



EDUCATION IS OUR ONLY SALVATION

BLACK MAN IN GEORGIA OWNER OF WORLD'S FINEST BARBER SHOP

A Remarkable Rise of An Industrious Colored Man From a One-Chair Shop to Ownership of Twenty-five-Chair Shop—Reputed the Finest in the World

(Special to The Tribune)
Atlanta, Ga., Oct. 19.—The Atlanta Constitution, Georgia's biggest newspaper, devoted a whole page to an article which informed its readers that this city boasts the finest barber shop in the world. This important information would be of little interest to the colored people of the United States, were it not for the fact that the owner and manager of this shop, Mr. A. F. Herndon, is a very prominent member of our race.

Besides producing a nice big photo of Mr. Herndon, the edition presented the history of such a grand place, which traces back as far as a one-chair shop with the "boss" himself in the box. He was always at his post and greeted everyone with a smile. From one chair, he developed to four and it was then he adopted the motto: "Service First." The business increased rapidly and it became necessary to make it an eight-chair shop. It was then considered the pride of the city and every one was delighted to frequent such a place.

Mr. Herndon catered to the trade and made a big success of the business. He now operates twenty-five chairs and the shop is termed: "The Palace Barber Shop of the World." The shop has all colored barbers, cashiers, bootblacks and attendants. All barbers are dressed in white suits, white shoes and cream bow ties. Fresh suits every day is the rule.

Mr. Herndon is very proud of his employees and at his mansion every New Year, he entertains with a big ball especially for them. His home is unquestionably the finest in the South that is owned by a black man, and is considered a close rival of Madam Walker's palace in New York City.

Other shops have been purchased by Mr. Herndon, some were right in the heart of the city, but none of them equaled or anything like compared with the UNDISPUTED CHAMPION on Peachtree street.

TEXANS FELICITATE GENERAL PERSHING

Washington.—On the 14th of September, the colored people formally took notice that it was the 58th birthday anniversary of General John J. Pershing. The following telegram, signed by Allen G. Perkins, Thomas H. Love and Cornelius J. Williams, was sent through the office of Emmett J. Scott's special assistant to General Pershing in France:

"As Galveston Negroes, assembled to rehearse for Liberty Chorus No. 1, under War Community Service, we are reminded that today is the 58th anniversary of the birth of the chief figure in America's Expeditionary Forces, General John J. Pershing. As he commands and leads the soldiers of our country, among whom are members of our race, our prayers ascend for him and his command. We send through you our felicitations to him, and give assurance of our allegiance in every way in the cause for which he is battling."

COLORED SOLDIERS WRECK POLICE STA.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct.—An infuriated crowd of 300 colored soldiers from Camp Morrison last Friday night completely wrecked the Second precinct police station here in an attempt to rescue two soldiers who had been arrested on a frivolous charge. Nearly all the windows were broken by flying bullets, bricks and bottles before the officers could open on them with pistols.

Ten colored soldiers and civilians were shot in the exchange of bullets before the arrival of police reserves.

NEGRO SELLS THREE AERIAL BOMBS TO U. S. GOVERNMENT

COLUMBUS, Ga., Oct.—(Special)—Julius Hart, colored, chauffeur for Dr. W. L. Bullar, has invented three aerial bombs which promise to net him a fortune. Two have already been accepted by the government, one of them at a price of \$15,000, while the price for the other has not yet been announced.

The bombs shoot in different directions, one 50 times before the chief explosion comes; another 60 times, and a third 1000 times before the final discharge.

Hart, who is 25 years old, is a former resident of Union Point, Ga. He got some of his ideas from Lieutenant Bentley Chappell, who told him of various ingenious bombs used on the battle front.—Atlanta Constitution.

Looking Ahead

By E. J. Moore

Are we looking forward to the close of the war? Have we begun to plan for the great commercial era that will be ushered in when the roar of the cannon shall have ceased? Let us hope so. If you are receiving good wages now, if you are making more money than you ever did before, remember that this is an abnormal condition brought on by urgent war need and the like. But when the war is over and as a consequence, wages will take a tumble, jobs will be less plentiful, and somebody will be left out in the cold.

