wealthy. Mrs. Meulemans is the widow of a brother of the groom in yesterday's marriage.

The relationship between the bride and groom in yesterday's ceremony is classified in the Roman Catholic church as the first degree of affinity and such unions are forbidden in the Roman church. In order to have the ceremony solemnized in a Roman Catholic church it was necessary to secure a sauction in the form of a special dispensation direct from Pope Leo.

SALT PLANT FOR \$5,000,000."

a Big Company. Detroit. March 6 .- The Pennsylvania | you know. That is different." Salt company has decided to erect a \$5,000,000 plant on 127 acres of land whom she was speaking, "but I may be adjoining Wyandotte, a town ten miles from Detroit. In 1896 the company acquired the property and was to have worked for a living, and they were not begun operations, but the Michigan Alkall company arranged to furnish the sit on. They worked on benches." company with a certain amount of bicarbonate of soda at a certain price and the offer was accepted.

That agreement has been terminated and the Pennsylvania company will erect a soda ash plant, having a capacity of 800 tons a day and giving was one of the justices of the United employment to about 1,300 men. The company at its recent meeting in Fhiladelphia increased its capital stock for this purpose. Work will be begun on the plant immediately.

New Woman at Kokomo Kokomo, Ind., March 6 .- Thomas anything about it. Horn is an applicant for divorce from Anna Horn on the ground that she spends all her time fishing, leaving him to attend to the household du-

ties, including the preparation of his own meals. He avers that frequently when she has bad luck and comes home without any fish, she is cross and threatens to kill him. He says she sits on the creek banks for days at a stretch while he is laboring for her support.

They Don't Like That Agent. Grinnell, Ia., March 6.-A committee of six tribal leaders of the Sacs and Foxes has started for Washington to protest against their treatment. These descendants of the followers of the famous Blackhawk are now located on the Tama reservation. The agent charges them with polygamy and the Indians assert that he forcibly interferes with their marriage relations. They demand exemption from such in-

Volunteer Work Among Convicts. Jackson, Mich., March 6 .- Mrs. Ballington Booth has started the formation of a Volunteer League among the convicts at the prison here. Mrs. Booth talked to the convicts for nearly two hours Sunday. She told the prisoners to write to her, if they ever needed help, or to come to her Hope hall No. 1 at New York or to Hope hall No. 2 at Chicago especially for exconvicts who need assistance to em-

Ate Pork Not Well Cooked.

Hartford, Wis., March 6 .- The 3year-old son of Ernst Menzel, of this place, died Monday night of trichinosis. Mrs. Menzel and her 2-year-old daughter are very ill from the same cause and it is feared the child will die The family ate some pork for supper Monday evening and in a short time the little boy was taken violently ill and While he was in the agony of death his mother and sister were taken

Weir Mitchell and Whitman, In Dr. Weir Mitchell's book a pleasant story or two is told of Walt Whitman, the writer, to whom some would deny the name of poet, while others regard him as one of the greatest of all poets. One of the characters in the story of "Dr. North and His Friends" says that Whitman was eaten up by his own vanity, regarding everything "Will the senator from Arkansas tell he did as of such supreme value that thought Shakespeare as great a poet as himself. He replied that he had often thought of that, but had never been able to come to a decision.

He went to a physician upon an occasion, thinking himself seriously out of health. When he learned that his ailment, whatever it was, could be the only national tribunal in which treated best by living as much as possible out of doors without dosing with medicine, he was leaving in all good humor when he bethought himself of the physician's fee. "How much will it be?" he inquired. "The debt was paid long ago," said the doctor, who knew and liked his writings. "It is Theodore Roosevelt in the senate chair you who are still the creditor." Whitat the same time may be significant. man thanked him and went out. An-There is general apprehension that the other patient, a lady, had taken his "Rough rider" will wax impatient at place when he returned, put his two the somnolent methods of legislation great hands on the table opposite his prevailing in the senate and will try medical adviser-he had not stopped to knock or announce himself-and said, "That, sir, I call poetry."

The lady was scandalized by his abrupt appearance and demeanor and asked as soon as the writer had gone for the second time, "Is the gentleman insane?" but, learning his identity, she wished he had asked for his autograph.

Weight by Inches.

"Forty and a half," sung out the cutter of a Chestnut street tailoring firm as he passed the tape across a customer's chest. Thirty-eight was registered when the measure girded the customer's waist, and then the cutter stepped back and sized up the patron's height as compared with that of the salesman who was recording the measurements. "Your weight is 165 pounds," he

"One sixty-seven," spoke up the man who was being measured for a coat. "How did you guess it?"

"No guesswork about it. I simply compared your height with that of the salesman here, who is 5 feet 8 inches tall. You are about two inches taller, or, say, 5 feet 10 inches. With chest and waist measurements and a man's pound or two of his weight every time, as my close estimate of your avoirduceptions, notably the man with the very slim waist and wide shoulders, who is invariably much lighter in build than his appearance and measurements indicate. In that case I drop about ten pounds from my figures and manage to come pretty near the mark."-Philadelphia Record.

