VOLUME LXVIII-NO. 69.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 8, 1890-EIGHT PAGES.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A CAUSTIC LETTER.

Plain Language Used to Guatamalan Officials.

Accused of Making False Statements Regarding the Telegraph Service.

No Interference With Minister Mizner's Communications-President Barillas' Flight Predicted.

Special Dispatches to THE MORNING CALL.

EL PASO, Aug. 7 .- New York papers reached here to-day containing interviews with Minister Cruz and Consul-General Baiz in regard to the interrupted communication between Secretary Blaine and Minister Mizner at Guatemala. The New York officials of that Government charge that the only wires now existing are monopolized by the Bonilla family, who have a news agency, with one member of the fam- man of the attacking party was badly ily at El Paso, Tex. The Times here pub- | wounded. lished this morning an interview in the New York Star, and in its issue to-morrow will appear the following answer from Bo- | He Narrow'y Escapes Being Run Over by

EL PASO (Tex.) August 7, 1890. To the Editor of the Times-MUCH ESTEEMED FRIEND: I was surprised to find in your issue to-day a clipping from the New York Star, wherein the Guatemalan Minister, Cruz, and Consul General Baiz attack my family and the telegraphic agency conducted by myself and brothers, who reside at the capital of Guatemala. In answer, I begin by saying that as our telegraphic business is not participated in by my father nothing should be said of him. In regard to the representations and complaints made by Minister Cruz and Consul Balz, I am in a position to say that they tell an untruth, and shall have the pleasure of having this fact come before the world as soon as Mr. Blaine, the Mexican Mini-ter and Mr. Mizuer terminate their investigations. All they have said to the Star is a tissue of falsehoods, and would bring the blush to the

face of a gentleman.

Mr. Cruz says he was indignant at learning of Mr. Cruz says he was indignant at learning of a syndicate that monopolizes telegraphic communication with the seat of war, a d that the syndicate consisted of the Bondia family. Mr. Cruz tells an untruth when he says my father is connected with our business. He also faisifies when he says that one of my brothers is stationed at La Libertad, a port of Salvador, and the only instance wherein he does not lie is in locating one of the brothers here with offices in Paso del Norte and El Paso, Tex. The writer of this hereby denounces him as a faisifier as he deserves. The statement that the Bonilla agency had

The statement that the Bonilla agency had monopolized the Mexican Central wires has provoked laughter hereabouts. The Bonilla Agency has never sent out a line of news to any newspaper, and Cruz lies when he so states. It or egard to the last charge of intercepting telegrams I will say that a few days ago the New York Star gald that it was strange that Mr. Blaine could not communicate by cable with Guatemala and that it was unusually strange that Mr. Blaine had heard from Mr. Mizner at Guatemala by cable and that it was equally strange that Mr. Blaine had not heard from Mr. Mizner at Guatemala by cable and that it was equally strange that Mr. Blaine had not heard from Mr. Mizner at Guatemala by cable and that it was equally strange that Mr. Blaine had not heard from Mr. Mizner at Guatemala by another line—the Bonilla agency.

This proves that Cruz has lied, for Mizner's messages through the Bonilla agency always reached Blaine, while the latter's messages to Mizner by cable failed to reach their destination. The reason for this is plain. La Libertad, through which the cable reaches Guatemala is sages for Guatemala, while our agency has promptly dispatched all telegrams.

Even yesterday the Bonila agency transmitted over two hundred words from Mizner to Blaine. If we had even intercepted their telegrams we would not be further trusted with them. We would not be further flusted with them. We have no monopoly. Any person or persons can engage in the business we carry on. In fact there is now here in El Paso, Juda Rodrignes Castl Dejon, the Secretary of the Guatemalan Legation at the City of Mexico, who has been transmitting the official messages of his Government for two years over our agency and has handled telegrams for both Cruz and Baiz and their Governments. In fact, not over eight years ago I had in my hands a message for both of them, yet they tell the Star "that it was new to them." The fact is they have patronized our service because it is efficient, prompt and cheap. We have but two connecting offices to reach the United Staies, while the cable has six before reaching Galveston.

In regard to the charge that we have refused the Associated Press our news, it is answered by the simple statement that we have not dealt in news, but we would be happy to serve them as soon as peace is restored in Central America. Your obedient servant,

Jose Diez de Bonilla.

San Salvador, Aug. 7.—President Ba-

SAN SALVADOR, Aug. 7.—President Barillas of Guatemala has 2000 soldiers on the road to Port San Jose, ready to protect his flight from the country. The defeat of the army of Guatemala by the soldiers of Salvador is complete. Anarchy reigns in Guatemala. The troops of Salvador under General Antonio Ezeta have gone back to the frontier to push on gone back to the frontier to push on the invasion of Guatemala. War with Honduras was not determined upon, although the Salvador troops were ready to invade Honduras. A diplomatic settle-ment of the trouble with Guatemala is expected here. The outrage by Guatemala in seizing the arms ordered by Salvador from San Francisco caused great excitement here which has not yet died out. CITY OF MEXICO, Aug. 7.—The Govern-ment of Guatemala denies that any battle has been fought between the troops of Salvador and Guatemala, except one a week ago at Papaturro, on Guatemalan soil, in which the Salvadorians were defeated. A special dispatch to the Press Agency says the Guatemalan negotiations for a peace are progressing favorably, and un-doubtedly will be concluded before the end of the week. It is believed a peace honorable to both Guatemala and Salvador will be arranged.
Colonel Brown, an American railroad

contractor in Salvador, with 200 drilled Americans and natives, is reported as having taken an active part with Salvador in the battles against Guatemala.

SAN SALVADOR, Aug. 7.—President Ezeta has just issued a manifesto naming the 15th of September next as the day whereon an election for new members of Congress shall take place, to substitute those whose terms of office have expired. The elections are to last six days, and close on Saturday. September 20th. The new Congress will meet in Salvador at the National Theater, on October 1, 1890. Congress will elect a new constitutional President on October

General Ezeta concludes a second manifesto by saying that as long as he has life and power he will accept no terms of peace with Guatemala that do not assure a complete vindication of Salvador's injured honor and dignity as an independent nation.

A Salvador dispatch says: General Miranda, the accomplice of the traitor Rivas, who aspires to the Presidency of Salvador, has been routed, and Salvador is now free from marauding bands.