Now is the time to exercise foresight by saving all we can. Every War Savings Stamp we buy is that much saved. Every dollar invested in Liberty Bonds is just that much saved, and will mean much to you when the war is over. This is an opportunity that has come to the door of nearly every one of us. Are we taking advantage of it? Such an opportunity seldom comes more than once in a lifetime. Shall we let it pass?

There are some who are taking full advantage of these opportunities, and who will have something to show when the lean days come. But on the other hand, there are those who still say, "easy come, easy go." Let the minister talk about it from the pulpit; let the teacher tell her pupils about it in the school room; let the theatres throw it on the screens; let the secret societies inculcate it in their proclamations.

There is much need of a Negro Welfare Society, whose members would make it a point to visit places where the careless element of the race gathers in large numbers, and speak to them from time to time on the necessity of saving their earnings during these prosperous times. Many of them have had little or no training and have no conception of the efficacy of saving. In the pool-room, in the dance hall, in the club, is to be found an element that is often overlooked in our haste for racial betterment.

COLORED MAN REGISTERED AS A WHITE MUST SERVE

CAPE GIRARDEAU, Mo., Oct.—Mr. Rufus C. Burgess, 4145 N. Middle st., who was registered last June by the local draft board, and later classified as a white man because of an error which classified him as a white man, and who later was sent to Camp Dodge, will have to serve in the army through a ruling of the War Department because all the registrants, both white and colored, of his class are expected to be called to the colors this month.

Friends of Mr. Burgess here immediately took up his case with Hon. Emmett J. Scott, who promptly referred the case to Provost Marshal General Crowder. The War Department had already held that local boards had the power of determining the color of a registrant, and as all men in Class 1, both white and colored, will be called to the colors this month, it did not appear that any injustice had been done in the Burgess case. Mr. Scott took especial pains to give his immediate attention to the case, which is of unusual importance, because Burgess was called to camp several weeks ahead of time because of the error.

WILSON DISAPPROVES OF DEATH SENTENCE FOR NEGRO SOLDIER

Confessed Murderer Believed by President to Have Been Insane at Time of Murder

Announcement has been made in Washington that President Wilson had disapproved of death imposed by a court martial upon Private Layton James, who confessed to having shot and killed Mrs. Rose Harry of Brooklyn and Private Michael Maloney at Camp Upton last May. The President's disapproval of the sentence was based upon his agreement with reports that showed the murderer was insane at the time of the crime was committed.

James, a Negro, for several days after the murder escaped suspicion that he had been concerned in the slaying. He was attached to Company C, 367th Infantry. On May 5 Mrs. Harry, a widow and neighbor of Private Maloney's family, left her home at 39 Fourth street and went to Camp Upton to visit Maloney. They were in a small woods toward the edge of the reservation when Maloney and the Negro became involved in an altercation. James shot Maloney and turned his rifle upon Mrs. Harry when she endeavored to aid her escort.

Immediately after the murder James ran out of the woods, crossed an open section of the reservation, and then fell into the ranks of those running toward the scene of the murder. Sentries who were on duty eventually recalled a Negro known among his fellows as "Ootmeal" run from the woods just after the shooting. That was James' nickname in the camp and a few days later he confessed. James always carried a Bible with him and even read it while the police were questioning him about the slaying.

It is understood that the original court-martial will cause James to be committed to an institution for the insane.

NEW BAPTIST CHURCH

The colored people of Miami and Lower Miami are taking the preliminary steps for building a house of worship. They have a Baptist church organization with a strong membership and are building up on that basis while getting in shape to secure themselves a church home.

One of the copper companies has offered to donate a vacant lot for the building and the colored people are now starting to secure the money for building operations in the future.

Rev. A. Lawrence, pastor of the white Baptist church in Lower Miami, has been chosen by them to act as chairman of their finances committee and aid them in an advisory capacity. Officers of the Colored Baptist church organization who will have the matter in charge are C. F. Watkins and T. J. Jorman, deacons; Mrs. W. F. Watkins, clerk; Rev. S. E. Newell, vice moderator.

They appeal to the white people of the district to aid them in this church building enterprise, and say that the colored people are not strong enough numerically or financially to accomplish it without the help of the white people. They are not expecting to build an elaborate structure, but want a church home where they may be able to do a more successful work for Christ and humanity. They are all sacrificin' a portion of their meager earnings for the months to come to secure this house of worship and earnestly appeal to the citizens generally to aid them.

