THE CZAROWITZ'S DEFENDER.

Greece gave a detailed account of the attack

witz without previously submitting the manuscript for revision. It is considered here the story told by Prince George emphasises

certain rumors that the Czarowitz did no

exhibit much bravery in running away when he was attacked. Particular offense is taken at the statement in the Prince's published letter, that after the Czarowitz had been struck, and while he was endeavoring to make him.

make his escape from his assailant, he tum-bled to the ground through sheer fright.

FAMINE IN INDIA.

Long Continued Drought Has Caused Failure

of Grain Crops.

MADRAS, Aug. 6 .- Though a monsoon set

n some time ago in some parts of India,

dispelling all fears of a failure of crops in

fallen, there has been no rainfall in Chingle-

put and North Arcot districts in this presidency, and all hopes of averting the famine have been abandoned. The heat is unprecedented. Standing grain and other crops have succumbed to the long drought, and has been all withered and hyper districts of the control of the contro

CANADIAN BRIBERY.

Further Evidence Showing the Corrupt Use o

Money in the Dominion.

OTTAWA, Aug. 6 .- In the investigation

before the Committee on Privileges and

Elections to-day Hon. Thomas McGreevy

testified that of the money given him for

political purposes he had paid out \$25,00

for the purchase of Le Monde, a newspape of Montreal, and Sir Hector Langevin's or

gan. This was in 1884. He paid the amou

gan. This was in 1884. He paid the amount at the request of Vanesse and Lassard.
Before the Senate Railway Committee Mr. Barwick, representing the Ontario Bank, stated that he could prove that \$175,000 had been corruptly expended by the Mercier Government and its friends, and of this amount \$75,000 had passed through the hands of Mr. Pacaud.

International Labor Congress.

national Labor Congress, or, as it is called,

the International Socialist Workmen's Con

gress, will assemble here on the 16th inst.

The meeting will be largely attended and is

LONDON, Aug. 6.- Walter Crane has made

a design for a memorial window, which

will be the largest in America. It is the

Methodist Episcopal Church in Newark

Its dimensions are 23 feet in breacht and 30 feet in height. The subject is St. Paul preaching on Mars Hill.

The Cahensly Scheme.

BERLIN, Aug. 6 .- The recent decision of

he Pope declining to sanction the scheme

of Herr Cahensly is taken in a political

sense by the German Catholic press, which

holds that it is intended to strike a blow at the nationalities represented in the Triple

Alliance, which are mainly interested in the

A British Bruiser Coming.

LONDON, Aug. 6 .- Pritchard, the English

hampion middle-weight pugilist, intends to

start for the United States in a short time. He will endeavor to arrange a match with

Severe Storms in Austria.

VIENNA, Aug. 6. - Severe storms are

spoiling crops in many districts of Austria

and Hungary. Several persons have been killed by falling trees and houses.

THE UNION PACIFIC.

Reports of an Impending Crisis Denied by

President Dillon.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6 .- The Dow-Jones

Company Agency on the Union Pacific situ-

ation says: "If the company cannot get in

time the money it wants it will be unable to

step in and place a receiver in charge. The

steadily fallen off not only for the months already published, but also for June and July. We are told the pressing necessities

at the moment have been relieved by the

President Dillon denies that there is crisis in Union Pacific affairs. The receiver-ship talk is simply to depress the price. He regards Union Pacific prospects favor-

Russell Sage says: "The Union Pacific

has no loans it cannot pay off if the people want the money. The company has an ample margin to protect all its loans. Some have been called in and paid off without trouble from the earnings, the earnings

being used as they came in to reduce the company's debt. I wish other companies

had their debts secured as well as the Union Pacific. We are all ready to put up

the money as it may be needed to take care of the debt. Gould has put all his income lately into the Union Pacific. He has put

between \$3,000,000 and \$4,000,000 all to

THE WORLD'S FAIR.

No Appointment Yet Made for the Head of

the Horticultural Eureau.

CHICAGO, Aug. 6 .- A rumor reached Chi-

eago this afternoon from San Francisco that

new chief of the Horticultural Bureau. In-

rectory, the body to which the nomination

would be submitted by the Director-General, was not in session to-day. It is under

stood to be General Davis' intention not to name any one for the place until both the Directory and the National Commission are in session, so that the bad results of a fail-

duced to the minimum. The Nationa

Commission will not meet until August 12th.
The Executive Committee of the World's
Columbian Exposition have adopted resolu-

tions requesting the railroads to make half-rates in both directions on exhibits for the fair. The roads had previously decided to

change rates going and return the goods

Crops Damaged by Hail.

CROOKSTON (Minn.), Aug. 6 .- A terrible

rain and hail storm passed over part of this

county this morning, accompanied by con-

siderable wind. The rain was the heaviest

known in this section. In the southern part

of the county a strip of country a mile wide and twelve miles long was devastated by hail, and from 3000 to 4000 acres of standing

ure to confirm by either organization

into that stock alone.

St. Raphael societies.

some fighter in America.

gift of Franklin Murphy to St.

Chicago in 1893.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 6 .- The Brussels Inter-

THE GRAND ARMY.

Captain John Palmer Elected Commander-in-Chief.

The Race Problem Met and Effectively Settled for All Time.

Too Late New to Divide on the Color Line Platform Broad Enough for All Sailors and Soldiers.

Epecial to THE MORNING CALL

DETROIT, Aug. 6 .- Immediately after th opening of the encampment this morning the election of Commander-in-Chief was declared the first business. There were four candidates: John Palmer of New York, A. G. Weissart of Milwaukee, W. R. Smedberg of California and S. H. Hurst of

Benjamin E. Bryant of Wisconsin placed Weissart in nomination in an eloquent speech and the nomination was seconded by Illinois, Iowa, Indiana and Kentucky.

Corporal Tanner of New York placed John Palmer in nomination, and Massachusetts, New Jersey and Pennsylvania seconded the

J. J. Hollingsworth of Ohio nominated Hurst, and W. H. L. Barnes of California nominated Smedberg. The latter's nomination was seconded by Nebraska, Kansas, Oregon, Washington, Alaska, New Mexico

Just before the ballot opened, S. H. Hurst asked for recognition. "The State of Ohio," said he, "believes in justice and fair play and recognition of all departments of the G. A. R. It has been conceded for years that whenever New York became united on a candidate, this State, which gave more men to the great army of the Union than any other State, should be entitled to the Commander-in-Chief. New York is now united on a candidate, and I desire to withdraw my name and second the nomination of Palmer of New York."