A cipher dispatch from Guatemala says: The revolution is increasing. General Irungary, the revolutionist who captured Chiquimula, has increased his forces by festo by saying that as long as he has life

Chiquimula, has increased his forces by arge numbers of deserters from the Guatemalan ranks. Dissatisfaction reigns suoreme, and the flight of President Barillas is looked for at any moment.

CELMAN'S RESIGNATION.

Its Acceptance Opposed in the Chamber of Deputies-The New Cabinet. BUENOS AYRES, Aug. 7 .- After the reading in the Chamber of Deputies of President Celman's message, tendering his resignation of the Presidency, General Roca invited the members to express their opinions as to the advisability of accepting it.
General Mansella opposed its acceptance,
on the ground that such action by the Cham-

It was not Buenos Ayres alone which opposed President Celman, but every province of the republic and every honest man was against him. Roca's remarks were greeted with applause.

The volument

door, in order to escape the joyful demonstrations of those present.

There is much rejoicing throughout the city at the success of the movement to force

eity at the success of the movement to force Celman's resignation.

Dr. Pelligrini, the new President, has appointed the following Cabinet: General Roca, Interior; Eduardo Costa, Foreign Affairs; Guterriez Lastra, Education; General Lavalle, War and Navy; Vicente Fidel Lopez, Finance.

Perfect barroupy provedly in the page Fidel Lopez, Finance.

Perfect harmony prevails in the new Cabinet and confidence is reviving. The banks are closed, but the Bourse will reopen shortly. Exchanges are rising.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—A dispatch from Buenos Ayres says: The election of Pelligrini to the Presidency has caused popular rejoicing. A decree just promulgated raises the state of riege and declares the liberty of the press.

ATTACKED HIS OFFICERS.

A Serious Case of Insubordination Near Port | Pistols and Clubs Freely Used by the Royal. HALIFAX, Aug. 7. - Advices from

Kingston, Jamaica, report a serious case of insubordination at the Apos-

tles Battery, near Port Royal. Sergeant White of the First Battalion, West India Regiment, after repeated re-fusals to get permission to see his family one night, secured over seventy pounds of ammunition and proceeded to pounds of ammunition and proceeded to the Apostles Battery. The officers being absent he took up a position in an aperture to await their coming. When he saw them coming he began firing, and the offi-cers finding it impossible to effect a landing procured assistance from the sap-pers and Royal Engineers. The party surrounded the battery, gaining an en-trance amid a shower of bullets. It was found necessary to kill White, otherwise he would have killed several of the men. One man of the attacking party was badly

EMPEROR WILLIAM.

Admiral Commerell's Carriage. LONDON, Aug. 7 .- Emperor William has decided not to leave the Isle of Wight at the time originally fixed for his departure. He will remain until midnight Friday. The Queen gave a grand banquet last night in

honor of the Emperor.
Emperor William visited the dock-yards at Portsmouth to-day, and while there he came near being knocked down by horses attached to the carriage of Admiral Com-merell, Naval Commander-in-chief at Portsmouth. As the Emperor was crossing the street to enter the Admiralty House he was slightly struck on the shoulder by the horses attached to the carriage, which was approaching the Admiralty House. The Emperor narrowly escaped being knocked down by jumping nimbly aside.

The British Commons. LONDON, Aug. 7.-In the Commons to-night Sir James Fergusson, replying to Mr. chwarin's strong criticism on Turkey's dealing with Armenia, said he regretted that member's unfortunate language, which was almost enough to incite the Armenians to rebel. Admitting that there had been acts of brutal cruelty it was only just to say that Turkey had acted much better than in former times. Professor Bryce complained that the Government was keeping the House in ignorance of events in Armenia and neglecting to make a proper in-

quiry. Deaths From Cholera. MADRID, Aug. 7 .- A death from cholera has occurred in this city.
CAIRO, Aug. 7.—Cholera is raging at Jeddah. The deaths average 100 daily.
LONDON, Aug. 7.—One hundred and seventy-five deaths from cholera are reported in Meach

ported in Mecca. PARIS, Aug. 7.-Eyraud, the murderer of Notary Gouffe, attempted suicide to-day He tore his shirt into strips, twisted them together to form a rope and with it at-tempted to choke himself to death. But for his timely discovery he would have suc-

College Burned. MONTREAL, Aug. 7.—Word has reached here that Moffatt College, on the Isle of Perrot, ten miles from this city, has been burned to the ground. Over 300 students were in attendance and they are now quartered in the outbuildings and farm-houses

An Exodus of Jews. London, Aug. 7 .- An exodus of Jews from Russia has commenced. Thousands are leaving, with the intention of emigrat-ing to Brazil, and others are flocking to

POLITICAL FIELD.

Georgia State Democratic Convention-Result of the Tennessee Election.

ATLANTA, Aug. 7 .- At the State Demo cratic Convention to-day the following ticket was nominated: Governor, W. J. Northern of Hancock County; Secretary of State, General Phil Cook of Lee; Treasurer, R. M. Hardemann of Newton; Comptroller-General, Captain Wright of Richmond: Attorney-General, Judge George Lester of Cobb; Commissidner of Agriculture, R. T. Nesbit of Cobb. The platform adopted favors the correcting of all abuses of the Gov-ernment by strict reliance upon the integ-rity and ability of the Democratic party, and points with pride to the fidelity with which the affairs of the State have been ad-

ministered by the incumbents.

CHATTANOGA (Tenn.), Aug. 7.—Reports to the Times from all parts of the State indicate a quiet election for county officers. with a small vote polled. The Farmers' Alliance succeeded in electing in some counties independent candidates. B. J. Lea was elected Judge of the Supreme Court by a large majority.

The greatest excitement prevails here tonight on account of the result of the election of county officers to-day. This county, which gives ordinarily about 1000 Republican majority, to-day elected the entire Democratic ticket. The change was brought about by the new registration law and the Australian system of ballot. Quite 50 per cent of the negro vote was lost by the Republicans in consequence of these laws. This is the first time since the war that the entire Democratic ticket has

been elected in this county.

GRAND FORKS (N. Dak.), Aug. 7.—The
Democratic State Convention met this afternoon. After appointing committees a recess was taken.

Resolutions were adopted declaring for tariff for revenue only; favoring reciprocity or free trade wherever such policy will open a market for home production, and dayoring the submission of the prohibition question. The free coinage of silver was also favored. The following ticket was nominated: Congressman, John D. Benton of Fargo; Governor, W. N. Roach of Laramore; Lieutenant-Governor, George R. Garrett of Richland; Secretary of State, F. A. Wilson of Bathgate, Auditor, C. F. A. Wilson of Bathgate; Auditor, C. E. Meach of Morton County; Treasurer, T. B.