They Worked on Benches. The dignified dame was not really English, but she had mastered the dia-

lect to some extent. "My nevvew 'Erbert," she said, "wants to marry a schoolteacher! Fawney! A person who works for a living! To be sure, now that I think of it, that is not always a disgrace. You, To Be Erected Near Wyandotto, Mich., by my dear, write for the press now and then, I am told, but you don't 'ave to,

"Yes," replied the young person to said to have inherited a tendency to work. My father and grandfather both allowed even the loxury of a chair to

"Dear me!" exclaimed the dignified dame, greatly shocked. "What did they -ah-work at?" "Well, my father was a judge of the superior court, and my grandfather

States supreme court."-Chicago Trib-Letting Well Enough Alone. Mr. Meeke-There's an error in this plumber's bill, but I guess I won't say

"I am not Well enough to Work."



To Women who Work.

What tragedy for the wage-earning woman is hidden

beneath the words "I am not well enough to work" Every penny of her slender income is needed for the necessaries of life for herself and others. Seldom, indeed, is it that the girl or woman who works in a factory, or in some business office or store, has merely herself to support. Nearly always there is an invalid mother or sister, perhaps a brother or father.

She taxes her endurance, therefore, to the last limit before giving up.

She knows her place will be filled by some one else. She has no money laid up. Her wages have been insufficient for her pressing needs, and she has pent money on doctors, trying to keep at work and hold her place. But it's no use-she has reached the limit. In her fight

with female troubles she has come off second best, as myriads of women have before her. What will happen, now that she has lost her place and has broken down in health?

These heart-stirring stories are being lived all around us in large cities, and every one of them might have been a story of health and energy, if the young woman had but written to Mrs. Pinkham when she first felt ill. She would have been told just how to make herself well and strong, as many other women have, and this advice would have cost her nothing.

And it is not alone in factories and business places that women are forced to give up on account of ill health. It is quite as often the woman who does her own work at home. This means, generally, doing the work for a household of seven or eight.

She also compels herself to attend to the daily round of duties when she ought to be in bed, and does not know where to look for that reliable help that will put her on her feet and stop those awful aches and pains.

The sure help for all ailing women, who work at home or elsewhere, is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Women who have used it testify to this with one

When the periods are painful or too frequent; when the backaches and headaches drive out all ambition; when the heart-breaking, "dragged-down" sensation attacks you; when you are so nervous that every trivial thing excites you, you may be certain that there is some growing trouble fastening itself upon you. Do not let disease make head-way. Write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for her free advice, and begin at once the use of

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

From Women Cured by Mrs. Pinkham.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM :- I write to thank you for the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have done me. It is now six years since I was taken sick. I had falling of the womb and ovarian trouble. I suffered untold pains; sometimes was so bad that I thought I could not live. I used the Vegetable Compound steadily for some months and am now well. If you like, you may use my letter for the benefit of others."-MISS, KATIE P.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—It affords me a great deal of pleasure to express my praise of your valuable Vegetable Compound. Words cannot tell what your medicine did for me. It saved my life. I was so weak and nervous, would have very bad hemorrhages. I did not do anything for a year, not even attend to my own family. I suffered beyond description; my physician said I could not get well without an operation, which I refused to have. I tried all kinds of medicine, but they did me no good. A friend recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I used it and the Sanative Wash, and am now enjoying the best of health. I hope that all suffering women will take your medicine."-MRS. ELLA LONG, 333 Pearl St., Bridgetown, N. J.



"DEAR MES. PINKHAM:-I have been so delighted with your Vegetable Compound I thought I would write and thank you. My system was entirely run down; I suffered with terrible backache in the small of my back and could hardly stand upright; was more tired in the morning than on retiring at night. I had no appetite. Since taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I have gained fifteen pounds, and am gaining every week. My appetite has improved, have no backache, and I look better than I ever looked before. I shall recommend it to all my friends, as it certainly is a wonderful medicine.' -MRS. E. F. MORTON, 826 York St., Cincinnati, O. 24

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-I had been in poor health for twenty years, having inflammation of ovaries and womb trouble. Although treated by physicians, I could not seem to gain any strength, and could not do my work, and was so low spirited and tired of life. A friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The first bottle strengthened me and I wrote you. After taking six bottles, can say that I am well and can even do my washing. I cheerfully recommend your Vegetable Compound to every one with any female weakness, and cannot praise it enough."-MRS. M. W. MILLER, 1023 Canal St., Gulfport, Miss.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:-It is with pleasure that I add my testimony to your list, hoping it may induce others to avail themselves of the benefit of your valuable remedy. Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I felt very bad, had terrible sick headaches, no appetite, gnawing pain in stomach, pain in my back and right side; was tired and ner-yous, and so weak I could scarcely stand. I was not able to do anything, had sharp pains all through my body. Before I had taken half a bottle of your medicine, I found myself improving. I continued its use until I had taken four bottles and felt so well that I did not need any more. I am like a new person."— MRS. W. P. VALENTINE, 566 Ferry Ave., Camden, N. J.

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., 85,000, which will be paid on who will show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or coal permission.—Lynna E., Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. were published before obtaining the