The election was by secret ballot, and the announcement of the first ballot, with Palmer far in the lead, indicated the certainty of his ultimate election. ELECTION OF OFFICERS. Great enthusiasm was manifested by the

New York delegates during the second ballot, when Palmer led from the start. At the conclusion, when the result was still somewhat in doubt, the California delegation changed its entire vote to Palmer. Prolonged cheering greeted this announcement. which meant Smedberg's withdrawal and Palmer's election.

An enthusiastic delegate at this juncture moved that Palmer's election be declared unanimous, and it prevailed amid the wildest For Senior Vice-Commander-in-Chief there was but one candidate, Henry M. Duffield of Michigan, who was chosen by acclama-

T. S. Clarkson of Nebraska, Peter B. Ayers of Delaware and Albert E. Shields of Georgia were nominated for Junior Vice-Commander-in-Chief. Clarkson won on the For Chaplain there were three candidates -S. E. Payne of Florida, D. C. Milner of

Kansas, and A. B. Kendrick of Iowa. Payne For Surgeon-General Stevenson of Connecticut was re-elected by acclamation. Past Commander-in-Chief William War-

ner, Chairman of the Committee on Address of the Commander-in-Chief, reported resoof the Commander-in-Chief, reported reso-intions, which were adopted, petitioning Congress for legislation providing for the custody and care of Mount McGregor cot-tage, and for amendments to the Revised Statutes providing more explicitly that preference be given old soldiers in Govern-ment appointments and employment. THE RACE PROBLEM. The vexed race problem came up in the

encampment this afternoon and was effectively settled for all time. The special champion of the negro race was ex-Congressman William Warner of Missouri, Past Commander-in-Chief, and he is tonight receiving the tribute of the celored veterans, whose cause he so eloquently espoused. When the matter came before the envention, Warner, as Chairman of the Recommendations, presented the following

Vour committee has, carefully considered the clear and frank statements of the Commanderin-Chief regarding the difficulties existing between posts in the departments of Louisiana and
Mississippi. The committee has also considered
all the documents submitted to and arguments
made before it as to the causes leading to the
existing trouble in those departments. The old
posts, from 1 to 8, inclusive, in the department
of Louisiana and Mississippi, are composed of
white comrades. The new posts, from 9 to 17,
inclusive, are composed of colored comrades.
The contention is that the latter posts are tainted
with fraud in their organization. The remedy
suggested, of a separate department of concurrent jurisdiction for colored vet-rans, involves rent jurisdiction for colored veterans, involves an amendment to our rules and regulations. During that herce struggle for the life of the nawe stood shoulder to shoulder as comra d. It is too late to divide now on the co line. A man who is good enough to stand be tween the mag and those who would des roy i when the fate of the nation was trembling in the balance is good enough to be a comrade in any department of the Grand Army of the Republic, No different rule has been, or ever shall be, rec-ognized by the survivors of the Union army and pavy. No department should be established for any color or nationality.

A BROAD PLATFORM.

The platform of principles of the Grand Army of the Republic is so broad that all honorably discharged soldiers and sallers can stand upon it. In the opinion of your committee the fact that the Department of Louisiana and Mississippl consists of posts, part of which are composed of white comiades and the others of colored comiades, is not a sufficient reason for making this radical change in our rules and regulations. Our fraternity, charity and loyalty should be wit-A BROAD PLATFORM. radical change in our rules and regulations. Our fraternity, charity and loyalty should be witnessed by our deeds as well as our words. The recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief is based upon the fact that seven of the colored posts of the Department of Louislana and Mississippi petitioned for a separate department. Comrades representing part of their posts appeared before this committee and claimed. argument that it was their understanding, and that of many others of the colored comrades, that they were only petitioning for a department to be created in the State of Louisiana the same as in other States, in which department all com rades, white and black, should be equally en titled to membership; and further, that they and those represented by them are opposed to the creation of a separate department. In view of facts submitted to your committee it is of the opinion that it would be inexpedient to place the authority with the Commander-in-chief to organize new or provisional departments in States in which there are organized departments. which there are organized departments

This report was signed by William War-er, John P. Rea, Lucius Fairchild and A MINORITY REPORT. A minority report was presented by W. S. Decker of Colorado. He concurred in the recommendations of the Commander-in-Chief, and recommended that the rules and regulations be so changed as to authorize the Commander-in-Chief to organize a department in departments now existing department in departments now existing whenever satisfied, upon proper representations, that they may be organized without detriment to the G. A. R., or any department organization. Mr. Decker defended his mingrity report. his minority report in a speech of some length. He dwelt on the race distinctions in the South, and said if we do not settle the question now, it will be here continually until settled according to the condition of affairs found in Louisiana, Mississippi and other Southern States.

Major Warner said that when these black

men and white men shouldered the musket in defense of the Union, it was not a ques-tion of etiquette or sociability, but patriot-ism and loyalty. "The black man fought for a fag. they never no lock with the social tion of effquette or social than fought ism and loyalty. "The black man fought for a flag that never, up to that time, had protected him in anything but bondage. This organization had better bury the old flag: the comrades had better tear the

of the troubles of his department. He said no colored post had been recognized until recently, when charters were granted by the Department Commander, who became offended because the members of the order refused to attend the funeral of Jeff Davis Several hundred men had been admitted within a few days and the time was too short to make any examination into their military record or character. By a viva voce vote the majority report was finally overwhelmingly adopted.

NATIONAL BODIES.

Eight Different Organizations Represented at Detroit the Present Week. DETROIT, Aug. 6 .- A sensation was created by the address of the President of the National Association of the Union ex-Prisoners of War, E. H. Williams of Indiana. Referring to the treatment accorded ex-prisoners, the President says: "As an organization and in view of the great and peculiar hardships and sufferings endured as prisoners, we believe a special compensa-tion is due us. For a number of years bills have been presented in Congress looking to such measures as we felwere due us; but so far all appeal have availed us nothing. For twenty-five years our Government has never so much as given us a vote of thanks for the sacrifice as given as a vote of thanks for the sacrince made." This portion of the President's address was formally approved by the association. Among the reports of the committees was one embodying a bill to be presented at the next session of Congress in behalf of the collinear than the half of the soldiers who were in prison for a period of not less than sixty days or more, providing that they shall receive \$2 for

every day of their confinement from the Government.
Stephen M. Long of East Orange, N. J., was elected President of the society known as "Comrades of the Battle-field," which includes the blue and the gray, and which met and effected a national organization by the election of Major-General Dalton of St. Louis as President. The association will

Louis as President. The association will hold its next meeting in Chicago.