Baker of Bismarck; Attorney-General, J. V. Breeke of Devils Lake.
CEDAR RAPIDS (Iowa), Aug. 7. — The Democratic State Convention net yesterday. After the appointment of the usual committees a recess was taken. The Committee on Platform adopted planks declaring in favor of tariff for revenue only, denouncing the McKinley Tariff Bill, favoring reciprocity, net only with South favoring reciprocity, not only with South America but with all nations. The com-mittee also adopted planks demanding the free coinage of silver and making it full legal tender for all public and private debts; denouncing the Federal Election Bill as a menance to the freedom and purity of elec-tions, and denouncing the Republicans in Congress for supporting the arbitrary course of Speaker Reed.

At the afternoon session R. G. Phelps was

tion for Congress by the Democrats of the GUTHRIE, Aug. 7 .- Fuil returns from the with applause.

The vote on the acceptance of the resignation was taken in dead silence; but when the result was announced, showing a majority in favor of accepting it, the chamber resounded with cheers.

Roca quietly left the chamber by a back

GUTHRIE, Aug. 7.—Full returns from the election at Oklahoma show that the Republicans will have a majority on a joint ballot in the two Houses of the first Territorial Legislature. Milton W. Reynolds (R.), who was elected Delegate-at-Large, is lying dangerously ill at his home and is not expected to recover.

RIOTOUS CONVICTS.

Desperate Conflict in the Charlestown State Prison.

Fifty of the Inmates Make a Sudden Break for Liberty.

Guards-Many of the Prisoners Badly Wounded.

Special Dispatches to THE MORNING CALL.

Boston, Aug. 7 .- For some time past trouble has been brewing at the Charlestown State Prison, having its origin in the objection of the inmates to submit to the enforcement of the Bertillon system of measurements. This afternoon the convicts in the shoe-shop refused to obey orders and, as if by some prearranged signal, all set up a terrific yell, and missiles of every description were sent flying in all directions, and the windows on the north and west side were entirely demolished. They made a dash for the yard and a mob of over fifty infuriated convicts rushed for the various walls. Instantly the sentries began firing. Other | each circuit to facilitate business. officers of the institution were quickly at hand and with drawn revolvers massed the gang in groups after a hard fight, in which clubs were freely used and many convicts' heads were badly crushed. Word was quickly sent to police headquarters, and in a short time 200 policemen reached the prison in patrol-wagons. It is not thought any of the prisoners are seriously wounded. but as the excitement has not fully subsided, it is impossible to say what the result of the shooting was. The guards on the walls have been trebled and a large number of police are massed in the yard and

DEAL DECLARED OFF.

Failure of an Alleged Republican Syndicate to Obtain Control of a Denver Paper. DENVER, Aug. 7 .- For some time there have been various rumors in circulation in regard to a Republican syndicate of this city, composed of Senator Wolcott, his brother, Henry Wolcott, Governor Cooper, W. H. Griffith and the son of J. S. Clarkson of Iowa. The syndicate paid \$10,000 on the option, which expired at midnight last night, and as the remaining \$390,000 was not forthcoming, Colonel John Arkins, President of the News Company, called the deal off, and this morning published the

following editorial:

Thomas M. Patterson has purchased the whole of James M. Burnell's stock in the Rocky Mountain News Printing Company, which was full one-half, and also enough of the stock owned by John Arkins to give him a majority of the stock and the control of this paper. Mr. Patterson has determined to retue from the practice of the law and the control of this paper. Mr. Patterson has determined to retire from the practice of the law after the closing up of all of his present business in the courts by trial or otherwise, and then to assume editorial management of the News. Although because of his pressing engagements he cannot now give his personal attention to the paper, he will hold himself responsible for its editorial utterances henceforth. Mr. Arkins will continue as hereofore the President and Manager of the company.

Manager of the company.

Mr. Patterson is well known as the lead ing Democratic politician and criminal law-yer of Colorado. He was a candidate for Governor two years ago and was defeated by Job A. Cooper. He was Territorial Delegate to Congress in the sessions of 1875 and 1876, and won a national reputation for himself in his speech seconding the nomhimself in his speech seconding the nom-ination of Mr. Cleveland at the St. Louis

PROPOSED CONSOLIDATION.

The Atchison Negotiating to Obtain Control of the Missouri Pacific. NEW YORK, Aug. 7 .- Not much has been heard lately of the negotiations which it is known were under way a couple of months ago between the Missouri Pacific and the Atchison roads, looking to the practical consolidation of their southwestern intermorning, been stated in Wall street, with more or less circumstantial and street, with fell to 800. more or less circumstantial evidence to sup-port the report, that negotiations between the Atchison people and Gould were at an end, and that Gould was in bad humor and intent on keeping up the war which so hurt the income of both roads last year. probable, however, it will not be very before it is discovered these rumors are far from the truth. Gould is still in conference with the financial magnates controlling the Atchison property, and it is stated upor what is very close to official authority, that very material progress has been made toward harmonizing the conflicting interests that have hitherto kept the roads apart. It is intimated that the arrangement in pros pect is to be a cast-iron traffic agreement by which the territory is to be divided, traffic allotted, and the rates put up and kept up. There are people of consequence who declare the Atchison's ambition to gain control of the Missouri Pacific and its

allied properties have not been by any means abandoned. THE LIQUOR TRAFFIC.

Lively Discussion in the Convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union. PITTSBURG, Aug. 7.-There was an upcoar in the National Convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union to-day. Delegate Fennessy of Boston introduced a resolution recommending the teaching of prohibition of the liquor traffic in the Catholic parochial schools and the injection of prohibition matter in the text-books. Father James J. McTighe of Pittsburg opposed the resolution bitterly and was hissed by the lay delegates. McTighe said such a course was impossible, because the church never taught total abstinence. He said: "I say that a glass of wine, beer or ale is not injurious to anybody." Hisses and not injurious to anybody." Hisses and groads followed. Some of the interested spectators were a delegation of members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, who occupied a private box and, although of opposite religious faith, applauded vigor-ously all prohibition sentiments.

CAPITAL AND LABOR. Union Men Ordered to Quit Work-The New York Cloak-Makers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7 .- Most of the union of but the latter are employing non-union help, and will hereafter educate American girls to the trade. On the other hand the operators in the union have ordered all the men out.

New York, Aug. 7.—The Cloak Contractors' Association held a meeting last night which lasted until 4 o'clock this morning. It was decided to cut loose from the Cloak Operators' Association and hereafter make no discrimination between union and non-union men.

