

# THE WINSLOW MAIL

L. V. ROOT, Editor

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The Mail is very pleased to reprint the following from the Congressional Record of February 23. It is just an indication to the people of Winslow that the powers that be are working, coordinating, if you will, with the efforts of the Chamber of Commerce and the State forces in keeping the Little Colorado River reclamation project moving.

Mr. ASHURST. I shall thank the Chair and the Senate for indulging me long enough to offer another amendment. I ask the Secretary to recur to page 23, line 20, of the bill. Commencing with line 17, on that page, the language reads as follows:

For investigation in connection with western irrigation agriculture, the utilization of lands reclaimed under the reclamation act, and other areas in the arid and semiarid regions, \$70,000.

I propose an amendment to increase the numerals in line 20 from \$70,000 to \$94,420.

I was recently traveling through the West, not in my own State but in another State, and some of the citizens appealed to me to assist their Senators, if possible, in securing an investigation of a valley there the soil of which would be very fertile, and if water could be placed upon it would produce abundant crops. The citizens directed a letter to the Reclamation Service, but the reply was to the effect that the service did not have adequate funds with which to make an investigation as to the suitability or the feasibility of a reclamation project at that point. In Arizona I was recently appealed to by the citizens of the town of Winslow, which is on the Little Colorado River, with vast tracts of land adjacent, upon which practically no crops are grown, which is wholly a desert, and yet with the Little Colorado River running through it. So the Representative of Arizona in Congress, Mr. Hayden, telegraphed or wrote to the Chief of the Reclamation Service and simply asked him to send some person from the Reclamation Service to investigate the soil and water supply in order to ascertain the suitability or feasibility of a project at that point. The Reclamation Office replied to Mr. Hayden to the effect that they had no funds with which they could make such an investigation.

The estimate of the department for this item is \$94,420. It will simply give the Reclamation Service an adequate fund with which that service may examine into the feasibility or the suitability of reclamation projects at a particular point. No more worthy appropriation could be made, as citizens of our country are entitled to have some governmental agency tell them officially from a scientific standpoint whether or not a project could successfully be established at a particular point.

When we speak of irrigation we must not forget that there are 18,000,000 acres in the United States now under irrigation, but only 2,000,000 acres are irrigated by the Government, whilst 16,000,000 acres are irrigated by private enterprise, and I can not at the moment conceive of an appropriation more worthy or more beneficial to the country than one that will provide adequate moneys to the department to enable it to ascertain whether or not the physical features here or there are such as to encourage farmers and home builders in indulging any further hope for a Government project.

Mr. GRONNA. Mr. President—Mr. Ashurst. I yield the floor.

Mr. GRONNA. I simply wished to ask the Senator from Arizona a question.

Mr. ASHURST. I yield.

Mr. GRONNA. This is a very meritorious amendment, undoubtedly, but the present law carries \$52,380, I believe. The House increased that amount and made it \$70,000.

Mr. ASHURST. Yes; the House fixed the sum at \$70,000.

Mr. GRONNA. I will say that the committee did not go into this particular case in any minute detail, but I have no objection to letting the amendment go to conference, inasmuch as it proposes to appropriate the amount estimated for.

Mr. ASHURST. I thank the Senator. The amendment is not subject to a point of order, as it was estimated for by the department.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The question is on agreeing to the amendment offered by the Senator from Arizona. The amendment was agreed to.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 4 introduced by the Senate Roads Committee is a very pretty compliment to our state representatives at Washington. The resolution reads as follows:

BE IT RESOLVED, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the Fifth Legislature of the State of Arizona, that we recommend the passage by Congress of the Sells Bill providing for the continuation of Federal Aid in the construction of highways; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That the Arizona Legislature extends its appreciation to the Honorable Carl Hayden, Member of Congress, for his assistance in securing the passage of this bill thru the House of Representatives and the petitions of Honorable Marcus A. Smith and the Honorable Henry F. Ashurst, to use their best efforts to secure the passage of this bill at the present session of Congress; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, That a copy of this Resolution be wired to the Honorable Carl Hayden, Marcus A. Smith and Henry F. Ashurst.

## SOUND BANKING SAVES DAY

If ever the banking system of this nation stood a test it was during the past six months.

To its lasting credit there have been no bank failures of importance and all necessary business has been accommodated.

The exception to this record has been North Dakota where the Non-Partisan league has been in control; where it established a state bank and where its private banks loaned money to league members on a political rather than a business basis.

The result of political banking in North Dakota has been some 30 bank failures with resulting losses to farmers and depositors.

The league has accused private banks of refusing to finance the farmers.