The sixteenth annual reunion of United States Veterans of the Signal Corps showed a membership of 512. L. N. Fortiscue of Philadelphia was elected President.

The "Ladies of the G. A. R." held a very successful meeting. The order is purely a charitable and social institution, and was called into existence for the purpose of taking into a benevolent, working, natriotic ing into a benevolent, working, patriotic association all the members of a soldier's family. It has a total membership of between 15,000 and 20,000, and the President stated that 200 new circles were chartered

the past year. The National Convention of Ladies of the The National Convention of Ladies of the G. A. R. to-day received fraternal greetings of the G. A. R. encampment and elected officers for the ensuing year as follows: National President, Mrs. M. J. Cartledge of Kansas; Senior Vice-President, Mrs. Alice Bishop of Massachusetts; Junior Vice-President, Mrs. Nettie Sanford Chapin of Iowa; Treasurer, Mrs. Anna Grubb of New Jersey; Chaplain, Mrs. Alonzo Page of Illinois.

Treasurer, Mrs. Anna Grubb of New Jersey; Chaplain, Mrs. Alonzo Page of Illinois.
The National Association of Naval Veterans elected officers and selected Baltimore as the meeting-place next year.

A resolution was adopted at the Michigan reunion of Mexican War Veterans that an effort be made by the officers to invite the surviving veterans of Mexico to meet the American survivors of the Mexican War at the next general encampment at Washing. the next general encampment at Washington, and that Congress be asked for an apropriation therefor. A colored ex-soldier from Chicago is here

soliciting subscriptions for the erection of a monument in Jackson Park, Chicago, to colored soldiers. It is intended to raise \$15,000, and about \$54,000 has been secured so far.

COAST INTERESTS.

The Charleston Ordered to Honolulu. Land Decision-Postoffices.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.-It was stated at the Navy Department to-day that the Charleston, which arrived at San Francisco esterday, would be sent without delay to Honolulu. There is at present no American war-vessel at that point, and it is thought hat this country should be represented there above almost any other country on the Western Continent, and the Charleston will therefore be dispatched without delay. The officers of the Ranger who have not served the required time at sea will be transferred for the present to the Independence and placed on waiting orders, to afford an epportunity to put the former ship out of commission at Mare Island Navy-yard while repairs are made. The vessel will receive a general overhauling, particularly her boilers.

STATE SWAMP LAND. The State of California was the success ul defendant in two suits to-day decided by the acting Secretary of the Interior,
The plaintiffs were L. L. Davis and Y. T.
Hurt. The facts were identical in each
case. The applications of the two men to
make homestead entries in the Visalia Land
Dictrict hed because of District had been rejected because the Surveyor-General of the State had returned the tract in question as swamp land, to which, under the law, the State was entitled. PENSIONS GRANTED.

The following Pacific Coast pensions have The following Facinc Coast pensions have been granted: California—Original, George H. Hook, Charles de la Fontaine, William L. Arnett, Patrick Murphy, John Sweetman, Ralph Holmes, James World, Edmund Hall, John Curtis, Henry C. Hand, John Gesell. Navy—George W. Johnson, Auguste Hartenux, Elisha W. Holmes, Thomas Donovan. Additional—Edward O'Neall. Mexican survivors—Ethan Allen Armentrout, George W. Normal. Mexican widow—Dinah Speer. widow-Dinah Speer.
Oregon-Original, John McAfee, Mortimer Hallett, Isaac Johnson, Jarson F. Washington-Original, Frederick Meyer, Riley M. Hoskenson, Enoch Boyle, Harri-

son Hussey. Additional-Allen Caner. POSTMASTERS APPOINTED. following fourth-class Postmasters for the Pacific Coast have been appointed California—Patteway, Kern County, E. S. Emerson, vice N. J. Stubblefield, resigned. Washington-Fort Sincoe, Yakima County, C. H. Lombard, vice L. J. Wiley, resigned. A new Postoffice has been established at Long Branch, Pierce County, Washington, Ernest Shellgren Postmaster.

A SQUANDERED FORTUNE.

The Alleged Victim of a New York Spiritualist Medium. New York, Aug. 6.—The appointment by Secretary Foster of George D. Carroll to be an Inspector in the Custom-house service," at the rate of \$4 a day, has brought to recollection one of the most extraordinary Spiritualistic frauds ever known in this country. Less than two years ago George D. Carroll was ranked as a millionaire by Bradstreet's. He was the responsible head of the great stationery manufacturing firm of Dempsey

Mr. Carroll lived in good style, and was regarded as a steady-going man of excellent habits; but one day it was announced that he had squandered many thousands of dol-lars upon swindlers who had played upon his feelings. It was stated that Mr. Carroll was the victim of Mrs. Stryker, a Spiritualist medium, whom he had hired a handso mely furnished house for on West Twenty-t hird street. Mrs. Stryker had caused Carroll to heliow elieve that she was able to put him into spiritual communion with his dead son, who died when he was a boy, and Carroll is believed to have sunk a large fortune in fol-lowing up his spiritualistic vagaries. He was a Customs Inspector twenty-five years

Prairie Fires.

BLUNT (S. Dak.), Aug. 6. - The mercury s 100° in the shade and the wind is blowing a fearful gale. About noon an east-bound freight-engine fired the prairie west of here and the entire population had to turn out to subdue the flames, which were traveling with fearful rapidity. The train-hands as-sisted and the fire was finally got under control. The whole county is like a tinderbox and every one is on the alert for fires, which are liable to spring up at a moment's notice. A fire south of here yesterday destroyed 1000 acres of hay land and over 500 tops of hay

International Bar Association.

Boston, Aug. 6.-At the annual meeting of the National Bar Association to-day the report of the Committee on International Law was adopted providing that steps be taken for organizing an International Bar Association, to meet at the World's Colum-bian Exposition at Chicago in 1893.

A BITTER STRUGGLE.

Chilean War News Brought by the Pensacola.

The United States War-Ship Arrives at San Diego.

Relative Strength of the Contending Forces. Balmaceda Rules on Land and the Insurgents on the Ocean.

