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Nutrioso Notes.

Rangers Chaplin and Husley visited ranger Molter the 11th but were dissatisfied to find that Mr. and Mrs. Molter were gone.

Warren Tenney, of Bush Valley, just returned from Magdalena and reports the grass and water better than it has been for years.

Nutrioso had one of the finest dances last week it has had for years. Everybody had an excellent time. A number of young people from St. Johns, Eagar, Luna and Alpine were here. They also had a play called "The Old Maid's Convention."

Harry Reed, a First Class Ranger of the Black Mesa Forest Reserve, stopped at Nutrioso with Ranger Molter three days this week. He was on his way to the Blue to inspect all of the rangers districts, the last one being Ranger Chaplin's district. He speaks well of the manner in which the reserve people in general are obeying the rules.

BILL.

Greer Gleanings.

Cattle Inspector Fred Murray was in our midst recently.

James Lesueur and ladies were in our burg on ecclesiastical business.

The windy weather has changed to cool and clear accompanied with plenty of frost.

The people of this vicinity are nearly thru harvesting their grain. The yield will be quite good.

Howard Hale and wife have been visited by a son, who is to stay with them twenty-one years.

Any one wishing to transact business with a Forest Ranger would do well to call at Greer as they would be certain of meeting one at this place.

PEGGY,

FOREST RESERVES.

The following is clipped from the Williams News:

Arizona is not the only section where forest reserves have been created which worked a hardship on the actual settlers and filled the pockets of corporations with good coin from the script received in exchange for the land. In the early days the government gave away much land and other land could be and was purchased at \$2.50 and less per acre. The creation of forest reserve is a scheme whereby worthless land may be turned back to the government for which script is issued—having a face value of five dollars per acre—and this is placed elsewhere on valuable timber lands. Millions of dollars are made every year by dealers in script. Of course the dealer is not to blame but the government should stop the wholesale frauds perpetrated against itself under the representation that the "people" are being benefited. Not alone is the land being with

drawn from entry but it has already reached the time when a stockman must get permission to drive his herd across the government domain. This is supposed to be a free land and a citizen should have a right to go where e'er he likes, but it seems that a few have set themselves up to stop us. It would appear that because all are not on the ground to avail themselves of the opportunities offered these few say no one shall enjoy the benefits so a forest superintendent is appointed with a corps of uniformed assistants to see that the people do not enjoy what rightfully belongs to them. At least such is the case in this immediate section where there is absolutely no use for a forest reserve, not even to protect the headwaters of streams. Following is an article on the subject which appeared in a recent issue of the Albuquerque Journal-Democrat:

"The foresters of the United States will have to be checked soon by the national congress, or else they will have it so that there won't be a bit of public domain with a stick of timber on it that will be subject to entry in any state or territory," says B. S. Rodey to the Journal-Democrat yesterday. Mr. Rodey was asked for his opinion concerning the proposal to withdraw 1,200,000 acres of land in the Jemez mountains from settlement looking to the ultimate creation of a forest reserve.

"The tract begins east of Bland and extends along up the Rio

(Continued on page six)