This is not true. City and county banks have carried farmers on a business basis but they have refused to make loans to carry crops for speculative purposes for they well knew that prices must come down and that both the farmers and the banks would lose by trying to stave off the laws of supply and demand. The banks adopted the same course of procedure with regard to manufacturing and other lines of business.

It is this policy rather than wildcat banking of the Non-Partisan League which has steadied our country during the readjustment period, prevented financial disaster and prepared us to go ahead on a sound basis.

## PRESIDENTIAL FACTS

Warren G. Harding, who takes office today as the twenty-ninth president of the United States, is the first president to be elected to that high office on his birthday. He was 55 years old November 2, 1920. He is the first United States senator elected to the presidency.

President Harding is the seventh president contributed to the country by the state of Ohio. Only Virginia, with a total of eight presidents born within her borders, outranks Ohio in this regard. No president has been born west of Ohio. No president has resided west of Illinois.

President Harding is the seventh president of Scotch-Irish paternal ancestry. Fifteen of our presidents, over the period of 133 years, have been of English descent, three of Scotch, one of Welsh and two of Dutch.

The average age of our presidents at inauguration is 54 years, approximately, while the approximate average at death has been 66 years.

President Harding exemplifies the rapid rise possible in American life better than any of his predecessors. He was not included in the 1914-15 "Who's Who."

Like many of his predecessors also, his parents were not wealthy and he has risen to the highest office within the gift of the American people through frugality, industry and thrift, of which he is a warm exponent, as evidenced by his recent approval of the Government's Thrift and Savings work, represented in the sales of Thrift, Treasury and War Savings Stamps and Treasury Savings Certificates.



## Printing Brings Clients

Not every business has a show window. If you want to win more clients, use more printing and use the kind of printing that faithfully represents your business policy.

You save money and make money for your patrons. Do the same for yourself by using an economical high grade paper—Hammermill Bond—and good printing, both of which we can give you.

If you want printing service and economy—give us a trial.



The Winslow Mail

## IMPROVED ROADS

### ENTRANCE ROADS FOR FARMS

Engineers of Bureau of Public Roads Recommend Use of Bituminous Material.

Owners of large farms and rural estates seeking a more satisfactory type of entrance roads have applied to the bureau of public roads of the United States department of agriculture for advice regarding the application of bituminous material on main entrance and much-traveled farm lanes.

The bureau's engineers point out that such applications may be made successfully on any farm road which has already been constructed of stone, gravel, or other similar material and is in a thoroughly compacted and reasonably smooth condition. A coal-tar preparation applied cold, or an asphaltic oil, can be used, and if applied by the farm employees, the cost should not exceed 7 or 8 cents a square yard for materials. The compacted gravel or stone road should be thoroughly cleaned of dust and the bitumen applied with ordinary sprinkling pots from which the perforated nozzle has been removed and the spout carefully flattened into a symmetrical rectangular opening about one-quarter of an inch wide, so that the material may be poured in a broad, flat stream.

If a large amount of work is to be done, a specially designed pouring can may be purchased of dealers in road equipment. Care should be taken to have an even distribution, and the quantity, applied should be approximately one-half gallon to a square yard of road surface. After applying the bituminous material, clean gravel or stone chips should be spread evenly over the surface, and, if possible, rolled with a lawn or field roller. Where gravel or chips are not available, clean, coarse sand will serve as covering material. It should be spread in sufficient quantity to prevent the bituminous material from adhering to tires of passing vehicles. Attention is called to the fact that this treatment should not be made where drainage



Well-Made and Well-Cared-For Entrance Road.

from the stables or barns will flow over it. Where mudholes are likely to form around hitching posts or at stable entrances, if a more durable pavement is desired, a section of concrete slab should be laid.

### ROAD DRAG MOST BENEFICIAL

Implement Is Used Wherever Roads Are Built—Ruts Are Removed Quickly by Its Use.

If there is a call for a piece of machinery to economize the growing or handling of crops it seems to be forthcoming sooner or later. But it remained for a farmer to invent one of the simplest as well as the most beneficial of implements from the standpoint of universal comfort brought about by its use. It is used wherever men build roads, and ruts disappear after it has taken a trip over them. Measured in dollars and cents it costs only a trifle, but measured by the service it gives, it is worth millions. We refer to the road drag. Before it was invented the roads were worn down only by travel and it often took weeks to do it. The drag does it in a day.—Successful Farming.

### HOW TO MANIPULATE GRADER

Remove Grass or Weeds From Shoulders or Ditches by Cutting Away With Sharp Knife.

If grass or weeds cover the shoulders or ditches remove them by cutting them away from the edge of the road with a good sharp grader blade, cutting just deep enough to remove the crown of the grass and weeds and, if possible, use them at some point on the road to prevent the side banks of fills from washing.