Fpecial to THE MORNING CALL

SAN DIEGO, Aug. 6 .- The United States war-ship Pensacola arrived from Chile this morning and will leave for San Francisco

Saturday From an officer of the Pensacola an Associated Press correspondent learned that the progress made so far by either of the belligerent parties in Chile is but small, owing mainly to the difficulties that both are laboring under. All the country south of Coquimbo favors Balmaceda's party and all north of that point seems to favor the Congressional party. The most productive part of Chile is in the south, and as a consequence Balmaceda has control of all the wheat and grain crops. This fact is working great hardship upon the Congressional party, as all their supplies have to come by vessels from the north, and as a result prices are very high.

"At many ports held by the insurgents even water has to be supplied from vessels, while Balmaceda has great advantage in these respects. The Congressional party has all the money they want, while Balmaceda is flooding the country that is favorable to him with paper money. Just one instance will show the value of gold. Before we left Valparaiso an English sovereign was worth \$15. Prices for provisions of all kinds are very reasonable at Valparaiso, but at all points north living costs three or four times as much. In addition to having a plentiful supply of money, the Congressional party has almost absolute control of the waters by reason of their large fleet of vessels. But when the two new cruisers arrive for Balmaceda's Government, which will be in about three months, there will be a great change in the present condition of things. Should the cruisers arrive in good shape to enter an engagement, my opinion is that the insurgents would be defeated. But if anything should happen to them, it is impossible to predict the outcome, and the chances are that the war may continue for years. Both parties have all the arms and ammunition they want now, but until the arrival of the Maipo, about the 20th of June, the insurgents had a very small sup-

"So far only three engagements have bee

fought between the two parties. None of them, however, have been at all serious. but have in each instance resulted in a victory for the insurgents. This is only what might have been expected, having but a small naval force to contend with. The relative strength of both parties is about this. Balmaceda has something over 35,on well-organized troops, with a naval strength of three torpedo boats and two cruisers, and the insurgents have a very powerful navy and about 8000 untrained troops. The situation consequent upon the insurgents having an abundance of maney but experiencing great difficulty in money, but experiencing great difficulty in getting provisions, renders the prospects of trade with the ports under the control of that party exceptionally good.
"As to the Esmeralda, she was at Callao on June 16th, when we were there, but left for Iquique, where she joined the war-ship Cochrane in an expedition against Co-quimbo, and a report which reached us before leaving there was that they had scored a victory for their party. There are three provinces now recognizing the Congressional party, and these are Atacama, Tara-paca and Tacca; but the latter province is to vote in two years' time under their treaty whether they shall belong to Chile or Per In regard to the reported sinking of the Pensacola's launch by a Government tor-pedo-boat, Captain Kantz said: "It was entirely erroneous; it was evidently confounded with the blowing up of an Insurgent launch about the same time. After the destruction of the Blanco Encalada a launch patrolled the harbor every night on the lookout for torpedo-boats, and also carried a torpedo. By some accident, when near the cruiser San Francisco, the torpedo exploded, destroying the launch and killing

ITALY'S FINANCES.

The Annual Estimates Presented - Falling Off in Exports.

ROME, Aug. 6.-At a council of Ministers the other day each Minister presented his budget of estimated receipts and expenditures for the years 1891-92 and 1892-93, and in accordance with the programme of the Ministry sufficient economies were introduced in the various departments to reduce the expenditures for the two years to the amount of estimated receipts. There is no truth in the persistent reports

spread by the bears that the Italian Government will not be able to pay the January interest on its bonds abroad. The Treasury has offered to receive as cash January coupons in payment of certain dues.

The commission appointed by the Pope to Peter's Pence Fund has already found a deficiency which is said to amount to 30,000,000 lires (\$6,000,000). The commission has not yet concluded its investigations.

The exports from Italy to the United States for the year ending June 30th amounted to \$32,850,000, notwithstanding the immense falling off in the shipments of raw silk owing to the depression of the silk industry in the United States, and in the shipments of fruit from Sicily owing to a deficient fruit grop.

shipments of fruit from Sicily owing to a deficient fruit crop.

The depression in the silk industry is not confined to the United States, for the statistics show the same falling off in the exports of raw silk to European nations. Concerning the Sicilian fruit crop, it is said there has been a very heavy demand from the United States for fruit that could not be filled, for the crop was about 40 per cent less than the average of recent crops. Had the than the average of recent crops. Had the shipments of silk and fruit been equal to those of the preceding year, the exports to the United States would have exceeded

THE CHINESE OUTRAGES.

European Residents in the Threatened Settlements Organized for Defense. NEW YORK, Aug. 6. A letter from an American gentleman at Hankow, China, dated June 22d, says: "At present we have two gun-boats here. There are at all points below here from two to three gunboats of different nations, so that for the present matters are quelled in the Yang-tse-Kiang Valley. With the withdrawal of the gun-boats 1 think, unless there is a radical change, there will be trouble up and down the river. We have organized a Defense Committee here, have put arms in the hands of all the male members of the committee and are pretty well prepared for any trouble that may arise. We can muster over 100 breech-loading guns, and most of the men are experts in handling them. We have for Commander-ip-Chief our Collector of Customs, who is an old soldier, and two division commanders—a Russian and myself. We have signals arranged to alarm the commander of the commanders of the heavier grain has been badly beaten down.

Cowboys Pursued by Indians.

ALBUQUERQUE (N. Mex.), Aug. 6.—Word has been received from Wingate Station, on This organization had better bury the old flag; the comrades had better tear the button from their breasts than now, as our heads are silvering, go back on the principles for which we bled. Applause.]

Ex-Commander-in-Chie Fairchild, Community in case of a rising against us, and we have two rendezvous on the river front rade Northcott of Virginia and two colored members spoke in favor of the majority report, of Mr. Graham of Louisiana recounted some

Association, to meet at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893.

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Association, to meet at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago in 1893.

Albuquerque (N. Mex.), Aug. 6.—Word has been received from Wingate Station, on the river from the Navajo reservation, that yesterday afternoon several cowboys killed an Indian in a dispute over a horse. The Indian Indian in a dispute over a horse. The Indian Exposition at Chicago in 1893.

Albuquerque (N. Mex.), Aug. 6.—Word has been receive

do what they can to defend the settlement. We will make it hot for any mob that comes our way, and do not make any mistake about it." A FEARFUL CRASH.