No doubt they will and should meet with a hearty and liberal response to this appeal to the community.

WHAT INSPIRED STUDENT TO COMPOSE HYMN "AMERICA"

The well-known hymn beginning "My Country, 'Tis of Thee" and known by the name of "America," was written by the Rev. Samuel Francisco Smith. He was born in Boston, October 21, 1806; was educated at Harvard and studied theology at Andover; was for many years a Baptist minister and later did other church work. In a letter concerning the poem the author said: "It was writ-

COLORED DELEGATION CALLS ON PRESIDENT

A colored delegation was received by President Wilson on the first instant. These men were delegates to the National race congress, which was then in session in Washington, D. C. The Rev. W. H. Jernagin, who acted as spokesman for this delegation, assured the President of the loyalty of 12,000,000 members of his race and called his attention to undemocratic practices against our people by certain officials of the government. He asked that the principles of democracy be applied to our race and that we be given an equal opportunity.

NEGRO HAS 12 SONS FIGHTING IN U. S. ARMY

Father and Daughter in Red Cross Work—Splendid Record of Loyalty

New Orleans, La.—Twelve of his nineteen sons in the army and navy, a thirteenth son eager and ready to go, and of the twelve at war there are two sets of twins, one set of triplets, and the other five just individuals.

That's the record of the Rev. R. H. Winslow's family living near Rayville, La. Rev. Winslow is a race Baptist minister, and besides the record of sons in the service he boasts a single daughter and himself as members of the Richmond Parish Chapter. He conducts a church auxiliary of the Red Cross. Besides Rev. Winslow owns three Liberty Bonds.

News of the record numbers of sons in service and believed an inspiration and note of patriotism for every colored family in the country came thru the American Red Cross. A field representative of the Gulf Division, A. R. C., was in Rayville the other day and heard of the remarkable family.

Rev. Winslow is 67 years old, and was born in Montgomery county, Ala. His 12 sons were last heard from at Camp Upton and it is believed they are all overseas now. They are Benjie, Lee, George and Lafayette, twins Robbins, Williams and James, twins; Matthew, Mark and Luke, triplets, drafted—Jeff, Johnnie and Archie.

GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL PLACES JIM CROW SIGN AT U. S. ARSENAL

Charge "Jim Crow" Signs Have Been Posted in New Building Claim Captain in Charge, Who Recently Came From South is Bitterly Prejudiced.

St. Louis, Mo.—Complaint has been made by the Colored laborers in the Quartermaster's Department at the Arsenal, that three-foot "Jim Crow" signs have been placed over or near the doors to toilets designating certain ones to be used for Colored. These signs are in the recently completed building, where there are about 200 Colored men employed. They were put up about a week ago, it is stated, and are in no other building at the Arsenal.

Prejudiced Captain Blamed
Men in the building point to the coming of Captain Daugherty from Arkansas, three weeks ago, to take charge. They claim that Daugherty is bitterly prejudiced against Negroes and the signs have only been put up since he took charge.

Dismisses Colored Clerk
A Colored clerk, named Short, the only one at the Arsenal, was discharged about ten days after Captain Daugherty's arrival. Short came here from Washington. It is claimed that he was discharged at one time by Daugherty in Arkansas.

ten at Andover during my student life there and was first sung publicly at a Sunday school celebration, July 4, at Park Street church, Boston. I had in my possession a number of song books from which I was selecting such music as pleased me, and finding 'God Save the King,' I proceeded to give it the ring of American patriotism."

\$100,000 FIRE AT TUSKEGEE DESTROYS TRADES BUILDING

Estimate Loss of More Than \$85,000 Results From Fire of Undetermined Origin—Members of Army Training Corps Assist in Saving Equipment

Tuskegee, Ala.—The boys industrial and trades building of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute was destroyed by fire shortly before last midnight, with an estimated loss ranging between \$85,000 and \$100,000. The origin of the fire was not determined, the alarm having been turned in by the watchman at 11 o'clock. Students, teachers and members of the student army training corps worked energetically and were able to save a portion of the equipment.