### PROFITABLE TO CULL FLOCK

One Farmer Sold 200 Hens Out of 700 and Did Not Decrease Production of Eggs.

Too much of the feed and the time that go to a flock in which even a fourth of the hens are naturally poor layers is wasted. One farmer culled his flock of 700 hens and sold 200 hens to the butcher without decreasing the egg production. He says that the culling saved him \$2 a day on feed alone and made the work much easier.

### SERVICE THAT IS APPRECIATED

One way in which the farmers of Arizona are using the Agricultural Experiment Station is shown by the following record. During the first six days of February the Salt River Valley Experiment Farm was visited by thirty-four different people. During the same period the farm foreman answered fifteen telephone calls and wrote three letters. Most of these visitors were in search of practical application to farming conditions in this state. All of the phone calls dealt with agricultural problems in which the farmers needed assistance and all of the letters were in direct answer to specific questions asked by farmers.

The above represents a typical week at this farm and is only a sample of the many lines of service that are being extended to the farmers of this State by the Agricultural Experiment Station.

### MICKIE SAYS



### REPORT OF THE CONDITION of Arizona

State Bank, at Winslow, in the State of Arizona, at the close of business, February 21st, 1921.

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts, less due from Directors	\$422,473.99
Due from Directors	none
Overdrafts	7,186.34
United States Bonds	3,000.00
State, County and Municipal Bonds	3,000.00
Other Bonds, Stocks, Securities, etc.	2,856.00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	16,500.00
Real Estate	6,800.00
Specie	\$ 2,761.84
Legal Tender and National Bank Notes	27,460.00
Exchange for Clearing	1,516.69
Other Cash Items	15.96
Due from State and National Banks, Approved Reserve Agents	63,461.27
Due from State and National Banks, not Reserve Agents	3,198.71
Total	\$560,228.40
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$40,000.00
Surplus	192,192.19
Undivided Profits, Less Current Exp. and Taxes and Interest paid	6,726.04
Individual Deposits subject to check	186,243.01
Saving Deposits	39,385.98
Time Certificates of Deposit	126,898.97
Certified Checks	2,104.50
Cashier's Checks outstanding	3,522.06
Due State and National Banks 148,917.84	513,502.36
Due Individuals and corporations other than banks and depositors	none
Bills Payable	none
Bills Rediscounted	none
Total	\$560,228.40

State of Arizona, County of Navajo, ss. I, Kenneth H. Myers, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

KENNETH H. MYERS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 25th day of February, 1921.

G. C. BAZELL, Notary Public.

My commission expires March 27, 1924.

Correct—Attest: T. M. QUREDEAUX, K. H. MYERS, Directors.

### NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U. S. LAND OFFICE at Phoenix, Ariz.

February 12, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that Frank L. Herron, of c-o Fred W. Croxen, Flagstaff, Ariz., who, on 10-5-14 & 8-21-16, made Homestead Entry, No. 025823-030821, for SE 1/4 NE 1/4, E 1/2 SW 1/4 NE 1/4, E 1/2 NE 1/4 SE 1/4 Sec. 12, T. 15 N., R. 9 E., Lot 3, Sec. 7, T. 15 N., R. 10 E.; and H.E.S. 517 (H.E. 030821) a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at Corner No. 1. identical with the 1/4 Cor. restored between Sections 7 and 18, T. 15 N., R. 10 E., G & S R B & M. Arizona; thence S. 89 deg. 45' W., 19.02 chains to Cor. No. 2; thence N. 47 deg. 02' E., 20.92 chains to Cor. No. 3; thence West 16.82 chains to Cor. No. 4; thence N. 0 deg. 11' W., 7.87 chains to Cor. No. 5; thence S. 87 deg. 48' E., 30.19 chains to Cor. No. 6; thence S. 24 deg. 45' W., 23.00 chains to Cor. No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 41.72 acres in Section 7, surveyed, T. 15 N., R. 10 E., G & S R B & M. Arizona, Coconino National Forest, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Tom L. Rees, Clerk Superior Court, at Flagstaff, Arizona, on the 28th day of March, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses: Travis Hough, Elmer Hart, both of Flagstaff, Arizona, G. W. Hart, C. R. Duke, both of Winslow, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.

### NOTICE OF PUBLICATION

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona

February 5, 1921.