Prince George of Greece Involved in Trouble Terrible Collision on the West Over the Japanese Incident. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 6 .- A letter which recently appeared in the Berlingske Tidence of Copenhagen, in which Prince George of

made upon the Czarowitz by a Japanese policeman, has greatly altered the estimates which were at first formed here of the Prince's action upon that occasion, and has been the means of placing him in terrible disgrace in this city. The reason for the al-tered feeling entertained for the Prince is Others Seriously Wounded. the fact that he caused to be published his own account of the attack upon the Czaro-

Negligence of a Conductor and a Flagman-Dead and Injured.

that portion of the country where rain had drought, and has been all withered and burned. Already the effect of the scarcity of food is being felt and there is great suffering among the inhabitants of these districts. Many deaths from starvation have been reported. It is also impossible to get food for cattle. Horses, cows, donkeys and other live stock are dying in large numbers everywhere in the districts. where the Coroner will hold an inquest.

The scene at the wreck is a terrible one. Twelve cars of the freight train were wrecked and piled upon the tracks, completely blocking the road. Hardly a whole piece of timber is left in the smoking-car. The wreck took fire and the passenger train was burned, with the exception of

The train was made up of two express, four sleeping-cars.

The meeting will be largely attended and is important. Norway, Sweden, Holland, France, Germany, Austria, Switzerland, Hungary, Spain and Italy send delegates, while, for the first time in the history of labor movements, Poland will be represented. A contingent from the United States is likewise expected. Among the subjects to be discussed will be the proposal to hold the next International Congress in Chicago in 1893. ntire fatality, therefore, was con

the occupants of the smoking-car and the locomotive. Conductor Kanaly of the limited said: "I was in the front of the sleeper Marathon, and had just noticed that we were making the usual running time. We left Syracuse at 1:58 o'clock, on time. The train was heavily loaded, each of the sleepers having about twenty passengers. It was very foggy, and the engineer, of course, expected the Montezuma side-track would be all right for him. The first indication I had of an acci-dent was when I felt the sudden application of the air-brakes. A moment later came the crash. That is about all I cap tell, except that the engine went clear through the caboose of the freight train and then

rolled down an embaukment. The day coach telescoped the smoking-car, and when I got out of doors they were all mixed up with the express and baggage cars. The sleener did not leave the rails? sleeper did not leave the rails Following is a revised list of the killed

One unknown. One unknown.

All the above are Italians and all adults.

BURGEN, MICHAEL, fireman, of Mace-

THE INJURED. A. K. Lovvas, an Hungarian. B. E. Pitts, musical director of "Uncle Isaac" company. GEORGE H. SAXBY of Hamilton, Ontario

pay its debts, in which case its notes will be protested and the Government may then JULIUS MYERS of Buffalo, N. Y. Government's lien is only on 1806 miles of the road. The earnings of the company are known to be far from satisfactory, having the express.

CAMILLO LIBIZ, GUISINO LIBIZ, GIUSEPPE MASCIARELLO. GIOVANNI ROSSI, HENRY TRALONO,

LUIGI DONARO, NICOLO MACHINO, TOMASSE TONZANO, all Italians. e Good Shehrerd.

FRANK J. ZINTER of Syracuse Lewis Taylor of West Point, N. Y. R. K. Serviss of Newark, N. J. The three last named were removed to

have fled NEW YORK, Aug. 0.—A west Shote official says: "From what can be learned there is no doubt the accident this morning was the result of neglect of the conductor of the freight train to send back a flagman to warn the passenger train that two trains were moving on the same track." were moving on the same track.'

The Crop Practically Cornered by the State Alliance.

Director-General Davis had appointed the quiry failed to confirm the report. The Di-

A Town Reported Burned.

Nothing in regard to the nature of the case could be learned, except that it is on account of some infringement of a patent right. A similar attachment for the same parties for the amount of \$75,000 has been placed on property of the city of Cambridge.

A SINGER'S WOES.

She Secures a Divorce From a Brutal

Husband.

Sarah Newell Atkins from her husband,

and wrote letters to American news-

were married after a short courtship of a

month. Later she found that her husband

ned to Scotland. In September she came back to London, having obtained an engagement at a theater at a salary of twenty-five guineas a week. She appeared under the name Mme. Palma. In January, 1890, she was staying at the Grand Hotel, where the respondent again appeared. She told him she would never live with him again. A divorce was granted petitioner, Justice Jenne being of the opinion that there was ample proof of unfaithfulness and cruelty in the ease.

ON THE DIAMOND.

The Chicago Club Defeated the Boston Team

Yesterday.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 6.—The home team

were comparatively easy winners to-day.

Philadelphias 4. Cincinnatis 1. Batteries-

At New York.

NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The home club won

the game in the tenth inning to-day after a

Boston, Aug. 6.-Both pitchers did splen-

did work for twelve lunings, Chicago finally winning. Bostons 2, Chicagos 3. Bat-teries—Nichols and Bennett, Hutchinson

Western Association.

and Kittredge.

Omahas 13.

Baltimores 4.

ounties of Kansas.

Daily, Gruber and Zimmer.

teries-Rusie and Buckley, Baldwin

spirited contest. New Yorks 8, Pittsburgs

this time she was training for

up practice in 1883 owing to

Shore Railroad.

Thirteen Passengers Killed and Many

Heartrending Scenes at the Wreck-Criminal

Special to THE MORNING CALL

SYRACUSE, Aug. 6.-This morning a freight train on the West Shore Railroad going west broke in two between Port Byron and Montezuma, and the fast train tollowing crashed into the rear. A brakeman went back toward the passenger train, but the night was so foggy he was not seen. The fireman on the passenger train was killed, ten Italians, en route to Niagara Falls, in the smoking-car, were killed and seventeen others in the same car injured. Some of them probably will die. The sleeping-cars were burned, and it is supposed nearly all the passengers were rescued-The bodies of the killed are at Port Byron, Physicians and others have been sent from Syracuse, Auburn, Montezuma and Port Byron.

three sleeping-cars.

baggage and smoking cars, a day coach and J. J. Sullivan of this city was on the train. He was in the car behind the smoker. Regarding the accident he said: "The freight train with which our train collided was running on passenger train time. When the crash came the scene was a terrible one. The smoking-car was smashed to splinters and the shrieks of the wounded imprisened in the wreckage were heart-rending. The accident occurred at 3 o'clock. When I left

the dead and wounded were scattered about on the ground inside the tracks and the surviving passengers were doing all they could for the relief of the wounded. The victims. so far as I could see, were all men, who were in the smoking-car. None of the passengers in the sleeping-cars were injured."

