THE FLOHIDA NTAR

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 PUB ASHBD EVERY PRIDAY MORNTSE
 ts onsis pousix mostus.


WIRES, WIMTD AND WEATHER To the goosehone the muskrat skin the appearance of the moon, corns and rheumatie Jotnts bas been added a new standard of popular weather proge acostication found in the alleged close onnection between the varying notes wires and the weather of the following tew days. This discovery was made by Herr Bock, a German whose title of professor zives to his announcement a certain degree of credibility. The explains, is influenced by the strength of the wind, the tension of the wires and "various causes which are in turn affected by temperature and other atmospherle conditions." Of course the otficial forecasters treat Herr Bock's method of observation with derision, weather from phenomena within the sight and hearing of the common herd. Nevertheless the weather bureaus are very far from infallible. Whille theif dastem of collecting at a central point different points gives them an advantage over the ordinary eftizen in pre-
dieting the course of general storms, dieting the course of general storms,
the public stlll bas to depend very the public stlll has to depend very
largely for its information regarding local disturbances upon those signs which Adam of Eden. One would hardly be Justifed in making affairs of great pith and moment hang upon his own weather predictions, but it may be the simple signals which our toreta thers found so useful.
THE JURY IN GERMAN LAW. To say that trial by jury is itself on
trial tn some parts of this country is not wide of the mark. A very promi-
nent leader at the bar recently declared that if all the casel in which he had been a participant had been decided by athrow of dice instead of by Jury verdet more substantial justice would have been secured. procedure in Germany at criminal two Important points bears upon re-
forms proposed in some of the states. In addition to the tweive who consti-
tute the regular Jury in Germany one tute the regular Jury in Germany one
or more supplementary jurors are drawn. These alternates take part in
the trial, says a writer in the current
fssue of the Political Sclence Quarter I. and have the same right in propos
tig motions as the regular furors. They do not retire with the fury nor particl
pate in the verdict, but should one of
the regular jurors be farapacitatel at any stage an alternate takes bis place.
For the affirmative of gulit a majority of two-thirds is necessary. It takes
eight to convict, but only five to ac guit. In questions of "miltigating circide its dental. A tie in such a ques
tom ts held to be an answer in the
eitrmative. vedilet up to the very polat whend its
court probounces fudgment. The court on its own motion may refer the case
for a new trial, but the fury's verdict There are stim some people left who Charles Wagner came to thece stionch
and preacheod his stmplee life doctrine
About that time Mr Robert Hunter. a New York soxtologist, reported that
ehteral buidred housand New Yorkery
hed received the stimple Mife tenets by
 fanatics went bungry to school eacb
day. In orler to counterset this wild mgs a dinner party of thirty stx peo the spread. and a committee eftiseas organtred a committee to cons
pel the starving calldren to eat breaktast before starting for acthol and course, toots the bills for this important tnnoration, witch is no more than reaof soclecg. Tbe childree will be usefal

Figent opy Hant wirit Casproy
The president of the Hall Cannoa so The president of the Hill Cannoa so-
clety of France. Joeeph Chatilion, re ports some very deelded achievements in the way of defending
batil by Aring cannon. The report deals with the experience
of twenty-elght cannon aring societies, which used 4te cannon in a number of storms. After each storm a report was sent to the president of the agricultural
society of the district. It was printed society of the district. It was printed
and then distributed for correction to and then distributed for correction to
all the farmers in the district visited by ail the farmers in the district visited by
the storm. During fifteen yvars before
any cannon were used the losses from any cannon were used the losses from
hall amounted to $\$ 2.572,316$ Tbese
ngures were obta ngures were obtained from the public offices in which accounts were kept, as
the poorer grape growers were indemint. fied from a public fund for losses incurred by storms. Mr. Chatillon states
that the entire losses of the wine grow ers were not compensated. and he thinks that the total damages amount
ed to not less than $\$ 3.088 .000$. Durin ed to not less than $\$ 3,088,000$. During
the five gears in which the cannon have seen in use the losses from hail in the sise, 412 . During the year 1904 these same sixteen communes sustained no losses whatever. a fact which is at-
tributed entirely to the use of the cannon. Says Mr. Chatillou:

soft snow and ared under the fring of
dentable. mucceded. These face facts arin and un-
The report reviews the resuits of the
aring in twenty elght storms the months of April, May, June, July and September. The results are generand lightning, disperston of the elouds and a slight fall of rain and snow.
Where no cannon were used the hall rell and caused sertous damage. "The
communes not defended by cannon suf fered enormously." In vi caling of one
 country with vilience, everywhere caustig
Ereat damage.
The mayor of one commune writes
that the "firing was useless in his sec.
ton on account of the small number of thon on account of the small number of
cannon." It is stateel that in one or
two other communes the firime wan
commenced tate and was fueffective.
but that it rendered the stom lese
destructive in the adjolning mommunes but that it rendered the storm less
destructive in the adjolning communes
where it occurred later. This was where it occurred later. This was in
an leolated section of the country where
there were no cannon in the adjoinlng there were no cannon in the adjoining
communes, and the storm fell upon it
with all its force. At the large vine.
varla the firing is heaviest at the bonnd
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## WHAT IS A GENTLEMAN?

 con of ang upon the recent dect eacher is not a gentle that a school London News quotes the late Cardinal Newman's decislon of a gentleman as The true sentleman carefulty avoldeWhatever may cause a jar or joit in the
minds of those with whom he to ins his of epimion. all colliston of teel
ary
an


 interprets everything for the beat.
He to never mean oo htite in his dis-
putes. never takes on unte putes. never takees on untatr no hant cisse
never mistake personalities or sharp say
inser for arkumpers. The cardinat may have described the
true geatieman," but suct a man publle as belng a colorless namby
pamby and a thirty third degree bore.


## trol of so per cent of the railroad mfle age of this country. sags the New



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dotng a per:4
tra noons could be sent this way the
gas and otber lighting trusts woald sholith themselives -

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