Grand Parade of Patriarchs Militant. CHICAGO, Aug. 7 .- This was the most important and imposing day in the Patriarchs Militant cantonment, having been set apart for the grand parade. The first exercise General Mansella opposed its acceptance, on the ground that such action by the Chamber would be an admission of the triumph of the revolution and Buenos Ayres over the other provinces of the republic. He declared the action of President Celman in tendering his resignation culpable cowardice.

Roca explained that he had sacrificed himself in order to show how utterly impossible it was for Celman to continue in the Presidency after the mistakes made by the members of the President's party. Nobody, he occiared, could serve a man who had shown such complete incapacity. He had gravely compromised the country. Let was not Buenos Ayres alone which optically and the presidency after the mistakes made by the members of the President's Party. Theodore W. Ivory.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.), Aug. 7.—Richard It was not Buenos Ayres alone which optically and the president of the great stretch of the greensward was another great the first with Brazil. Such a treaty of the knightly uniforms and the glitter of burnished steel. In the afternoon the great with the black, red, purple and gold of the knightly uniforms and the glitter of burnished steel. In the afternoon for the mall and Express says that the President will and Express says that the President will degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by North Star Lodge of Minneau degree work in Battery D Armory for vizzes by Nor of the day were exemplifications of suborformations, the conferring of the decora-tions of chivairy for members of Rebekah degree, and a grand exhibition of pyro-

> Spit in the Coffee Exchange. NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—The plan recently adopted by the Coffee Exchange, under which Central American and other coffees are admitted to trading in addition to Bra-

zilian coffees, has caused a big split in the exchange. This has been threatened for some days. The break came to-day, when Crossman & Bros. and S. Ginner & Co. announced that they had decided to withdraw from trading in options. The two firms mentioned have long been known as the "bulls" on coffee and are big dealers. Both firms have issued circulars explaining their position.

firms have issued circulars explaining their position.

Crossman & Bros. say that under the amended rule rejections of the whole world can be imported to New York for purchase, mixing with other grades to produce the standard now agreed upon as the lowest grade deliverable. They state that it can be briefly summed up that a buyer on the New York Exchange will, if he takes a delivery, get all the most undesirable coffee that can be found in the world. Deserters From the Navy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7 .- A general alarm was sent out to all the police precincts today announcing the desertion of 300 sailors and marines from the men-of-war Chicago and Atlanta, and ordering their arrest. Late to-night fifty of the deserters were captured.

German-American Journalists. MILWAUKEE, Aug. 7 .- The convention of German-American journalists began here to-day. A report was read showing that branch associations have been organized in San Francisco and other cities. The fund for needy journalists amounts to \$2500.

LAFAYETTE (Ind.), Aug. 7 .- This morn ing at Mulberry a boiler in the saw-mill owned by John Jacoby exploded, killing Engineer Shoemaker and the proprietor, John Jacoby. Three others were seriously Memorial for Additional Judges INDIANAPOLIS, Aug. 7 .- At the National Bar Association meeting to-day a commit-

Fatal Boiler Explosion.

gress, urging the passage of Evarts' bill, which provides for an additional Judge in Dental Association. EXCELSION SPRINGS (Mo.), Aug. 7 .- The National Dental Association this evening elected Dr. A. W. Harlan of Chicago Presi-

tee was authorized to memorialize Con-

The Iron Brigade. DETROIT, Aug. 7.—At a business meeting of the Iron Brigade to-day General John Gibbon was elected President.

KEMMLER'S DEATH.

An English Electrician's Opinion of the New Mode of Execution.

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.-General Daniel E. Sickles, Sheriff of New York, in an interview expressed the opinion that the exhibition in the death chamber at Auburn Prison would not have the slightest influence in securing the repeal of the law. "Why should the law be repealed?" he asked. "Simply because this man suffered? Nonsense. He deserved to suffer, and the greater the suffering the greater the deterring effect on murderous creatures of his

ilk."
"But, General," suggested a reporter,

'Yes, I understand that, And let me say right here, the maudlin sentiment of sympathy for these wife-butchers and other brutes, stimulated by alleged conversion, is altogether wrong. Men like this Kemmler should be punished, and if their punishment is enhanced by the latest method of execution it is not cause for sorrow, by any means. But aside from that, granting that the new law was intended to make death as painless as possible, it has by no means been demonstrated that the execution was a failure. It was the first attempt, remem-ber, and as successful, I imagine, as was the first attempt at hanging a murderer or crucifying him. Electrocution is an art that has to be acquired by practice, and after three or four scoundrels have been put out of the way by this method then things will gradually move more easily."

APPLIES AND 7.—The subject which things will gradually move more easily."

AUBURN, Aug. 7. — The subject which continues to excite the greatest interest in connection with the execution of Kenmiler is the record of the voltage of the shock which killed him. It has been generally supposed the first shock was 1300 volts and the second between 1500 and 2000. Floor the second between 1500 and 2000. Electrician Barnes, who was in the dynamoroom, said to one of the physicians in attendance vesterday that at no time was the

Warden Durston stated this afternoon

Warden Durston stated this afternoon that the remains of Kemmler still lie in the room in the prison where the autopsy was held. He had not decided where the remains will be buried.

BUFFALO, Aug. 7.—Dr. A. P. Southwick, the father of the Electrical Execution law, said to-day in an interview: "I feel just as I always heave felt on this matter." There as I always have felt on this matter. There fact is, there has been a great deal of senseless sensational talk about the execution. For instance, the big story in regard to for instance, the big story in regard to froth, saliva, etc., coming from Kemmler's mouth is ridiculous. It was a perfectly natural thing and was caused by muscular contraction of the stomach. If the mistake of ordering off the current so quickly had not been made, there would have been none of this talk. The burning of flesh is also evaggarated and was caused simply by the of this talk. The burning of flesh is also exaggerated, and was caused simply by the fact that the sponge under the electrode was too small, a light current passing through and the sponge having dried out. The electrode just touched the skin. Kemmler never knew what happened to him and died absolutely without pain."

LONDON, Aug. 7.—Mr. Preece, chief electrician of the postoffice, in an interview to-London, Aug. 7.—Mr. Preece, chief electrician of the postoffice, in an interview today, recalled his denouncing electricity as a means of execution before the British association in 1889, his experience proving the difficulty and uncertainty of killing even a rabbit with the most powerful induction coil ever made. The great difficulty lay in the absence of any accurate knowledge as to what amount of electricity would be certain to produce death without torture. certain to produce death without torture. From a scientific view Kemmler's execution was a failure. Beyond a doubt, he suffered

WOULDN'T BE INTERVIEWED.