John F. Bowdish of Boston, who had a narrow escape, gave a similar account of the accident. He said no one in the rear of the wreck was injured. The attendants of the express and baggage cars had retired to the rear coaches to eatch a little sleep, and the

and injured: ALFONSE, CARRILLA. DI LAURI, VINCENZO. GIAMBOT, JOHN. MERLINO, THOMAS. RICHONE, DOMINICO.

ROCA, COCO.
ROSIA, JOHN.
SANTILO, DOMINICO.
SCOZZAFAVA, ANTONIO.

don, N. Y.

KEESHAN, JOSEPH M., of St. Louis, died at the House of the Good Shepherd.

UMBELLO, ANTONIO, died after removal to the House of the Good Sliepherd.

John Schultz, a member of the "Uncle Isaac" farce company of Easton, Pa. John Preston of Troy, N. Y., a railroad

Louis Diller, Alsace-Lorraine. PATRICK RYAN of Buffalo, engineer of

An unknown Hungarian.
The above were all taken to the House of

A Coroner's jury returned a verdict finding conductor Tobin and flagman Connolly guilty of criminal negligence. Both men NEW YORK, Aug. 6 .- A West Shore offi-

KANSAS WHEAT.

KANSAS CITY (Mo.), Aug. 6 .- A special to the Times from Topeka says: J. B.

French, Secretary of the State Alliance, states that the alliance has completed arrangements by which it will handle three-quarters of the Kansas wheat crop of 50,000,000 bushels. Arrangements have been made to store at least half the crop in ele-wators in Kansas City, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Baltimore and other large cities for an indefinite project or notile the cities for an indefinite period, or until the owners desire to sell. Arrangements have also been made in the East to secure an advance on the wheat stored at 75 per cent of the present value of wheat. This new move has practically cornered the Kansas

CEDAR RAPIDS (lowa), Aug. 6.-Word was received here to-night that the city of Camanche, Clinton County, was burned. Help was sent for to Lyons and Clinton, and two engines and two hook-and-ladder trucks were sent on a special train, but as the town has no water works they could do but little to check the flames. No figures on the loss or insurance are obtainable. Officers Elected.

DENVER. Aug. 6 .- The Plattdeutscher Verein to-day elected their officers, as follows: President, Martin Bossen of Kansas City; Vice-President, E. M. Hein of Grand Island, Nebr.; Secretary and Treasurer, I. P. Lunt of Omaha. The next place of meet-

sum of \$70,000 in a suit brought by W. A. | cigarette license at \$200. It should be \$2000. | was found lying on the floor, a smoking re-

State Officers Neminated at the Convention in Springfield. NEW YORK, Aug. 6.-Late mails from

Harry Newell Atkins. She is the daughter of a San Francisco lawyer, who gave the Anti-Lottery League - Nehealth. She then went to London, braska Prohibitionists. papers. There she met Atkins and they

Frecial to THE MORNING CALL

improper stories before her friends. At musical profession. In June, 1884, they paid a visit to her friends where respondent behaved properly for the time, but the following month they went to Warrenpoint, Ireland, where he resumed his drunkerness and ill-behavior. Having passed her first course of lessons at the Royal Academy of Music in London, Mrs. Atkins determined to proceed to Italy for the purpose of having her voice trained, in order that she might obtain her debut at the Italian Opera might obtain her debut at the Italian Opera House at Milan. Her husband's conduct became worse and she refused to live with him. At Milan she made the acquaintance of two English gentlemen, a Mr. Thesset and a Mr. Atkinson, the latter being in Italy for the purpose of completing his purpose statics and two versions. nusical studies and improving his voice.
During 1885 her husband frequently locked her in her room, and out of her room, and subjected her to much persecution. In 1886, at Milan, he knocked her down and struck her head against the wall. In 1887 he threw food about and attempted to strike her with a water-bottle, doing her serious hodily harm as well as doing her serious bodily harm as well as drenching her face with water. He ha-rassed her by appearing at the stage door, where she was engaged night after night. He was at these times very drunk, and when she came home he would turn her out in the cold, forcing her to seek refuge elsewhere. She spent the first half of 1888 in London, but failing to obtain engagements she returned to Italy and continued to pursue her course of musical study. Owing to this ill treatment she Hugh Cavanaugh as Chairman. The report of the Committee on Resolu-tions was presented and adopted.

The platform demands that taxation, national, State or municipal, shall not be used to build up one interest or class at the borrowed money from some friends and proceeded to London, but he followed her. When he found her he appeared penitent in conscience, on which she became more or less friendly. Later she fled to Scotland. In September she came back

expense of another; the abolition of nation al banks as banks of issue, and as a substi-tute for national bank notes demands full legal tender; that Treasury notes be issued a sufficient volume to conduct the business of the country on a cash basis; the paymen of all bonds of the Government instead of of all bonds of the Government instead of refunding them in such money as they were originally made payable in; the Government ownership of all means of transportation and communication. Liberal pensions for Union soldiers is favored and a woman's suffrage plank is included in the platform. Government loans directly to individuals is favored, as also the free coinage of silver. The platform opposes the alien ownership of lands and demands that Congress devise means to obtain all the land already owned by foreign syndicates; also, demands that all lands held by railroads and other corporations in excess of what are actually needed be claimed by the Government and heid for actual settlers only; demands a graduated geome tax, the enactment and rigid enforce ment of laws for the suppression of all forms of gambling in futures, and a strict enforcement of the laws against the adulteration of food products. The election of United States Senators by a popular vote is favored. The platform also demands the orfeiture by the Standard Oil Company of its charter.

A resolution was adopted favoring the

BROOKLYN, Aug. 6 .- The bunched hits of the home club won to-day's game. Brooklyns 5, Clevelands 3. Batteries-Berry and back ticket. MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 6 .- Minneapolis 8, DULUTH, Aug. 6 .- Duluths 6. Lincolns 4. MILWAUKEE, Aug. 6. - Milwaukees 4,

Sioux City, Aug. 6.-Sioux Citys 9, American Association. ST. Louis, Aug. 6 .- St. Louis 5, Athlet-Agreement Between the Louisiana Alli-LOUISVILLE, Aug. 6. - Louisvilles 4. CINCINNATI, Aug. 6. - Cincinnatis 7,

COLUMBUS, Aug. 6 .- Columbus 9, Washngtons 11. KANSAS FARMERS.