TUCSON

By S. E. Newell

Tucson, Ariz., Oct. 23.—The epidemic of influenza is the chief topic of the day. While the ban is on and there is no place to go, the people of Tucson are delighted to have the newsy little Tribune to read. They say it is the only paper that brings the news red hot from the forge.

Referring to the article that appeared in last week's issue of the Tribune, in regard to the great Negroes that Texas has produced, I desire to say that this article struck a responsive chord and sent joy to the hearts of the colored population of this city. Yes, indeed, about 95 per cent of the Negroes of Tucson are from the Lone Star State. I can now hear them say the Phoenix Tribune is multum in parvo.

We are pleased to report the condition of Mrs. Lizzie White as greatly improved.

Mrs. Georgia Lee Gaskin was laid to rest on last Friday morning. She died after being ill for only a few days. She leaves a husband, a son, a mother, three sisters, three brothers and a host of friends and other relatives to mourn her loss. We can all sing: "When we meet beyond the river, where the surges cease to roll."

Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Lewis, their daughter Margaret and son Brakston A., bid farewell to Tucson on last Tuesday morning, Oct. 22. The boarded the last bound train No. 110 for New Orleans, La. They will remain in that city for a while and then journey further east.

The loyal members of Mt. Calvary Baptist church are assisting the pastor in paying what the church owes to foreign missions. The following are the amounts paid by organizations and individuals: Sunday school, \$5; B. Y. P. U., \$5; S. E. Newell, \$1; H. Banks, \$1; Mrs. Robt. Charles, \$5; H. J. Hayes, \$1; Mr. Duckworth, \$1; Mrs. Raven, \$1; Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Williams, 50c each; Mrs. Maggie Turner, 50c; John H. Moore, 50c; Mrs. M. Noble, 50c; Mrs. Sarah Berkley, \$1; Mrs. Lucile Macmillan, 50c; Mrs. N. F. Robinson, 50c. Notwithstanding we are denied the privilege of holding services, yet the missionary spirit is so deep in our souls we are determined to make ourselves felt in our humble way, by doing what our hands find to do towards helping those who are less fortunate than ourselves.

Therefore, in the language of Dr. Watts, we say: "And are we yet alive to see each other's face; Glory and praise to Jesus give, for His redeeming grace."

RAY

Ray, Ariz., Oct. 23.—Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Henderson of Superior, Ariz., are the proud parents of a nine pound girl, born Thursday, Oct. 17. Mother and daughter are doing nicely, but it is not likely the father will recover so soon and should he ever recover, it is thought that he will never look the same. The little girl has been named Ione. Mrs. Henderson was formerly Miss Mayme Reed of Ray.

Spanish influenza is spreading rapidly in this section. The latest reports give the number of cases in Ray and Sonora Town as six hundred. Only fifteen deaths have been reported to date. Not a single colored person has been afflicted with the disease as yet. Mose Davis failed to pass the physical examination and has been re-class-

COLORED MAN GETS 50 LBS. SUGAR A MONTH FOR HOME

Farmer Who is Feeding 24 Children Appealed to Food Administration and Wins

DALLAS, Tex., Oct.—Steve Roseborough, a Negro farmer of Dallas county, has been allowed more sugar for table use than any other person.

Steve is the father and guardian of 24 children, who are now with him, and he complained because grocery-men would not sell him more than 10 pounds of sugar a month. Steve appealed to the State Food Administration, and showed that he was entitled to 50 pounds of sugar a month on the basis of two pounds for each person. He has been given authority to purchase that amount.

Besides the 24 children and wards Steve has three boys on the battle fronts in France. Steve produced 30 bales of cotton this year, and has disposed of it at around 33 cents. He is 60 years old and has invested in Liberty Bonds, Thrift Stamps and various war fund enterprises.

Take Courage

Lift up your heads, ye twelve million persecuted sons of sable hue, humiliated and heart-broken as you are; be of good cheer and go forth to do your part in helping make the world safe for Democracy. When real true Democracy comes, it will bring you your rights, liberties, privileges and the protection due you as the noblest citizens of America.

HOW PILE DRIVING RECORD WAS BROKEN

"King" Burwell—otherwise Capt. Edward Burwell, Negro leader of a gang of 11 Negro pile drivers—credits Robert Bruce with the inspiration which led his crew to break the world's record in driving piles on shipway No. 46 at Hog Island.