Blaine Refuses to Talk About His Visit to President Harrison.

Boston, Aug. 7 .- Mr. Blaine was interviewed last night on the eve of departing for his home in Augusta. He declined to speak of his recent visit to the President, but said he wanted to say this: "I have erators have left the contractors' shops, been so misrepresented by the Democratic papers that I want to say that the President and I are the best of friends, and agree perfectly upon all matters of national good. Instead of being a rival of Mr. Reed's, he and I are the warmest personal friends. I have watched his career with pride, and consider him a most able and audacious man. As a Republican I am with him heart and sent. If he is nominated in 1892, as many expect, I shall eagerly support him. He, like me, is for the protection of American labor, knowing the protection of American labor, knowing full well that any party is lost which deserts the cause of the working people."

NEW YORK, Aug. 7.—Nearly all the evening papers have special Washington dispatches confirmatory of the rumor that the President has been won over to Blaine's scheme of reciprocity.

Hungarian Town Burned. PESTH, Aug. 7.—The Hungarian town of Moor was almost totally destroyed by fire to-day. Ten persons lost their lives, perish-

Foreign Ports.
LIVERPOOL—Arrived Aug 7—Pr ship Lord Roseberry, from San Francisco.

ELECTION BILL.

Several Changes Made by the Senate Committee.

The Clause Providing for Troops at the Polls Stricken Out.

The Interstate Commission Decides in Favor of the San Bernardino Board of Trade Against the Atchison Road.

Special Dispatches to THE MORNING CALL

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7. - Among the changes which the Senate Committee made in the substitute for the Lodge Election Bill, which was reported to the Senate to-day, are the following: All reference to that section of the Revised Statutes which it was claimed provides for the presence of troops at the polls was stricken out. The house-to-house canvass provided for in the House bill was stricken out and the provision for drawing juries by commissioners was also omitted. Penal offenses were simplified and made misdemeanors instead of felonies. The punishments were modified, the highest punishment imposed being three years' imprisonment and a fine of \$1000, as against imprisonment for five years and a fine of \$1000 in the House bill. The Judge of the Circuit Court before whom application is made for the appointment of supervisors is authorized to appoint as supervisors any persons he may see fit, not being confined in his selection to the list furnished by the chief supervisor. In cases where ballots are cast in the wrong box they are not to be counted unless the tally-sheet shows the votes for Congressmen do not equal the number of names on the poll-list, then enough of the votes so wrongly cast shall be added to the tally-sheet to make the total equal to the whole number of votes shown to be cast. Where election officers refuse to administer oaths to voters applying therefor it is provided in the bill that the supervisors shall administer the oath, but no effort will be made to have the vote thus refused cast, the object being merely to preserve the testimony of application and refusal.

THE POSTOFFICE SITE.

General Clarkson's Report on His Investiga-

tions Not Yet Made. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- Secretary Windom stated to-day that as yet he had not been able to secure the attendance of his "the ostensible reason why the law was substituted for the old law was that it was supposed to provide a more civilized way of putting criminals to death. Their suffer-advantages. He had telegraphed to the Atcolleagues on the San Francisco site Comings were to be decreased as much as pos- torney-General, who was out of the city, and as soon as he returned he would call a meeting. No action will be taken on Clarkson's report until Colonel Low, who represents the Treasury Department, shall have sents the Treasury Department, shall have sent in his. Then, if Low's report follows that of C larkson and the local San Francisco Commission in recommending the site on Second and Howard streets, facing New Montgomery, that site will undoubtedly be selected. But if Low dissents, the question may remain open, although it is believed that Clarkson's judgment would be considered better than Low's.

In response to an inquiry, the Secretary stated that he had received no protests since the California Associated Press had sent out the substance of Clarkson's report. The Secretary seemed somewhat surprised The Secretary seemed somewhat surprised when told of Low's presence in San Francisco, and that it was known. He said that he had expected that Low had gone to San Jose first. It appears that it was intended that Low's visit to San Francisco should be kept secret, in order that he might not be embarrassed during his tovestigation by

site was to be the known object of his trip, while the San Francisco site was really the ulterior and main object.

owners of the various sites. The San Jose

WON ITS POINT. Decision in the Case of the San Bernardino Board of Trade Against the Atchison. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- The Interstate Commerce Commission announced its decision in the case of the San Bernardino Board of Trade against the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe and others in favor of the complainant. The complainant alleged that the railroad company charged more on certain specified commodities from Missouri River points, St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati. Detroit and New York to San Bernardino, than for a longer distance over the same line to Los Angeles. The points decided are briefly stated as follows: Where the complaint alleges that a greater charge in the aggregate for the transportation of a like kind of property is made for a shorter than for a longer distance over the same line in the same direction, the shorter being included in the longer, and that unlawful preference is thereby given one locality over another, it is held that the complaint is sufficient to put the carriers on proof that the services were carriers on proof that the services were performed under such dissimilar circumstances as to justify the greater charge. Water competition which will justify the greater charge for the shorter distance by railroads must be actual. Possible competitional competitions of the competition of the compe tition will not justify such greater charge under the provisions of the fourth section of the act to regulate commerce. The fling of schedule rates with the commission, as required by the statute, raises no presumption as to the legality of such rates, and no emission of the statute. and no omission or failure to challenge or disapprove the schedules of rates so filed can have the effect of making rates lawful

CONGRESS. THE SENATE.

Several Sections of the Tariff Bill Disposes Of-Conference Reports.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- After some preliminary morning business the Tariff Bill was taken up by the Senate, the pending question being on Vance's amendment to reduce the duty on pig-iron from threetenths of a cent per pound to \$5 per ton. Vance's amendment was rejected—ayes
17, noes 27. There was no deviation from
party lines on the vote.

The next paragraph (129) taxes bar iron,
round iron, flat and square iron, from
eight-tenths of a cent to 1 cent per pound,
according to classification.