What Is Wanted to Lift the Mortgages From Their Lands. New York, Aug. 6 .- "Give the Kansas farmers two more crops as good as their present one and they will be out of debt," said Martin Mohler of Topeka, Secretary of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture, to a reporter. On the farms of Kansas are products new growing worth \$90,000,000 over and above the amount the farmers require for their own use." Mohler then added: "If the owners of those farms pay \$25,000,000 for groceries and clothing they will have \$65,000,000 with which to pay their debts, and the largest estimate ever made of the farm indebtedness was \$160,-000,000." Mohler said the figures he named were not guess-work, but based on reports received from his agents in the several

The Santa Fe Strike. TOPEKA (Kans.), Aug. 6. - The strike of the 400 boiler-makers in the shops of the Atchison road is spreading to other departments. To-day several blacksmiths struck in sympathy. One of the engineers refused in sympathy. One of the engineers refused to take out his train for the reason that the boiler of his engine had not been inspected before being made ready for the run. If the other engineers take this as a cue the Santa Fe will have serious trouble.

The Davis Will Case. BUTTE (Mont.), Aug. 6 .- The testimony of witness Steckel was continued in the Davis case to-day, detailing the peculiarities of the hand-writing of James Eddy, the sup-posed forger. Attorney Jaques of Ottumwa, lows, was examined, testifying as to the signature of James Davis, one of the alleged witnesses of the alleged will, which he maintained was not his, and gave reasons why he thought so.

Judgment Creditor Urgent: CHICAGO, Aug. 6.-Charles C. Whitacre to-day filed a creditor's bill in the Circuit Court against the Pacific Rallway Company, the Los Angeles Cable Railway Company, and numerous stockholders, upon his judg-ment of \$62,202. The court is asked to close up the business of the Pacific Railway, to appoint a receiver and enforce the liability against the stockholders.

No Negotiations With San Domingo. NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The Gaceta Official of San Domingo says, in a recent number, that the Dominican Government has made no offer to the United States concerning the lease or cession of Samana Bay, and that the United States has not directly or indi-rectly taken the initiative in any negotia-tions on that subject with the ions on that subject with the Government of San Domingo.

An Extra Legislative Session NASHVILLE (Tenn.), Aug. 6 .- A proclamation calling an extra session of the Legislature, to convene August 31st, will be is-Twelve subjects are in the call, the principal ones being the revision of the convict-lease system and the World's Fair appro-

PARTY LINES.

Platform of the People's Party of Ohio.

London bring the report of the divorce of

Fusion Between the Louisiana Alliance and

was a confirmed drunkard. He indulged in SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 6. - The People's Party Convention, which closed this evening, was a remarkable gathering. It was composed of the dissatisfied elements of all parties. Every delegate had his own idea of how the existing troubles could be remedied, and was disposed to insist upon it being adopted. The total representation was 1253 delegates, about 400 of whom were present. The platform went through with a rush, but after the delegates had read it carefully in the papers, they gathered in knots about town and discussed it freely. Many have already declared their intention to bolt on account of the liquor plank, which they say they did not intend to adopt as a part of the platform. The leaders are confident of forming a coalition with the Prohibitionists not later than 1892, and going into the national campaign very strong. Their plan is to extend the plank demanding the Government ownership of railroads and telegraph to the liquor traffic, and have agents in charge who will conduct the business much as Postoffices are now run. The bolting element's strength cannot be estimated until the delegates report to their constituents. At the convention to-day a permanent or-ganization was effected by the election of

> by one hour at least. of an interview with Watkins James, step-

Government or State control of the sale, manufacture, importation and exportation of spirituous liquors as a recommendation to the national convention as a solution of he liquor problem.

Hon. John Seitz of Seneca was nominated for Governor. He had, in years past, been a candidate for the same office on the Green-

back ticket.

The other nominations were: LieutenantGovernor, Frank Rist, a compositor of Cincinnati; State Auditor, N. M. Cooper of
Athens; Attorney-General, Rial M. Smith
of Summit; State Treasurer, Henry Wolf
of Cleveland; Supreme Judge, Albert
Yaple of Cincinnati; School Commissioner,
J. H. Peterson of Green County; for member of Board on Public Works J. S. Rower ber of Board on Public Works, J. S. Bower of Franklin; Food and Dairy Commissioner, W. J. Weaver of Portage.

A SPLIT TICKET.

ance and the Anti-Lottery League. LAFAYETTE (La.), Aug. 6.-The State Farmers' Alliance to-day adopted the report of a conference committee with the Anti-Lottery League, but the report has not been made public. It is understood, however, that the alliance agreed to give the antis four places in the State ticket—Lieutenant-Governor, Attorney-General, Auditor and Secretary of State. Hon, Thomas S. Adams, President of the alliance, was unani-mously indersed for Governor. To-night those opposed to the alliance and antilottery compromise sent a telegram to President Polk of the National Alliance, asking, "Has the State Farmers' Union of Louisiana power to bind its members against their will to support the Democratical their of faction thereof based onecratic party or a faction thereof, based upor a strictly Democratic platform?" It is quite certain that Adams will not be a candidate for Governor unless nominated by the regular Democratic Convention

lar Democratic Convention. NEBRASKA PROHIBITIONISTS.

State Ticket Nominated and a Lengthy Platform Adopted.

Lincoln (Nebr.), Aug. 6.—The Prohibiion State Convention completed its labors to-day by nominating R. W. Richardson of Omaha for Judge of the Supreme Court and Rev. William Garst of Neligh and Mrs. Caroline M. Woodward of Seward for Regents of the State University. The plat-form, which is lengthy, indorses the Na-tional Prohibition party, but not its plat-form; demands Government control of restricted coinage of metals; the total annihilation of the liquor traffic. The obnoxious feature of the national platform is supposed to be the tariff plank.