"If at first you don't succeed, try, try again," reads the placard on the pile-driving machine to which he pointed, smiling, when he was asked how he and his men had happened to break the record.

"That sign filled our crew with enthusiasm," he said. "We decided one night that a new world's record would be made on the morrow, and it was. Of course, we had some mechanical troubles, but the men, instead of fretting and fuming, just looked at the sign and started in with renewed vigor. The result was that the record was smashed."

"I am glad that the record was made at Hog Island. Here, if a man can deliver the goods in getting the ships out on schedule time, he gets the same credit and appreciation, be he white or black. It is a wonderful illustration of the spirit with which we are all working hand in hand to defeat the land-grabbing, cruel Huns."

WOMEN SECTION HANDS ON THE SOUTHERN R. R.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—The Louisville & Nashville Railroad company has employed Negro women on the Providence, Ky., division of the road as section hands to take the places of the Negro men who have been called to the colors. The women work eight hours a day and are doing the same work the men did and are paid the same wages. They are said to be doing satisfactory work, and it is expected the railroad company will install Negro women on other divisions, and it is probable that other railroad companies will do the same thing. Many of the Negro women say that they would rather do work on the section than be engaged in housework and that the wages are better.

identified and placed in Class A-5. Since he can't go to the front in France, Mose says he will remain active on the Ray "front."

Frank Smith received a picture of Vernett Stewart, dressed in his army regalia. He is stationed at Camp Funston.

SOUTHERN WHITE MAN LAUDS ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE BLACK RACE

Education Improves the Virtue and Morality of Other Races and Will Do as Much for Negro, Says Maryland Mayor

"The proper place for the Negro, and the only place for the Negro, is here in America. Some times the ways of God are dark and inscrutable, but out of the gloom, the uncertainty and the storm, the sun comes forth in all its noonday splendor and the world has become more fit for the coming of the King of Glory. The American nation today realizes it."

"And as the Colored race is with us his salvation and our salvation requires that he be educated, not only in the primary grades, but in secondary schools and colleges, with men and women of their own race to teach them to think and act upon all public questions themselves and not from prejudice, and to teach their people the duties of citizenship, to teach them to be sober, industrious and thrifty, so that they may be better citizens, and may by their correct living and right living earn for themselves the respect and confidence of their fellow men."

"I want to bear witness to the progress which the Colored race of Maryland is making, and this exhibition and getting together may prove an object lesson to all our people and a further incentive to yourselves. I believe the Colored people are becoming more and more prosperous, see the good which comes from having sanitary homes, are becoming more and more independent in thinking and acting, and are becoming better prepared to exercise the right citizenship, which, as I say, I have some times thought had been prematurely placed upon them."

"I want the Negroes of Maryland to have every reasonable opportunity for education. I want to see them in more thrifty and better homes. I want to see them the owners of homes of their own, for the man who is proud of his home is a better and more respected citizen. I want to see them with higher ideals of morals. I want to see them with sanitary homes so that the death rate among them may be materially lowered. I want to see them become more independent and enlightened on all public questions, so that, like other races or citizens, they may act and decide upon the questions of politics and government, upon the principles which should govern men and parties, and I believe, to express the honest views of the best men of all political parties when I say by doing so they will be rendering a better service to their race, to their party and to their state."

Must Be Potent

"Some people have contended that education of the Negro would unfit him for his work. Experience teaches nothing of the sort. Education improves the morality and virtue of other races."

"Your race must be patient, and the south must be patient. I believe the whites of the south understand the Negro and are his best friends. They have taxed themselves in order to give you a chance for an education, and while all has not been done that should be done, the nation should help the south, and is going to help. Ignorance is the most fruitful source of human ills, and the chain is no stronger than its weakest link. The good results shown in the progress and education of the Negro justifies extension of his educational opportunities. No country can fulfill its destiny with one third of its population undeveloped and inefficient."

NOTHING IN PARTICULAR

On and after October 21st if you happen to have to seat at a restaurant only order meat, and don't ever think of bacon and eggs, because you won't get them. There will be no more sugar bowls on the tables and only one teaspoonful will be served to a customer and then you will get no double cream in either your coffee or tea. Eat few, if any fried dishes and beware—don't hold any banquets.

The above orders will help our boys to knock the H—out of the Hun "Over There."