McPherson stated that the average duty
in the paragraph was nine-tenths of a cent
in the paragraph was nine-tenths of a cent
was bleeding from the right ear, and all
efforts to arouse her proved futile. Her
apparel was in a disordered condition and
badly soiled.
York and his companion placed
the girl in their vehicle and
drove back to the city. The unconscious
young woman was driven to 60 Third street,
where friends of York reside, and there she
was bleeding from the right ear, and all

McPherson stated that the average duty in the paragraph was nine-tenths of a cent per pound; that the duty on one ton of such iron, in equal quantities, would be \$20 10 per ton. The iron referred to was of the lowest quality, not charcoal iron, and the duty proposed was altogether too high. He moved to amend by striking out the rate per pound and inserting a uniform rate of 50 per cent ad valorem. He said that the duty proposed in the bill was equal to 80 per cent.

per cent.
Sherman questioned McPherson's facts and figures.
After further debate McPherson's amendates and state of the st After further debate McPherson's amendment was rejected—ayes 18, noes 28—another strict party vote.

The next paragraph (130) taxes round iron in coils or rods, of certain shapes and sizes, 11-10 cents per pound, with the provision that all charcoal iron shall be subject to a duty of less than \$22 per ton. The provision does not apply to pig-iron.

McPherson moved to reduce the various rates in the paragragh. Rejected.

Vance moved to reduce the rate in paragraph 131 (beams, girders and other structural shapes of iron and steel) from 9-10 to 6-10 of 1 cent per pound.

Gray asked why the duty on structural forms of steel and 1 ron used for ships and

Gray asked why the duty on structural forms of steel and iron used for ships and buildings should not be reduced? "The duty should be entirely removed," he said, "on such structural forms as were to be used in vessels intended for foreign trade. That could not injure any domestic business, because no vessels for foreign commerce are being constructed in the United States."

Aldrich remarked that a provision for

that purpose was made in another paragraph.
Paddock appealed to Aldrich in the interest of agriculture to agree to a reduction of at least 1-10 cent per pound on structural

Aldrich hearkened to the appeal, and on his motion the rate was reduced to 8-10 of a cent a pound, Vance's amendment to make it 6-10 having been rejected. The next paragraph (132) applied to boiler fron and steel, and imposed duties varying, according to the classification, from 1 cent per pound to 3 1-10 cent per pound, the duty on the highest class to be 45 per cent ad valeram

lorem.

Vest moved to reduce the various specific rates in the paragraph to 50 per cent ad valorem. Rejected. Ayes 20, noes 26-a strict party vote.

The Tariff Bill was temporarily laid aside The Tariff Bill was temporarily laid aside to allow Allison to present the conference report on the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill. The bill, said Allison, as it passed the House, had carried \$28,000,000, and was then increased by the Senate \$5,000,000. The net reductions agreed to in the Conference Committee amounted to \$3,706,000, so that the bill carried under the conference report \$29,872,000

\$29,852,000.

The amendment as to the Latin-American Memorial Library had been struck out; also the provision for the expenses of two additional land offices. The appropriation of \$150,000 for military posts had been reduced to \$40,000. All the Senate amendments relating to national soldiers' homes, including that appointing managers, had been struck out. The matter will now go to the military committees of the two houses. The provisions in relation to irrigation surveys had been postponed for gation surveys had been postponed for further conference. The conference report was ordered printed and the bill went over till to-mor-

ow without action.

Hoar, from the Committee on Privileges Hoar, from the Committee on Privileges and Elections, reported a substitute for the House Election Bill, and it was placed on the calendar. The minority of the committee, he said, dissented from the report. Frye gave notice that he would not ask the Senate to take up the River and Harbor Bill until Friday of next week.

Mitchell expressed his regrets at the post-ponement of the River and Harbor Bill. Important works are now stopped in Oregon and he would give preference to the River and Harbor Bill rather than to the Tariff Bill.

The conference report on the Fortification Bill was presented, but went over without action, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned.

THE ROUSE.

Information Called For Regarding the Transpertation of Mails. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- In the House to day a resolution was adopted calling on the Postmaster-General for copies of the agreement for the transportation of mails between the United States and foreign countries, conditions upon which the awards are made, and the rates of payment.

The House went into committee of the whole on the General Deficiency Bill. Rogers moved to strike out the clause appropriating \$6600 to pay George Matthews in full for the unexpired term in the Fifty-first Congress, for which he was elected as delegate from the Territory of Dakota. Lost.
Clunic offered an amendment granting an

extra month's pay to the employes of the Senate and House.

The bill being disposed of, the committee arose. All the amendments were agreed to save that granting an extra month's pay to the Senate and House employes, and then the bill went ever until to-morrow. Adthe bill went over until to-morrow. Ad-

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, Aug. 7 .- Eight hundred dock WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—General McCook will be assigned to the Department of Arizona with headquarters at Santa Fe, N.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 7 .- A revolt has broken out among the Alenagaras in Candahar. Troops have been dispatched to quell the disturbance. disturbance.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Representative McKenna says the Sacramento public-building plans were finished and mailed to Sacramento to-day.

London, Aug. 7.—Irishmen gave a banquet to Mr. and Mrs. William O'Brien last evening. Fitzgerald of Boston responded to the toast, "To Irish Americans."

London, Aug. 7.—A mass meeting of employers in South Wales has decided the time has come for united resistance to the tyranny of the workmen. Coal has risen one shilling.

JACKSONVILE (Fla.), Aug. 7.—Murray Hall, an elegant summer hotel at Pablo Beach, was burned this morning. There were fifty guests in the house. All escaped. The loss is \$230,000.

New York, Aug. 7.—The World says it has information that Henry I. Ives has resigned control of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad. Stayner, his former partner, says be does not believe the report. PARIS, Aug. 7.—The report of the liqui-lators of the Panama Canal Company has been presented to the Tribunal. The expenditures thus far amount to 1,313,000,000 francs. The assests amount to 316,000,000

francs. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.-Leave of absence for three months, to take effect September 1st next, has been granted to First Lieutenaut Thomas J. Clay, Tenth Infantry, Inspector of Small Arms Practice, Department of Arizone ment of Arizona.

The Anti-Lottery League. BATON ROUGE, Aug. 7 .- The Anti-Lottery League met in convention here this afternoon. Between 400 and 500 delegates were present. T. F. Bell was elected President and various committies were appointed. The following resolution was unanimously adopted:

adopted: That the convention recognizes with gratitude the fact that the Farmers' Alliance, a body of men comprising a large portion of the bone and sinew of the State, men whose hearts are always for the right, have made their initial step in the war against the lettery company and as an organized body would denounce, the scheme of a recharter, and requesting he co-operation of the State Farmers' Union in the campaign now on toot against the Morris lottery proposition. A MYSTERIOUS AFFAIR A Young Girl Found Unconscious

in the Park.