NOTICE is hereby given that Hugh Barr, of Winslow, Arizona, who, on July 2, 1914, made Homestead Entry No. 024141, for H. E. S. 459 (H. E. 024141) a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follows: Be-

ginning at Corner No. 1, from whence the 1/4 Sec. Cor. between Sections 24 and 19, T. 13 N., Rs. 12 and 13 E., bears N. O. deg. 25 min. W., 7.19 chains; thence N. 14 deg. 53 min. E., 21.44 chains to Cor. No. 2; thence N. 34 deg. 51 min. E., 15.60 chains to Cor. No. 3; thence N. 30 deg. 02 min. W., 5.90 chains to Cor. No. 4; thence S. 84 deg. 50 min. E., 3.69 chains to Cor. No. 5; thence N. 15 deg. 18 min. E., 9.40 chains to Cor. No. 6; thence S. 89 deg. 43 min. E., 3.18 chains to Cor. No. 7; thence S. 14 deg. 44 min. W., 14.16 chains to Cor. No. 8; thence S. 28 deg. 57 min. W., 27.48 chains to Cor. No. 9; thence S. 3 deg. 07 min. W., 11.02 chains to Cor. No. 10; thence N. 67 deg. 51 min. W., 3.66 chains to Cor. No. 11, the place of beginning, containing 15.87 acres in Section 19, surveyed, T. 13 N., R. 13 E., G & S R B & M. Arizona, Sitgreaves National Forest, has filed notice of intention to make Three Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Thorwald Larson, U. S. Commissioner, at Holbrook, Arizona, on the 15th day of March, 1921.

Claimant names as witnesses: Joe Duran, Rufus C. Creswell, Cleveland Creswell, Tom Dye, all of Winslow, Arizona.

CHAS. E. MARSHALL, Register.

### STATE OF ARIZONA

Office of the

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

United States of America

State of Arizona, SS:

The Arizona Corporation Commission does hereby certify that the annexed is a true and complete transcript of the Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of Winslow Union Bank & Trust Company changing name of said company to Union Bank & Trust Company of Winslow, which was filed in the office of said Arizona Corporation Commission on the 13th day of January, A. D. 1921, at 2:00 o'clock p. m., as provided by law.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, The Arizona Corporation Commission, by its Chairman, has hereunto set its hand and affixed its Official Seal. Done at the City of Phoenix, in the Capitol, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1921.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION,

D. F. JOHNSON, Chairman.

Attest: A. E. STELZER, Secretary.

SEAL.

Amendment to Articles of Incorporation of the Winslow Union Bank & Trust Company.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That at the regular an-

nual meeting of the stockholders of the above named corporation, held on the third day of January, 1921, at Winslow, Navajo County, Arizona, at which meeting a majority of the stock of the corporation was present and voting, and after notice given as required by law of the action herein evidenced, it was unanimously voted to amend the Articles of Incorporation, as follows:

### ARTICLE I.

Which did read: "The name of this Corporation shall be the Winslow Union Bank and Trust Company" (etc.) Amended to read thus: "The name of this Corporation shall be the UNION BANK & TRUST COMPANY OF WINSLOW" (etc.) In Testimony Whereof, the President of said Corporation, on behalf of said Corporation and himself as required by law, being duly authorized, has signed and acknowledged the above amendment to said Articles of Incorporation and the secretary thereof has affixed hereunto the duly attested corporate seal of said corporation, this 3rd day of January, 1921.

J. H. FULLER, President.

(Corporate Seal)

Attest: J. H. GIBSON, Secretary.

State of Arizona,

County of Navajo SS

On this 12th day of January, 1921, before me a notary public in and for the County of Navajo, State of Arizona, personally appeared J. H. Fuller and J. H. Gibson, known to me to be the persons whose names are subscribed to the foregoing instrument as President and Secretary of the corporation named therein and they acknowledged that they executed the same for the purposes therein expressed as the free act and deed of said corporation and by them voluntarily executed.

Given under my hand and seal of office the day and date above written.

J. L. SWEENEY,

Notary Public.

(Notarial Seal)

My commission expires 1-26-1924.

Filed in the office of the Arizona Corporation Commission this 13 day of January A. D. 1921 at 2:00 P. M.

at request of J. L. Sweeney whose post office address is Winslow, Arizona.

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION,

By D. F. JOHNSON, Chairman.

Filed and recorded at the request of J. L. Sweeney Jan. 17, 1921, at 9 A. M. and duly recorded in Vol. 2 of Art. of Inc. on pages Nos. 167-168, Records of Navajo County, Arizona.

MARGUERITE DRUM,

Recorder.

Edith Gray, Deputy.

(Seal)

## Bruckman's Curio Store

### Navajo Indian Rugs

### Hopi Hand Painted Pottery

### Open Evenings

## Opportunity

If you have a little money in the bank, opportunity comes to you to invest it. If you spend the money as you earn it, opportunity passes by and you blame the world.

Open your account today.

## ARIZONA STATE BANK