BLAINE INDORSED. Significant Action of the Meadville County (Pa.) Republican Convention MEADVILLE (Pa.), Aug. 6.-The Crawford County Republican Convention to-day declared for Blaine for President in 1892. Crawford County is the home of Chairman Andrews of the Republican State Commit-

tee, a close friend of Senator Quay, and the action is regarded as significant. A SAILOR'S STORY.

line, has arrived at Brooklyn with the crews

of two vessels. One crew belonged to the

Evidences of the Insanity and Suicide of Captain. NEW YORK, Aug. 6.—The steamship Finance of the United States and Brazil

barkentine Steadfast, which recently went ashore on the Island of Santa Cruz, and the other crew are the alleged mutinous sailors of the Norwegian bark Hugo Fortesque. One of the Fortesque's sailors tells a romantic yarn about the voyace of the bark. He said that when off Macao, the captain of the vessel, a Swede, acted in a very peculiar manner. He ordered the vessel steered in a very direction and let her different the manner. He ordered the vessel steered in every direction and let her drift with the winds. This was kept up for three days. Then the captain suddenly steered for Maranham. When the lighthouse was sighted at the entrance of the harbor the captain began to run the bark on the rocks. Then the second mate took the wheel. The captain did not resist. He went below and there became very violent. When the vessel came to anchor violent. When the vessel came to anchor the captain and his wife went ashore. The captain did not return to the ship. Several days later the Swedish Consul came aboard, and a charge of nutiny was made against the crew. When the men appeared before the Consul the cantain was there as Clarkson Will Not Resign.

New York, Aug. 6.—Hon. James S.
Clarkson says he will not resign the presidency of the Republican League, and adds:
"If I had to elect which pixte I would give up, I should resign my place on the National Republican Committee."

Augusta and Atlanta put the annual eigarette license at \$200. It should be \$2000.

volver at his side. The sailors were then convinced the officer had been insane for some time. After the captain's death his brother took charge of the vessel. He shipped a new crew.

TOTAL ABSTINENCE.

Resolutions Adopted Favoring the Passage of Sunday Laws.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6.-At to-day's meeting of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union the report of the Committee on Resolutions. wherein it was resolved "that in the efforts to overcome the evils of drink on the lines laid down by the Baltimore Catholic Congress, there was no race, no creed, no color, no national distinction in this com-mon struggle, in this common serrow, but also common hope against a common foe, the Catholic women were appealed to to imi-tate the Women's Christian Temperance tate the Women's Christian Temperance
Union and to co-operate with it." The
resolutions declare that a sound, public
policy does not seem to sanction the sale of
liquor at the Chicago World's Fair, nor
does it require the existence of a traffic
privileged to cover this fair land with
breweries, distilleries and saloons, which are
wrecking homes, breaking hearts and grinding down souls into the mire of wretched. ing down souls into the mire of wretchedness and woe. The following resolutions were adopted after a lengthy debate:

were adopted after a lengthy debate:

Resolved, That we consider it the duty of all temperance men to support candidates for public office who honestly pledge themselves to labor for the enforcement of Sunday laws, the closing of liquor saloons on that day.

Resolved, That we deem it the manifest duty of temperance men to discountenance any candidate for public office who declares himself or is known to be committed to the support of the liquor interest. The sentiment of the convention seemed to be against legislative prohibition. Indianapolis was selected as the place of the next convention. B shop Cotter of Minnesotz was re-elected President.

IMPROVED LOCOMOTIVES. Prominent Features of New Engines for the

St. Paul Road. MILWAUKEE, Aug. 6 .- The St. Paul road is building two engines, which promise a revolution in locomotive building. The new engines consume their own smoke and have no smoke-stack. They are fitted up with an electrical headlight, which is placed with an electrical headinght, which is placed immediately in front of the boiler, thus giving the engineer an unobstructed view of the line ahead. The drive-wheels are larger than on ordinary locomotives and are intended for greater speed. The new engines are particularly designed to furnish power for lighting passenger trains with electricity and for furnishing steam heat. These engines will be used on the track head These engines will be used on the track be-tween Milwaukee and Chicago, and it is in-tended to reduce the best time now made

A Golden Jubilee. HARTFORD (Conn.), Aug. 6.-City Mission

Hall was crowded yesterday at the reception in honor of the golden jubilee-of John Hooker and Isabella Beecher Hooker. The hall was a bower of flowers sent by friends. Over the heads of the pair was a canvas bearing the dates "1841-1891." The bridal loaf, which was cut and distributed, weighed twenty-two pounds. It was covered with frosting, and in the center appeared the dates "1841—1891," while in the openings of the scroll-work were fifty gold dollars. The cake, with its substantial ornamentation, was the gift of the Equal Rights Club of Hartford, founded by Mrs. Hooker.

Stanley or Rowlands. PITTSBURG (Pa.), Aug. 6. - The Dispatch this morning publishes two columns

father of Henry M. Stanley. "Mr. Stanley's correct name," said Mr. James, "is Henry Rowlands. His mother was Eleanor Jones. His father was Jacob Rowlands. Both were born in Pert Rees, near Newcastle-in-Emlyn, Carmarthenshire, South Wales. Henry was born in the same town. Rowlands bound Henry to a sea captain." Escape of Lunatics. AUBURN (N. Y.), Aug. 6 .- Early this morning seventeen insane inmates of the State Insane Asylum overpowered their

keeper, secured his keys and escaped. They scattered over the western part of the city, where great excitement prevailed. Five of the escapes were recaptured, and a large force of keepers is in pursuit of the others. The Cherokee Election. TAHLEQUA (Ind. T.), Aug. 6.-The election returns from all the districts of the Cherokee nation gives the Downing party the

chieftaincy, re-electing J. B. Mayes. The Lower House favors the Downings, while the Senate is divided. The allotment ticket Strong Jaw and Fist. NEW YORK, Aug. 6 .- Oscar E. Skiff of San Francisco to-day gave an exhibition of remarkable strength of jaw and fist at the office of Richard K. Fox. He brought with him several iron bars of from half to three-

quarters of an inch in diameter which he Will Not Return. NEW YORK, Aug. 6 .- Sylvia Gerrish writes from London that she will not return next month as intended. She and Isabella Urquhardt have taken well in London and will remain through the winter. Miss Ger-

rish will visit Scotland and take photographs of the scenery. Regular Army and Navy Union. Boston, Aug. 6 .- At the second day's session of the third annual convention of the Regular Army and Navy Union James the Regular Army and Navy Union James F. Roche of Boston was elected National

Commander. Fraternal greetings were sent to the G. A. R. at Detroit. **AUCTION SALE**

DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, WATCHES,

Solid Silver and Silver-plated Ware, Clocks, Etc.,

BEING THE ENTIRE STOCK OF

119

J. B. TRICKEY & CO., Jewelers,

Montgomery Street, Opposite Occidental Hotel.

Positively Without Limit to Close the Business.

Sale at 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. AND TO CONTINUE DAILY.

J. H. FRENCH, Auctioneer.