Charles Siskron and James York, young men employed in a livery-stable at the corner of Tenth and Bryant streets, last night were driving through Golden Gate Park about half-past 8 o'clock, when about half a mile beyond the conservatory their horse shied at some object on the side of the road and almost threw the occupants of the buggy from their seats. The young men, upon looking at the cause of the animal's fright, saw something educe the duty on pig-iron from three-enths of a cent per pound to \$5 per ton. Vance's amendment was rejected—ayes

White on the road, and on closer investiga-tion discovered an unconscious girl. She was bleeding from the right ear, and all

where friends of York reside, and there she became partially conscious. In her partly sensible moments she said her name was Rosie Mulligan and that she resided at 946 Howard street. When asked if she had parents she muttered in the negative and then relapsed into a comatose state.

Dr. R. L. Rigdon was summoned and made a superficial examination of the injured girl. He found a large swelling on the back of her head, and gave it as his opinion that the skull had been fractured. The patient had also complained of pain in one of her arms but the physician did not make an examination of the member, and was unable to state whether or not the arm was fractured.

was fractured.

About 10 o'clock the girl was driven to 946 Howard street, but the people living there did not know her. The young men called at several other houses in the neighborhood with like results. York finally account of the property of the prope concluded to drive the girl to the Receiving Hospital, when she awoke from her stupor and appeared to partially realize her situa tion. She begged to be allowed to go home,

NOT CRIPPLES NOW.

The Frisco Team Presents a Strong Infield.

Peek-a-Boo Yeach, Ebright and Everett Play Pennant Ball.

The Senators Could Not Bunch Their Hits, While They Batted Hard at the Right Time-Levy's Long Shots.

Dr. Finn, by a judicious course of ginger, reatment, has entirely rejuvenated his cripples and without boast or brag last night he quietly remarked, "I've held my tongue and bided my time for the past two months, but now I can say in a spirit of confidence that San Francisco will win the pennant

this year." The way the members of the reorganized home team played ball yesterday afternoon was enough to make their manager feel more than proud, and if the men keep up their lick Finn's prediction will undoubtedly come true. With one exception the infield is now as strong, if not stronger, than any in the league and is in fine condition. Not a few of their plays yesterday were really of a phenomenal character, and the two errors made at shortstop may be excused on account of the accompanying cir-

cumstances. Veach was at first for the home team and was never seen to better advantage on this Coast. He put up perfect ball and that is saying a great deal, for many of his chances were far from easy. One of his put-outs was a neat piece of scooping, but was so quickly performed that few of the spectators realized the beauty of the play. A hot grounder was sent to Ebright, who blocked it with one hand and threw it with all his force to the initial. The throw was low and the ball would have gone to the grand stand had not Peek-a-boo deftly gathered it up. Ebright was so astonished that he could not refrain from clapping his hands and yelling "Good boy, Peek."

Both Ebright and Everett covered a great deal of territory and made numerous pretty

deal of territory and made numerous pretty stops and lightning throws. The third baseman was in a mood for taking everything and shut out several seemingly sure hits. His one-hand catch of a line drive above his head was the feature of the game. above his head was the feature of the game. Shea fielded his position in good shape and batted out a pair of singles. Reub Levy came within an ace of duplicating his home run hit of last year over the right-field fence. He knocked the ball to within a foot of the top of the fence and made two bases on the hit. He secured a triple and single later in the game.

Young pitched a strong game, keeping the hits scattered and displaying fair control of hits scattered and displaying fair control of his curves. In the latter part of the contest Speer accidentally hit Young over the

right eye with the ball, inflicting a painful bruise, but the pitcher stuck to his work. Otto broke his long string of ciphers in the base-hit column by making two safe shots.
The Senators played their usual spirited game, but were out of luck. They could not hit when safe hits would prove valuable, and their four errors made on difficult chances were all costly.

Stapleton, Reitz and Hoffman led in batting the first baseman making more safe hits on the local grounds than he has done

for two months. Hoffman was as speedy as ever, and received splendid support from Bowman, but the swifter he putched the harder he was hit, and the Friscos earned halt of their runs. The game was a very pretty one to look at, the fielders being full of dash, and the batting lively enough to keep the interest up to an exciting pitch. There were six double plays and all of them were applicable.

plauded. In the first inning Shea hit an infield single to Daley, went to second on Han-ley's sacrifice and scored on Levy's double. In the second for the visitors Stapleton hit safely to left field and Roberts was given first base on balls. Stapleton scored on Reitz's single and Roberts went home on Hoffman's safe hit past short.

In the third for Frisco Shea and Hanley batted singles and scored on Levy's triple to right field. For Sacramento in the third Godar was hit by a pitched ball and took Godar was hit by a pitched ball and took third when Everett erred on Stapleton's grounder. Stapleton attempted to steal second and Godar scored on Everett's muff

of Speer's throw.

In the sixth Stevens was hit by a pitched and scored when Otto stole second. In the seventh Levy hit safely to right, went to third on McHale's error and scored when the little right fielder dropped Veach's high hit. In the eighth Everett was given first on balls, went to second on Speer's sacrifice, took third on Young's single and scored when the pitcher tried to steal second. The

SAN FRANCISCOS, AB. R. BH. SB. Everett, s. s... Totals.... SACRAMENTOS. AB. R. BH. SB. Goodenough, c. f. 4 0 1 0 Daley, s. s. 3 0 0 0 Godar, 3 b. 3 1 1 1 Bownan, c. 5 0 0 0 Stapleton, 1 b. 4 1 3 1 Roberts, 1, f. 3 1 1 0 Reitz, 2 b. 4 0 2 1 Totals.....34 3 10 4 27 14

Manager Robinson yesterday said he had

sent advance money to Danny Long for three new players. The Colonel says he three new players. The Colonel says he does not know who they are, but will trust to the judgment of his former fielder.

This afternoon the Oaklands and Sacramentos play at the Emeryville grounds. The batteries will be Carsey and Lohman and Harper and Bowman.

Coughlin had an interview with Robinson yesterday, and the pitcher agreed to the Oakland manager's terms. He will probably sign a contract to-day. Charley Dooley arrived yesterday, and will play with the Colonels this afternoon.

LEAGUE AND BROTHERHOOD.

The Winners of Yesterday's Games on Eastern Diamonds.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 7 .- The home team pounded Stein to their entire satisfaction to-day, winning

The Bostons Defeated. BROOKLYN, Aug. 7 .- The Brooklyns played magnificently to-day and won easily. Attend-

but refused to state where she resided. She said she did not wish her parents to know of her mishap, and insisted Vickery's Fine Work. PHIDADELPHIA, Aug. 7 .- Vickery's fine pitching won to-day's game for Philadelphia. Attendance 2600. Score:

A Slugging Match.
CINCINNATI, Aug. 7.—To-day's game was a

slugging match, both teams' batting being ter rific. Attendance 650. Score:

THE PLAYERS' LEAGUE. An Exciting Struggle Won by Brooklyn Over

the Phillies.
BROOKLYN, Aug. 7.—The Brooklyn and Philsdelphia game to-day was an exciting one. Attendance 600. Score:

Bakely Knocked Out. CHICAGO, Aug. 7 .- The home team knocked Bakely out of the box to-day, and outplayed their opponents at all points. Attendance 2200.

A Pitchers' Battle. Boston, Aug. 7 .- To-day's game was a pitchers' battle, and Radbourne came out ahead.
Attendanc 3600. Score:

Base hits-Bostons 7, New Yorks 6. Errors-Bostons 3, New Yorks 1. Batteries-Itabourne and Keily, Ewing and Ewing. Umpires-Ferguson and Holbert. The Tail-Enders' Battle. PITTSBURG, Aug. 7.-The Buffolos won easily to-day, having no trouble in solving Morris' curves. Attendance 900. Score:

Base hits-Pittsburgs 4, Buffalos 15, Errers-Pittsburgs 1, Buffalos 3, Batteries-Morris and Carroll, Foatz and Mack. Umpires-Knight and Jones. American Association. TOLEDO, Aug. 7.—Toledos 11. Rochesters 6. St. Louis, Aug. 7.—St. Louis 8, Syracuses 3. LOUISVILLE, Aug. 7.—Louisvilles 7, Brook-

TRANSPORTATION RATES.

Protest of Shippers Against the Uniform Bill of Lading Rule.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7 .- An important meetng of the representatives of Boards of Trade was held in the Board of Trade Building yesterday to consider the question of the uniform bill of lading recently agreed on by the railroads cently agreed on by the railroads of the country. Representatives were present from Duluth, Minneapolis, Milwaukee, De troit, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Peoria, Boston, Kansas City, St. Louis and Culcago. Atter an extended discussion, in which the new bill of lading came in for much animadversion, a committee was appointed to formulate committee was appointed to formulate bill of lading in accordance with the views

of the shippers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—This afternoon at smeeting composed of representatives of the principal commercial organizations in this country with reference to the enforcement of the so-called uniform bill of lading, the following resolutions were adopted: following resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, The representatives of the commercial interests of Dniuth, St. Paul, Milwauket, Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria, Toledo, Detroit, Indianarolls, Buffalo, Boston. Chichnatt, Louis, ville and Kansas City, in connection with the Millers' National Association and Distiliers and Cattle-feeders' Committee of the United States, have united in a patient effort by conference and fair representation to induce the carriers' representatives to defer the adoption of the so-called uniform bill of lading, until its terms, conditions, applications and scope might be fully examined and properly understood by all shippers; and whereas, notwithstanding an express agreement to recommend a reasonable extension of following resolutions were adopted:

and properly inderstood of all simplers; and whereas, notwithstanding an express agreement to recommend a reasonable extension of time, said carriers' representatives did recommend the immediate adoption and enforcement of the said instrument, and whereas, the practical effect of this action has been an advance in rates ranging from 20 to 50 per cent above the prices which were charged for transporting the same commodities and products under precisely similar conditions and circumstances prior to August 1st.

Resolved, That our earnest protest against the ubjust and unreasonable course pursued by the railways embraced in the central traffic, trunk line and Southern Railway and Steamship Association and united lake lines be recorded.

Resolved, That we recommend to all shippers and receivers that they continue to make a protest against the enforcement of this special contract, and that all charges which may be exacted as compensation for shipping, under the customary continues and inability in a supplication. as compensation for shipping, under the custom-ary conditions and liability, be submitted to a proper legal tribunal for the purpose of testing their justness and reasonableness.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—A committee of the Central Traffic Association at a meeting to-day instructed their agents at all points wast of Chicago where hills of leding are west of Chicago, where bills of lading are issued, to refuse to enforce the through rate on the initial or Western lines receipts. If a shipper insists on a through rate the Western receipt is to be taken up and a new uniform bill of lading issued instead. New York, Aug. 7.—At a meeting of the Joint Committee of the Trunk Lines Association and Central Traffic Association

cure more effectively than in any other manner, a form acceptable to all interests. The Tariff Debate to Continue. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- At the request of the managers of the Tariff Bill, the Republican members of the Senate Committee on Commerce have agreed that the consideration of the River and Harbor Bill, which ation of the River and Harbor Bill, which was to displace the Tariff Bill to-morrow, be postponed, probably until Friday next week. The reason of this change is the belief that it will tend to has en the progress of debate on the Tariff Bill. The Republicans argue that the Democrats desire action on the River and Harbor Bill earnestly enough to hurry the Tariff Bill out of the way to reach it.

Association and Central Traine Association to-day, a telegram was sent to shippers in conference in Chicago, declining to rescind instructions putting into effect the new bill of lading. The telegram asserts that with the new bill as a basis, a Conference Com-

mittee can amend and change it so as to se-

Cannot Re-enter This Country. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Spaulding, to-day, replying to a letter from John F. Bean of Geneva, N. Y., reiterates the department's previous decision that a laundryman is a laberer, and therefore the Chinaman men-tioned by Bean would not be permitted to re-enter the United States after visiting his

native land. Sundry C vil B.ll. WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- An agreement has been reached by the conferrees on the Sundry Civil Appropriation Bill upon every them except the appropriation of \$720,000 for continuing the irrigation survey under direction of the Geological Survey which the Sundra target of the Control Senate struck out of the bill. Another conference will be necessary.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7 .- An official rough count, as announced by the Census Bureau to-day, shows the population of Chicago to be 1.098,576, an increase during the decade of 118.32 per cent. This gives Chicago a population of about 53,682 in excess of Philadelphia, making it the second city in population in the United States.

DENVER, Aug. 7 .- A Pueblo special says that Sheriff Dick has captured one of the Cucheras murderers at Rouse Station at midnight to-night.

Resignation of the Queensland Cabinet. BRISBANE, Aug. 7.- The Cabinet has resigned, owing to the lack of support in Par-liament on the budget proposals.

Summer Weakness

Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, And That Tired Feeling, Are Quickly Cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla